



Prospectus
Dated: October 30, 2018
Please read section 26, 28 & 32 of the Companies Act, 2013
Fixed Price Issue

SHREE KRISHNA INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED
(Formerly Known as Shree Krishna Tour and Travels Private Limited)

Our Company was originally incorporated as Shree Krishna Tour and Travels Private Limited on July 03, 1990 under the provisions of Companies Act, 1956 with Registrar of Companies, Gujarat bearing Registration No. 13979 having its registered office in Gujarat. Subsequently, the name of the Company was changed to Shree Krishna Infrastructure Private Limited by passing necessary resolution on November 13, 1995. Subsequently the status of our Company became public limited company and the name of our Company was changed to Shree Krishna Infrastructure Limited pursuant to shareholders resolution passed in the Extra-ordinary General Meeting held on March 22, 1996. For further details regarding the changes in our name and registered office, kindly refer to the Chapter titled “History and Certain Corporate Matter” beginning on page no 107 of this prospectus. Our Company’s Corporate Identity Number is U45201GJ1990PLC013979.

Registered Office: Bungalow No.36, Rang Residency, Vadia, Rajpipla, Narmada- 393145, Gujarat, India
Telephone: +918849865932

Company Secretary and Compliance Officer: Ms. Resham Ajit Maniyar

Email: info@skifl.com, **Website** www.skifl.com

OUR PROMOTERS: MR. RAVI RAJIV KOTIA AND MR. AMIT RAMESHBHAI KOTIA

THE OFFER	
PUBLIC OFFER OF 9,00,000 EQUITY SHARES OF FACE VALUE OF RS. 10/- EACH (“EQUITY SHARES”) OF SHREE KRISHNA INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED (THE “COMPANY”) FOR CASH AT A PRICE OF RS. 13/- PER EQUITY SHARE (INCLUDING A SHARE PREMIUM OF RS. 3/- PER EQUITY SHARE) (THE “OFFER PRICE”), AGGREGATING TO RS. 117.00 LACS (“THE OFFER”) THROUGH AN OFFER FOR SALE COMPRISING OF 5,45,819 EQUITY SHARES BY MR. RAVI RAJIV KOTIA AND 3,54,181 EQUITY SHARES BY MR. AMIT RAMESHBHAI KOTIA, OF WHICH 50,000 EQUITY SHARES OF FACE VALUE OF RS. 10/- EACH FOR CASH AT A PRICE OF RS. 13/- PER EQUITY SHARE, AGGREGATING TO RS. 6.50 LACS WILL BE RESERVED FOR SUBSCRIPTION BY THE MARKET MAKER TO THE OFFER (THE “MARKET MAKER RESERVATION PORTION”). THE OFFER LESS MARKET MAKER RESERVATION PORTION I.E. OFFER OF 8,50,000 EQUITY SHARES OF FACE VALUE OF RS. 10/- EACH FOR CASH AT A PRICE OF RS.13/- PER EQUITY SHARE, AGGREGATING TO RS. 110.50 LACS IS HEREINAFTER REFERRED TO AS THE “NET OFFER”. THE OFFER AND THE NET OFFER WILL CONSTITUTE 30.00% AND 28.33% RESPECTIVELY OF THE FULLY DILUTED POST OFFER PAID UP EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL OF OUR COMPANY.	
THE FACE VALUE OF THE EQUITY SHARES IS RS. 10/- EACH AND THE OFFER PRICE IS 1.3 TIMES OF THE FACE VALUE	
THIS OFFER FOR SALE IS BEING MADE IN TERMS OF CHAPTER X-B OF THE SEBI (ICDR) REGULATIONS, 2009 AS AMENDED FROM TIME TO TIME. THIS OFFER IS A FIXED PRICE OFFER AND ALLOCATION IN THE NET OFFER TO THE PUBLIC WILL BE MADE IN TERMS OF REGULATION 43(4) OF THE SEBI (ICDR) REGULATIONS, 2009, AS AMENDED.	
For further details please refer the chapter titled “Offer Procedure” beginning on page no 185 of this prospectus	
All potential investors may participate in the Issue through an Application Supported by Blocked Amount (“ASBA”) process providing details about the bank account which will be blocked by the Self Certified Syndicate Banks (“SCSBs”) for the same. For details in this regard, specific attention is invited to “Offer Procedure” beginning on page no 185 of the prospectus. In case of delay, if any in refund, our Company shall pay interest on the application money at the rate of 15% per annum for the period of delay.	
RISKS IN RELATION TO FIRST ISSUE	
This being the first offer for sale by selling shareholders of the Issuer, there has been no formal market for our Equity Shares. The face value of the Equity Shares of our Company is Rs. 10/- and the offer price is Rs. 13/-. The offer Price (as determined by our Company and Selling Shareholders in consultation with the Lead Manager, as stated under the chapter titled “Basis for offer Price” beginning on page no 76 of the prospectus) should not be taken to be indicative of the market price of the Equity Shares after such Equity Shares are listed. No assurance can be given regarding an active and/or sustained trading in the Equity Shares or regarding the price at which the Equity Shares will be traded after listing.	
GENERAL RISKS	
Investments in equity and equity-related securities involve a degree of risk and investors should not invest any funds in this Issue unless they can afford to take the risk of losing their investment. Investors are advised to read the risk factors carefully before taking an investment decision in this Issue. For taking an investment decision, investors must rely on their own examination of the Issuer and this Issue, including the risks involved. The Equity Shares have not been recommended or approved by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (“SEBI”), nor does SEBI guarantee the accuracy or adequacy of the contents of the prospectus. Specific attention of the investors is invited to the section titled “Risk Factors” beginning on page no 12 of the prospectus.	
COMPANY’S AND SELLING SHAREHOLDER’S ABSOLUTE RESPONSIBILITY	
Our Company and Selling Shareholders, having made all reasonable inquiries, accepts responsibility for and confirms that the prospectus contains all information with regard to the Company and this Offer, which is material in the context of this Issue, that the information contained in the prospectus is true and correct in all material aspects and is not misleading in any material respect, that the opinions and intentions expressed herein are honestly held and that there are no other facts, the omission of which makes the prospectus as a whole or any of such information or the expression of any such opinions or intentions, misleading, in any material respect.	
LISTING	
The Equity Shares offered through this prospectus are proposed to be listed on the SME Platform of BSE Limited (“BSE SME”). Our Company has received an approval letter dated 25 th September, 2018 from BSE for using its name in this offer document for listing of our shares on the SME Platform of BSE Limited (“BSE SME”). For the purpose of this Issue, the Designated Stock Exchange will be BSE Limited	
LEAD MANAGER TO THE ISSUE	REGISTRAR TO THE ISSUE
 FINSHORE Creating Enterprise Managing Values Finshore Management Services Limited Anandlok, Block-A, 2 nd Floor, Room No. 207, 227 A.J.C. Bose Road, Kolkata-700020, India Telephone: +91-33-22895101 Facsimile: +91-33-22895101 Email: ramakrishna@finshoregroup.com Investor grievance email: info@finshoregroup.com Contact Person: Mr. S. Ramakrishna Iyengar Website: www.finshoregroup.com SEBI Registration Number: INM000012185	 SATELLITE CORPORATE SERVICES PVT. LTD. Satellite Corporate Services Private Limited Unit. No 49, Building No. 13 AB, 2 nd Floor, Samhita Commercial Co-Op Society Ltd, Off Andheri Kurla Road, MTNL Lane, Saki naka, Mumbai – 400 072. Tel. : +91-22- 28520461/462, Fax: +91-22- 28511809 SEBI Registration No: INR000003639 Email Id: service@satellitecorporate.com Website: www.satellitecorporate.com Contact Person: Mr. Michael Monteiro
ISSUE PROGRAMME	
ISSUE OPENS ON: 15th November 2018	ISSUE CLOSSES ON: 22nd November 2018

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SECTION I: GENERAL**DEFINITIONS AND ABBREVIATIONS**

In this prospectus, unless the context otherwise requires, the terms and abbreviations stated hereunder shall have the meanings as assigned therewith.

The words and expressions used but not defined herein shall have the same meaning as is assigned to such terms under the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, the Companies Act, the SCRA, the Depositories Act and the rules and regulations made there under.

DEFINITIONS:

TERMS	DESCRIPTION
“Our Company”, “the Company”, “SKIFL” “we”, “us” “the Issuer” or “Shree Krishna Infrastructure Limited”	Shree Krishna Infrastructure Limited, a Public Limited Company incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956 (Formerly known as <i>Shree Krishna Tour and Travels Private Limited</i>).
"you", "your" or "yours"	Prospective investors in this Issue

CONVENTIONAL/GENERAL TERMS:

TERMS	DESCRIPTION
AOA/Articles/ Articles of Association	Articles of Association of Shree Krishna Infrastructure Limited, as amended from time to time
Audit Committee	A Committee constituted in accordance with Clause 52 of the SME Listing Agreement (BSE) in the meeting of our Board of Directors held on September 01, 2018
Auditor – Peer Review & Statutory Auditor	Bhatter & Company, Chartered Accountants
Banker to the Issue	HDFC Bank Limited
Board of Directors / Board/ Our Board	The Board of Directors of Shree Krishna Infrastructure Limited, including all duly constituted Committee(s) thereof.
BSE-SME	The SME platform of BSE Limited for listing of Equity Shares offered under Chapter X-B of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations
Company Secretary & Compliance Officer	Ms. Resham Ajit Maniyar
Companies Act	Unless specified otherwise, this would imply to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and amendments thereto and / or Provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 w.r.t. the sections which have not yet been replaced by the Companies Act, 2013 through any official notification.
Depositories	NSDL and CDSL
Depositories Act	The Depositories Act, 1996 as amended from time to time
Director(s)	Director(s) of Shree Krishna Infrastructure Limited, unless otherwise specified
Equity Shares / Shares	Equity Shares of our Company of face value of Rs. 10/- each unless otherwise specified in the context thereof
HUF	Hindu Undivided Family
Indian GAAP	Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India
IPO	Initial Public Offerings
Key Managerial Personnel / Key Managerial Employees	The officers vested with executive powers and the officers at the level immediately below the Board of Directors as described in the section titled “ Our Management ”

TERMS	DESCRIPTION
	beginning on page no 112 of this prospectus.
MOA/ Memorandum/ Memorandum of Association	Memorandum of Association of Shree Krishna Infrastructure Limited
Non-Resident	A person resident outside India, as defined under FEMA
Non-Resident Indian/ NRI	A person resident outside India, who is a citizen of India or a Person of Indian Origin as defined under FEMA Regulations
Person or Persons	Any individual, sole proprietorship, unincorporated association, unincorporated organization, body corporate, corporation, company, partnership, limited liability partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, or trust or any other entity or organization validly constituted and/or incorporated in the jurisdiction in which it exists and operates, as the context requires
Promoter/Promoters	Promoters of the Company being Mr. Ravi Rajiv Kotia and Mr. Amit Rameshbhai Kotia
Promoter Group Companies /Group Companies / Group Enterprises	Unless the context otherwise specifies, refers to those entities mentioned in the section titled “ Our Promoters and Promoter Group / Group Entities of our company ” beginning on page no 121 of this prospectus.
Registered office of our Company	Bungalow No.36, Rang Residency, Vadia, Rajpipla, Narmada- 393145, Gujarat, India
SEBI	The Securities and Exchange Board of India constituted under the SEBI Act,
SEBI Act	Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 as amended from time to time
SEBI Regulation/ SEBI (ICDR) Regulations	The SEBI (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009 as amended from time to time.
SEBI Takeover Regulations	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeover) Regulations, 2011 as amended from time to time.
SICA	Sick Industrial Companies (Special Provisions) Act, 1985
SME Platform of BSE/Stock Exchange	The SME platform of BSE Limited for listing of Equity Shares offered under Chapter X-B of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations
SWOT	Analysis of strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and threats
ROC	Registrar of Companies, Ahmedabad, Gujarat

ISSUE/OFFER RELATED TERMS:

TERMS	DESCRIPTION
Allot/ Allotment/ Allotted	Unless the context otherwise requires, issue / allotment of Equity Shares pursuant to the Issue to successful Applicants.
Allotment Advice	Note or advice or intimation of Allotment sent to the Bidders/Applicants who have been allotted Equity Shares after the Basis of Allotment has been approved by the designated Stock Exchanges.
Allottee	An applicant to whom the Equity Shares are being / have been issued /allotted.
Applicant	Any prospective investor (including an ASBA Applicant) who makes an application pursuant to the terms of the prospectus and the Application Form.
Application Amount	The number of Equity Shares applied for and as indicated in the Application Form multiplied by the price per Equity Share payable by the Applicants on submission of the Application Form.
Application Form/ ASBA Application	The form in terms of which the Applicant shall make an application to subscribe to the Equity Shares of our Company.

TERMS	DESCRIPTION
Application Supported by Blocked Amount / ASBA	An application, whether physical or electronic, used by all Applicants to make application authorizing a SCSB to block the application amount in the ASBA Account maintained with such SCSB.
ASBA Account	Account maintained by an ASBA Bidder with a SCSB which will be blocked by such SCSB to the extent of the Application Amount of the ASBA Applicant.
Bankers to the Company	Such banks which are disclosed as bankers to our Company in the chapter titled “ General Information ” beginning on page no 44 of this prospectus
Basis of Allotment	The basis on which the Equity Shares will be allotted as described in the section titled “ Offer Information ” beginning on page no 177 of this prospectus.
Broker Centers	Broker Centers notified by the Stock Exchanges, where the Applicants can submit the Application Forms to a Registered Broker. The details of such broker centers, along with the names and contact details of the Registered Brokers, are available on the website of the BSE
BSE	BSE Limited.
Business Day	Monday to Friday (except public holidays)
CAN or Confirmation of Allocation Note	The note or advice or intimation sent to each successful Applicant indicating the Equity Shares which will be Allotted, after approval of Basis of Allotment by the Designated Stock Exchange.
Client ID	Client Identification Number maintained with one of the Depositories in relation to demat account.
Controlling Branches of SCSBs	Such branches of the SCSBs which co-ordinate Applications under this Issue made by the Applicants with the Lead Manager, the Registrar to the Issue and the Stock Exchanges, a list of which is provided on www.sebi.gov.in
Demographic Details	The demographic details of the Applicants such as their Address, PAN, Occupation and Bank Account details.
Depository / Depositories	A depository registered with SEBI under the SEBI (Depositories and Participant) Regulations, 1996.
Depository Participant/DP	A depository participant as defined under the Depositories Act.
Designated Branches	Such branches of the SCSBs which shall collect the ASBA Application Form from the ASBA Applicant and a list of which is available on www.sebi.gov.in
Designated Date	The date on which funds are transferred from the ASBA Accounts to the Public Issue Account in terms of the prospectus.
prospectus	This prospectus dated October 30, 2018 issued in accordance with Section 26, 28 & 32 of the Companies Act, 2013.
Eligible NRI	NRIs from such jurisdiction outside India where it is not unlawful to make an offer or invitation under the Issue and in relation to whom this prospectus constitutes an invitation to subscribe for the Equity Shares on the basis of the terms thereof.
Banker to Issue Agreement	Agreement entered into on August 28, 2018 amongst our Company, Selling shareholder, Lead Manager, the Registrar and the Banker to the Issue for collection of the Application Amounts and for remitting refunds (if any) of the amounts collected to the Applicants (excluding the ASBA Applicants) on the terms and condition thereof.
Bankers to the Issue	The bank(s), which are clearing members and are registered with SEBI as Banker (s) to the Issue at which the Public Issue Account for the Issue will be opened, in this case being HDFC Bank Limited
FII / Foreign Institutional Investors	Foreign Institutional Investor (as defined under SEBI (Foreign Institutional Investors) Regulations, 1995, as amended) registered with SEBI under applicable laws in India.
First/Sole Applicant	The Applicant whose name appears first in the Application Form or Revision Form
Issue Opening Date	15 th November 2018

TERMS	DESCRIPTION
Issue Closing Date	22 nd November 2018
Issue Period	The period between the Issue Opening Date and the Issue Closing Date inclusive of both days and during which prospective Applicants can submit their Applications.
Issue Price	The price at which Equity Shares will be issued and allotted by our Company being Rs. 13/- per Equity Share
Issue Proceeds	Proceeds to be raised by our Company through this Issue, for further details please refer chapter title “Objects of the Offer” beginning on page no. 74 of this prospectus
Issue/Offer	The offer for sale to public of 9,00,000 Equity Shares of face value Rs. 10/- each of Shree Krishna Infrastructure Limited for cash at a price of Rs. 13/- per equity share (the "Offer Price") aggregating up to Rs. 117.00 Lakhs by the selling shareholders.
LM / Lead Manager	The Lead Manager for the Issue being M/s. Finshore Management Services Limited.
Market Maker	In our Case, Beeline Broking Limited having its registered office at B-307, Ganesh Plaza, Beside Navrangpura Post Office, Navrangpura, Ahmedabad – 380009, Gujarat, India
Market Making Agreement	The Market Making Agreement dated August 27, 2018 between our Company and Market Maker.
Market Maker Reservation Portion	The reserved portion of 50,000 Equity Shares of face value Rs. 10/- each at an Issue Price of Rs. 13/- each to be subscribed by Market Maker.
MOU/ Issue/Offer Agreement	Offer Agreement dated June 25, 2018 between our Company and Lead Manager
Mutual Fund(s)	Mutual fund(s) registered with SEBI pursuant to the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996, as amended.
Net Issue	The Issue (excluding the Market Maker Reservation Portion) of 8,50,000 Equity Shares of face value Rs. 10/- each of Shree Krishna Infrastructure Limited for cash at a price of Rs. 13/- per equity share (the "Offer Price") aggregating up to Rs. 110.50 Lakhs.
Non-Institutional Investors or NIIs	All Applicants, including sub accounts of FIIs registered with SEBI which are foreign corporate or foreign individuals, that are not QIBs or RIBs and who have applied for Equity Shares for an amount of more than Rs. 2,00,000 (but not including NRIs other than Eligible NRIs).
OFS	Offer for sale by selling shareholders to Public shareholders
Other Investors	Investors other than Retail Individual Investors. These include individual applicants other than retail individual investors and other investors including corporate bodies or institutions irrespective of the number of specified securities applied for.
Overseas Corporate Body / OCB	Overseas Corporate Body means and includes an entity defined in clause (xi) of Regulation 2 of the Foreign Exchange Management (Withdrawal of General Permission to Overseas Corporate Bodies (OCB's) Regulations 2003 and which was in existence on the date of the commencement of these Regulations and immediately prior to such commencement was eligible to undertake transactions pursuant to the general permission granted under the Regulations. OCBs are not allowed to invest in this Issue.
prospectus	The prospectus, to be filed with the ROC in accordance with the provisions of Section 26, 28 & 32 of the Companies Act, 2013.
Public Issue Account	The Bank Account opened with the Banker(s) to this Issue to receive monies from the SCBSs from the bank accounts of the ASBA Applicants on the Designated Date.
Qualified Institutional Buyers or QIBs	A Mutual Fund, Venture Capital Fund and Foreign Venture Capital investor registered with the Board, a foreign institutional investor and sub-account (other than a subaccount which is a foreign corporate or foreign individual), registered with the Board; a public financial institution as defined in Section 2(72) of the Companies Act, 2013; a scheduled commercial bank; a multilateral and bilateral development financial institution; a state industrial development corporation; an insurance company registered with the Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority; a provident fund with minimum corpus of Rs. 25.00 Crore; a pension fund with minimum corpus of Rs. 25.00

TERMS	DESCRIPTION
	Crore rupees; National Investment Fund set up by resolution No. F. No. 2/3/2005 - DDII dated November 23, 2005 of the Government of India published in the Gazette of India, insurance funds set up and managed by army, navy or air force of the Union of India and insurance funds set up and managed by the Department of Posts, India.
Registered Broker	Individuals or companies registered with SEBI as "Trading Members" (except Syndicate/Sub-Syndicate Members) who hold valid membership of BSE having right to trade in stocks listed on Stock Exchange, through which investors can buy or sell securities listed on stock exchange, a list of which is available on http://www.bseindia.com/members/MembershipDirectory.aspx
Regulations	SEBI (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirement) Regulations, 2009 as amended
Registrar/ Registrar to this Issue/RTI	Registrar to the Issue being Satellite Corporate Services Private Limited.
Reserved Category / Categories	Categories of persons eligible for making application under reservation portion.
Reservation Portion	The portion of the Issue reserved for category of eligible Applicants as provided under the SEBI ICDR Regulations, 2009
Retail Individual Investors/RIIs	Individual Bidders (including HUFs in the name of Karta and Eligible NRIs) who have applied for an amount less than or equal to Rs. 2,00,000 in this Issue.
SEBI Listing Regulations	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and includes the agreement to be entered into between our Company and the Stock Exchange in relation to listing of Equity Shares on such Stock Exchange.
Self-Certified Syndicate Bank or SCSB	A Bank which is registered with SEBI under SEBI (Bankers to an Issue) Regulations, 1994 and offers services of ASBA including blocking of bank account, a list of which is available on http://www.sebi.gov.in/pmd/scsb.pdf
Selling Shareholder	Mr. Ravi Rajiv Kotia and Mr. Amit Rameshbhai Kotia
SME Exchange	SME Platform of the BSE Limited i.e. BSE-SME
Stock Exchange	BSE Limited (BSE SME Platform)
Underwriters	The Lead Manager and the Market Maker who have underwritten this Issue pursuant to the provisions of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations and the SEBI (Underwriters) Regulations, 1993, as amended from time to time.
Underwriting Agreement	The Agreement dated August 28, 2018 entered into between the Underwriters, Selling Shareholder and our Company.
Working Days	All days, other than second and fourth Saturday of a month, Sunday or a public holiday, on which commercial banks in Mumbai are open for business; provided however, with reference to Issue Period, "Working Day" shall mean all days, excluding all Saturdays, Sundays and public holidays, on which commercial banks in Mumbai are open for business; and with reference to the time period between the Issue Closing Date and the listing of the Equity Shares on the SME platform of BSE, "Working Day" shall mean all trading days of Stock Exchanges, excluding Sundays and bank holidays, as per the SEBI Circular SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL/CIR/P/2016/26 dated January 21, 2016.

ABBREVIATIONS:

ABBREVIATION	FULL FORM
ACS	Associate Company Secretary
A/C	Account
AGM	Annual General Meeting
AS	Accounting Standards issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India
A.Y.	Assessment Year
AOA	Articles of Association
ASBA	Application Supported by Blocked Amount
B.Com	Bachelor of Commerce
BG/LC	Bank Guarantee / Letter of Credit
BIFR	Board for Industrial and Financial Reconstruction
B.Sc.	Bachelor of Science
B. Tech.	Bachelor of Technology
BSE	BSE Limited
CAGR	Compounded Annual Growth Rate
CB	Controlling Branch
CC	Cash Credit
CENVAT	Central Value Added Tax
C. A.	Chartered Accountant
CIN	Corporate Identification Number
CST	Central Sales Tax
CAIIB	Certified Associate of the Indian Institute of Bankers
CDSL	Central Depository Services (India) Limited
CFO	Chief Financial Officer
C.S.	Company Secretary
DGFT	Directorate General of Foreign Trade
DIN	Director Identification Number
DIPP	Department of Industrial Policy & Promotion
DP	Depository Participant
DP ID	Depository Participant 's Identification Number
DNB	Diplomat of National Board

ABBREVIATION	FULL FORM
ECS	Electronic Clearing System
EBIDTA	Earnings before Interest, Depreciation, Tax and Amortisation
EGM / EOGM	Extra Ordinary General Meeting of the shareholders
EPFA	The Employees 'Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act,1952
EPS	Earnings per Equity Share
ESOP	Employee Stock Option Plan
ESIC	Employee 's State Insurance Corporation
FCNR Account	Foreign Currency Non-Resident Account
FDI	Foreign Direct Investment
FEMA	Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999, as amended from time to time and the regulations issued there under.
FII	Foreign Institutional Investor as defined under SEBI (Foreign Institutional Investors) Regulations, 1995, as amended from time to time.
FII Regulations	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Foreign Institutional Investors) Regulations, 1995, as amended from time to time
FPIs	"Foreign Portfolio Investor" means a person who satisfies the eligibility criteria prescribed under regulation 4 and has been registered under Chapter II of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Foreign Portfolio Investors) Regulations, 2014, which shall be deemed to be an intermediary in terms of the provisions of the SEBI Act,1992
FIs	Financial Institutions.
FIPB	Foreign Investment Promotion Board, Department of Economic Affairs, Ministry of Finance, Government of India
FY / Fiscal	The period of twelve (12) months ended on March 31 of that particular year
FV	Face Value
FVCI	Foreign Venture Capital Investors registered with SEBI under the SEBI (Foreign Venture Capital Investor) Regulations, 2000.
GDP	Gross Domestic Product
GIR Number	General Index Registry Number
GoI/ Government	Government of India
HUF	Hindu Undivided Family
HNI	High Net Worth Individual
i.e.	That is
IFRS	International Financial Reporting Standards
IRDA	Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority
Indian GAAP	Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India
I. T. Act	The Income Tax Act, 1961, as amended.
IT Authorities	Income Tax Authorities
I. T. Rules	The Income Tax Rules, 1962, as amended, except as stated otherwise

ABBREVIATION	FULL FORM
INR / Rs./ Rupees/₹	Indian Rupees, the legal currency of the Republic of India
IPO	Initial Public Offer
KMP	Key Managerial Personnel
LM	Lead Manager
MICR	Magnetic Ink Character Recognition
Mn	Million
MNC	Multi National Company
MOA	Memorandum of Association
MOF	Ministry of Finance, Government of India
MoU	Memorandum of Understanding
MBA	Master's in Business Administration
N.A.	Not Applicable
NAV	Net Asset Value
No.	Number
NR	Non Resident
NSDL	National Securities Depository Limited
NSE	National Stock Exchange of India Limited
NECS	National Electronic Clearing System
NEFT	National Electronic Fund Transfer
NOC	No Objection Certificate
NRE Account	Non-Resident (External) Account
NRO Account	Non-Resident (Ordinary) Account
NI Act	Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881
OCB	Overseas Corporate Bodies
p.a	Per annum
P/E Ratio	Price/Earnings Ratio
PAN	Permanent Account Number
PAT	Profit After Tax
PBT	Profit Before Tax
Pvt	Private
P/E Ratio	Price/Earnings Ratio
QIB	Qualified Institutional Buyer

ABBREVIATION	FULL FORM
RBI	The Reserve Bank of India
RBI Act	The Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, as amended from time to time
RoC/Registrar of Companies	The Registrar of Companies, Ahmedabad, Gujarat
RONW	Return on Net Worth
RTGS	Real Time Gross Settlement Indian Rupees, the official currency of the Republic of India
SARFAESI	The Securitization and Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest Act, 2002
SCRA	Securities Contract (Regulation) Act, 1956, as amended from time to time
SCRR	Securities Contracts Regulations Rules, 1957
SEBI	The Securities and Exchange Board of India constituted under the SEBI Act, 1992
Sec.	Section
SICA	Sick Industrial Companies (Special Provisions) Act, 1985
SME	Small And Medium Enterprises
STT	Securities Transaction Tax
TAN	Tax Deduction Account Number
TRS	Transaction Registration Slip
TIN	Taxpayers Identification Number
USD/ \$/ US\$	The United States Dollar, the legal currency of the United States of America
U.S. GAAP	Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in the United States of America
USD/US\$/ \$	United States Dollar, the official currency of the United States of America
VAT	Value added tax
w.e.f	With effect from
YoY	Year on Year

Notwithstanding the foregoing:

1. In the section titled “**Main Provisions of Articles of Association**” beginning on page no. 223 of the prospectus, defined terms shall have the meaning given to such terms in that section;
2. In the chapters titled “**Summary of Our Business**” and “**Industry Overview**” beginning on page no. 37 and 80 respectively, of the prospectus, defined terms shall have the meaning given to such terms in that section;
3. In the section titled “**Risk Factors**” beginning on page no 12 of the prospectus, defined terms shall have the meaning given to such terms in that section;
4. In the chapter titled “**Statement of Tax Benefits**” beginning on page no 78 of the prospectus, defined terms shall have the meaning given to such terms in that section;
5. In the chapter titled “**Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditions and Results of Operations**” beginning on page no 148 of the prospectus, defined terms shall have the meaning given to such terms in that section.

CERTAIN CONVENTIONS, USE OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION AND MARKET DATA AND CURRENCY OF FINANCIAL PRESENTATION

CERTAIN CONVENTION:

All references in this prospectus to "India" are to the Republic of India. All references in this prospectus to the "U.S.", "USA" or "United States" are to the United States of America.

In this prospectus, the terms "we", "us", "our", "SKIFL", "the Company", "our Company", "Shree Krishna Infrastructure Limited", unless the context otherwise indicates or implies, refers to Shree Krishna Infrastructure Limited. In this prospectus, unless the context otherwise requires, all references to one gender also refers to another gender and the word "Lac / Lakh" means "one hundred thousand", the word "million (mn)" means "Ten Lac / Lakh", the word "Crore" means "ten million" and the word "billion (bn)" means "one hundred crore". In this prospectus, any discrepancies in any table between total and the sum of the amounts listed are due to rounding-off.

USE OF FINANCIAL DATA:

Unless stated otherwise, the financial data in this prospectus is derived from our financial statements prepared and restated for the financial year ended 31st March 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018 and for the period ended 30th June 2018 in accordance with Indian GAAP, Accounting Standards, the Companies Act, as stated in the reports of our Peer Auditors and SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2009 included under Section titled "**Financial Information of the Company**" beginning on page no 127 of this prospectus. In this prospectus, any discrepancies in any table between the total and the sums of the amounts listed are due to rounding-off. All decimals have been rounded off to two decimal points. Our Company has no subsidiaries. Accordingly, financial information relating to us is presented on a Standalone basis. Our fiscal year commences on April 1 of every year and ends on March 31st of every next year.

There are significant differences between Indian GAAP, US GAAP and IFRS. Our Company has not attempted to explain those differences or quantify their impact on the financial data included herein and we urge you to consult your own advisors regarding such differences and their impact on our financial data. Accordingly, the degree to which the Indian GAAP financial statements included in this prospectus will provide meaningful information is entirely dependent on the reader's level of familiarity with Indian Accounting Practices. Any reliance by persons not familiar with Indian accounting practices on the financial disclosures presented in this prospectus should accordingly be limited.

CURRENCY OF FINANCIAL PRESENTATION AND EXCHANGE RATES

All references to "Rupees" or "Rs." or "INR" or ₹ are to Indian Rupees, the official currency of the Republic of India. All references to "\$", "US\$", "USD", "U.S. \$" or "U.S. Dollar(s)" are to United States Dollars, if any, the official currency of the United States of America. If this prospectus contains translations of certain U.S. Dollar and other currency amounts into Indian Rupees (and certain Indian Rupee amounts into U.S. Dollars and other currency amounts), these have been presented solely to comply with the requirements of the SEBI Regulations. These translations should not be construed as a representation that such Indian Rupee or U.S. Dollar or other amounts could have been, or could be, converted into Indian Rupees, at any particular rate, or at all.

In this prospectus, throughout all figures have been expressed in Lacs, except as otherwise stated. The word "Lacs", "Lac", "Lakhs" or "Lakh" means "One Hundred Thousand".

Any percentage amounts, as set forth in "Risk Factors", "Our Business", "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditions and Results of Operation" and elsewhere in this prospectus, unless otherwise indicated, have been calculated based on our restated financial statement prepared in accordance with Indian GAAP.

INDUSTRY & MARKET DATA

Unless stated otherwise, industry and market data and forecast used throughout this prospectus was obtained from internal Company reports, data, websites, Industry publications report as well as Government Publications. Industry publication data and website data generally state that the information contained therein has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable, but that their accuracy and completeness and underlying assumptions are not guaranteed and their reliability cannot be assured. Although, we believe industry and market data used in this prospectus is reliable, it has not been independently verified by us or the LM or any of their affiliates or advisors. Similarly, internal Company reports and data, while believed by us to be reliable, have not been verified by any independent source. There are no standard data gathering methodologies in the industry in which we conduct our business and methodologies and assumptions may vary widely among different market and industry sources.

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

Our Company has included statements in this prospectus, that contain words or phrases such as "will", "aim", "will likely result", "believe", "expect", "will continue", "anticipate", "estimate", "intend", "plan", "project", "shall", "contemplate", "seek to", "future", "objective", "goal", "project", "should", "will continue", "will pursue" and similar expressions or variations of such expressions that are "forward-looking statements". However, these words are not the exclusive means of identifying forward-looking statements. All statements regarding our Company objectives, plans or goals, expected financial condition and results of operations, business plans and prospects are also forward-looking statements.

These forward-looking statements include statements as to business strategy, revenue and profitability, planned projects and other matters discussed in this prospectus regarding matters that are not historical fact. These forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus (whether made by us or any third party) involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements.

Further the actual results may differ materially from those suggested by the forward-looking statements due to risks or uncertainties associated with our expectations with respect to, but not limited to, regulatory changes pertaining to the related industry in India in which we have our business and our ability to respond to them, our ability to successfully implement our strategy, our growth and expansion, technological changes, our exposure to market risks, general economic and political conditions in India and overseas which have an impact on our business activities or investments, the monetary and fiscal policies of India and other jurisdictions in which we operate, inflation, deflation, unanticipated volatility in interest rates, foreign exchange rates, equity prices or other rates or prices, the performance of the financial markets in India and globally, changes in domestic laws, regulations and taxes, changes in competition in our industry and incidence of any natural calamities and/or acts of violence. Other important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from our expectations include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. General economic and business conditions in India and in the markets in which we operate and in the local, regional and national economies;
2. Changes in laws and regulations relating to the Sectors in which we operate;
3. Realization of Contingent Liabilities;
4. Occurrence of Environmental Problems & Uninsured Losses;
5. Increased competition in industries / sector in which we operate;
6. Factors affecting the industry in which we operate;
7. Our ability to meet our capital expenditure requirements
8. Our ability to successfully implement our growth strategy and expansion plans and to successfully launch and implement various projects and business plans;
9. Fluctuations in operating costs;
10. Our ability to attract and retain qualified personnel;
11. Our failure to keep pace with rapid changes in technology;
12. Changes in political and social conditions in India or in countries that we may enter, the monetary and interest rate policies of India and other countries, inflation, deflation, unanticipated turbulence in interest rates, equity prices or other rates or prices.
13. Occurrence of natural disasters or calamities affecting the areas in which we have operations;
14. Any adverse outcome in the legal proceedings in which we/our group companies are involved;
15. Other factors beyond our control;
16. Our ability to manage risks that arise from these factors;
17. Changes in Government policies and Regulatory actions that apply to or affect our business;
18. Conflicts of interest with affiliated companies, the promoter group and other related parties; and
19. The performance of the financial markets in India and globally.

For further discussion of factors that could cause our actual results to differ, see the Section titled "*Risk Factors*", "*Our Business*" & "*Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*" beginning on page no 12, 93 & 148 respectively of this prospectus. By their nature, certain market risk disclosures are only estimating and could be materially different from what actually occurs in the future. As a result, actual future gains or losses could materially differ from those that have been estimated. Neither our Company, our Directors, our Officers, Lead Manager and Underwriter nor any of their respective affiliates have any obligation to update or otherwise revise any statements reflecting circumstances arising after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of underlying events, even if the underlying assumptions do not come to fruition. In accordance with SEBI requirements, our Company, and the Lead Manager will ensure that investors in India are informed of material developments until such time as the grant of listing and trading permission by the Stock Exchange for the Equity Shares allotted pursuant to this Issue.

SECTION II: RISK FACTORS

An investment in Equity Shares involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider all the information in this prospectus, including the risks and uncertainties described below, before making an investment in our Equity Shares. In making an investment decision prospective investors must rely on their own examination of our Company and the terms of this offer including the merits and risks involved.

Any potential investor in, and subscriber of, the Equity Shares should also pay particular attention to the fact that we are governed in India by a legal and regulatory environment in which some material respects may be different from that which prevails in other countries. The risks and uncertainties described in this section are not the only risks and uncertainties we currently face. Additional risks and uncertainties not known to us or that we currently deem immaterial may also have an adverse effect on our business.

If any of the following risks, or other risks that is not currently known or is now deemed immaterial, actually occur, our business, results of operations and financial condition could suffer, the price of our Equity Shares could decline, and you may lose all or part of your investment. Additionally, our business operations could also be affected by additional factors that are not presently known to us or that we currently consider as immaterial to our operations.

Unless otherwise stated in the relevant risk factors set forth below, we are not in a position to specify or quantify the financial or other implications of any of the risks mentioned herein. To obtain a complete understanding, you should read this section in conjunction with the chapters titled “Our Business” beginning on page no 93, “Industry Overview” beginning on page no 80, “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” beginning on page no 148 and “Outstanding litigation and Material developments” beginning on page no 158 respectively, of this prospectus as well as other financial information contained herein.

The following factors have been considered for determining the materiality of Risk Factors:

- Some events may not be material individually but may be found material collectively;
- Some events may have material impact qualitatively instead of quantitatively;
- Some events may not be material at present but may have material impact in future.

The financial and other related implications of risks concerned, wherever quantifiable, have been disclosed in the risk factors mentioned below. However, there are risk factors where the impact may not be quantifiable and hence the same has not been disclosed in such risk factors. Unless otherwise stated, the financial information of the Company used in this section is derived from our financial statements under Indian GAAP, as restated in this prospectus. Unless otherwise stated, we are not in a position to specify or quantify the financial or other risks mentioned herein.

For capitalized terms used but not defined in this chapter, refer to the chapter titled “Definitions and Abbreviations” beginning on page no 1 of this prospectus. The numbering of the risk factors has been done to facilitate ease of reading and reference and does not in any manner indicate the importance of one risk factor over another.

The risk factors are classified as under for the sake of better clarity and increased understanding:

INTERNAL RISK FACTORS:**A: Business Risk / Company Specific Risk****1. Certain of our Promoter group and our Promoter, Directors are involved in certain legal proceedings.**

A. Certain of our Promoter Group and our Promoter, Directors, are involved in certain legal proceedings. Market Regulator SEBI has imposed penalty on our Promoter, promoter group and directors for wrong disclosure of shareholding, non disclosure as per SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulation 1992, non disclosure as per SEBI (SAST) 1997 and violation of Section 11 C (3) read with Section 11(2) (I) of SEBI Act 1992. The details are as follows:

Sr. No	Name & Relationship	Date of Order	Particulars	Amount (In Rs)
1	Sungold Capital Limited (NOTE-1)	30 th June 2017 [ADJUDICATION ORDER NO. EAD-5/SVKM/AO/49-57/2017-18]	Section 23E of the SCRA, 1956, for the violation of provisions of Section 21 of SCRA read with Clause 35 of Listing Agreement, on Sungold Capital Limited, notice no. 1 herein for wrongly classifying the shareholding of the 'promoter group' as 'public holding' and making wrong disclosures of the shareholding of Ravi Rajiv Kotia.	500,000
2	Sungold Capital Limited, Rajiv R Kotia, Ashok Modi, Sharadchandra Gandhi (NOTE-2)	30 th June 2017 [ADJUDICATION ORDER NO. EAD-5/SVKM/AO/49-57/2017-18]	Section 15HA of the SEBI, 1992, for the violation of provisions of Regulation 3 (d) of SEBI PFUTP Regulations, 2003, payable jointly and severally by the notices i.e. Sungold Capital Limited and its executive Directors namely Shri Rajiv R Kotia, Shri Ashok Modi and Shri Sharad Gandhi for providing false and misleading information to the stock exchanges by classifying the shareholding of the 'promoter group' as 'public holding'	1,000,000
3	Rajiv R Kotia in the case of Sungold Capital Limited.	30 th June 2017 [ADJUDICATION ORDER NO. EAD-5/SVKM/AO/49-57/2017-18]	Section 15A (b) of the SEBI Act, 1992, for the violation of Regulation 13 (4) read with Regulation 13 (5) of SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 1992, on the notice no. 2, Shri Rajiv R Kotia, Promoter, Chairman & Managing Director of Sungold Capital Limited for failure to disclose to the Company and to the stock exchange the change in the shareholding of his Wife and Son under the aforesaid PIT Regulations.	12,00,000
4	Shilpa Amit Kotia, Dhaval Ramesh Kotia, Shwetha Dhaval Kotia, Seema Rajiv Kotia, Ravi Rajiv Kotia, under (NOTE-3)	30 th June 2017 [ADJUDICATION ORDER NO. EAD-5/SVKM/AO/58-62/2017-18]	Section 15I of the SEBI Act, 1992 read with Rule 5 of the Adjudication Rules, hereby impose, a penalty of Rs. 10,00,000/- (Rupees Ten Lakhs Only) payable jointly and severally by the notices namely Smt. Shilpa Amit Kotia, Shri Dhaval Ramesh Kotia, Smt. Shwetha Dhaval Kotia, Smt. Seema Rajiv Kotia and Shri Ravi Rajiv Kotia, under Section 15A (b) of the SEBI Act, 1992, for the violation of Regulation 7 (1A) read with Regulation 7 (2) of SEBI (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 1997	10,00,000
5	Sungold Capital Limited,	19 th July 2017 [ADJUDICATION ORDER NO. EAD-5/SVKM/AO/82-86/2017-18]	Section 15I of the SEBI Act, 1992 read with Rule 5 of the SEBI Adjudication Rules, whereby penalty is impose, under Section 15A (a) of the SEBI Act, 1992, for the violation of Section 11C (3) read with Section 11 (2) (I) of SEBI Act, 1992 by the notices.	500,000
6	Shilpa Amit Kotia, Shwetha Dhaval Kotia, Ravi Rajiv	19 th July 2017 [ADJUDICATION ORDER NO. EAD-	Section 15I of the SEBI Act, 1992 read with Rule 5 of the SEBI Adjudication Rules, whereby penalty is impose under Section 15A (a) of the SEBI Act, 1992,	800,000

	Kotia, Seema Rajiv Kotia (NOTE-3)	5/SVKM/AO/82- 86/2017-18]	for the violation of Section 11C (3) read with Section 11 (2) (I) of SEBI Act, 1992 by each of the notice no. 2 to 5 namely Smt. Shilpa Amit Kotia, Smt. Shwetha Dhaval Kotia, Shri Ravi Rajiv Kotia and Smt. Seema Rajiv Kotia.	
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On the basis of aforesaid order, the appellant has made appeal to Securities Appellate Tribunal vide latter dated 31st August, 2017 & 20th September 2017 respectively. It is under process.

NOTE 1: Mr. Rajiv Rameshchandra Kotia, father Mr. Ravi Rajiv Kotia is the promoter, Chairman and Managing Director of Sungold Capital Limited, listed in BSE.

NOTE 2: Mr. Sharadchandra Gandhi is father of Mr Keyur Sharadchandra Gandhi who holds 25,364 shares consisting of 0.85% in Shree Krishna Infrastructre Limited and is also a Non-Executive Director in the company

NOTE 3: Smt. Shilpa Amit Kotia is wife of Mr. Amit Kotia (Director of SKIFL), Smt. Shwetha Dhaval Kotia step sister-in-law of Mr. Rajiv Rameshchandra Kotia, Shri Ravi Rajiv Kotia (Managing Director of SKIFL) and Smt. Seema Rajiv Kotia is wife of Mr. Rajiv Kotia)

B. A criminal case against Mr. Amit Kotia is pending before Metropolitan Magistrate Court, Ahmedabad under 27/2001 (Sec 304A of IPC i.e. Culpable Homicide not amounting to murder). The said application has been filed by the applicant accused u/s 439 of the criminal procedure code and prayed for enlargement in connection with the CR No. 1st 27/01 registered at Sabarmati Police Station relating to the offence punishable u/s 304, 120(B), 308 and also for the offence u/s 3(2) (c)(d) and 7(1)(I)(II) of the Gujarat Ownership Flat Act 1073.

2. *Proposed Projects: Contract Farming, Agency (Sale, Marketing) of Navigation Equipment and Maritime consultancy for aids to navigation in the state of Gujarat with Marine Navaid And Solar Auto Private Limited, Distribution Project of E-Vehicles with Marine Navaid And Solar Auto Private Limited, Marketing arrangement for Terra Technologies and services.*

The projects are at its initiation stage and only initial business agreements have been entered. There is no surety

- that all these business will be started except contract farming for which plantation is done.
- that Marketing efforts will be effective and prospective clients for the respective business can be procured
- all the conditions as stipulated by the Companies can be met and thereby leading to cancellation of agreements

Government may also impose restrictions and we may not be able to start/continue the Business

In the event of the above our finances may be severely affected.

3. *Agreement with USA based Terra Energy & Resources Technologies, Inc*

As per the agreement signed with USA based Terra Energy & Resources Technologies, Inc, SKIFL will act as market partner in India. But website of Terra shows, Saturn Energy Solutions a geosciences consulting firm servicing the Indian upstream oil & gas industry and is based in Hyderabad, India is Terra's exclusive market partner the country.

4. *We require certain approvals, permits and licenses in the ordinary course of business, and any failure or delay to obtain or renew them may adversely affect our operations.*

We require certain statutory and regulatory permits and approvals for our business. Additionally, we may need to apply for more approvals in the future including renewal of approvals that may expire from time to time. There can be no assurance that the relevant authorities will issue such permits or approvals in the time frame anticipated by us or at all. Failure by us to renew, maintain or obtain the required permits or approvals within the requisite time may result in the interruption of our operations and may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. Further, these permits, licenses and approvals are subject to several conditions, and we cannot assure you that we shall be able to continuously meet such conditions or be able to prove compliance with such conditions to statutory authorities, which may lead to

cancellation, revocation or suspension of relevant permits/licenses/approvals. Any such failure or delay in obtaining such approvals permits and licenses may have an adverse effect on our business and results of operations.

5. *Earlier the company was engaged in the business of marketing, development and maintenance of Farm Houses, Holidays Resorts, Housing Society etc. but no such statutory approvals, licenses, registration etc available.*

Any penalty or action taken by any regulatory authorities in future for non-compliance with provisions of corporate and other law could impact the financial position of the Company to that extent.

6. *The Registered Office of Our Company is not owned by us.*

We operate from our registered office situated at Bungalow No.36, Rang Residency, Vadia, Rajpipla, Narmada- 393145, Gujarat, India. The registered office of our Company belongs to one of our director Mr. Keyur Sharadchandra Gandhi and we have taken the same on leave and license basis from him. Any discontinuance of such arrangement will lead us to locate to any other premises. Our inability to identify the new premises may adversely affect the operations, finances and profitability of our Company.

7. *Our contract farming business could be adversely effected in case of damage of corps*

As per the business terms, we have to pay a minimum amount to the land owner. In case of damage of corps, we may suffer lossess. Further, as per the terms, our Company has the responsibility to obtain insurance cover against the risk of losses due to acts of God, Destruction of assets, abnormal weather condition or even circumstances beyond the control of parties etc. However, no such insurance has been taken by SKIFL to mitigate the loss caused by damage of corps.

8. *Our Company has not taken Trade Mark license till the date of filling of this prospectus. Any delay in granting registration or refusal in obtaining registration could result in loss of brand equity and the company's right to use the said brand.*

Our Company has made an application to the Trade Mark Registry, Gujarat to register its company logo. The company depending on the future requirements may make further application to the Trade Mark Registry, Gujarat to register its brand/logo for different products. While filing application for registration if the same is not accepted or if the oppositions filed against the trademark application if any, are successful, and our company may lose the statutory protection available to it under the Trade Marks Act, 1999 for such trademarks. For further details please refer to the chapter titled "Government and Other Key Approvals" beginning on page no. 163 of the prospectus.

9. *Some ROC documents are missing from the records.*

Certain documents pertaining to increase of authorised capital, Splits of share and increase of paid up Share capital for the years 1990 to 1996 are missing from our records. The same has been considered based on share holder register (MGT-1) and certificates from chartered accountant who verified the records from books of accounts of the company.

10. *We have reported negative cash flows.*

The detailed break up of cash flows is summarized in below mentioned table and our Company has reported negative cash flow in certain financial years and which could affect our business and growth:

Particulars	30-06-2018	31-03-2018	31-03-2017	31-03-2016	31-03-2015	31-03-2014
Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities	(9,35,449)	(19,16,178)	(17,37,288)	(10,16,023)	16,25,908	(44,61,697)
Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities	(8,06,806)	(92,83,860)	(12,16,721)	10,72,536	(21,67,742)	(1,10,23,767)
Net Cash Flow from Financing Activities	20,27,500	1,17,97,540	34,80,405	-	-	1,60,50,000
Net Increase / (Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents	2,85,245	5,97,502	5,26,396	56,513	(5,41,834)	5,64,536

11. *Our success depends largely on our senior management and our ability to attract and retain our key personnel.*

Our success depends on the continued services and performance of the members of our management team and other key employees. Competition for senior management in the industry is intense, and we may not be able to retain our existing senior management or attract and retain new senior management in the future. The loss of the services of our Promoter could seriously impair our ability to continue to manage and expand our business. Further, the loss of any other member of our senior management or other key personnel may adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition. We do not maintain keyman life insurance for our Promoter, senior members of our management team or other key personnel.

12. *There is no monitoring agency appointed by Our Company and the deployments of funds are at the discretion of our Management and our Board of Directors.*

As per SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2009 appointment of monitoring agency is required only for Issue size above Rs. 100.00 crores, provided that nothing contained in this clause shall apply to an offer for sale or an issue of specified securities made by a bank or public financial institution. Hence, we have not appointed a monitoring agency to monitor the utilization of Issue proceeds. Since this being an offer for sale, our Company will not receive any proceeds from the Offer and is not required to appoint a monitoring agency for the Offer.

13. *Our operations are considerably located in Gujarat and failure to expand our operations may restrict our growth and adversely affect our business.*

Currently, we are carrying our business mainly in the Gujarat hence our major revenues are generated from operations in this region only. Geographical and functional expansion of our business domain requires establishment of adequate network. As we seek to diversify our regional focus, we may face the risk that our competitors may be better known in other markets, enjoy better relationships with customers. Our lack of exposure in geographical boundaries outside our operating regions could impact our future revenues, our operating results and financial conditions.

14. *We face competition in our business from organized and unorganized players, which may adversely affect our business operation and financial condition.*

We operate in an industry, which faces intense competition from established as well as unorganized players. Our competition depends on several factors, which include quality, price and our pace in keeping up with the changing trends. Competition emerges from both organized as well as unorganized sector.

15. *Our contracts/arrangements etc can typically be terminated without cause and with little or no notice or penalty, which could negatively impact our revenues and profitability.*

Most of our arrangements/contracts with private parties can be terminated with or without cause, usually at short notice and without termination related penalties. Additionally, most of our agreements with customers are without any commitment to future work. Our business is dependent on the decisions and actions of our customers, and there are number of factors relating to our customers that are outside our control and which might result in the termination of a project or the loss of a customer. Any of these factors could adversely affect our revenues and profitability.

16. *Upon completion of the Issue, our Promoters / Promoter Group may continue to retain significant control, which will allow them to influence the outcome of matters submitted to the shareholders for approval.*

After completion of the Issue, our Promoters and Promoter Group will collectively own 32.29% of the Equity Shares. As a result, our Promoters together with the members of the Promoter Group will be able to exercise a significant degree of influence over us and will be able to control the outcome of any proposal that can be approved by a majority shareholder vote, including, the election of members to our Board, in accordance with the Companies Act and our Articles of Association. Such a concentration of ownership may also have the effect of delaying, preventing or deterring a change in control of our Company.

In addition, our Promoters will continue to have the ability to cause us to take actions that are not in, or may conflict with, our interests or the interests of some or all of our creditors or minority shareholders, and we cannot assure you that such actions will not have an adverse effect on our future financial performance or the price of our Equity Shares.

17. *Our Company has entered into certain related party transactions.*

Our Company has entered into certain transactions with related parties, including our Promoters and Promoter Group. While we believe that such transactions are carried on arms length basis, however any transactions with our related parties may potentially involve conflicts of interest and impose certain liabilities on our Company. For more details, please refer to chapter titled "Related Party Transactions" on page no 125 of the prospectus.

18. *Our business may be materially and adversely affected by our reliance on customers who fail to grow at ascertain pace and on our ability to attract merchants and customers.*

Our business growth depends on our customer's growth and demands from them. Hence it is necessary for us that our customers too grow at a certain pace with us to support our operations

19. *Our growth strategies are subject to execution risks. If not implemented effectively, our business and financial performance will be adversely affected.*

The success of our business will depend greatly on our ability to effectively implement our growth strategies. Our growth strategies include expanding our service offerings, use of technological platform to deliver our services, expanding our own network and new product offerings in a cost effective and timely manner. The expansion of our services in terms of the type of offerings and the geographic locations may not succeed due to competition, our failure to effectively market our new offerings and our failure to maintain quality and consistency of our services. In addition, we may fail to identify new cities with sufficient growth potential to expand our network, and we may fail to attract customers. Failure in implementing any of our growth strategies effectively might have an adverse effect on our business and profitability.

20. *The requirements of being a listed company may strain our resources.*

We were not a listed Company and have not, historically, been subjected to the increased scrutiny of our affairs by shareholders, regulators and the public at large that is associated with being a listed company. As a listed company, we will incur significant legal, accounting, corporate governance and other expenses that we did not incur as an unlisted company. If we experience any delays, we may fail to satisfy our reporting obligations and/or we may not be able to readily determine and accordingly report any changes in our results of operations as promptly as other listed companies which may adversely affect the financial position of our Company.

21. *Our Company will not receive any proceeds from the Offer for Sale portion. Further, the deployment of the net proceeds is entirely at our discretion and is not subject to any monitoring by any independent agency.*

This Offer includes an Offer for Sale of 9,00,000 Equity Shares by the Selling Shareholders. The entire proceeds from the Offer for Sale will be paid to the Selling Shareholders and our Company will not receive any proceeds from such Offer for Sale. For further details, please refer to the chapter "Objects of the Offer" at the beginning of page no 74 of the prospectus.

22. *We may become a target for public scrutiny, including complaints to regulatory agencies, negative media coverage, including social media and malicious reports, all of which could severely damage our reputation and materially and adversely affect our business and prospects.*

Post Listing we will be subjected to several regulatory filings and public scrutiny. Since we will be constantly under the public view, there is possibility of complaints to regulatory agencies, negative media coverage, including social media and malicious reports, all of which could severely damage our reputation and materially and adversely affect our business and prospects.

23. *We may not be able to secure sufficient financing on favourable terms, or at all, to meet our future capital needs.*

In the future, we may require additional capital to pursue business opportunities or acquisitions or respond to challenges, competition and unforeseen circumstances. We may also decide to engage in equity or debt financings or enter into credit facilities for other reasons. We may not be able to secure debt or equity financing in a timely manner, on favourable terms, or at all. Any debt financing obtained by us in the future could involve restrictive covenants relating to our capital raising activities and other financial and operational matters, which may make it more difficult for us to obtain additional capital and to pursue business opportunities, including potential acquisitions.

B: Risk related to this Issue and our Equity Shares

24. *Our ability to pay dividends will depend upon future earnings, financial condition, cash flows, working capital requirements, capital expenditure and other factors.*

Our Company has not yet paid any dividends. For further details please refer to chapter titled “Dividend Policy” beginning on page no 126 of the prospectus. However, the amount of our future dividend payments, if any, will depend upon our future earnings, financial conditions, cash flows, working capital requirements, capital expenditures and other factors. There can be no assurance that we shall have distributable funds or that we will declare dividends. We cannot assure you that we will be able to secure adequate financing in the future on acceptable terms, in time, or at all.

25. *Any future issue of Equity Shares may dilute your shareholding and sales of our Equity Shares by our Promoter or other major shareholders may adversely affect the trading price of the Equity Shares.*

Any future equity issues by us, including in a primary offering, may lead to the dilution of investors' shareholdings in us. Any future equity issuances by us or sales of its Equity Shares by the Promoter may adversely affect the trading price of the Equity Shares. In addition, any perception by investors that such issuances or sales might occur could also affect the trading price of our Equity Shares.

26. *There is no guarantee that the Equity Shares offered pursuant to this Issue will be listed on the BSE SME in a timely manner.*

In terms of Chapter XB of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2009, as amended from time to time, we are required to obtain in-principle approval for listing of our Equity Shares issued. We have applied to BSE Limited to use its name as the Stock Exchange in this Offer Document for listing our Equity Shares on the SME Platform of BSE Limited. Permission for listing of the Equity Shares will be granted only after the Equity Shares offered in this Issue have been allotted. Approval from BSE Limited will require all relevant documents authorizing the issuing of the Equity Shares to be submitted to it. There could be a failure or delay in listing the Equity Shares on the SME Platform of BSE. Further, certain procedural and regulatory requirements of SEBI and the Stock Exchanges are required to be completed before the Equity Shares are listed and trading commences. Trading in the Equity Shares is expected to commence within 6 Working Days from the Issue closing Date. However, we cannot assure you that the trading in the Equity Shares will commence in a timely manner. Any failure or delay in obtaining the approvals would restrict your ability to dispose off your equity shares.

EXTERNAL RISK FACTORS

27. *Exchange Rate Fluctuations may have impact on the performance of the Company.*

The Company might expose to exchange rate fluctuations. Uncertainties in the global financial market may have an adverse impact on the exchange rate between Rupee vis-à-vis other currencies. The exchange rate between the Rupee and other currencies is variable and may continue to fluctuate in the future. Such fluctuations can have a serious impact on the cost structure of the Company.

28. Natural calamities and force majeure events may have an adverse impact on our business.

Natural disasters may cause significant interruption to our operations, and damage to the environment that could have a material adverse impact on us. The extent and severity of these natural disasters determines their impact on the Indian economy. Prolonged spells of deficient or abnormal rainfall and other natural calamities could have an adverse impact on the Indian economy, which could adversely affect our business and results of operations.

29. We have not prepared, and currently do not intend to prepare, our financial statements in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”). Our transition to IFRS reporting could have a material adverse effect on our reported results of operations or financial condition.

Public companies in India, including us, may be required to prepare annual and interim financial statements under IFRS in accordance with the roadmap for convergence with IFRS announced by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India through a press note dated January 22, 2010 (the “IFRS Convergence Note”). The Ministry of Corporate Affairs by a press release dated February 25, 2011 has notified that 35 Indian Accounting Standards are to be converged with IFRS. The date of implementation of such converged Indian accounting standards has not yet been determined. Our financial condition, results of operations, cash flows or changes in shareholders’ equity may appear materially different under IFRS than under Indian GAAP or our adoption of converged Indian Accounting Standards may adversely affect our reported results of operations or financial condition. This may have a material adverse effect on the amount of income recognized during that period and in the corresponding (restated) period in the comparative Fiscal period.

30. Political instability or changes in the Government could adversely affect economic conditions in India generally and our business in particular.

Our business, and the market price and liquidity of our Equity Shares, may be affected by interest rates, changes in Government policy, taxation, social and civil unrest and other political, economic or other developments in or affecting India. Elimination or substantial change of policies or the introduction of policies that negatively affect the Company’s business could cause its results of operations to suffer. Any significant change in India’s economic policies could disrupt business and economic conditions in India generally and the Company’s business in particular.

31. Financial instability in Indian financial markets could adversely affect our company’s results of operations and financial condition.

In this globalized world, the Indian economy and financial markets are significantly influenced by worldwide economic, financial and market conditions. Any financial turmoil, say in the United States of America, Europe, China or other emerging economies, may have a negative impact on the Indian economy. Although economic conditions differ in each country, investors’ reactions to any significant developments in one country can have adverse effects on the financial and market conditions in other countries. A loss in investor confidence in the financial systems, particularly in other emerging markets, may cause increased volatility in Indian financial markets. Indian financial markets have also experienced the contagion effect of the global financial turmoil. Any prolonged financial crisis may have an adverse impact on the Indian economy, thereby resulting in a material and adverse effect on our Company’s business, operations, financial condition, profitability and price of its Shares. Stock exchanges in India have in the past experienced substantial fluctuations in the prices of listed securities.

32. Foreign investors are subject to foreign investment restrictions under Indian law that limits our ability to attract foreign investors, which may adversely impact the market price of the Equity Shares.

Under the foreign exchange regulations currently in force in India, transfers of shares between nonresidents and residents are freely permitted (subject to certain exceptions) if they comply with the pricing guidelines and reporting requirements specified by the RBI. If the transfer of shares, which are sought to be transferred, is not in compliance with such pricing guidelines or reporting requirements or fall under any of the exceptions referred to above, then the prior approval of the RBI will be required. Additionally, shareholders who seek to convert the Rupee proceeds from a sale of shares in India into foreign currency and repatriate that foreign currency from India will require a no objection/ tax clearance certificate from the income tax authority. There

can be no assurance that any approval required from the RBI or any other government agency can be obtained on any particular terms or at all.

33. *The Issue price of our Equity Shares may not be indicative of the market price of our Equity Shares after the Issue and the market price of our Equity Shares may decline below the issue price and you may not be able to sell your Equity Shares at or above the Issue Price.*

The Issue Price of our Equity Shares shall be determined by Fixed Price method. This price is based on numerous factors (For further information, please refer chapter titled “Basis for Issue Price” of this prospectus) and may not be indicative of the market price of our Equity Shares after the Issue. The market price of our Equity Shares could be subject to significant fluctuations after the Issue, and may decline below the Issue Price. We cannot assure you that you will be able to sell your Equity Shares at or above the Issue Price. Among the factors that could affect our share price include without limitation. The following:

- Half yearly variations in the rate of growth of our financial indicators, such as earnings per share, net income and revenues;
- Changes in revenue or earnings estimates or publication of research reports by analysts; Speculation in the press or investment community;
- General market conditions; and
- Domestic and international economic, legal and regulatory factors unrelated to our performance.

34. *There are restrictions on daily / weekly / monthly movements in the price of the Equity Shares, which may adversely affect a shareholder’s ability to sell, or the price at which it can sell, Equity Shares at a particular point in time*

Once listed, we would be subject to circuit breakers imposed by all stock exchanges in India, which does not allow transactions beyond specified increases or decreases in the price of the Equity Shares. This circuit breaker operates independently of the index-based market-wide circuit breakers generally imposed by SEBI on Indian stock exchanges. The percentage limit on circuit breakers is set by the stock exchanges based on the historical volatility in the price and trading volume of the Equity Shares. The stock exchanges do not inform us of the percentage limit of the circuit breaker in effect from time to time, and may change it without our knowledge. This circuit breaker limits the upward and downward movements in the price of the Equity Shares. As a result of this circuit breaker, no assurance may be given regarding your ability to sell your Equity Shares or the price at which you may be able to sell your Equity Shares at any particular time

35. *The price of our Equity Shares may be volatile, or an active trading market for our Equity Shares may not develop.*

Prior to this Issue, there has been no public market for our Equity Shares. Our Company will appoint Market Makers to the Issue. However, the trading price of our Equity Shares may fluctuate after this Issue due to a variety of factors, including our results of operations and the performance of our business, competitive conditions, general economic, political and social factors, the performance of the Indian and global economy and significant developments in India’s fiscal regime, volatility in the Indian and global securities market, performance of our competitors, the Indian capital markets and Finance industry, changes in the estimates of our performance or recommendations by financial analysts and announcements by us or others regarding contracts, acquisitions, strategic partnership, joint ventures, or capital commitments.

36. *Global economic, political and social conditions may harm our ability to do business, increase our costs and negatively affect our stock price.*

Global economic and political factors that are beyond our control, influence forecasts and directly affect performance. These factors include interest rates, rates of economic growth, fiscal and monetary policies of governments, inflation, deflation, foreign exchange fluctuations, consumer credit availability, fluctuations in commodities markets, consumer debt levels, unemployment trends and other matters that influence consumer confidence, spending and tourism. Increasing volatility in financial markets may cause these factors to change with a greater degree of frequency and magnitude, which may negatively affect our stock prices.

37. *Terrorist attacks, civil unrests and other acts of violence or war involving India or other countries could adversely affect the financial markets, our business, financial condition and the price of our Equity Shares.*

Any major hostilities involving India or other acts of violence, including civil unrest or similar events that are beyond our control, could have a material adverse effect on India's economy and our business. Incidents such as the Mumbai terrorist attacks and other acts of violence may adversely affect the Indian stock markets where our Equity Shares will trade as well the global equity markets generally. Such acts could negatively impact business sentiment as well as trade between countries, which could adversely affect our Company's business and profitability. Additionally, such events could have a material adverse effect on the market for securities of Indian companies, including the Equity Shares.

38. *Taxes and other levies imposed by the Government of India or other State Governments, as well as other financial policies and regulations, may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.*

Taxes and other levies imposed by the Central or State Governments in India that affect our industry include GST, income tax and other taxes, duties or surcharges introduced on a permanent or temporary basis from time to time. Imposition of any other taxes by the Central and the State Governments may adversely affect our results of operations.

39. *Any downgrading of India's sovereign rating by an independent agency may harm our ability to raise financing.*

Any adverse revisions to India's credit ratings for domestic and international debt by international rating agencies may adversely impact our ability to raise additional financing, and the interest rates and other commercial terms at which such additional financing may be available. This could have an adverse effect on our business and future financial performance, our ability to obtain financing for capital expenditures and the trading price of our Equity Shares.

PROMINENT NOTES:

1) SIZE OF THE ISSUE:

Public Issue of 9,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each (the "Equity Shares") for cash at a price of Rs. 13/- per Equity Share aggregating to Rs. 117.00 Lakhs ("the Issue") by Shree Krishna Infrastructure Limited ("Company" or the "Issuer"). Out of the Issue 50,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each at a price of Rs. 13/- each per Equity Share aggregating to Rs. 6.50Lacs, which will be reserved for subscription by Market Makers to the issue (the "market maker reservation portion") and Net Issue to the Public of 8,50,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each at a price of Rs. 13/- each per Equity Share aggregating to Rs. 110.50 Lacs (hereinafter referred to as the "Net Issue"). The Issue and the Net Issue will constitute 30.00% and 28.33%, respectively, of the post issue paid up Equity Share capital of the Company.

2) The average cost of acquisition of Equity Shares by the Promoter:

Name of the Promoter	No. of Shares held	Average cost of Acquisition (In Rs.)
Mr. Ravi Rajiv Kotia	15,14,505	10.04
Mr. Amit Rameshbhai Kotia	3,54,181	10.00

**The average cost of acquisition of our Equity Shares by our Promoter has been calculated by taking into account the amount paid by them to acquire, by way of fresh issuance or transfer, the Equity Shares, including the issue of bonus shares to them, if any. For more information, please refer to the section titled "Capital Structure" beginning on page no 52 of the prospectus.*

- 3) The Net Asset Value per Equity Share of our Company as per the Restated Financial Information as of March 31, 2018 was Rs. 12.79 and as of June 30, 2018 is Rs. 12.83. For further details, please refer to Annexure XXXI (Summary of Accounting Ratio) in Section titled, Financial Statements as Restated, on page no 127 of this Prospectus.
- 4) The Net worth of our company as on March 31, 2018 was Rs. 383.72 Lakh and as of June 30, 2018 is Rs. 384.97 Lakh as per Restated Financial Statements. For further details please refer to section titled, "Financial Statement as Restated" beginning on page no 127 of this prospectus.
- 5) Except as mentioned in the chapter titled "*History and Certain Corporate Matters*", beginning on page no 107, there has been no change of name of our Company at any time during the last three (3) years immediately preceding the date of filing Prospectus
- 6) Investors may please note that in the event of over subscription, allotment shall be made on proportionate basis in consultation with the BSE, the Designated Stock Exchange. For more information, please refer to section "*Basis of Allotment*" beginning on page no 216 of the prospectus. The Registrar to the Issue shall be responsible to ensure that the basis of allotment is finalized in a fair and proper manner as set out therein.
- 7) Investors are advised to refer to the paragraph on "*Basis for offer Price*" beginning on page no 76 of this prospectus before making an investment in this Issue.
- 8) This being an offer for sale, our Company will not receive any proceeds from the Offer and is not required to appoint a monitoring agency for the Offer.
- 9) Investors may contact the Lead Manager or the Company Secretary & Compliance Officer for any complaint/clarifications/information pertaining to the Issue. For contact details of the Lead Manager and the Compliance Officer, refer the front cover page.
- 10) Other than as stated in the chapter titled "*Capital Structure*" beginning on page no 52 of this prospectus, our Company has not issued any Equity Shares for consideration other than cash.
- 11) Except as mentioned in the chapter titled "*Capital Structure*" beginning on page no 52 of this prospectus, we have not issued any Equity Shares in the last twelve months.
- 12) Except as disclosed in the sections titled "*Our Management*" or "*Our Promoters*" beginning on page no 112 and 121 respectively of this prospectus, none of our Promoters, our Directors and our Key Managerial Employees have any interest in our Company except to the extent of remuneration and reimbursement of expenses and to the extent of the Equity Shares held by them or their relatives and associates or held by the companies, firms and trusts in which they are interested as directors, member, partner and/or trustee and to the extent of the benefits arising out of such shareholding.
- 13) Any clarification or information relating to the Issue shall be made available by the LM and our Company to the investors at large and no selective or additional information would be available for a section of investors in any manner whatsoever. Investors may contact the Lead Manager or the Company secretary and the Compliance Officer for any complaints pertaining to the Issue. Investors are free to contact the Lead Manager or the Company secretary and the Compliance Officer for any clarification or information relating to the Issue who will be obliged to provide the same to the investor.
- 14) For transactions in Equity Shares of our Company by the Promoter Group and Directors of our Company in the last six (6) months, please refer to paragraph under the chapter titled "*Capital Structure*" beginning on page no 52 of this prospectus.
- 15) There are no contingent liabilities as on date of filing of this prospectus.

- 16) Except as disclosed in the section titled *"Our Promoter and Promoter Group / Group Entities of our Company"* beginning on page no 121, none of our Group Companies have business interest in our Company.
- 17) For interest of Promoters/Directors, please refer to the section titled *"Our Promoters and Promoters Group"* beginning on page no 121 of this prospectus.
- 18) The details of transactions with the Group Companies/ Group Enterprises and other related party transactions are disclosed as Annexure XXXIV of restated financial statement under the section titled *"Financial Information of the Company"* beginning on page no 127 of the prospectus

SECTION III: INTRODUCTION

SUMMARY OF INDUSTRY

The information in this section has been extracted from various websites and publicly available documents from various industry sources. The data may have been re-classified by us for the purpose of presentation. Neither we nor any other person connected with the Offer has independently verified the information provided in this section. Industry sources and publications, referred to in this section, generally state that the information contained therein has been obtained from sources generally believed to be reliable but their accuracy, completeness and underlying assumptions are not guaranteed and their reliability cannot be assured, and, accordingly, investment decisions should not be based on such information.

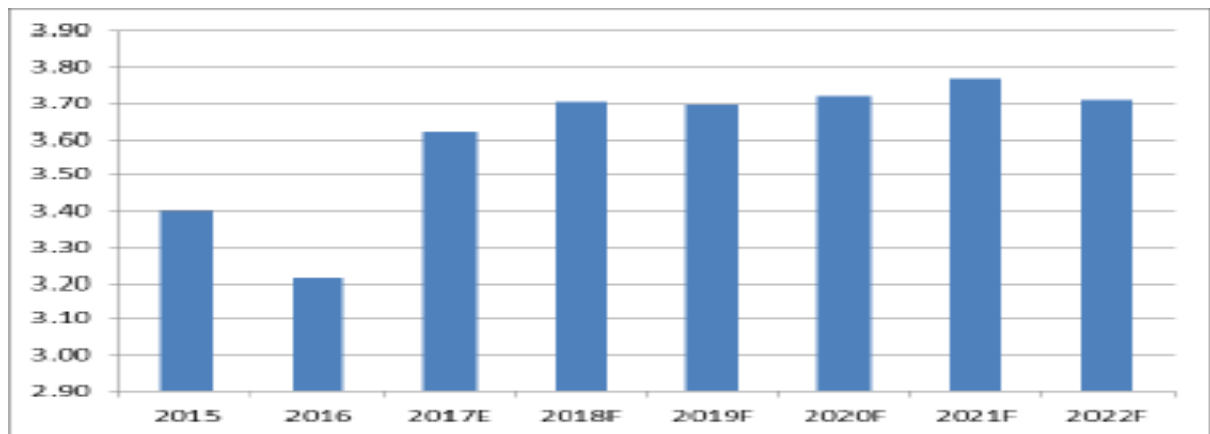
This is only the summary and does not contain all information that you shall consider before investing in Equity Shares. You should read the entire prospectus, including the information on “Risk Factors” and related notes beginning on page no 12 of this prospectus before deciding to invest in Equity Shares.

OVERVIEW OF THE GLOBAL AND INDIAN ECONOMY

GLOBAL OUTLOOK

Banking on the resurgence of global majors and the continuing policy stimulus-driven growth in China, India and similar economies, the outlook for global GDP growth for 2018 is 3.7%. While the U.S. is expected to see a modest growth pick-up due to stronger business and consumer confidence, both Europe and Japan are forecast to have stronger and sustained momentum with diminished political uncertainty and growing private consumption respectively.

Exhibit 1: GDP Real Growth, Global, 2014-2021 (%)



Source: IMF

Digitization, improvement in the labour force and stronger productivity can help sustain the growth momentum and provide a favourable environment for businesses to thrive. Companies, however, need to stay focused on strengthening their growth through an apt combination of technology, innovation and skills.

Advanced economies:

- The growth forecast in the United States has been revised down from 2.3 percent to 2.1 percent in 2017 and from 2.5 percent to 2.1 percent in 2018. While the markdown in the 2017 forecast reflects in part the weak growth outturn in the first quarter of the year, the major factor behind the growth revision, especially for 2018, is the assumption that fiscal policy will be less expansionary than previously assumed, given the uncertainty about the timing and nature of U.S. fiscal policy changes. Market expectations of fiscal stimulus have also receded.

- The growth forecast has also been revised down for the United Kingdom for 2017 on weaker-than-expected activity in the first quarter.
- By contrast, growth projections for 2017 have been revised up for many euro area countries, including France, Germany, Italy, and Spain, where growth for the first quarter of 2017 was generally above expectations. This, together with positive growth revisions for the last quarter of 2016 and high-frequency indicators for the second quarter of 2017, indicate stronger momentum in domestic demand than previously anticipated.
- The growth forecast for 2017 was also revised up for Canada, where buoyant domestic demand boosted first-quarter growth to 3.7 percent and indicators suggest resilient second-quarter activity, and marginally for Japan, where private consumption, investment, and exports supported first-quarter growth.

(Source-<https://www.imf.org/en/Publications/WEO/Issues/2017/07/07/world-economic-outlook-update-july-2017>)

Emerging and developing economies: -

Emerging and developing economies are projected to see a sustained pickup in activity, with growth rising from 4.3 percent in 2016 to 4.6 percent in 2017 and 4.8 percent in 2018. These forecasts reflect upward revisions, relative to April, of 0.2 percentage point for 2016, and 0.1 percentage point for 2017. As in the most recent WEO forecast vintages, growth is primarily driven by commodity importers, but its pickup reflects to an important extent gradually improving conditions in large commodity exporters that experienced recessions in 2015–16, in many cases caused or exacerbated by declining commodity prices.

- China's growth is expected to remain at 6.7 percent in 2017, the same level as in 2016, and to decline only modestly in 2018 to 6.4 percent. The forecast for 2017 was revised up by 0.1 percentage point, reflecting the stronger than expected outturn in the first quarter of the year underpinned by previous policy easing and supply-side reforms (including efforts to reduce excess capacity in the industrial sector). For 2018, the upward revision of 0.2 percentage point mainly reflects an expectation that the authorities will delay the needed fiscal adjustment (especially by maintaining high public investment) to meet their target of doubling 2010 real GDP by 2020. Delay comes at the cost of further large increases in debt, however, so downside risks around this baseline have also increased.
- Growth in India is forecast to pick up further in 2017 and 2018, in line with the April 2017 forecast. While activity slowed following the currency exchange initiative, growth for 2016—at 7.1 percent—was higher than anticipated due to strong government spending and data revisions that show stronger momentum in the first part of the year. With a pickup in global trade and strengthening domestic demand, growth in the ASEAN-5 economies is projected to remain robust at around 5 percent, with generally strong first quarter outturns leading to a slight upward revision for 2017 relative to the April WEO.
- In Emerging and Developing Europe, growth is projected to pick up in 2017, primarily driven by a higher growth forecast for Turkey, where exports recovered strongly in the last quarter of 2016 and the first quarter of 2017 following four quarters of moderate contraction, and external demand is projected to be stronger with improved prospects for euro area trading partners. The Russian economy is projected to recover gradually in 2017 and 2018, in line with the April forecast.
- After contracting in 2016, economic activity in Latin America is projected to recover gradually in 2017–18 as a few countries—including Argentina and Brazil—exit their recessions. In comparison to the April 2017 WEO, Brazil's growth forecast for 2017 is now higher in light of the strong first quarter, but ongoing weakness in domestic demand and an increase in political and policy uncertainty will be reflected in a more subdued pace of recovery, and hence in lower projected growth in 2018. Mexico's growth forecast for 2017 is revised up from 1.7 to 1.9 percent on the back of strong activity in the first quarter of the year, with an unchanged forecast for 2018. Revisions for the rest of the region are mostly to the downside, including a further deterioration of conditions in Venezuela.
- Growth in the Middle East, North Africa, Afghanistan, and Pakistan region is projected to slow considerably in 2017, reflecting primarily a slowdown in activity in oil exporters, before recovering in 2018. The 2017–18 forecasts is broadly unchanged relative to the April 2017 WEO, but the growth outcome in 2016 is estimated to have been considerably stronger in light of higher growth in Iran. The recent decline in oil prices, if sustained, could weigh further on the outlook for the region's oil exporters.
- In Sub-Saharan Africa, the outlook remains challenging. Growth is projected to rise in 2017 and 2018, but will barely return to positive territory in per capita terms this year for the region as a whole—and would remain negative for about a third of the countries in the region. The slight upward revision to 2017 growth relative to the April 2017 WEO forecast reflects a modest upgrading of growth prospects for South Africa, which is experiencing a bumper crop due to better rainfall and an increase in mining output

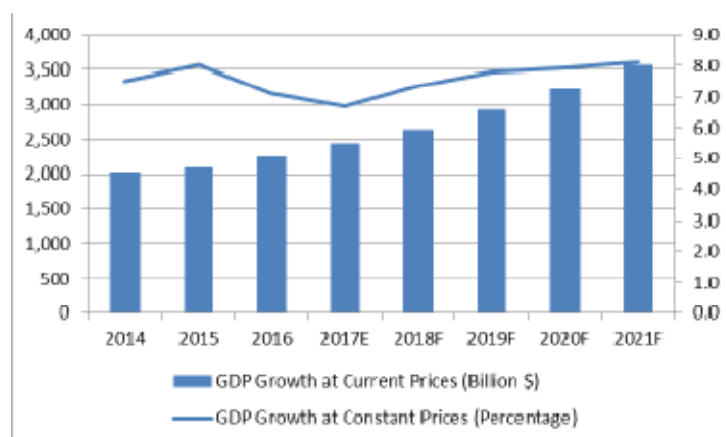
prompted by a moderate rebound in commodity prices. However, the outlook for South Africa remains difficult, with elevated political uncertainty and weak consumer and business confidence, and the country's growth forecast was consequently marked down for 2018

(Source-<https://www.imf.org/en/Publications/WEO/Issues/2017/07/07/world-economic-outlook-update-july-2017>)

Economic Outlook- India

Among all large economies, India is likely to demonstrate a rapid and sustainable growth, at a CAGR of 9.46% from 2016 to 2021, driven by strong manufacturing-led industrial expansion and consumption demands from the private sector. According to Frost & Sullivan's analysis based on data from 2017 IMF WEO Update, the country's GDP is well positioned to cross USD 3,000 billion (INR 200 trillion) by 2020; in the event of accelerated manufacturing and investment, this figure could even potentially balloon to USD 3,600 billion (INR 240 trillion).

Exhibit 2: GDP Growth, India, 2014-2021



Note: All the figures are on a fiscal year basis

Source: Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation, India

Policies:-

Policy choices will therefore be crucial in shaping the outlook and reducing risks:-

- Strengthening the momentum. With countries at present facing divergent cyclical conditions, differing stances of monetary and fiscal policy remain appropriate. In advanced economies where demand is still lacking and inflation too low, monetary and (where feasible) fiscal support should continue; elsewhere monetary policy should normalize gradually, in line with economic developments, and fiscal policy should focus on supporting reforms aimed at expanding the economy's supply potential. Countries in need of fiscal consolidation should do so with growth-friendly measures. Emerging market economies should continue to allow exchange rates to buffer shocks, wherever possible.
- Making growth resilient and balanced. Efforts to accelerate private sector balance sheet repair and ensure sustainability of public debt are critical foundations for a resilient recovery. So are efforts from surplus and deficit countries alike to reduce excess current account imbalances.
- Sustaining high and inclusive growth in the long term. This goal calls for well sequenced and tailored structural reforms to boost productivity and investment, measures to narrow gender labor force participation gaps, and active support for those hurt by shifts in technology or trade.
- Enhancing resilience in low-income countries. Among low-income developing countries, commodity exporters generally need sizable adjustment to correct macroeconomic imbalances, a challenge that would be exacerbated for fuel exporters by a persistent decline in oil prices. Policy priorities for diversified low income developing countries vary, given the diversity of country circumstances, but an overarching goal for these economies should be to enhance resilience against potential future shocks by strengthening fiscal positions and foreign reserves holdings while growth is strong.

- Working toward shared prosperity. A well-functioning multilateral framework for international economic relations is another key ingredient of strong, sustainable, balanced, and inclusive growth. Pursuit of zero-sum policies can only end by hurting all countries, as history shows. Because national policies inevitably interact and create spillovers across countries, the world economy works far better for all when policymakers engage in regular dialogue and work within agreed mechanisms to resolve disagreements. A rule-based and open world trading system is especially vital for global prosperity, but it must be supported by domestic policies to facilitate adjustment, not only to trade but to rapid technological change.
- Cooperating to ensure evenhandedness. At the same time, the international community should continue to adapt the multilateral system to the changing global economy. Active dialogue and cooperation will help to improve and modernize the rules, while addressing valid country concerns. This process will ensure continued mutual benefits and evenhandedness. Together with strong domestic policies, it will also help avoid a broad withdrawal from multilateralism, either through widespread protectionism or a competitive race to the bottom in financial and regulatory oversight, which would leave all countries worse off.

(Source-<https://www.imf.org/en/Publications/WEO/Issues/2017/07/07/world-economic-outlook-update-july-2017>)

INDIAN ECONOMY OVERVIEW

Economic growth of around 7½% makes India the fastest-growing G20 economy. The acceleration of structural reforms, the move towards a rule-based policy framework and low commodity prices have provided a strong growth impetus. Recent deregulation measures and efforts to improve the ease of doing business have boosted foreign investment. Investment is still held back by the relatively high corporate income tax rates, a slow land acquisition process, regulations which remain stringent in some areas, weak corporate balance sheets, high non-performing loans which weigh on banks' lending, and infrastructure bottlenecks. Quality job creation has been low, held back by complex labour laws.

A comprehensive tax reform would promote inclusive growth. Timely and effective implementation of the Goods and Services Tax would support competitiveness, investment and economic growth. Government's plans to reduce the corporate income tax rate and broaden the base will serve the same objectives. These two on-going reforms have been designed to be revenue-neutral while India needs to raise additional tax revenue to meet social and physical infrastructure needs. Property and personal income taxes, which are paid by very few people, could be reformed to raise more revenue, promote social justice and empower sub-national governments to better respond to local needs. Ensuring clarity and certainty in tax legislation and employing more skilled tax officers would strengthen the tax administration and make the system fairer and more effective.

Spatial disparities in living standards are large. India is reforming relations across levels of government to empower the states and make policies more responsive to local conditions. Some states have taken the lead in improving the ease of doing business and now enjoy higher productivity and income. Additional efforts to showcase reform efforts at the state level and identify best practices will support the reform process and help achieve better and balanced regional development. In rural areas, poverty rates are high and access to core public services is often poor. Farm productivity is low owing to small and fragmented land holdings, poor input management, and inefficient market conditions. In urban areas, agglomeration benefits are quickly reduced by congestion costs, in particular air pollution and long commuting times, all of which reduce well-being.

(Sources- Organisation for Economic Co-operation and development <http://www.oecd.org/eco/surveys/INDIA-2017-OECD-economic-survey-overview.pdf>)

Strong growth has raised incomes and reduced poverty but inequalities remain

Strong growth since the mid-1990s has raised GDP per capita by over 5% per year. The acceleration of structural reforms since 2014 and the move towards a rule-based policy framework have brought a new growth impetus and improved the outlook:

- The reaffirmation of fiscal rules and the implementation of inflation targeting have improved predictability of macroeconomic policy and policy outcomes.
- Licenses for oil, gas fields and coal mines have been auctioned under clear rules, thus ending the practice of discretionary allocation.

- In the context of the Make in India initiative, foreign direct investment (FDI) rules have been changed, reducing the share of FDI inflows requiring government approval.
- The simplification of administrative requirements, the scrapping of obsolete laws, the modernisation of bankruptcy laws, the removal of specific tax reliefs and greater reliance on e-government are improving the ease of doing business and reducing administrative delays, uncertainty and corruption.
- Discretionary and earmarked grants from the central government to the states have largely been replaced by a higher tax share, empowering the states to experiment and tailor policies to local needs. A ranking system for the states on the ease of doing business has been introduced.
- The implementation of a goods and services tax (GST), to replace a myriad of consumption taxes, could be a game-changer over the medium-run: it will help make India a common market and promote investment, productivity and competitiveness.

The pace of reform is quite remarkable given the complexity of the federal structure of government and the diversity in terms of culture, languages, geography and level of development across the country.

Growth has also become more inclusive as about 140 million people have been taken out of poverty in less than 10 years. India has relied on large welfare programmes including price-support for food, energy and fertilisers and has the world's largest programme guaranteeing the "right to work" in rural areas. The on-going reform of these schemes towards better targeting of those in need, reducing administrative costs and corruption, and supporting financial inclusion could serve as best practice for many emerging economies. However, many Indians still lack access to core public services, such as electricity and sanitation. Public spending on health care, at slightly more than 1% of GDP, is low (OECD, 2014). Although almost all children have access to primary education, the quality is uneven. Female labour force participation remains low (OECD, 2014). However, some other indicators of gender equality have improved, such as female life expectancy at birth (which is now greater than that of men) and participation in education. Deprivation is pronounced in rural areas and urban slums although some states have performed better to reduce poverty. A comprehensive tax reform should help to raise more revenue to finance much needed social and physical infrastructure, promote corporate investment, enable more effective redistribution and strengthen the ability of states and municipalities to better respond to local needs. The implementation of the landmark GST reform will contribute to make India a single market. By reducing tax cascading, it will boost India's competitiveness, investment and job creation. The GST reform is designed to be initially revenue-neutral. It should be complemented by a reform of income and property taxes

Overcoming remaining structural bottlenecks would help maintain rapid growth and make it more inclusive. One of the key challenges is to create more and better jobs for the 1 million people entering the labour force every month. Less than 10% of the workers are covered by social insurance and labour laws and job creation in the formal sector has been slow over the past decade. Demographics will favour labour force growth up to 2040, as the population is relatively young and the labour market participation of women is still low. Furthermore, existing and new labour resources should gradually shift from the low-productivity agricultural sector and small/unorganised activities to the more productive manufacturing and service sectors. Meeting the aspiration of the growing labour force and reducing inequality arising from the labour market would require modernising labour laws and investing in skills.

(Sources- Organisation for Economic Co-operation and development <http://www.oecd.org/eco/surveys/INDIA-2017-OECD-economic-survey-overview.pdf>)

India is growing fast, but private investment is weak

Economic growth has recovered since 2014 and India has become the fastest-growing G20 economy, with annual growth rates around 7.5%. Private consumption in urban areas has been buoyed by prospects of higher public wages and pensions while government investment and consumption remained strong. The return to a normal monsoon in 2016, after two consecutive years of bad weather, is supporting a recovery in agricultural income and rural consumption. The demonetisation has impacted consumption and other macroeconomic parameters, at least temporarily (Box 1). Despite sustained public investment, total investment declined in real terms in the first half of 2016 (Figure 3.C). Exports fell in the second half of 2014 and 2015 as external demand was weak and the real effective exchange rate appreciated. The hike in excise duties on precious metals, combined with the drop in demand from oil exporting countries, also hurt jewellery exports which account for 15% of total merchandise exports. However, exports bounced back early in 2016 and export orders are growing. Robust growth has been accompanied by a rapid decline in inflation and the current account deficit. As net commodity importer, India has benefitted significantly from the fall in commodity prices, which has lowered pressures on inflation, on the current

account deficit and on public spending via lower subsidies. Inflation pressures have been further contained by lower increases in minimum support prices vis-à-vis the past, the active management of food stocks to avoid spikes in food prices, still low capacity utilisation in the industrial sector, and the change in monetary policy framework aimed at anchoring inflation expectations. The decline in merchandise imports - reflecting weak (import intensive) business investment, lower demand for gold and large terms of trade gains - has contributed to keeping the current account deficit below 2% of GDP. Net foreign direct investment has rebounded and will likely more than fully finance the current account deficit in 2016.

The investment to GDP ratio has been on a downward trend for some years. Recently, low capacity utilisation and the weak financial position of some corporations have damped corporate investment. Several factors have added to these cyclical factors. First, the banking system has been weakened by poorly performing public banks, which suffer from high non-performing loans (see below). Banks also labour under the Statutory Liquidity Ratio, which requires them to hold the equivalent of 21.5% of their deposits in government securities. This reduces government funding costs, but distorts financial markets and limits lending to the private sector. Alternatives to bank funding, in particular a corporate bond market, are underdeveloped in India. Second, infrastructure bottlenecks (e.g. frequent power outages) coupled with the often long land acquisition process, have held back investment, in particular in the manufacturing sector (OECD, 2014). Third, taxation is an issue, with relatively high corporate income tax rates combined with frequent and lengthy tax disputes (Chapter 1). Fourth, the government has substantially deregulated foreign direct investment (FDI) in several sectors over the past two years. FDI inflows (foreign residents' net buying and selling in India) have increased from USD 31 billion in financial year (FY) 2013-14 to USD 45 billion in FY 2015-16 as revealed by the Reserve Bank of India. However, restrictions on FDI were relatively stringent in 2016 compared to other BRIICS and OECD countries.

Overall, chronically low investment, were it to continue, would eventually result in weaker productivity and growth. India's exposure to changes in global financial and trade conditions is relatively low. Household borrowing has increased, partly reflecting financial deepening, and has underpinned private consumption and the construction sector. Household debt is only 9% of GDP. The debt of non-financial corporations in relation to GDP is also relatively low but is highly concentrated in a few sectors (including infrastructure). Some corporations are highly leveraged (in particular in iron and steel, construction, and power sectors) and face difficulty in servicing debt. On the external side, the current account deficit has declined considerably, arising in part from a decline in oil prices and lower imports of capital goods and gold. India's external liabilities are lower than in many EMEs, although a large share is denominated in foreign currency, and foreign exchange reserves have been replenished after the attack on the rupee in 2013. Private investment will pick up to some extent as excess capacity diminishes, deleveraging by corporates and banks continues and infrastructure projects mature. Inflation is projected to continue to decline, as the effectiveness and credibility of monetary policy strengthen and better weather conditions reduce pressures from food inflation. The gradual recovery in (import-intensive) corporate investment and lower remittance flows will weigh on the current account deficit. Robust FDI inflows should however mitigate India's external vulnerability. The implementation of the Goods and Service Tax (GST, Box 2), from FY 2017-18 according to government plan, will support investment and competitiveness over the medium-term, raising GDP growth by 0.5 to 2 percentage points according to estimates (NCAER, 2009; Government of India, 2015c) even though it may have short-term adverse effects on inflation and consumption.

(Sources- Organisation for Economic Co-operation and development <http://www.oecd.org/eco/surveys/INDIA-2017-OECD-economic-survey-overview.pdf>)

India faces risks, some of which are hard to quantify. Further structural reform is a clear upside risk for growth. Some states (including Maharashtra, Madhya Pradesh and Rajasthan) have taken the lead in reforming land and labour market regulations but it is still unclear whether others will follow up. There are also downside risks. Although the government is hopeful, rolling out the GST by April 2017 is an ambitious objective. Any slippage would risk delaying the investment recovery. The increase in public wages entails a risk for inflation, although this risk is limited given the small share of employees in the public administration in total employment (less than 2%) and the fact that implementation at the state level can be expected to be spread over some time. Risks to the banking sector remain elevated due to continuous deterioration in asset quality, low profitability and liquidity (RBI, 2016d). Slower efforts to clean up banks' balance sheets and recapitalise public banks would raise uncertainties and have bearing on investment. Some risks are interconnected. If the Reserve Bank of India increases interest rates to address the inflation risk, the sustainability of corporate debt could be affected. India is not immune to external shocks and fragilities in the global economy. An increase in commodity prices could raise inflation, dampen private consumption and weigh on both the current account and fiscal deficit. India's largest export market is the United States (about 15% of merchandise exports) while China accounts for less than 4% of total merchandise exports. India's economic performance is more sensitive to weather conditions than many other

emerging economies since the agricultural sector still accounts for about 18% of GDP and almost 50% of total employment.

A successful monetary policy framework

A flexible inflation targeting policy was implemented in 2015, as recommended in the previous OECD Economic Survey (OECD, 2014). The 2015 Agreement on Monetary Policy Framework between the government and the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) defined the price stability objective explicitly in terms of the target for inflation – as measured by the consumer price index – in the near to medium term: below 6% by January 2016 and at 4% (+/- 2%) for the FY 2016-17 and all the subsequent years. The 2016 amended RBI Act specified that the government, in consultation with the RBI, will set the target level once every five years. Although the 4% inflation target is ambitious given the rather long history of high inflation, it is consistent with economic studies on the maximum rate of inflation non-detrimental to growth in India

(Sources- Organisation for Economic Co-operation and development <http://www.oecd.org/eco/surveys/INDIA-2017-OECD-economic-survey-overview.pdf>)

The framework has been strengthened by the creation, in 2016, of a Monetary Policy Committee vested with monetary policy decision-making, which increases the operational independence of the RBI. The Committee is made up of the RBI governor, two others from the central bank and three representatives from the government, appointed for 4 years. The RBI governor holds the deciding vote in case of a tie. The new framework and a more prudent policy stance have served India well so far. Confidence in the new monetary policy framework has contributed to curbing inflation expectations, to stabilising the rupee, and to attracting foreign capital. As inflation pressures have declined, the RBI has cut policy rates from 8% in December 2014 to 6.25% in October 2016. However, inflation has hovered above 5% and reaching the inflation target remains challenging going forward, especially if public sector wage rises spill over to other sectors or if commodity prices rebound. Bringing down inflation expectations further and establishing a solid nominal anchor to the Indian economy require monetary policy to continue erring on the prudent side until inflation clearly goes back close to the mid-range 4% target. This stance is also consistent with a Taylor rule. Overall, some monetary impulse is still to come as monetary policy transmission improves.

Improving monetary policy transmission

Since 2014 lending rates have adjusted only partially to the decline in policy rates. The impact of monetary policy on real activity is reduced by weaknesses in the transmission mechanism, including administrative measures such as the requirement for banks to hold government bonds (the Statutory Liquidity Ratio, SLR), credit quotas for priority sectors and caps on deposit rates. Several measures have recently been taken to improve monetary policy transmission including: the deregulation of interest rates offered on small saving schemes, incremental cuts in the SLR, the reduction in the daily cash reserve ratio that banks must keep with the central bank, and regulatory changes to force banks to rely more on the marginal cost of funding when calculating lending rates. Easing further regulatory requirements on banks to hold public bonds and lend to priority sectors would strengthen transmission and reduce distortions in the banking system. This would also support the development of the corporate bond market.

(Sources- Organisation for Economic Co-operation and development <http://www.oecd.org/eco/surveys/INDIA-2017-OECD-economic-survey-overview.pdf>)

Strengthening the fiscal framework

India's public debt is high compared with other emerging economies and interest payments account for a relatively large share of overall spending. Public debt is largely denominated in rupees, reducing external vulnerabilities. Fiscal consolidation has been pursued by central government since FY 2012-13 and its deficit declined from 4.9% in FY 2012-13 to 3.9% in FY 2015-16. The government took advantage of low oil prices to eliminate diesel subsidies, to better target other subsidies (in particular for cooking gas) and to raise excise duties on petrol, diesel and coal. The service tax rate was raised from 12 to 15% (including the new Clean India earmarked tax). Dividends paid by public enterprises also increased. However, the deficit for the states has risen, resulting in an increase in the combined deficit and debt to GDP ratio, although there are large variation in fiscal positions across states

The central government Budget for FY 2016-17 targets a further reduction in the central government deficit to 3.5% of GDP. The recent increase of 16% to 23% in public wages and public employees' pensions, as suggested by the Pay Commission (in India, the public wage structure is revised every 10 years), will increase central government spending for FY 2016-17 by an estimated 0.4% of GDP. Spending priority has also been given to the rural sector, recapitalising banks, and raising infrastructure spending on nuclear and renewable energy, roads, railways and ports. The financing of a large investment projects through public enterprises, i.e. off-budget, receipts from privatisation and the auction of telecom spectrum, as well as new efficiency gains stemming from the subsidy reform has helped contain the central government deficit. Still, the cost for a subset of commodities and services that the government subsidises is estimated at 4.2% of GDP (Government of India, 2015a) although a lower amount appears in the budget (1.8% of GDP for FY 2015-16).

(Sources- Organisation for Economic Co-operation and development <http://www.oecd.org/eco/surveys/INDIA-2017-OECD-economic-survey-overview.pdf>)

Debt sustainability analysis highlights possible outcomes and risks going forward. The current fiscal stance of a primary deficit of 2.5% of GDP will put the debt-to GDP ratio on a declining path, assuming growth remains high (7.5%) and interest rates on the public debt do not rise. Even if interest rates were to rise somewhat, the debt-GDP ratio would still decline. However, a significant fall in growth would require tighter fiscal policy to keep the debt-GDP ratio from rising steadily. Some tension may appear in that the Statutory Liquidity Ratio holds down public debt costs, but may also undermine growth by weakening the financial system. Public finance risks are underlined by India's debt ratings, which are at the lowest investment grade. Against this backdrop, debt should be brought down gradually (in relation to GDP), which may well require some fiscal tightening, as the central government plans to do as reflected in the budget for FY 2017/18

India faces risks, some of which are hard to quantify. Further structural reform is a clear upside risk for growth. Some states (including Maharashtra, Madhya Pradesh and Rajasthan) have taken the lead in reforming land and labour market regulations but it is still unclear whether others will follow up. There are also downside risks. Although the government is hopeful, rolling out the GST by April 2017 is an ambitious objective. Any slippage would risk delaying the investment recovery. The increase in public wages entails a risk for inflation, although this risk is limited given the small share of employees in the public administration in total employment (less than 2%) and the fact that implementation at the state level can be expected to be spread over some time. Risks to the banking sector remain elevated due to continuous deterioration in asset quality, low profitability and liquidity (RBI, 2016d). Slower efforts to clean up banks' balance sheets and recapitalise public banks would raise uncertainties and have bearing on investment. Some risks are interconnected. If the Reserve Bank of India increases interest rates to address the inflation risk, the sustainability of corporate debt could be affected. India is not immune to external shocks and fragilities in the global economy. An increase in commodity prices could raise inflation, dampen private consumption and weigh on both the current account and fiscal deficit. India's largest export market is the United States (about 15% of merchandise exports) while China accounts for less than 4% of total merchandise exports. India's economic performance is more sensitive to weather conditions than many other emerging economies since the agricultural sector still accounts for about 18% of GDP and almost 50% of total employment.

(Sources- Organisation for Economic Co-operation and development <http://www.oecd.org/eco/surveys/INDIA-2017-OECD-economic-survey-overview.pdf>)

ABOUT INDIAN ECONOMY GROWTH RATE & STATISTICS

Introduction

India has emerged as the fastest growing major economy in the world as per the Central Statistics Organisation (CSO) and International Monetary Fund (IMF) and it is expected to be one of the top three economic powers of the world over the next 10-15 years, backed by its strong democracy and partnerships. India's GDP is estimated to have increased 6.6 per cent in 2017-18 and is expected to grow 7.3 per cent in 2018-19.

Market size

India's gross domestic product (GDP) at constant prices grew by 7.2 per cent in September-December 2017 quarter as per the Central Statistics Organisation (CSO). Corporate earnings in India are expected to grow by 15-20 per cent in FY 2018-19 supported by recovery in capital expenditure, according to JM Financial.

The tax collection figures between April 2017- February 2018 show an increase in net direct taxes by 19.5 per cent year-on-year and an increase in net direct taxes by 22.2 per cent year-on-year.

India has retained its position as the third largest startup base in the world with over 4,750 technology startups, with about 1,400 new start-ups being founded in 2016, according to a report by NASSCOM.

India's labour force is expected to touch 160-170 million by 2020, based on rate of population growth, increased labour force participation, and higher education enrolment, among other factors, according to a study by ASSOCHAM and Thought Arbitrage Research Institute.

India's foreign exchange reserves were US\$ 422.53 billion in the week up to March 23, 2018, according to data from the RBI.

Recent Developments

With the improvement in the economic scenario, there have been various investments in various sectors of the economy. The M&A activity in India increased 53.3 per cent to US\$ 77.6 billion in 2017 while private equity (PE) deals reached US\$ 24.4 billion. Some of the important recent developments in Indian economy are as follows:

- India's merchandise exports and imports grew 11.02 per cent and 21.04 per cent on a y-o-y basis to US\$ 273.73 billion and US\$ 416.87 billion, respectively, during April-February 2017-18.
- India's Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) inflows reached US\$ 208.99 billion during April 2014 - December 2017, with maximum contribution from services, computer software and hardware, telecommunications, construction, trading and automobiles.
- India's Index of Industrial Production (IIP) rose 7.5 per cent year-on-year in January 2018 while retail inflation reached a four month low of 4.4 per cent in February 2018.
- Employment on net basis in eight key sectors in India including manufacturing, IT and transport increased by 136,000 in July-September quarter of 2017-18.
- The average salary hike of Indian employees is estimated to be 9.4 per cent and that of key talents is estimated to be nearly 15.4 per cent in 2018, backed by increased focus on performance by companies, according to Aon Hewitt.
- Indian merchandise exports in dollar terms registered a growth of 4.48 per cent year-on-year in February 2018 at US\$ 25.83 billion, according to the data from Ministry of Commerce & Industry.
- Indian companies raised Rs 1.6 trillion (US\$ 24.96 billion) through primary market in 2017.
- Moody's upgraded India's sovereign rating after 14 years to Baa2 with a stable economic outlook.
- The top 100 companies in India are leading in the world in terms of disclosing their spending on corporate social responsibility (CSR), according to a 49-country study by global consultancy giant, KPMG.
- The bank recapitalisation plan by Government of India is expected to push credit growth in the country to 15 per cent, according to a report by Ambit Capital.
- India has improved its ranking in the World Bank's Doing Business Report by 30 spots over its 2017 ranking and is ranked 100 among 190 countries in 2018 edition of the report.
- India's ranking in the world has improved to 126 in terms of its per capita GDP, based on purchasing power parity (PPP) as it increased to US\$ 7,170 in 2017, as per data from the International Monetary Fund (IMF).
- India is expected to have 100,000 startups by 2025, which will create employment for 3.25 million people and US\$ 500 billion in value, as per Mr T V Mohan Das Pai, Chairman, Manipal Global Education.
- The World Bank has stated that private investments in India is expected to grow by 8.8 per cent in FY 2018-19 to overtake private consumption growth of 7.4 per cent, and thereby drive the growth in India's gross domestic product (GDP) in FY 2018-19.
- The Niti Aayog has predicted that rapid adoption of green mobility solutions like public transport, electric vehicles and car-pooling could likely help India save around Rs 3.9 trillion (US\$ 60 billion) in 2030.
- Indian impact investments may grow 25 per cent annually to US\$ 40 billion from US\$ 4 billion by 2025, as per Mr Anil Sinha, Global Impact Investing Network's (GIIN's) advisor for South Asia.
- The Union Cabinet, Government of India, has approved the Central Goods and Services Tax (CGST), Integrated GST (IGST), Union Territory GST (UTGST), and Compensation Bill.

- The Nikkei India manufacturing Purchasing Managers' Index increased at the fastest pace in December 2017 to reach 54.7, signaling a recovery in the economy.

Government Initiatives

The Union Budget for 2018-19 was announced by Mr Arun Jaitley, Union Minister for Finance, Government of India, in Parliament on February 1, 2018. This year's budget will focus on uplifting the rural economy and strengthening of the agriculture sector, healthcare for the economically less privileged, infrastructure creation and improvement in the quality of education of the country. As per the budget, the government is committed towards doubling the farmers' income by 2022. A total of Rs 14.34 lakh crore (US\$ 225.43 billion) will be spent for creation of livelihood and infrastructure in rural areas. Budgetary allocation for infrastructure is set at Rs 5.97 lakh crore (US\$ 93.85 billion) for 2018-19. All-time high allocations have been made to the rail and road sectors. India's unemployment rate is expected to be 3.5 per cent in 2018, according to the International Labour Organisation (ILO).

Numerous foreign companies are setting up their facilities in India on account of various government initiatives like Make in India and Digital India. Mr. Narendra Modi, Prime Minister of India, has launched the Make in India initiative with an aim to boost the manufacturing sector of Indian economy, to increase the purchasing power of an average Indian consumer, which would further boost demand, and hence spur development, in addition to benefiting investors. The Government of India, under the Make in India initiative, is trying to give boost to the contribution made by the manufacturing sector and aims to take it up to 25 per cent of the GDP from the current 17 per cent. Besides, the Government has also come up with Digital India initiative, which focuses on three core components: creation of digital infrastructure, delivering services digitally and to increase the digital literacy. Some of the recent initiatives and developments undertaken by the government are listed below:

- The Union Cabinet gave its approval to the North-East Industrial Development Scheme (NEIDS) 2017 in March 2018 with an outlay of Rs 3,000 crores (US\$ 460 million) up to March 2020.
- In March 2018, construction of 321,567 additional houses across 523 cities under the Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (Urban) has been approved by the Ministry of Housing and Urban Poverty Alleviation, Government of India with an allocation of Rs 18,203 crore.
- The Ministry of Power, Government of India has partnered with the Ministry of Skill Development & Entrepreneurship to provide training to the manpower in six states in an effort to speed up the implementation of SAUBHAGYA (Pradhan Mantri Sahaj Bijli Har Ghar Yojna).
- Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme (PMEGP) will be continued with an outlay of Rs 5,500 crore (US\$ 844.81 million) for three years from 2017-18 to 2019-20, according to the Cabinet Committee on Economic Affairs (CCEA).
- In February 2018, The Union Cabinet Committee has approved setting up of National Urban Housing Fund (NUHF) for Rs 60,000 crore (US\$ 9.3 billion) which will help in raising requisite funds in the next four years.
- The target of an Open Defecation Free (ODF) India will be achieved by October 2, 2019 as adequate funding is available to the Swachh Bharat Mission (Gramin), according to Ms Uma Bharti, Minister of Drinking Water and Sanitation, Government of India.
- The Government of India has succeeded in providing road connectivity to 85 per cent of the 178,184 eligible rural habitations in the country under its Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (PMGSY) since its launch in 2014.
- A total of 15,183 villages have been electrified in India between April 2015-November 2017 and complete electrification of all villages is expected by May 2018, according to Mr Raj Kumar Singh, Minister of State (IC) for Power and New & Renewable Energy, Government of India.
- The Government of India has decided to invest Rs 2.11 trillion (US\$ 32.9 billion) to recapitalise public sector banks over the next two years and Rs 7 trillion (US\$ 109.31 billion) for construction of new roads and highways over the next five years.

- The mid-term review of India's Foreign Trade Policy (FTP) 2015-20 has been released by Ministry of Commerce & Industry, Government of India, under which annual incentives for labour intensive MSME sectors have been increased by 2 per cent.
- The India-Japan Act East Forum, under which India and Japan will work on development projects in the North-East Region of India will be a milestone for bilateral relations between the two countries, according to Mr Kenji Hiramatsu, Ambassador of Japan to India.
- The Government of India will spend around Rs 1 lakh crore (US\$ 15.62 billion) during FY 18-20 to build roads in the country under Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (PMGSY).
- The Government of India plans to facilitate partnerships between gram panchayats, private companies and other social organisations, to push for rural development under its 'Mission Antyodaya' and has already selected 50,000 panchayats across the country for the same.
- The Government of India and the Government of Portugal have signed 11 bilateral agreements in areas of outer space, double taxation, and nano technology, among others, which will help in strengthening the economic ties between the two countries.
- India's revenue receipts are estimated to touch Rs 28-30 trillion (US\$ 436- 467 billion) by 2019, owing to Government of India's measures to strengthen infrastructure and reforms like demonetisation and Goods and Services Tax (GST).

Road Ahead

India's gross domestic product (GDP) is expected to reach US\$ 6 trillion by FY27 and achieve upper-middle income status on the back of digitisation, globalisation, favourable demographics, and reforms.

India is also focusing on renewable sources to generate energy. It is planning to achieve 40 per cent of its energy from non-fossil sources by 2030 which is currently 30 per cent and also have plans to increase its renewable energy capacity from 57 GW to 175 GW by 2022.

India is expected to be the third largest consumer economy as its consumption may triple to US\$ 4 trillion by 2025, owing to shift in consumer behaviour and expenditure pattern, according to a Boston Consulting Group (BCG) report; and is estimated to surpass USA to become the second largest economy in terms of purchasing power parity (PPP) by the year 2040, according to a report by PricewaterhouseCoopers.

Exchange Rate Used: INR 1 = US\$ 0.0153 as on March 29, 2018

<https://www.ibef.org/economy/indian-economy-overview>

OVERVIEW AGRICULTURE INDUSTRY:

Agriculture is the primary source of livelihood for about 58 per cent of India's population. Gross Value Added by agriculture, forestry and fishing is estimated at Rs 17.67 trillion (US\$ 274.23 billion) in FY18**. Agriculture and allied sector's GVA at constant 2011-12 prices grew a CAGR of 2.75 per cent between FY12-18. As per Union Budget 2018-19, allocation of Rs 57,600 crore (US\$ 8.9 billion) was made for The Agriculture Ministry.

India is among the 15 leading exporters of agricultural products in the world. Total agricultural exports from India grew at a CAGR of 16.45 per cent over FY10-18 to reach US\$ 38.21 billion in FY18. In April 2018 agriculture exports were US\$ 3.15 billion. As per the agriculture export policy, the Government of India is aiming to achieve US\$ 60 billion in exports by 2022. India benefits from a large agriculture sector, abundant livestock and cost competitiveness. High proportion of agricultural land (157 million hectares). Diverse agro-climatic conditions encourage cultivation of different crops. Schemes like Paramparagat Krishi Vikas Yojana helps in developing organic clusters and make available chemical free inputs to farmers. Setting up of National Mission on Food Processing. Investment opportunities to arise in agriculture, food infrastructure and contract farming. Contract farming has been operational in India for a long time now; however, the experience of the private sector players involved therein has been a mixed bag of successes and failures. Largely, it has helped both the processing companies, via increasing sales and therefore augmenting their incomes, as well as providing access to better technology and fetching better prices by securing an assured market for Indian farmers. In 2017, agriculture sector in India witnessed 18 M&A deals worth US\$ 251 million.

100 per cent Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) is allowed under automatic route in storage and ware housing including cold storages and in development of seeds. With the recent clearance of Foreign Direct Investment (FDI)

in multi-brand food retail, the government is looking to double food processing levels to 20 per cent. Cumulative FDI inflow to the food processing industries reached US\$ 8.37 billion between April 2000 and December 2017.

In February 2017, as an effort to protect the farmers against price volatility, Niti Aayog has come up with a law on contract farming, to protect the farmer's interest. The law on contract farming is considered important for private players, as it would induce competition, while ensuring better price of horticulture produce to farmers through advance agreement.

Import duty scrapped on capital goods and raw materials for 100 per cent export-oriented units. Full excise duty exemption for goods that are used in installation of cold storage facilities. Services like pre conditioning, ripening, waxing, retail packing, precooling, labelling of fruits and vegetables have been exempted from service tax.

Agriculture storage capacity in India increased at 4 per cent CAGR between 2014-17 to reach 131.8 million metric tonnes. Cold storage capacity needs to grow rapidly from the current level of 24 million tonnes. Private warehouse operators are supported by multiple income streams, subsidy and available of credit. It is expected that 4 per cent growth in the food grain storage capacity would restructure agricultural sector over the next few years. Both firms and the government are eager to boost efficiency and access to markets. Investment potential of US\$ 22 billion in food processing infrastructure; 100 per cent FDI in this area. Firms increasingly taking recourse to contract farming in order to secure supply. Supply chain infrastructure – this niche has investment potential in food processing infrastructure, the government's main focus is on supply chain related infrastructure like cold storage, abattoirs and food parks.

Source: www.ibef.org

CONTRACT FARMING:

Contract farming is the process of agricultural production carried out according to an agreement between unequal parties, companies, government bodies or individual entrepreneurs on one side and economically weaker farmers on the other which establishes conditions for the production and marketing of farm products.

In this process, the farmer agrees to provide established quantities of a specific agricultural product, meeting the quality standards and delivery schedule set by the purchaser. In turn, the buyer commits to purchase the product, often at a pre-determined price. In some cases, the buyer also commits to support production through supplying farm inputs, land preparation, providing technical advice and arranging transport of produce to the buyer's premises.

Today, contract farming is emerging as a preferred mechanism through which agri-businesses can directly engage with farmers. An expanding urban middle class and increasing commercial investment in agricultural retailing and processing are creating demand for more standardized, higher-quality agricultural produce. But underdeveloped supply chains and small farm sizes make sourcing such produce difficult.

PepsiCo was one of the earliest promoters of the contract-farming model in India. In 1997, it set up a tomato processing plant in Punjab, not a traditional tomato growing area, and started tying up with local farmers to grow tomato varieties needed for ketchup.

Although PepsiCo has since exited tomato processing, it still works with 12,000 farmers, primarily to procure potatoes for potato chips.

Models of contract farming:

- ✓ **Centralized Model (Out-grower Schemes):** Under this, contracting company provides necessary support to the farmers for production of required crops; purchases the crop from the farmers, and then processes, packages and markets the product by tightly controlling its quality. This type of farming is quite famous in developing countries for high value crops such as tobacco, cotton, paprika, sugar cane, banana, coffee, tea, cocoa or rubber etc. It may involve tens of thousands of farmers and level of participation of the contracting company in production may vary.
- ✓ **Nucleus Estate Model:** Under this, company own and manages an estate plantation to ensure the limited guarantee of required output. This type of contract farming is highly used for tree crops such as palm oil etc. and also sometimes used in case of export of fresh vegetables.

- ✓ **Multipartite Model:** It is a common joint venture approach in between statutory bodies or state agencies and private companies; those are jointly participating with farmers. Multipartite arrangements may include different specialized organizations for purpose of credit provision, production, management, processing, distribution or marketing etc. In Mexico, Kenya, and West Africa, among other countries, governments have actively invested in contract farming through joint ventures with the private sector.
- ✓ **Informal model:** It usually includes small entrepreneurs or companies who enter into informal contracts with farmers on a seasonal basis which mainly includes crops like fresh vegetables, watermelons or tropical fruits etc. Material inputs are mainly limited to fertilizers and seeds. A common example of the informal model is where the sponsor, after purchasing the crop, simply grades and packages it for resale to the retail trade such as supermarkets, etc.
- ✓ **Intermediary Model:** Under this model, companies make formal sub-contracts with intermediaries (like agents, farmer groups or NGOs) for production of crops. The intermediaries generally enter into informal contracts with farmers to meet the obligations under formal contract with companies. This is a common practice in South-East Asia region.

OVERVIEW CONSULTANCY SECTOR:

Consultancy is a process which involves consultants, whether self-employed or employed, individually or collectively using their knowledge, experience and analytical and/or problem-solving skills to add value to organisations for improvement in their existing operational, financial or marketing efficiency and/or for their expansion plans. Consultancy industry cover a very broad gamut of services which range from being financial, technical to management consultancy and thus can be categorized on basis of various factors such as services provided, sectors catered to, management approaches etc.

Management consultancy includes providing advice and assistance relating to strategy, structure, management and operations of an organisation in pursuit of its long-term purposes and objectives. Such assistance may include the identification of options with recommendations; the provision of an additional resource and/or the implementation of solutions. Consultancy projects have varied completion periods and can last a few hours, months or even several years depending on the nature of the advice and the demands of the client. They can involve the consultant in just providing advice or they can involve the consultant in completing the implementation. Indian consultancy story marked its existence more than two decades ago. Economic reforms, increased global integration leading to rapid growth of the companies which resulted in higher complexity and stiff competition from multinational players. This fuelled the need for specialised consultancy firms to provide services to cater to the complex business needs in the form of corporate advisory, human resource management, feasibility studies, IT advisory, organizational restructuring etc. Major strengths of Indian consultancy organizations include professional competence, low cost structure, diverse capabilities, high adaptability and quick learning capability. Their weaknesses include low quality assurance, little presence overseas and lack of global market intelligence. Capabilities of Indian consultants are strong in several areas which include civil engineering and construction, telecommunication, power, metallurgy, chemical, petrochemicals and IT.

SUMMARY OF OUR BUSINESS

In this section, unless the context otherwise requires, a reference to "we", "us" "SKIFL" and "our" refers to Shree Krishna Infrastructure Limited. Unless otherwise stated or the context otherwise requires, the financial information used in this section is derived from our restated financial information. This section should be read together with "Risk Factors" beginning on page no 12 and "Industry Overview" beginning on page no 80 of the prospectus.

BUSINESS OVERVIEW

Our Company was originally incorporated as Shree Krishna Tour and Travels Private Limited on July 03, 1990 under the provisions of Companies Act, 1956 with Registrar of Companies, Gujarat bearing Registration No. 13979 having its registered office in Gujarat. Our Company's Corporate Identity Number is U45201GJ1990PLC013979. We were working as Transport agent and Tours & Travelling agent.

Subsequently, the name of the Company was changed to Shree Krishna Infrastructure Private Limited by passing necessary resolution on November 13, 1995 and the company started the business activity of marketing, development and maintenance of Housing Society and organic farms, leasing of agriculture land for cultivation of crops etc.

Subsequently the status of our Company became public limited company and the name of our Company was changed to Shree Krishna Infrastructure Limited pursuant to shareholders resolution passed in the Extra-ordinary General Meeting held on March 22, 1996.

Currently we have also started the following business activities:

1. Trading of perfumed incense sticks

Our company has recently started trading of perfumed incense sticks. In the month of August 2018, our company has exported one container of incense sticks to TOGO, a country in West Africa and expecting more order to be executed in future.

2. Contract Farming

Shree Krishna Infrastructure Limited has planned to do contract farming at Nikoli, Taluka- Nandod, District- Narmada, Rajpipla-393145 Gujarat on a total land area of around 7.40 acres and intends to cultivate Tulsi and Nepali Satavari for Amritanjali Ayurved (OPC) Private Limited. To execute the same the company has already signed business agreement dated May 30, 2017 with 3 land owners who will provide their land on long term basis (10 Years) for the said purpose. The land owner will actively participate in cultivation, harvesting, fertilization, and production etc of said products. The plantation work is already completed.

Further, SKIFL has also executed an agreement with M/s Amritanjali Ayurved (OPC) Private Limited on August 18, 2017, who is interested into purchase of our finished goods i.e. Dry Tulsi leaves, pancang of tulsi plant and Nepali Satavari.

3. Project- Agency (Sale, Marketing,) of Navigation Equipment and Maritime consultancy for aids to navigation in the state of Gujarat

M/s. Marine Navaid And Solar Auto Private Limited (MNSAPL) has appointed Shree Krishna Infrastructure Limited as their sole "Agent" in the state of Gujarat vide their agreement dated May 10, 2018 for the purposes of sales and marketing of MNSAPL's products & services which are into manufacturing of Aids to Navigation Equipment and Maritime consultancy for aids to navigation. The said agreement shall remain valid for a period of 3 (Three) years.

Navigation aid equipments are basically any sort of marker which aids the traveler in navigation, usually nautical or aviation travel. Common types of such aids include lighthouses, buoys, fog signals, and day beacons. It's a device external to a lighthouse, vessel or aircraft specifically intended to assist navigators in determining their position or safe course, or to warn them of dangers or obstructions to navigation.

The company accepted the appointment to develop sales of products & services in the state of Gujarat and shall adhere to, cooperate and comply with the MNSAPL's sales policies and programs prepared by the written agreement between the parties.

As per the said agreement, the role & responsibility of the SKIFL would be as under:

- SKIFL agrees to use its best effort for promoting the product & services of the MNSAPL
- SKIFL will promptly advise MNSAPL of all enquiries, tenders and clarification announced by potential clients or any other entity in connection with the product & services in the state of Gujarat.
- SKIFL shall undertake to co-ordinate and liaison with all potential clients within the state of Gujarat related to the products & services including promoting, approving, facilitating and accomplishing the business of the MNSAPL.

4. Distribution Project of E-Vehicles

M/s. Marine Navaid And Solar Auto Private Limited (MNSAPL) is carrying on business of manufacturing of solar operated Auto Vehicles and has agreed to designate Shree Krishna Infrastructure Limited as their "Exclusive Distributor" for the state of Gujarat vide their agreement dated March 31, 2018. The said agreement shall remain valid for 10 (Ten) years and further extendable with mutual consent of both the parties.

The Distributor shall procure the orders based on the MNSAPL's offers and act as the Distributor for supplying the said Products sourced from the MNSAPL as per the terms and conditions mentioned in the agreement. The Distributor can appoint sub-Dealers to market the products in the state.

Duties & Responsibilities of the Distributor:

- a) Generate and facilitate sales, share customer feedback with the **Principal**.
- b) Prepare the bidding documentation and bid in respect of the said Products on commercial terms.
- c) Delivering the goods to the customer
- d) Liaison with the customer
- e) Promoting the **Principal** and its products and services and good will with the customer.
- f) Distributor shall set the selling price comprising of Principal's price plus distribution and other cost plus reasonable profit margin for the distributor to suit the market price. Distributor shall be solely responsible for the costs involved in the distribution of the principal's products including his sales and distribution costs.

5. Marketing arrangement for Terra Technologies and services

The company has entered into an agreement dated December 18, 2017 with USA based Terra Energy & Resources Technologies, Inc. as marketing representative for India, for marketing of valuable and proprietary natural resource exploration technologies ("the Terra Technologies") and offers exploration services ("Terra Services") using the Terra Technologies in subsurface exploration and identification of oil, gas, water, minerals, gems and other valuable elements otherwise referred to as resources in India.

SKIFL will act as market partner in India for Terra and introduce prospective candidates to the Terra Technologies and Terra Services. The prospective clients would be all exploration companies and relevant governmental agencies in India.

SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The following tables set forth the Restated Financial Statements as at and for the period ended June 30, 2018, March 31, 2018, 2017, 2016, 2015 and 2014 and are presented under section titled "Financial Information of the Company" beginning on page no 127 of this prospectus. The summary financial statements presented below should be read in conjunction with the Restated Financial Statements, the notes and annexures thereto and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" beginning on page no 148 of this prospectus.

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, AS RESTATED

PARTICULARS	For the year ended					
	30/06/2018	31/03/2018	31/03/2017	31/03/2016	31/03/2015	31/03/2014
I. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES						
(1) Shareholders' funds						
(a) Share Capital	30,000,000	30,000,000	19,741,270	17,421,000	17,421,000	17,421,000
(b) Reserves and Surplus	8,496,567	8,371,994	6,479,688	5,171,265	4,917,878	4,588,271
(2) Non Current Liabilities						
(a) Long Term Borrowings	2,027,500	-	-	-	-	-
(b) Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	5,025	5,937	8,575	2,271	-	-
(3) Current Liabilities						
(a) Short Term Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-
(b) Trades Payable	-	-	-	1,242,258	142,000	-
(c) Other Current Liabilities	707,967	688,567	5,900	688,661	239,618	11,236
(d) Short Term Provisions	169,344	125,230	52,167	111,038	147,393	33,094
Total	41,406,404	39,191,728	26,287,601	24,636,494	22,867,889	22,053,601
II. ASSETS						
(1) Non Current Assets						
(a) Fixed Assets						
(i) Tangible Assets	987,579	991,804	74,200	91,100	-	-
(ii) Intangible Assets	12,600	14,400	21,600	28,800	-	-
(iii) Capital Work in Progress		-	-	-	-	-
(b) Non Current Investments	6,010,900	6,010,900	-	1,800,000	-	-
(c) Long Term Loans and Advances	25,855,727	25,048,921	22,643,537	19,622,923	22,634,509	20,466,767
(2) Current Assets						
(a) Inventories	-	-	-	-	-	-
(b) Trade Receivables	6,728,420	5,704,770	2,611,730	2,701,720	-	883,610
(c) Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,580,831	1,295,586	698,084	171,688	115,175	657,009
(d) Balances with Bank other than (c)	-	-	-	-	-	-
(e) Short Term Loans and Advances	85,347	85,347	238,450	220,263	118,205	46,215
(f) Other Current Assets	145,000	40,000	-	-	-	-
Total	41,406,404	39,191,728	26,287,601	24,636,494	22,867,889	22,053,601

STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS, AS RESTATED

PARTICULARS	For the year ended					
	30/06/2018	31/03/2018	31/03/2017	31/03/2016	31/03/2015	31/03/2014
(1) Revenue						
(a) Revenue from Operations	3,336,426	7,583,825	6,145,387	5,806,341	2,149,592	1,243,631
(b) Other Income	-	66,928	3,893	4,950	-	-
Total Revenue	3,336,426	7,650,753	6,149,280	5,811,291	2,149,592	1,243,631
(2) Expenses						
(a) Purchases, Construction & Operation	-	-	-	-	-	-
(b) Changes in Inventories	-	-	-	-	-	-
(c) Employees Benefit Expenses	2,299,123	4,085,601	1,323,758	1,308,000	1,119,450	554,270
(d) Finance Cost	-	-	-	-	-	-
(e) Depreciation & Amortisation	6,025	24,100	24,100	24,100	-	-
(f) Other Expenses	863,502	3,064,964	4,589,975	4,112,494	553,142	582,262
Total Expenses	3,168,650	7,174,665	5,937,833	5,444,594	1,672,592	1,136,532
Profit/(Loss) before tax	167,776	476,088	211,447	366,697	477,000	107,099
Tax expense						
(a) Current Tax	44,114	125,230	56,855	111,038	147,393	33,094
(b) Deferred Tax	-912	-2,638	6,304	2,271	-	-
(c) MAT Credit						
Profit/(Loss) for the period/ year	124,574	353,495	148,288	253,388	329,607	74,005
EPS (Face Value of Rs. 10/-)						
(a) Basic	0.04	0.13	0.08	0.15	0.19	0.13
(b) Diluted	0.04	0.13	0.08	0.15	0.19	0.13

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW, AS RESTATED

PARTICULARS	For the Year Ended					
	30/06/2018	31/03/2018	31/03/2017	31/03/2016	31/03/2015	31/03/2014
A. Cash flow from operating activities :						
Profit/ (Loss) before tax	1,67,776	476,088	211,447	366,697	477,000	107,099
Adjustments for :						
Depreciation	6,025	24,100	24,100	24,100	-	-
Interest received	-	66,928	3,893	4,950	-	-
Operating Profit before working capital changes	1,73,801	433,260	231,654	385,847	477,000	107,099
Adjustments for :-						
Short Term Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	(3,779,550)
Trades Payable	-	-	(1,242,258)	1,100,258	142,000	-
Other Current Liabilities	19,400	682,667	(682,761)	449,043	228,382	5,618
Short Term Provisions	-	(52,167)	-	(147,393)	(33,094)	-
Inventories	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade Receivables	(10,23,650)	(3,093,040)	89,990	(2,701,720)	883,610	(753,610)
Short Term Loans and Advances	-	-	(25,000)	-	-	-
Other Current Assets	(1,05,000)	(40,000)	-	-	-	-
Operating Profit after working capital changes	(9,35,449)	(2,069,281)	(1,628,375)	(913,965)	1,697,898	(4,420,443)
Net Income Tax (paid) / refunds	-	(153,103)	108,913	102,058	71,990	41,254
Net cash from operating activities (A)	(9,35,449)	(1,916,178)	(1,737,288)	(1,016,023)	1,625,908	(4,461,697)
B. Cash flow from investing activities :						
Purchase & Sale of Fixed Assets	-	(934,504)	-	(144,000)	-	-
Purchase & Sale of Investment	-	(6,010,900)	1,800,000	(1,800,000)	-	-
Receipt & Repayment of Loans & Advances	(8,06,806)	(2,405,384)	(3,020,614)	3,011,586	(2,167,742)	(11,023,767)
Interest Income	-	66,928	3,893	4,950	-	-
Net Cash (used in) / from investing activities (B)	(8,06,806)	(9,283,860)	(1,216,721)	1,072,536	(2,167,742)	(11,023,767)
C. Cash flow from financing activities :						
Increase in Share Capital	-	10,258,730	2,320,270	-	-	11,614,000
Share Premium	-	1,538,810	1,160,135	-	-	4,436,000
Loan taken	20,27,500	-	-	-	-	-
Net Cash used in financing activities (C)	20,27,500	11,797,540	3,480,405	-	-	16,050,000
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	2,85,245	597,502	526,396	56,513	(541,834)	564,536
Cash and cash equivalents (Opening Balance)	12,95,586	698,084	171,688	115,175	657,009	92,472
Cash and cash equivalents (Closing Balance)	15,80,831	1,295,587	698,084	171,688	115,175	657,008
Components of Cash & Cash Equivalent						
a) Cash in Hand	4,28,448	523,504	73,548	164,366	81,565	633,887
b) Balance with Banks						
In Current Account	11,52,382	772,082	624,536	7,322	33,610	23,122
Cash and cash equivalents (Closing Balance)	15,80,830	1,295,586	698,084	171,688	115,175	657,009

THE OFFER

The following table summarizes the Offer details:

Particulars	Details of Equity Shares
Public Offer of Equity Shares	Upto 9,00,000 equity shares of face value of Rs.10/- each fully paid of the Company for cash at price of Rs.13/- per equity share aggregating Rs. 117.00 Lakhs.
Of which:	
Offer for Sale	9,00,000 equity shares of face value of Rs.10/- each fully paid of the Company for cash at price of Rs.13/-per Equity share aggregating Rs. 117.00 Lakhs
The offer consists of:	
Market Maker Reservation Portion	50,000 equity shares of face value of Rs.10/- each fully paid of the Company for cash at price of Rs.13/- per equity share aggregating Rs. 6.50Lakhs
Net Offer to the Public*	8,50,000 equity shares of face value of Rs.10/- each fully paid of the Company for cash at price of Rs.13/- per equity share aggregating to Rs. 110.50 Lakhs
	Of which:
	4,30,000 equity shares of face value of Rs. 10/- each fully paid of the Company for cash at price of Rs. 13/- per equity share aggregating to Rs. 55.90 Lakhs will be available for allocation for allotment to Retail Individual Investors of up to Rs. 2Lakhs
	4,20,000 equity shares of face value of Rs. 10/- each fully paid of the Company for cash at price of Rs. 13/- per equity share aggregating to Rs. 54.60 Lakhs will be available for allocation for allotment to other Investors of above Rs. 2Lakhs
Pre and Post Offer Equity Shares	
Equity Shares outstanding prior to the Offer	30,00,000 Equity Shares
Equity Shares outstanding after the Offer	30,00,000 Equity Shares
Use of Proceeds (Objects of the Offer)	For further details please refer chapter titled " Objectsof theOffer " beginning on page no 74 of this prospectus for information on use of Offer Proceeds

Notes:

- The Offer for sale has been authorized by the Board of Directors vide a resolution passed at its meeting held on June 21, 2018 and by the shareholders of our Company vide a special resolution passed pursuant to section 28 of the Companies Act, 2013 at the Extra-Ordinary General Meeting held on July 14,2018.*
- This Offer is being made in terms of Chapter XB of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2009, as amended from time to time.*
**As per Regulation 43(4) of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, as amended, as present Offer is a fixed price issue, the allocation in the net Offer to the public category shall be made as follows:*
 - Minimum fifty percent to retail individual investors; and*

*b) Remaining to**i. Individual applicants other than retail individual investors; and**ii. Other investors including corporate bodies or institutions, irrespective of the number of specified securities applied for;**c) The unsubscribed portion in either of the categories specified in (a) or (b) above may be allocated to the applicants in the other category.**If the retail individual investor category is entitled to more than fifty per cent on proportionate basis, accordingly the retail individual investors shall be allocated that higher percentage.*

3. Allocation to all categories shall be made on a proportionate basis subject to valid Applications received at or above the Offer Price. Under subscription, if any, in any of the categories, would be allowed to be met with spill-over from any of the other categories or a combination of categories at the discretion of our Company and the Selling Shareholder in consultation with the Lead Manager and Designated Stock Exchange. Such inter-se spill over, if any, would be affected in accordance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines

4. The Offer for sale has been authorized by the selling shareholders by their consent letter dated June 20, 2018 as follows:

Sr. No.	Name of the Selling Shareholders	No. of Equity Shares Offered
1.	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	5,45,819
2.	Amit Rameshbhai Kotia	3,54,181
	Total No. of shares for offer for sale	9,00,000

For further details please refer to chapter titled "Offer Structure" beginning on page no 182 of this prospectus.

The Selling Shareholders Mr. Ravi Rajiv Kotia and Mr. Amit Rameshbhai Kotia has confirmed that the Equity Shares proposed to be offered and sold in the Offer are eligible in term of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations and that they are not been prohibited from dealings in securities market and the Equity Shares offered and sold are free from any lien, encumbrance or third party rights. The Selling Shareholders have also confirmed that they are the legal and beneficial owner of the Equity Shares being offered by him under the Offer for Sale.

The Selling Shareholders, also confirm that the equity shares being offered by them in the Offer for sale, has been held by him for a period of at least one year prior to the filing of the prospectus with exchange, and are eligible for being offered for sale in the Offer as required by Regulation 26(6) of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations.

GENERAL INFORMATION

SHREE KRISHNA INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED

*Our Company was originally incorporated as Shree Krishna Tour and Travels Private Limited on July 03, 1990 under the provisions of Companies Act, 1956 with Registrar of Companies, Gujarat bearing Registration No. 13979 having its registered office in Gujarat. Subsequently, the name of the Company was changed to Shree Krishna Infrastructure Private Limited by passing necessary resolution on November 13, 1995. Subsequently the status of our Company became public limited company and the name of our Company was changed to Shree Krishna Infrastructure Limited pursuant to shareholders resolution passed in the Extra-ordinary General Meeting held on 22nd day of March, 1996. For further details regarding the changes in our name and registered office, kindly refer to the Chapter titled “**History and Certain Corporate Matter**” beginning on page no 107 of this prospectus. Our Company’s Corporate Identity Number is U45201GJ1990PLC013979.*

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Bungalow No.36, Rang Residency, Vadia, Rajpipla,
Narmada- 393145,
Gujarat, India.

Tel: +91 8849865932

Email: info@skifl.com

Website: www.skifl.com

REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES:

Registrar of Companies, Ahmedabad, Gujarat

ROC Bhavan, Vijaynagar, Naranpura,
Ahmedabad, Gujarat- 380013

Tel: 079-27437597

Fax: 079-27438371

Email: roc.ahmedabad@mca.gov.in

Website: www.mca.gov.in

DESIGNATED STOCK EXCHANGE:

BSE LIMITED

(SME PLATFORM OF BSE)

P.J. Towers, Dalal Street,
Mumbai-400 001,
Maharashtra, India

For details in relation to the changes to the name of our Company, please refer to the section titled “*History and Certain Corporate Matters*” beginning on page no 107 of this prospectus.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

Our Board of Directors comprise of the following members:

NAME	Age	DESIGNATION	DIN	RESIDENTIAL ADDRESS
Mr. Ravi Rajiv Kotia	30 Years	Managing Director	01761963	2-B, State Bank Staff Society, Naranpura, Ahmedabad, Gujarat- 380013, India
Mr. Keyur Sharadchandra Gandhi	43 Years	Non-Executive Director	03494183	Alankar Darbar Road, Rajpipla Nandod, Narmada – 393145, Gujarat, India
Mr. Amit Rameshbhai Kotia	52 Years	Executive Director cum C.F. O	07499192	2/B, SBI Society Naranpura Ahmedabad- 380013, Gujarat
Ms. Anjali Jagdish Gorsia	25 Years	Non-Executive Independent Director	08211502	Flat No. D16, Ramkrishna Apt, Bhandara Road, Near Annapurna Mandir, Shastri Nagar, Bhandewadi, Nagpur, Bagadganj-440008, Maharashtra
Mr. Yogesh Pukhrajbhai Prajapati	33 Years	Non-Executive Independent Director	02733610	105, Rajtilak Flat, Vitthal Vadi Soc., Near HDFC, Navrangpura, Ahmedabad-380009, Gujarat

For further details of Directors of our Company, please refer to section titled "Our Management" beginning on page no 112 of this prospectus.

Note: Investors may contact our Company Secretary and Compliance Officer and / or the Registrar to the Issue and/or the Lead Manager, in case of any pre-issue or post-issue related problems, such as non – receipt of letters of allotment, credit of allotted Equity Shares in the respective beneficiary account or refund etc.

All grievances relating to the ASBA process may be addressed to the Registrar to the Issue, with a copy to the relevant SCSBs to whom the Application was submitted (at ASBA Locations), giving full details such as name, address of applicant, number, number of Equity Shares applied for, Amount blocked, ASBA Account number and the Designated Branch of relevant SCSBs to whom the Application was submitted (at ASBA Location) where the ASBA Application Form was submitted by the ASBA Applicants.

DETAILS OF KEY INTERMEDIARIES PERTAINING TO THE ISSUE AND OUR COMPANY:**COMPANY SECRETARY & COMPLIANCE OFFICER:**

Ms. Resham Ajit Maniyar

Bungalow No.36, Rang Residency, Vadia, Rajpipla,
Narmada- 393145,
Gujarat, India.

Contact No: +91 8849865932

Email ID: cs@skifl.com

Website: www.skifl.com

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER:

Mr. Amit Rameshbhai Kotia

Bungalow No.36, Rang Residency, Vadia, Rajpipla,
Narmada- 393145,
Gujarat, India.

Contact No: +91 8849865932

Email ID: info@skifl.com

Website: www.skifl.com

STATUTORY & PEER REVIEW AUDITORS:

Bhatter & Company, Chartered Accountants
307, Tulsiani Chamber, Nariman Point
Mumbai – 400 021
Contact No: +91-22-22853039
E-mail ID: dhhbatter@gmail.com
Firm Registration No- 131092W
Contact Person: Mr. Daulal. H. Bhatter

Bhatter & Company is a peer review auditor of our Company in compliance with section IX of part A of Schedule VIII of SEBI (ICDR) and hold a valid peer review certificate No. 009643 dated February 07, 2017 issued by the “Peer Review Board” of the ICAI which is valid till February 06, 2020.

LEAD MANAGER:

Finshore Management Services Limited
Anandlok, 2nd Floor, Block - A
Room No. 207, 227,
A.J.C. Bose Road,
Kolkata, West Bengal- 700020
Contact No: +91 033 22895101
Website: www.finshoregroup.com
Email ID: ramakrishna@finshoregroup.com
Investor Grievance ID: info@finshoregroup.com
SEBI Registration No: INM000012185
Contact Person: Mr. S. Ramakrishna Iyengar

LEGAL ADVISORS TO THE ISSUE:

Mr. Sudhir R. Mishra
Advocates, High Court,
B-1, Dayanand Apartment, Opp. Sundaram Appt.,
Nr. Maniyasa Soc, Maninagar(E), Ahmedabad-08R-6/304,
Ishan CHS Limited, MIDC, Dombivali (East)-421203
Contact No: 079-22720409/ +91 96191 79908
E-mail ID: advocate.sudhir1999@gmail.com
Contact Person: Mr. Sudhir R. Mishra

REGISTRAR TO THE ISSUE:

SATELLITE CORPORATE SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED

Unit No 49, Building No. 13 AB,
2nd Floor, Samhita Commercial Co-Op Society Ltd,
Off Andheri Kurla Road, MTNL Lane,
Sakinaka, Mumbai – 400 072.
Contact No: +91-22- 28520461/462,
Fax: +91-22- 28511809
SEBI Registration No.: INR000003639
Email Id: service@satellitecorporate.com
Website: www.satellitecorporate.com
Contact Person: Mr. Michael Monteiro

PRINCIPAL BANKER TO THE COMPANY:

HDFC Bank Limited
Narmada Height, Groud Floor,
Shop No G-5 to G-10
Station Road, Near Civil Court,
Rajpipla, Gujarat – 393145
Tel No: 02640 223033

Email ID: anishalokburman@hdfcbank.com

Website: www.hdfcbank.com

Contact Person: Mr. Anish Burman

BANKER TO THE OFFER:

HDFC Bank Limited

HDFC Bank Limited,

FIG-OPS Department – Lodha

I Think Techno Campus O-3 Level

Kanjurmarg (East), Mumbai – 400042

Contact No: 022-30752927

Fax No: 022-25799801

Email ID: Vincent.dsouza@hdfcbank.com, siddarth.jadhav@hdfcbank.com

Contact Person: Mr. Vincent Dsouza, Mr. Siddarth Jadhav

SEBI Registration No: INBI00000063

STATEMENT OF INTER SE ALLOCATION OF RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE OFFER

Finshore Management Services Limited is the sole Lead Manager to the Offer and all the responsibilities relating to co-ordination and other activities in relation to the Offer shall be performed by them and hence a statement of inter-se allocation of responsibilities is not required.

SELF CERTIFIED SYNDICATE BANKS

The lists of banks that have been notified by SEBI to act as SCSB for the Applications Supported by Blocked Amount (“ASBA”) Process are provided on <http://www.sebi.gov.in/pmd/scsb.pdf>. For details on designated branches of SCSBs collecting the ASBA Application Form, please refer to the above-mentioned SEBI link.

REGISTERED BROKERS

The list of the Registered Brokers, including details such as postal address, telephone number and e-mail address, is provided on the websites of the BSE www.bsesme.com, as updated from time to time.

REGISTRAR TO THE OFFER AND SHARE TRANSFER AGENTS

The list of the RTAs eligible to accept application forms at the Designated RTA Locations, including details such as address, telephone number and e-mail address, are provided on the websites of Stock Exchange www.bsesme.com, as updated from time to time.

COLLECTING DEPOSITORY PARTICIPANTS

The list of the CDPs eligible to accept application forms at the Designated CDP Locations, including details such as name and contact details, are provided on the websites of Stock Exchange www.bsesme.com, as updated from time to time. The list of branches of the SCSBs named by the respective SCSBs to receive deposits of the application forms from the Designated Intermediaries will be available on the website of the SEBI www.sebi.gov.in and updated from time to time.

EXPERTS OPINION

Except for the Reports in the section "Financial Information of the company" and the "Statement of Tax Benefits" available to our Company and its shareholders beginning on page no 127 and page no 78 respectively of this prospectus, our Company has not obtained any expert opinions under the Companies Act. The term expert as used in the prospectus is not intended to be considered “expert” within the meaning of Section 11 of the U.S. Securities Act.

BROKERS TO THE ISSUE

All members of the recognized stock exchanges would be eligible to act as Brokers to the Issue.

CREDIT RATING

As the Issue is of Equity shares, credit rating is not required.

TRUSTEES

As this issue is of Equity Shares, the appointment of trustees is not required.

DEBENTURE TRUSTEES

As this issue is not a debenture issue, the appointment of debenture trustees is not required.

IPO GRADING

Since the Issue is being made in terms of Chapter XB of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, there is no requirement of appointing an IPO Grading agency.

MONITORING AGENCY

Since this being an offer for sale, our Company will not receive any proceeds from the Offer and is not required to appoint a monitoring agency for the Offer.

APPRAISING ENTITY

Since this being an offer for sale, our Company will not receive any proceeds from the offer and there is no objects of the offer other than as stated under section titled "Objects of the Offer" beginning on page no 74 of this prospectus.

WITHDRAWAL OF THE OFFER

Our Company in consultation with the Lead Manager, reserve the right not to proceed with the Offer at any time before the Offer Opening Date without assigning any reason thereof.

If our company withdraws the offer any time after the offer opening date but before the allotment of equity shares, a public notice within two (2) working days of the offer closing date, providing reasons for not proceeding with the offer shall be issued by our company. The notice of withdrawal will be issued in the same newspapers where the pre-offer advertisements have appeared and the Stock Exchange will also be informed promptly.

The Lead Manager, through the Registrar to the offer, will instruct the SCSBs to unblock the ASBA accounts within one (1) working day from the day of receipt of such instruction. If our Company withdraws the offer after the offer closing date and subsequently decides to proceed with an Offer of the Equity Shares, our Company will file a fresh prospectus with the stock exchange where the equity shares may be proposed to be listed. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the issue is subject to obtaining (i) the final listing and trading approvals of the Stock Exchange with respect to the equity shares issued through the prospectus, which our company will apply for only after Allotment; and (ii) the final RoC approval of the prospectus.

UNDERWRITING AGREEMENT

The Company and the Lead Manager to the Issue hereby confirm that the Issue is 100% Underwritten. The Issue is 100% underwritten by the Lead Manager- Finshore Management Services Limited in the capacity of Underwriter to the issue.

Pursuant to the terms of the Underwriting Agreements dated August 28, 2018 entered into by us with Underwriter– Finshore Management Services Limited, the obligations of the Underwriters are subject to certain conditions specified therein. In the opinion of our Board of Directors the resources of the above-mentioned Underwriters are sufficient to enable them to discharge their underwriting obligation in full. The Underwriters are registered with SEBI under Section 12(1) of the SEBI Act or registered as brokers.

Name and Address of the Underwriter	Number of Equity Shares Underwritten	Amount Underwritten (Rupees In Lacs)	% of Total Issue Size Underwritten
Finshore Management Services Limited Anandlok, 2nd Floor, Block - A Room No. 207, 227, A.J.C. Bose Road, Kolkata, West Bengal- 700020 Tel No: +91 033 22895101 Website: www.finshoregroup.com Email: ramakrishna@finshoregroup.com Investor Grievance ID: info@finshoregroup.com SEBI Registration No: INM000012185 Contact Person: Mr. S. Ramakrishna Iyengar	8,50,000 Equity shares @ Rs. 13/- Each	110.50	94.44
Market Maker Beeline Broking Limited B-307, Ganesh Plaza, Beside Navrangpura Post Office, Navrangpura, Ahmedabad – 380009,	50,000 Equity shares @ Rs. 13/- Each	6.50	5.56

Name and Address of the Underwriter	Number of Equity Shares Underwritten	Amount Underwritten (Rupees In Lacs)	% of Total Issue Size Underwritten
Gujarat, India			
TOTAL	9,00,000	117.00	100.00

As per Regulation 106P (2) of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, the Lead Manager has agreed to underwrite 100% of Issue out of its own account.

In the opinion of the Board of Directors of Our Company, the resources of the above mentioned Underwriter are sufficient to enable them to discharge their respective obligations in full.

DETAILS OF THE MARKET MAKING ARRANGEMENT FOR THIS OFFER:

Our Company has entered into an agreement dated August 27, 2018 with the following Market Maker to fulfill the obligations of Market Making for this offer for sale.

Name	Beeline Broking Limited
Correspondence Address:	B-307, Ganesh Plaza, Beside Navrangpura Post Office, Navrangpura, Ahmedabad – 380009, Gujarat, India
Tel No.:	079-66664040
Email:	compliance@beelinebroking.com
Website:	www.beelinebroking.com
Contact Person:	Mr. Vanesh Panchal
SEBI Registration No.:	INZ000000638
Market Maker Registration No. (SME segment of BSE)	SME MM0658203082015

The Market Maker shall fulfill the applicable obligations and conditions as specified in the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, and its amendments from time to time and the circulars issued by the BSE, and SEBI regarding this matter from time to time.

Following is a summary of the key details pertaining to the Market Making Arrangement:

- 1) The Market Maker(s) (*individually or jointly*) shall be required to provide a two-way quote for 75% of the time in a day. The same shall be monitored by the stock exchange. Further, the Market Maker(s) shall inform the exchange in advance for each and every black out period when the quotes are not being offered by the Market Maker(s).
- 2) The prices quoted by Market Maker shall be in compliance with the Market Maker Spread Requirements and other particulars as specified or as per the requirements of BSE SME Platform and SEBI from time to time.
- 3) The minimum depth of the quote shall be ₹1,00,000. However, the investors with holdings of value less than ₹1,00,000 shall be allowed to offer their holding to the Market Maker(s) (*individually or jointly*) in that scrip provided that he sells his entire holding in that scrip in one lot along with a declaration to the effect to the selling broker.
- 4) The Market Maker shall not sell in lots less than the minimum contract size allowed for trading on the SME Platform (in this case currently the minimum trading lot size is 10,000 equity shares; however, the same may be changed by the SME Platform of BSE from time to time).
- 5) After a period of three (3) months from the market making period, the Market Maker would be exempted to provide quote if the Shares of Market Maker in our Company reaches to 25% of Issue Size. Any Equity Shares allotted to Market Maker under this Issue over and above 25% of Issue Size would not be taken in to

consideration of computing the threshold of 25% of Issue Size. As soon as the Shares of Market Maker in our Company reduces to 24% of Issue Size, the Market Maker will resume providing two (2) way quotes.

- 6) There shall be no exemption/threshold on downside. However, in the event the Market Maker exhausts his inventory through market making process, BSE may intimate the same to SEBI after due verification.
- 7) Execution of the order at the quoted price and quantity must be guaranteed by the Market Maker(s), for the quotes given by him.
- 8) There would not be more than five (5) Market Makers for scrip at any point of time and the Market Makers may compete with other Market Makers for better quotes to the investors.
- 9) On the first day of the listing, there will be pre-opening session (Call Auction) and thereafter the trading will happen as per the equity market hours. The circuits will apply from the first day of the listing on the discovered price during the pre-open call auction.
- 10) The Market maker may also be present in the opening call auction but, there is no obligation on him to do so.
- 11) There will be special circumstances under which the Market Maker may be allowed to withdraw temporarily/fully from the market – for instance due to system problems, any other problems. All controllable reasons require prior approval from the Exchange, while force-majeure will be applicable for non controllable reasons. The decision of the Exchange for deciding controllable and non-controllable reasons would be final.
- 12) The Market Maker(s) shall have the right to terminate said arrangement by giving a three (3) months notice or on mutually acceptable terms to the Lead Manager, who shall then be responsible to appoint a replacement Market Maker(s) and execute a fresh arrangement. In case of termination of the above-mentioned Market Making agreement prior to the completion of the compulsory Market Making period, it shall be the responsibility of the Lead Manager to arrange for another Market Maker in replacement during the term of the notice period being served by the Market Maker but prior to the date of releasing the existing Market Maker from its duties in order to ensure compliance with the requirements of regulation 106V of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations. Further our Company and the Lead Manager reserve the right to appoint other Market Makers either as a replacement of the current Market Maker or as an additional Market Maker subject to the total number of Designated Market Makers does not exceed five (5) or as specified by the relevant laws and regulations applicable at that particular point of time. The Market Making Agreement is available for inspection at our registered office from 11.00 a.m. to 5.00 p.m. on Working Days.
- 13) **Risk containment measures and monitoring for Market Makers:** BSE SME Exchange will have all margins, which are applicable on the BSE main board viz., Mark-to-Market, Value-At-Risk (VAR) Margin, Extreme Loss Margin, Special Margins and Base Minimum Capital etc. BSE can impose any other margins as deemed necessary from time-to-time.
- 14) The price band shall be 20% and the market maker spread (difference between the sell and the buy quote) shall be within 10% or as intimated by Exchange from time to time and the same shall be updated in the prospectus.
- 15) **Punitive Action in case of default by Market Makers:** BSE SME Exchange will monitor the obligations on a real time basis and punitive action will be initiated for any exceptions and/or non-compliances. Penalties / fines may be imposed by the Exchange on the Market Maker, in case he is not able to provide the desired liquidity in a particular security as per the specified guidelines. These penalties / fines will be set by the Exchange from time to time. The Exchange will impose a penalty on the Market Maker in case he is not present in the market (offering two-way quotes) for at least 75% of the time. The nature of the penalty will be monetary as well as suspension in market making activities / trading membership. The Department of Surveillance and Supervision of the Exchange would decide and publish the penalties / fines / suspension for any type of misconduct/ manipulation/ other irregularities by the Market Maker from time to time.
- 16) Pursuant to SEBI Circular number CIR/MRD/DSA/31/2012 dated November 27, 2012, limits on the upper side for market makers during market making process has been made applicable, based on the issue size and as follows:

Issue Size	Buy quote exemption threshold (including mandatory initial inventory of 5% of the Issue Size)	Re-Entry threshold for buy quote (including mandatory initial inventory of 5% of the Issue Size)
Up to Rs. 20 Crore	25%	24%
Rs. 20 to Rs. 50 Crore	20%	19%
Rs. 50 to Rs. 80 Crore	15%	14%
Above Rs. 80 Crore	12%	11%

- 17) All the above-mentioned conditions and systems regarding the Market Making Arrangement are subject to change based on changes or additional regulations and guidelines from SEBI and Stock Exchange from time to time.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

The Share Capital of the Company as at the date of this prospectus, before and after the Issue, is set forth below.

(Rs. in Lakhs, except share data)

Sr. No.	Particulars	Aggregate Value at Face Value	Aggregate Value at Issue Price
A	Authorized Share Capital		
	30,00,000 equity shares of ₹ 10/- each	300.00	-
B	Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up Share Capital prior to the Offer		
	30,00,000 equity shares of ₹ 10/- each	300.00	-
C	Present Offer in terms of this prospectus		
	9,00,000 equity shares of ₹ 10/- each at price of ₹ 13/- per share	90.00	117.00
	Which comprises:		
	Reservation for Market Maker Portion 50,000 equity shares of ₹ 10/- each at price of ₹ 13/- per equity share	5.00	6.50
	Net Offer to the Public 8,50,000 equity shares of ₹ 10/- each at price of ₹ 13/- per share	85.00	110.50
	of which		
	4,30,000 equity shares of ₹ 10/- each at price of ₹ 13/- per equity share will be available for allocation for allotment to Retail Investors of up to ₹ 2.00 Lakh	43.00	55.90
	4,20,000 equity shares of ₹ 10/- each at price of ₹ 13/- per equity share will be available for allocation for allotment to Other Investors of above ₹ 2.00 Lakh	42.00	54.60
D	Paid up Equity Capital after the Offer for Sale		
	30,00,000 equity shares of ₹ 10/- each	300.00	300.00
E	Securities Premium Account		
	Before the issue	72.73	
	After the issue	72.73	

- (1) *The present Offer of 9,00,000 equity shares (Offer for sale) in terms of prospectus has been authorized pursuant to a resolution of our Board of Directors dated June 21, 2018 and by special resolution passed under Section 62(1) (c) of the Companies Act, 2013 at the EOGM of the shareholders held on July 14, 2018.*
- (2) *The Offer has been authorized by Mr. RaviRajiv Kotia and Mr. Amit Rameshbhai Kotia (Selling Shareholders) by letters dated June 20, 2018 respectively.*

Details of changes in Authorized Share Capital of Our Company since incorporation:

Sr. No.	Date of Shareholders Approval	EGM/AGM/Postal Ballot	Authorized Share Capital (₹)	Details of Change
1	On Incorporation	-	₹ 1,00,000	Incorporation with Authorized Share Capital of ₹ 1,00,000 comprising of 1,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 100 each
2	31-March-1992 [#]	EGM	₹ 2,00,000	Increase in Authorized Share Capital from ₹ 1,00,000 comprising of 1,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 100 each to ₹ 2,00,000 comprising of 2,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 100 each
3	22-March-1996 [#]	EGM	₹ 2,00,000	Split of equity shares from Rs. 100 each to Rs. 10 Each resulting into increase in no of shares from 2,000 Equity shares to 20,000 equity shares.
4	22-March-1996	EGM	₹ 60,00,000	Increase in Authorized Share Capital from ₹ 2,00,000 comprising of 20,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each to ₹ 60,00,000 comprising of 6,00,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each
5	25-March-2014	EGM	₹ 1,75,00,000	Increase in Authorized Share Capital from ₹ 60,00,000 comprising of 6,00,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each to ₹ 1,75,00,000 comprising of 17,50,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each
6	30-Sep-2016	EGM	₹ 2,00,00,000	Increase in Authorized Share Capital from ₹ 1,75,00,000 comprising of 17,50,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each to ₹ 2,00,00,000 comprising of 20,00,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each
7	03-Jul-2017	EGM	₹ 3,00,00,000	Increase in Authorized Share Capital from ₹ 2,00,00,000 comprising of 20,00,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each to ₹ 3,00,00,000 comprising of 30,00,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each

[#] We have not received any documents to verify the date and amount for increase of authorised capital as the same has been missing from records. However received a CA certificate being certificate no BC/045/2018-19 dated 18.07.2018 certifying the details.

NOTES FORMING PART OF CAPITAL STRUCTURE:**1. Share Capital History of our Company.****1. Equity Share Capital history of Our Company.**

The following is the history of the equity share capital of our company.

Date of Allotment Equity Shares	No. of Equity Shares	Face Value (₹)	Issue Price (₹)	Nature of Consideration	Nature / Reason of Allotment	Cumulative No. of Equity Shares	Cumulative Paid Up Share Capital (₹)	Cumulative Share Premium(₹)
29-May-90	2	100.00	100.00	Cash	Subscription to MOA (A)	2	200	-
03-July-90 [#]	650	100.00	100.00	Cash	Preferential Allotment (B)	652	65,200	-
31-Mar-92 [#]	550	100.00	100.00	Cash	Preferential Allotment (C)	1,202	1,20,200	-
22-Mar-96 [#]	12020	10.00	-	Other than Cash	Face value of Rs. 100 split into Rs 10 each (D)	12,020	1,20,200	-
12-Apr-96	3,17,500	10.00	10.00	Cash	Preferential Allotment (E)	3,29,520	32,95,200	-
16-Feb-04	1,06,000	10.00	25.00	Cash	Preferential Allotment (F)	4,35,520	43,55,200	15,90,000
18-Feb-13	1,45,180	10.00	-	Other than Cash	Bonus Issue in the ratio of 1:3 (G)	5,80,700	58,07,000	1,38,200
31-Mar-14	11,61,400	10.00	13.82	Cash	Preferential Allotment (H)	17,42,100	1,74,21,000	45,74,200
23-Dec-16	2,32,027	10.00	15.00	Cash	Preferential Allotment (I)	19,74,127	1,97,41,270	57,34,335
10-Aug-17	10,25,873	10.00	11.50	Cash	Rights Issue (J)	30,00,000	3,00,00,000	72,73,145

[#] We have not received any documents to verify the date and amount for increase of paidup capital as the same has been missing from records. However received a CA certificate being certificate no BC/046/2018-19 dated 18.07.2018 certifying the details.

- A. Initial Subscribers to Memorandum of Association subscribed 2 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 100/- each as per the details given below:

Sr. No.	Name of Allottees	No. of Shares Allotted
1	Rajiv Rameshchandra Kotia	1
2	Devyaniben Rajiv Kotia	1
	Total	2

- B. Preferential Allotment of 650 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 100/- each as per the details given below:-

Sr. No.	Name of Allottees	No. of Shares Allotted
1	Devyaniben Rajiv Kotia	50
2	Rajiv Rameshchandra Kotia	50
3	Aruna Patel	50
4	Ashok Patel	100
5	Ramswaroop Surotia	200
6	Rishi Surotia	200
	Total	650

[#] Shareholders list has been taken from MGT-1, as no other backup documents available for verification.

C. Preferential Allotment of 550 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 100/- each as per the details given below:-

Sr. No.	Name of Allottees	No. of Shares Allotted
1	Ashok Surotia	50
2	Kavita Surotia	200
3	Ashwin Surotia	250
4	Yogesh Surotia	50
	Total	550

Shareholders list has been taken from MGT-1, as no other backup documents available for verification.

D. Further Allotment of 10,818 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 10/- each pursuant to split in face value from Rs. 100/- to Rs. 10/- each as per the details given below:-

Sr. No.	Name of Allottees	No. of Shares Allotted
1	Devyaniben Rajiv Kotia	459
2	Rajiv Rameshchandra Kotia	4,059
3	Aruna Patel	450
4	Ashok Patel	900
5	Kavita Saha	450
6	Maltiben Vani	1,800
7	Kamlaben Wani	2,250
8	Premlata A Saha	450
	Total	10,818

Shareholders list has been taken from MGT-1, as no other backup documents available for verification.

E. Preferential Allotment of 3,17,500 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 10/- each as per the details given below:-

Sr. No.	Name of Allottees	No. of Shares Allotted
1	Seema Kotia	60,000
2	Shree Krsihna Holidays Home & Farms Ltd	20,000
3	Dharat Kotia	100,000
4	Rajiv Kotia	110,000
5	Magic Touch Infotech Pvt ltd	27,500
	Total	317,500

F. Preferential Allotment of 1,06,000 Equity Shares of face value of ₹10/- each at the premium of ₹ 15/- as per the details given below:-

Sr. No.	Name of Allottees	No. of Shares Allotted
1	Sungold Capital Limited	48,000
2	Magic Touch Infotech Limited	58,000
	Total	1,06,000

G. Further Bonus Share Allotment of 1,45,180 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 10/- as per the details given below:-

Sr. No.	Name of Allottees	No. of Shares Allotted
1	Vandesh Wani	19110
2	Nazraben S. Dyama	2250
3	Shital Wani	10130

Sr. No.	Name of Allottees	No. of Shares Allotted
4	Rohini Wani	8330
5	Makbulhusen Rathod	3270
6	Jitendra Patel	16330
7	Priyaben Soni	6980
8	Suriya S. Dayma	2780
9	Matin S Dayma	1960
10	Sungold Capital Limited	74040
	Total	145180

H. Preferential Allotment of 11,61,400 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 10/- each at the premium of ₹ 3.82/- as per the details given below :-

Sr. No.	Name of Allottees	No. of Shares Allotted
1	Sungold Capital Limited	11,61,400
	Total	11,61,400

I. Preferential Allotment of 2,32,027 Equity Shares of face value of ₹ 10/- each at the premium of ₹ 5.00/- as per the details given below :-

Sr. No.	Name of Allottees	No. of Shares Allotted
1	Arpit Shah	10366
2	Ashwin Shah	61318
3	Bhumika Sidhpura	24562
4	Jignesh Shah	9666
5	Kalpana Shah	3500
6	Pooja Sidhpura	8133
7	Priya Sidhpura	4833
8	Rajiv Kotia	6532
9	Raj Kotia	11699
10	Ravi Kotia	12152
11	Seema Kotia	9699
12	Shree Krishna Holiday Home and Farms Limited	66000
13	Dilip Sidhpura	3567
	Total	2,32,027

J. Further Allotment of 10,25,873 Equity Shares as right issue of face value of ₹ 10/- each at the premium of ₹1.50/- as per the details given below :-

Sr. No.	Name of Allottees	No. of Shares Allotted
1	Sungold Media and Entertainment Limited (Formally known as Shree Krishna Holiday Home and Farms Limited)	10,25,873
	Total	10,25,873

- As on date of this prospectus, our company does not have any preference Share Capital.
- Our Company have not issued any Equity Shares for consideration other than cash except as detailed below:-

- a. Share split from Rs. 100 per shares to Rs. 10 per shares

Date of Allotment	Number of Equity Shares Before Split	Name of the Allottees	Nature of allotment	Number of Equity Shares after Split	Face Value (In ₹.)
31-Mar-92	51	Devyaniben Rajiv Kotia	Split of share from Rs.100 to Rs.10 per Share	510	10
31-Mar-92	451	Rajiv Rameshchandra Kotia	Split of share from Rs.100 to Rs.10 per Share	4510	10
31-Mar-92	50	Aruna Patel	Split of share from Rs.100 to Rs.10 per Share	500	10
31-Mar-92	100	Ashok Patel	Split of share from Rs.100 to Rs.10 per Share	1000	10
31-Mar-92	50	Kavita Saha	Split of share from Rs.100 to Rs.10 per Share	500	10
31-Mar-92	200	Maltiben Vani	Split of share from Rs.100 to Rs.10 per Share	2000	10
31-Mar-92	250	Kamlaben Wani	Split of share from Rs.100 to Rs.10 per Share	2500	10
31-Mar-92	50	Premlata A Saha	Split of share from Rs.100 to Rs.10 per Share	500	10
TOTAL	1202			12020	

- b. Bonus Shares issued in the ratio of 1:3 (One share for every 3 share held)

Date of Allotment	Number of Equity Shares Allotted	Name of the Allottees	Nature of allotment	Face Value (In ₹.)
18-Feb-13	19,110	Vandesh vani	Bonus in the ratio of 1:3	10
18-Feb-13	2,250	Nazraben S Dyama	Bonus in the ratio of 1:3	10
18-Feb-13	10,130	Shital Wani	Bonus in the ratio of 1:3	10
18-Feb-13	8,330	Rohini Wani	Bonus in the ratio of 1:3	10
18-Feb-13	3,270	Makbulhussen Rathod	Bonus in the ratio of 1:3	10
18-Feb-13	16,330	Jitendra Patel	Bonus in the ratio of 1:3	10
18-Feb-13	6,980	Priyaben Soni	Bonus in the ratio of 1:3	10
18-Feb-13	2,780	Suriya S Dayma	Bonus in the ratio of 1:3	10
18-Feb-13	1,960	Matin S Dayma	Bonus in the ratio of 1:3	10
18-Feb-13	74,040	Sungold Capital limited	Bonus in the ratio of 1:3	10
TOTAL	145,180			

4. We have not revalued our assets since inception and have not issued any Equity Shares (including bonus shares) by capitalizing any revaluation reserves.

5. Build-up of our Promoter's Shareholding, Promoter's Contribution and Lock-in

- a. Capital Build-up of our Promoter's / Selling Shareholder in Our Company.

The Current promoters of our Company are 1) Mr. Ravi Rajiv Kotia and 2) Mr. Amit Kotia

As on date of this prospectus, our promoter collectively holds 18,68,686 equity shares, which constitutes approximately 62.29% of the issued, subscribed and paid-up Equity Share capital of our Company. The details are as under:

Sr. No.	Name of the Promoters	No of Equity Shares Holds	In %
1	Mr. Ravi Rajiv Kotia ¹	15,14,505	50.48%
2	Mr. Amit Kotia ²	3,54,181	11.81%
	Total	18,68,686	62.29%

¹ Out of the total Pre-offer Capital consisting of 15,14,505 equity shares, 5,45,819 equity shares will be offered for sale. 6,00,000 equity shares will be locked in for 3 years and the balance 3,68,686 equity share will be locked in for 1 year as per the requirement of SEBI, ICDR.

² The entire shares held by Mr. Amit Kotia i.e. 3,54,181 equity shares will be offered for sale.

None of the Equity Shares held by our promoters are subject to pledge.

Set forth below is the build-up of the equity Shareholding of our promoters and selling shareholder, since the incorporation of our company.

1) MR. RAVI RAJIV KOTIA (PROMOTER & SELLING SHAREHOLDER)

Date of Allotment/ Transfer	Consideration	No. of Equity Shares	Face value per Share (Rs.)	Issue / Acquisition/ Transfer price (Rs.)	Nature of Transactions	Source of Fund	Pledge
23-Dec-16	Cash	12,152	10	15	Direct Allotment	Owned Fund	No
03-Apr-17	Refer Note*	15,02,353	10	10	Transfer of Shares	Refer Note *	No
	Total	15,14,505					

*Note: Details of Transfer of Shares

Date of Transfer	Name of Transferor	Name of Transferee	No. of Shares	Nature of Transaction
03.04.2017	Rajiv Rameshchandra Kotia	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	252212	Transfer of Shares
03.04.2017	Raj Kotia	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	11699	Transfer of Shares
03.04.2017	Seema Kotia	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	9699	Transfer of Shares
03.04.2017	Ratanbhai Prajapati	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	75000	Transfer of Shares
03.04.2017	Haja Deva	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	75000	Transfer of Shares
03.04.2017	Jeevan Damor	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	75000	Transfer of Shares
03.04.2017	Shital Wani	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	75000	Transfer of Shares
03.04.2017	Anesh Shah	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	75000	Transfer of Shares
03.04.2017	Hitesh Suthar	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	75000	Transfer of Shares
03.04.2017	Vishal Shah	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	75000	Transfer of Shares
03.04.2017	Heena Shah	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	85000	Transfer of Shares
03.04.2017	Kapil Shah	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	85000	Transfer of Shares
03.04.2017	Reena Shah	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	36697	Transfer of Shares
03.04.2017	Rajendra Shah	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	76260	Transfer of Shares
03.04.2017	Kavita Shah	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	76260	Transfer of Shares
03.04.2017	Amey Shah	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	76260	Transfer of Shares
03.04.2017	Maltiben Wani	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	76266	Transfer of Shares
03.04.2017	Raman Thakore	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	85000	Transfer of Shares
03.04.2017	Natu Thakore	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	75000	Transfer of Shares
03.04.2017	Bhikubhai	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	32000	Transfer of Shares
Total			1502353	

* Note: Transfer Details

All the above transfers dated 03.04.2017 have been made by way of Share Transfer form signed by the parties and Share Purchase Agreement on deferred payment terms. Mr. Ravi Rajiv Kotia has already paid/issued cheque worth Rs. 1,50,23,530/- for 15,02,353 no. of equity shares as on the date of this prospectus. Further, all the shares have already been dematerialized in the name of Mr. Ravi Rajiv Kotia. The payment details are as under:

Date	Ch No.	Name of Transferor	Name of Transferee	No of Shares	Consideration (In Rs.)
-	NEFT	Seema Kotia	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	9699	96990
04-06-18	NEFT	Raj Kotia	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	11699	116990
04-06-18	NEFT	Rajiv Kotia	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	30301	303010
08-06-18	NEFT	Rajiv Kotia	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	25044	250440
13-06-18	NEFT	Rajiv Kotia	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	18900	189000
30-06-18	NEFT	Rajiv Kotia	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	6500	65000
18-07-18	NEFT	Rajiv Kotia	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	10000	100000
23-07-18	1	Ratanbhai Prajapatti	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	5000	50000
23-07-18	2	Haja Deva	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	5000	50000
23-07-18	3	Jeevan Damor	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	4900	49000
23-07-18	4	Shital Wani	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	4900	49000
23-07-18	5	Anesh Suthar	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	4900	49000
23-07-18	6	Hitesh Suthar	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	4900	49000
24-07-18	7	Reena Shah	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	6697	66970
24-07-18	8	Rajendra Shah	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	6260	62600
24-07-18	9	Kavita Shah	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	6260	62600
24-07-18	10	Maltiben Wani	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	6266	62660
30-07-18	NEFT	Rajiv Kotia	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	20000	200000
31-07-18	11	Raman Thakor	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	5000	50000
31-07-18	12	Natu Thakor	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	5000	50000
31-07-18	13	Bikhubhai	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	2000	20000
01-08-18	15	Bikhubhai	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	9000	90000
01-08-18	16	Bikhubhai	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	8500	85000
01-08-18	17	Bikhubhai	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	7500	75000
03-08-18	18	Vishal Shah	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	9000	90000
03-08-18	19	Heena Shah	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	8500	85000
03-08-18	20	Kapil Shah	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	7500	75000
21-08-18	NEFT	Rajiv Kotia	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	7700	77000
25-08-18	NEFT	Rajiv Kotia	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	5000	50000
27-08-18	21	Bikhubhai	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	5000	50000
27-08-18	22	Natu Thakor	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	25000	250000
27-08-18	23	Natu Thakor	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	25000	250000
27-08-18	24	Natu Thakor	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	20000	200000
27-08-18	25	Raman Thakor	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	20000	200000
27-08-18	26	Raman Thakor	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	20000	200000
27-08-18	27	Raman Thakor	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	20000	200000
27-08-18	28	Raman Thakor	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	20000	200000
27-08-18	29	Maltiben Wani	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	25000	250000
27-08-18	30	Maltiben Wani	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	25000	250000
27-08-18	31	Maltiben Wani	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	20000	200000
27-08-18	32	Amey Shah	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	25000	250000
27-08-18	33	Amey Shah	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	25000	250000
27-08-18	34	Amey Shah	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	26260	262600
27-08-18	35	Kavita Shah	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	25000	250000
27-08-18	36	Kavita Shah	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	25000	250000
27-08-18	37	Kavita Shah	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	20000	200000
27-08-18	38	Rajendra Shah	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	35000	350000
27-08-18	39	Rajendra Shah	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	35000	350000
27-08-18	40	Reena Shah	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	30000	300000
27-08-18	41	Kapil Shah	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	35000	350000
27-08-18	42	Kapil Shah	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	30000	300000
27-08-18	43	Kapil Shah	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	12500	125000
27-08-18	44	Heena Shah	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	20000	200000
27-08-18	45	Heena Shah	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	20000	200000
27-08-18	46	Heena Shah	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	20000	200000
27-08-18	47	Heena Shah	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	16500	165000
27-08-18	48	Vishal Shah	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	20000	200000
27-08-18	49	Vishal Shah	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	20000	200000
27-08-18	50	Vishal Shah	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	26000	260000
27-08-18	51	Hitesh Suthar	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	20000	200000
27-08-18	52	Hitesh Suthar	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	20000	200000
27-08-18	53	Hitesh Suthar	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	30100	301000
27-08-18	54	Anesh Suthar	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	20000	200000

Date	Ch No.	Name of Transferor	Name of Transferee	No of Shares	Consideration (In Rs.)
27-08-18	55	Anesh Suthar	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	20000	200000
27-08-18	56	Anesh Suthar	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	30100	301000
27-08-18	57	Shetal Wani	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	20000	200000
27-08-18	58	Shetal Wani	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	20000	200000
27-08-18	59	Shetal Wani	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	30100	301000
27-08-18	60	Jeavan Damor	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	20000	200000
27-08-18	61	Jeavan Damor	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	20000	200000
27-08-18	62	Jeavan Damor	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	30100	301000
27-08-18	63	Haja Deva	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	25000	250000
27-08-18	64	Haja Deva	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	25000	250000
27-08-18	65	Haja Deva	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	20000	200000
27-08-18	66	Ratanbhai Prajapatti	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	25000	250000
27-08-18	67	Ratanbhai Prajapatti	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	25000	250000
27-08-18	68	Ratanbhai Prajapatti	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	20000	200000
04-09-18	NEFT	Rajiv Kotia	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	68767	687670
04-09-18	NEFT	Rajiv Kotia	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	60000	600000
Total				1502353	15023530

Out of the total Pre-offer Capital consisting of 15,14,505 equity shares, 5,45,819 equity shares (comprising 18.19% of total issued share capital) will be offered for sale. Further 6,00,000 equity shares (comprising 20.00% of post issue share capital) will be locked in for 3 years and the balance 3,68,686 equity share (comprising 12.29% of post issue share capital) will be locked in for 1 year as per the requirement of SEBI, ICDR.

2) MR. AMIT KOTIA (PROMOTER & SELLING SHAREHOLDER)

Date of Allotment/Transfer	Consideration	No. of Equity Shares	Face value per Share (Rs.)	Issue / Acquisition/ Transfer price (Rs.)	Nature of Transactions	Source of Fund*	Pledge
03-Apr-17	Refer Note *	354,181	10	10	Transfer of Shares *	Refer Note	No

*Note: Details of Transfer of Shares

Date of Transfer	Name of Transferor	Name of Transferee	No. of Shares	Nature of Transaction
03.04.2017	Bhumika Sidhpura	Amit Rameshbhai Kotia	252798	Transfer of Shares
03.04.2017	Arpit Shah	Amit Rameshbhai Kotia	10366	Transfer of Shares
03.04.2017	Ashwin Shah	Amit Rameshbhai Kotia	61318	Transfer of Shares
03.04.2017	Jignesh Shah	Amit Rameshbhai Kotia	9666	Transfer of Shares
03.04.2017	Kalpana Shah	Amit Rameshbhai Kotia	3500	Transfer of Shares
03.04.2017	Pooja Sidhpura	Amit Rameshbhai Kotia	8133	Transfer of Shares
03.04.2017	Priya Sidhpura	Amit Rameshbhai Kotia	4833	Transfer of Shares
03.04.2017	Dilip Sidhpura	Amit Rameshbhai Kotia	3567	Transfer of Shares
Total			354181	

* Note: Transfer Details:

All the above transfers dated 03.04.2017 have been made by way of Share Transfer form signed by the parties and Share Purchase Agreement on deferred payment terms. However, Mr. Amit Rameshbhai Kotia has already paid/issued chequeworth Rs. 35,41,810/- for 3,54,181 no. of equity shares as on the date of this prospectus. Further, all the shares have already been dematerialized in the name of Mr. Amit Rameshbhai Kotia. The payment details are as under:

Date	Ch No.	Name of Transferor	Name of Transferee	No of Shares	Consideration (In Rs.)
23-07-18	1	Kalpana Shah	Amit Rameshchandra Kotia	3500	35000
23-07-18	2	Jignesh Shah	Amit Rameshchandra Kotia	9666	96660
23-07-18	3	Pooja Sidhpura	Amit Rameshchandra Kotia	8133	81330
23-07-18	4	Priya Sidhpura	Amit Rameshchandra Kotia	4833	48330
23-07-18	5	Dilip Sidhpura	Amit Rameshchandra Kotia	3567	35670
26-07-18	6	Ashwin Shah	Amit Rameshchandra Kotia	11318	113180

Date	Ch No.	Name of Transferor	Name of Transferee	No of Shares	Consideration (In Rs.)
26-07-18	7	Arpit Shah	Amit Rameshchandra Kotia	10366	103660
26-07-18	8	Bhumika Sidhpura	Amit Rameshchandra Kotia	12798	127980
30-07-18	9	Bhumika Sidhpura	Amit Rameshchandra Kotia	8500	85000
30-07-18	10	Ashwin Shah	Amit Rameshchandra Kotia	10000	100000
30-07-18	11	Ashwin Shah	Amit Rameshchandra Kotia	10000	100000
31-07-18	12	Ashwin Shah	Amit Rameshchandra Kotia	11500	115000
31-07-18	13	Ashwin Shah	Amit Rameshchandra Kotia	18500	185000
01-08-18	14	Bhumika Sidhpura	Amit Rameshchandra Kotia	7500	75000
01-08-18	15	Bhumika Sidhpura	Amit Rameshchandra Kotia	8000	80000
01-08-18	16	Bhumika Sidhpura	Amit Rameshchandra Kotia	9500	95000
03-08-18	17	Bhumika Sidhpura	Amit Rameshchandra Kotia	7000	70000
03-08-18	18	Bhumika Sidhpura	Amit Rameshchandra Kotia	8500	85000
03-08-18	19	Bhumika Sidhpura	Amit Rameshchandra Kotia	9500	95000
24-08-18	20	Bhumika Sidhpura	Amit Rameshchandra Kotia	18400	184000
24-08-18	21	Bhumika Sidhpura	Amit Rameshchandra Kotia	19800	198000
24-08-18	22	Bhumika Sidhpura	Amit Rameshchandra Kotia	11800	118000
24-08-18	28	Bhumika Sidhpura	Amit Rameshchandra Kotia	10000	100000
24-08-18	29	Bhumika Sidhpura	Amit Rameshchandra Kotia	10000	100000
24-08-18	30	Bhumika Sidhpura	Amit Rameshchandra Kotia	10000	100000
24-08-18	31	Bhumika Sidhpura	Amit Rameshchandra Kotia	10000	100000
24-08-18	32	Bhumika Sidhpura	Amit Rameshchandra Kotia	10000	100000
24-08-18	33	Bhumika Sidhpura	Amit Rameshchandra Kotia	10000	100000
24-08-18	34	Bhumika Sidhpura	Amit Rameshchandra Kotia	10000	100000
24-08-18	35	Bhumika Sidhpura	Amit Rameshchandra Kotia	10000	100000
24-08-18	36	Bhumika Sidhpura	Amit Rameshchandra Kotia	10000	100000
24-08-18	37	Bhumika Sidhpura	Amit Rameshchandra Kotia	10000	100000
24-08-18	38	Bhumika Sidhpura	Amit Rameshchandra Kotia	10000	100000
24-08-18	39	Bhumika Sidhpura	Amit Rameshchandra Kotia	10000	100000
24-08-18	40	Bhumika Sidhpura	Amit Rameshchandra Kotia	11500	115000
Total				354181	3541810

Total Pre-offer Capital of Mr.Amit Rameshbhai Kotia consisting of 3,54,181 equity shares, will be for offered for sale.

The above records pertaining to promoter's buildup are as per transaction recorded in MGT-1 of the company and shares have been already dematerlized in the name of respective shareholders.

The Selling Shareholder Mr. Ravi Rajiv Kotia and Mr. Amit Rameshbhai Kotia has confirmed that Equity Shares proposed to be offered and sold in the Offer is eligible in term of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations and that they have not been prohibited from dealings in securities market and the Equity Shares offered and sold are free from any lien, encumbrance or third party rights. The Selling Shareholders have also confirmed that they are the legal and beneficial owner of the Equity Shares being offered by him under the Offer for Sale.

Except as mentioned above, all the Equity Shares held by our Promoters were fully paid up as on the respective dates of acquisition of such Equity Shares. Our Promoters have confirmed to our Company and the Lead Manager that the Equity Shares held by our Promoters have been financed from their personal funds, as the case may be, and no loans or financial assistance from any bank or financial institution has been availed by them for such purpose.

b. Details of Promoters' Contribution Locked-in for Three (3) Years

The minimum Promoter's contribution has been brought in to the extent of not less than the specified minimum lot and from persons defined as "promoter" under the SEBI ICDR Regulations, 2009, All Equity Shares, which are being locked in are not ineligible for computation of Minimum Promoters Contribution as per Regulation 33 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, 2009, and are being locked in for 3 years as per Regulation 36(a) of the SEBI

ICDR Regulations, 2009 i.e. for a period of three years from the date of allotment of Equity Shares in this Offer.

No Equity Shares proposed to be locked-in as Minimum Promoter Contribution have been issued out of revaluation reserve or for consideration other than cash and revaluation of assets or capitalization of intangible assets, involved in such transactions.

Our Promoter Mr. Ravi Rajiv Kotia has by a written undertaking letter dated 15th July'2018 consented to have 6,00,000 Equity Shares to be locked in as Minimum Promoters Contribution for a period of 3 (three) years from the date of allotment in this Offer and will not be disposed/sold/transferred by the promoter during the period starting from the date of filing this prospectus with SME Platform of BSE till the date of commencement of lock-in period as stated in this prospectus. The details are as under:

Sl. No.	Name of Promoter Shareholders	No. of Shares for 3 years Lock in
1	Mr. Ravi Rajiv Kotia	6,00,000
	Total No. of Shares to be locked in as minimum promoter's contribution	6,00,000

Our Promoters have also consented that the Promoters contribution under Regulation 32 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations will not be less than 20% of the Post Offer paid up capital of our Company.

c. Details of Equity Shares Locked-in for one (1) year

In terms of Regulation 36 and 37 of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, other than the Equity Shares offered by the Promoters for the Minimum Promoter's Contribution, which will be locked-in as minimum Promoters' contribution for three (3) years, all the Pre-Offer Equity Shares consisting of 15,00,000 equity shares shall be subject to lock-in for a period of one (1) year from the date of Allotment. The details are as under:

Sr. No.	Name of the shareholder	Type of shares	No. of Shares held before IPO	Offer for Sale No. of Shares	No. of Shares held after IPO	No. of Shares held for lockin for 3 years	No. of Shares held for lockin for 1 years
	Promoters (A)		1,868,686	900,000	968,686	600,000	368,686
1	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	Equity	1,514,505	545,819	968,686	600,000	368,686
2	Amit RameshbhaiKotia	Equity	354,181	354,181	-	-	-
	Promoters Group(B)		-	-	-	-	-
3	Sungold Media & Entertainment Ltd	Equity	-	-	-	-	-
4	Sungold Capital Limited	Equity	-	-	-	-	-
	Total Promoter & Group(C=A+B)		1,868,686	900,000	968,686	600,000	368,686
	Public Shareholder(D)		1,131,314	-	1,131,314	-	1,131,314
5	Magic Touch Securities (P) Ltd	Equity	550,000	-	550,000	-	550,000
6	Manibhadra Broking (P) Ltd	Equity	500,000	-	500,000	-	500,000
7	Keyur Gandhi	Equity	25,364	-	25,364	-	25,364
8	Dorothy Dsouza	Equity	13,968	-	13,968	-	13,968
9	Roma Dsouza	Equity	13,968	-	13,968	-	13,968
10	Rose Dsouza	Equity	13,968	-	13,968	-	13,968
11	Rahul Dsouza	Equity	13,969	-	13,969	-	13,969
12	Amit Prajapati	Equity	77	-	77	-	77
	TOTAL Share Holders (C+D)		3,000,000	900,000	2,100,000	600,000	1,500,000

The Equity Shares which are subject to lock-in shall carry inscription 'non-transferable' along with the duration of specified non-transferrable period mentioned in the face of the security certificate. The shares which are in dematerialized form, if any, shall be locked-in by the respective depositories. The details of lock-in of the Equity Shares shall also be provided to the Designated Stock Exchange before the listing of the Equity Shares.

d. Other requirements in respect of lock-in

In terms of Regulation 39 of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, locked-in Equity Shares for one (1) year held by our Promoters may be pledged only with scheduled commercial banks or public financial institutions as collateral security for loans granted by such banks or public financial institutions, provided that such pledge of the Equity Shares is one of the terms of the sanction of the loan. Equity Shares locked-in as Promoters' contribution can be pledged only if in addition to fulfilling the aforementioned requirements, such loans have been granted by such banks or financial institutions for the purpose of financing one or more of the objects of the Offer.

In terms of Regulation 40 of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, the Equity Shares held by persons other than our Promoters prior to the Offer may be transferred to any other person holding Equity Shares which are locked-in, subject to the continuation of the lock-in in the hands of transferees for the remaining period and compliance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011, as amended (the "Takeover Regulations") and such transferee shall not be eligible to transfer them until the lock-in period stipulated in the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations has elapsed.

Further, in terms of Regulation 40 of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, the Equity Shares held by our Promoters may be transferred to and among the Promoter Group or to new promoters or persons in control of our Company, subject to continuation of the lock-in in the hands of the transferees for the remaining period and compliance with the Takeover Regulations and such transferee shall not be eligible to transfer them until the lock-in period stipulated in the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations has elapsed.

e. We further confirm that our Promoter's Contribution of 20% of the Post-Offer Equity Share capital does not include any contribution from Alternative Investment Fund.

f. Shareholding of our Promoters & Promoter Group

The table below presents the shareholding of our Promoters and Promoter Group who hold Equity Shares as on the date of filing of this prospectus:

Particulars	PRE-OFFER		POST-OFFER	
	Number of Shares	Percentage (%) holding	Number of Shares	Percentage (%) holding
Promoters				
Ravi Rajiv Kotia	15,14,505	50.48%	9,68,686	32.29%
Amit Rameshbhai Kotia	3,54,181	11.81%	-	-
TOTAL (A)	18,68,686	62.29%	1,054,640	32.29%
Promoters Group				
Sungold Media & Entertainment Limited	-	-	-	-
Sungold Capital Limited	-	-	-	-
TOTAL (B)	-	-	-	-
Grand Total (A+B)	18,68,686	62.29%	1,054,640	32.29%

Out of the above Mr. Ravi Rajiv Kotia is offering 5,45,819 equity shares and Mr. Amit Rameshbhai Kotia is offering 3,54,181 equity shares as Offer for Sale through this prospectus. As on the date of filing of this prospectus, our Promoters and members of the Promoter Group do not hold any preference shares in our Company.

6. No acquisition and sale/transfer of Equity Shares by our Promoters during the preceding one year at price lower than the price at which equity shares are being offered for sale.

7. Shareholding Pattern of our Company

The table below presents the current shareholding pattern of our Company as on the date of this prospectus.

Table I - Summary Statement holding of specified securities on the date of this prospectus

Category(I)	Category of Share-holder(II)	No. of Share-holder(III)	No. of fully paid-up equity shares held(IV)	No. of Partly paid-up equity shares held(V)	No. of shares Underlying Depository Receipts (VI)	Total Nos. Shares held (VII)=(IV)+(V)+(VI)	Shareholding as a % of total No. of Shares (calculated As per SCRR, 1957)(VIII)As a % of (A+B+C2)	Number of Voting Rights held in EachClass of securities (IX)				No of Underlying Outstanding Convertible securities(incl. Warrants) (X)	Share Holding as a % assuming Full Convertible securities (as a % of Diluted Share Capital)(XI)=(VII)+(X) As a % of (A+B+C2)	Number of Locked In shares (XII)		No. of shares Pledged Or Otherwise encumbered (XIII)		No. of Equity shares held in Demat form(XIV)
								No of voting Right			Total As a %of(A+B+C)			No (a)	As a % of total share s held (b)	No (a)	As a % of total share s held (b)	
								Class- Equity	Class	Total								
(A)	Promoters & Promoter Group	2	18,68,686	-	-	18,68,686	62.29	18,68,686	-	18,68,686	62.29	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,68,686
(B)	Public	8	11,31,314	-	-	11,31,314	37.71	11,31,314	-	11,31,314	37.71	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,31,314
(C)	Non PromoterNon Public	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(C1)	Shares Underlying g DRs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(C2)	Shares held by Employee Trusts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	10	30,00,000	-	-	30,00,000	100.00	30,00,000	-	30,00,000	100.00	-	-	-	-			30,00,000

Table II – Statement showing Shareholding Pattern of the Promoter and Promoter Group

Sr. No.	Category & Name of the Shareholders (I)	PAN (II)	No. of shareholder (III)	No. of fully paid up equity shares held (IV)	Partly paid-up equity shares held	Nos. of shares underlying Depository Receipts	Total nos. shares held (VII = IV+V+VI)	Shareholding % calculated as per SCRR, 1957 As a % of (A+B+C2)	Number of Voting Rights held in each class of securities (IX)				No. of Shares Underlying Outstanding convertible securities (including	Total shareholding , as a % assuming full conversion of convertible securities (as a	Number of Locked in shares (XII)		Number of Shares pledged or otherwise encumbered (XIII)		Number of equity shares held in dematerialized form (XIV)
		(Not to be Disclosed)							No of Voting Rights			Total as a % of Total			No. (a)	As a % of total Shares held	No. (a)	As a % of total Shares held	
									Class X	Class Y	Total								
(1)	Indian																		
(a)	Individual / HUF	-	2	18,68,686	-	-	18,68,686	62.29	-	-	-	-	-	62.29	-	-	-	-	18,68,686
(b)	Central Government/ State Government(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(c.)	Financial Institutions/ Banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(d)	Any Other (Corporate / LLP)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Sub Total (A-2)	-	2	18,68,686	-	-	18,68,686	62.29	-	-	-	-	-	62.29	-	-	-	-	18,68,686
(2)	Foreign																		
(a)	Individuals (Non-Resident Individuals/ Foreign Individuals)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(b)	Government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(c.)	Institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(d)	Foreign Portfolio Investor	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(e)	Any Other (specify)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Sub Total (A-2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total Shareholding of Promoter and Promoter Group (A)= (A-1)+(A-2)		2	18,68,686	-	-	18,68,686	62.29	-	-	-	-	-	62.29	-	-	-	-	18,68,686

Table III - Statement showing Shareholding Pattern of the Public shareholder

Sr. No.	Category & Name of the Shareholders (I)	PAN (II)	No. of shareholder (III)	No. of fully paid up equity shares held (IV)	Partly paid-up equity shares held (V)	Nos. of shares underlying Depository Receipts (VI)	Total nos. shares held (VII = IV+V+VI)	Shareholding % calculated as per SCRR, 1957 As a % of (A+B+C2)	Number of Voting Rights held in each class of securities (IX)			No. of Shares Underlying Outstanding convertible securities (including Warrants)	Total shareholding , as a % assuming full conversion of convertible securities (as a %)	Number of Locked in shares (XII)	Number of Shares pledged or otherwise encumbered (XIII)	Number of equity shares held in dematerialized form (XIV)		
		(Not to be filled)							No of Voting Rights	Total as a % of Total				No. (a)	As a % of total Shares held	No. (a)	As a % of total Shares held	
									Class X	Class Y	Total							

(1)	Institutions																		
(a)	Mutual Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(b)	Venture Capital Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(c.)	Alternate Investment Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(d)	Foreign Venture Capital Investors	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(e)	Foreign Portfolio Investors	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(f)	Financial Institutions/ Banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(g)	Insurance Companies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(h)	Provident Funds/ Pension Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(i)	Any Other (Specify)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Sub-Total (B-1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(2)	Central Government/ State Government(s)/ President of India Government/ State Government(s)/ President of India	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Sub-Total (B-2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(3)	Non-institutions																		
(a)	i. Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital up to Rs. 2 Lakhs.	-	5	55,950	-	-	55,950	1.87	-	-	-	-	-	1.87	-	-	-	-	55,950
	ii. Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital in excess of Rs. 2 Lakhs	-	1	25,364	-	-	25,364	0.85	-	-	-	-	-	0.85	-	-	-	-	25,364

(b)	NBFCs registered with RBI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(c.)	Employee Trusts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(d)	Overseas Depositories (holding DRs) (balancing figure)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(e)	Any Other (Corporates):		2	10,50,000			10,50,000	35.00						35.00	-	-	-	-	10,50,000
	Sub-Total (B-3)	-	8	11,31,314	-	-	11,31,314	37.71	-	-	-	-	-	37.71	-	-	-	-	11,31,314
	Total Public Shareholding (B)= (B)(1)+(B)(2)+(B)(3)	-	8	11,31,314	-	-	11,31,314	37.71	-	-	-	-	-	37.71	-	-	-	-	11,31,314

Table IV - Statement showing Shareholding Pattern of the Non Promoter- Non Public shareholder

Sr. No.	Category & Name of the Shareholders (I)	PAN of Shareholder (II)	No. of shareholder (III)	No. of fully paid up equity shares held (IV)	Partly paid-up equity shares held (V)	Nos. of shares underlying Depository Receipts	Total nos. shares held (VII = IV+V+VI)	Shareholding % calculated as per SCRR, 1957 As a % of (A+B+C2)	Number of Voting Rights held in each class of securities (IX)	No. of Shares Underlying Outstanding convertible securities (including Warrants)	Total shareholding, as a % assuming full conversion of convertible securities (as a percentage of diluted securities)	Number of Locked in shares (XII)	Number of Shares pledged or otherwise encumbered (XIII)	Number of equity shares held in dematerialized form (XIV)
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		(Not to be Disclosed)							No of Voting Rights			Total as a % of Total Voting Rights			No. (a)	As a % of total Shares held (b)	No. (a)	As a % of total Shares held	
									Class X	Class Y	Total								
(1)	Custodian/DR Holder																		
(a)	Name of DR Holder (if available)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Subtotal (C)(1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(2)	Employee Benefit Trust (under SEBI (Share based Employee Benefit) Regulations, 2014)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total Non-Promoter-Non Public Shareholding (C)= (C)(1)+(C)(2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

* In terms of SEBI circular bearing no. Cir/ISD/3/2011 dated June 17, 2011 and SEBI circular bearing no. SEBI/Cir/ISD/ 05 /2011, dated September 30, 2011, the Equity Shares held by the Promoters/Promoters Group Entities and 50% of the Equity Shares held by the public shareholders, has been dematerialized.

Our Company will file the shareholding pattern of our Company, in the form prescribed under Regulation 31 of the Listing Regulation, one day prior to the listing of the Equity shares. The Shareholding pattern will be uploaded on the website of BSE before commencement of trading of such Equity Shares.

8. Except as set out below, none of the directors of our Company are holding any Equity Shares in our Company.

Particulars	Number of Shares	Percentage (%) holding
Ravi Rajiv Kotia	15,14,505	50.48
Amit Kotia	3,54,181	11.81
Keyur Sharad Chandra Gandhi	25,364	0.85
Total	18,94,050	63.14

9. None of the Equity Shares of Our Company is subject to any pledge as on the date of this prospectus.

10. None of the shareholding of the Promoters & Promoter Group is subject to lock-in as on date of this prospectus.

11. Details of the persons belonging to the category Public holding more than 1% of the total number of shares (including shares, warrants, convertible securities) as on the date of this prospectus:

Particulars	Number of Shares	Percentage (%) holding
Magic Touch Securities Private Limited	5,50,000	18.33
Shree Manibhadra Broking Private Limited	5,00,000	16.67
Total	10,50,000	35.00

12. Except the following, none of the Key Management Personnel holds any Equity Shares in our Company as on the date of this prospectus.

Particulars	Number of Shares	Percentage (%) holding
Ravi Rajiv Kotia	15,14,505	50.48
Amit Rameshbhai Kotia	3,54,181	11.81
Total	18,68,686	62.29

13. Top Ten Shareholders of our Company.

- a. The top ten (10) shareholders of our Company as of the date of the filing of the prospectus with the Stock Exchange are as follows:

Sr. No.	Name of the shareholder	No. of Shares held	Holding in %
1	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	1,514,505	50.48%
2	Magic Touch Securities (P) Limited	550,000	18.33%
3	Manibhadra Broking (P) Limited	500,000	16.67%
4	Amit Kotia	354,181	11.81%
5	Keyur Gandhi	25,364	0.85%
6	Rahul Dsouza	13,969	0.47%
7	Dorothy Dsouza	13,968	0.47%
8	Roma Dsouza	13,968	0.47%
9	Rose Dsouza	13,968	0.47%
10	Amit Prajapati	77	0.00%
	TOTAL	30,00,000	100%

- b. The top ten (10) shareholders of our Company as of ten (10) days prior to the filing of the prospectus with the Stock Exchange are as follows:

Sr. No.	Name of the shareholder	No. of Shares held	Holding in %
1	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	1,514,505	50.48%
2	Magic Touch Securities (P) Limited	550,000	18.33%
3	Manibhadra Broking (P) Limited	500,000	16.67%
4	Amit Kotia	354,181	11.81%
5	Keyur Gandhi	25,364	0.85%
6	Rahul Dsouza	13,969	0.47%
7	Dorothy Dsouza	13,968	0.47%
8	Roma Dsouza	13,968	0.47%
9	Rose Dsouza	13,968	0.47%
10	Amit Prajapati	77	0.00%
	TOTAL	30,00,000	100%

- c. The top ten (10) shareholders of our Company as of two (2) years prior to the filing of the prospectus with the Stock Exchange are as follows:

Sr. No.	Name and address of the shareholder	No. of Shares	% of share capital
1	Shree Manibhadra Broking pvt ltd	3,41,743	19.62%
2	Shree Krishna Holiday Home And Farms Limited	3,01,071	17.28%
3	Namra Traders And Distributors LLP	3,00,000	17.22%
4	Accuworks Infrastructure Private Limited	3,00,000	17.22%
5	Rajiv Rameshchandra Kotia	2,45,680	14.10%
6	Bhumika Sidhpura	2,28,236	13.10%
7	Keyur Sharadchandra Gandhi	25,364	1.46%
8	Yogesh Prajapati	1	0.00%
9	Vijay Thakore	1	0.00%
10	Amit Prajapati	1	0.00%
11	Suhas T Shridev	1	0.00%
12	Raman Thakore	1	0.00%
13	Natu Thakore	1	0.00%
Total		1742100	100.00%

14. Except as mentioned above, there has been no subscription to or sale or purchase of our Equity Shares, within the three (3) years immediately preceding the date of this prospectus, by our Promoters, Directors or Promoter Group which in aggregate equals or exceeds 1% of the Pre-Offer Equity Share capital of our Company.
15. Our Company has not granted any options or allotted any Equity Shares under the ESOP Scheme as on the date of this prospectus.
16. Our Company has not issued and allotted Equity Shares in terms of scheme(s) approved under Section 391-394 of the Companies Act, 1956.
17. Our Promoters, Promoter Group, our Directors and their relatives has not entered into any financing arrangements or financed the purchase of the Equity shares of our Company by any other person during the period of six (6) months immediately preceding the date of filing of the prospectus.
18. We hereby confirm that there will be no further issue of capital whether by the way of issue of bonus shares, preferential allotment, right issue or in any other manner during the period commencing from the date of the prospectus until the Equity shares offered have been listed or application money unblocked on account of failure of Offer.

19. Our Company, its Directors, Promoters or the Lead Manager have not entered into any buy-back or standby arrangements for the purchase of the Equity Shares of our Company.
20. No Promoter group and their relatives have purchase and sold their Equity Shares during the period of six (6) months immediately preceding the date of filing of this prospectus with the Stock Exchange.
21. Our Company undertakes that there shall be only one (1) denomination for the Equity Shares of our Company, unless otherwise permitted by law. Our Company shall comply with such disclosure and accounting norms as specified by SEBI from time to time.
22. There are no outstanding warrants, options or rights to convert debentures, loans or other instruments into Equity Shares as on the date of this prospectus.
23. The Equity Shares are fully paid up and there are no partly paid-up Equity Shares as on the date of filing of this prospectus.
24. Our Company has not issued Equity Shares out of Revaluation Reserves.
25. Our Company shall comply with such disclosures and accounting norms as may be specified by BSE, SEBI and other regulatory authorities from time to time.
26. The Equity Shares issued pursuant to this Offer shall be fully paid-up.
27. Our Company has not made any public issue of any kind or class of securities of our Company within the immediately preceding two (2) years prior to filing this prospectus, except as mentioned in Chapter “*Capital Structure*”, beginning on page no 52 of the prospectus.
28. As on date of this prospectus, our Company has 10(Ten) shareholders.
29. Since this is an Offer for Sale by the existing shareholder of our Company, we have not raised any bridge loan.
30. Our Company, Directors, the Selling Shareholder, Promoters or members of our Promoter Group shall not make any payments, direct or indirect, discounts, commissions, allowances or otherwise under this offer except as disclosed in the prospectus.
31. Our Company does not have any proposal or intention to alter the equity capital structure by way of split/consolidation of the denomination of the Equity Shares, or the issue of securities on a preferential basis or issue of bonus or rights or further public issue of securities or qualified institutions placement within a period of six (6) months from the date of opening of the Offer. However, if business needs of our Company so require, our Company may alter the capital structure by way of split / consolidation of the denomination of the Equity Shares / issue of Equity Shares on a preferential basis or issue of bonus or rights or public or preferential issue of Equity Shares or any other securities during the period of six (6) months from the date of opening of the Offer or from the date the application moneys are refunded on account of failure of the Offer, after seeking and obtaining all the approvals which may be required.
32. Our Company has not revalued its assets during the last five (5) financial years.
33. An over-subscription to the extent of 10% of the Offer can be retained for the purpose of rounding off to the nearest integer during finalizing the allotment, subject to minimum allotment, which is the minimum application size in this Offer. Consequently, the actual allotment may go up by a maximum of 10% of the Offer, as a result of which, the Post-Offer paid up capital after the Offer would also increase by the excess amount of allotment so made. In such an event, the Equity Shares held by the Promoter and subject to three (3) years lock- in shall be suitably increased; so as to ensure that 20% of the Post Offer paid-up capital is locked in.
34. Under subscription, if any, in any of the categories, would be allowed to be met with spill-over from any of the other categories or a combination of categories at the discretion of our Company in consultation with the Lead Manager and Designated Stock Exchange i.e. BSE Limited (SME Platform). Such inter-se spill over, if any, would be affected in accordance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.
35. In case of over-subscription in all categories the allocation in the Offer shall be as per the requirements of Regulation 43(4) of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations.

36. The unsubscribed portion in any reserved category (if any) may be added to any other reserved category.
37. The unsubscribed portion if any, after such inter se adjustments among the reserved categories shall be added back to the net offer to the public portion.
38. There are no Equity Shares against which depository receipts have been issued.
39. Other than the Equity Shares, there is no other class of securities issued by our Company.
40. This Offer is being made through Fixed Price method.
41. In terms of Rule 19(2)(b)(i) of the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957, as amended, (the SCRR) the Issue is being made for at least 25% of the Post-Offer paid-up Equity Share capital of our Company. Further, this Offer is being made in terms of Chapter XB of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations. As per Regulation 43(4) of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, since our is a fixed price Offer 'the allocation' is the Net Offer to the public category shall be made as follows:
- Minimum fifty percent (50%) to retail individual investors; and
 - Remaining to other than retail individual investors.
- The unsubscribed portion in either of the categories specified in (a) or (b) above may be allocated to the applicants in the other category. If the retail individual investor category is entitled to more than fifty percent (50%) on proportionate basis, accordingly the retail individual investors shall be allocated that higher percentage.
42. Our Promoters and members of our Promoter Group will not participate in the Offer.
43. The Lead Manager and its associates do not hold any Equity Shares in our Company as on the date of filing this prospectus.
44. The details of equity shares being offered for sale are as follows:

Sr. No	Particulars	Number of Shares	Percentage (%) holding
1	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	5,45,819	18.19%
2	Amit Kotia	3,54,181	11.81%
	Total	9,00,000	30.00%

SECTION-IV: PARTICULARS OF THE OFFER**OBJECTS OF THE OFFER**

The objects of the Offer are to achieve the benefits of listing the Equity Shares on the SME Platform of BSE and to carry out the sale of 9,00,000 Equity Shares by the Selling Shareholder. The listing of the Equity Shares will enhance our visibility, brand name and provide liquidity to the existing shareholders. The listing of the Equity Shares will also provide a public market for the Equity Shares in India. Our Company will not receive any proceeds from the Offer. All proceeds from the Offer will go to the Promoter Selling Shareholders i.e. Mr. Ravi Rajiv Kotia & Mr. Amit Rameshbhai Kotia in their proportionate share contribution for offer for sale. For further details, see the section titled “*The Offer*” beginning on page no 42 of this prospectus.

Offer related expenses

The total expenses of the Offer are estimated to be approximately ₹ 15 Lakh. The expenses of this Offer include, among others, underwriting and lead management fees, selling commissions, SCSBs’ commissions/ fees, printing and distribution expenses, legal fees, Offer related advertisements and publicity, registrar and depository fees and listing fees.

Other than listing fees, which will be paid by the Company, all costs, fees and expenses with respect to the Offer will be paid by the Selling Shareholder, upon successful completion of the Offer. Upon the successful completion of the Offer, the Selling Shareholder agrees that he will reimburse the Company, for any expenses incurred by the Company on behalf of such Selling Shareholder.

The break-up for the Offer expenses is as follows:-

Activity	Expenses (Rs. in Lakhs)	% of offer size
Payment to Merchant Banker including underwriting and selling commissions, brokerages, payment to other intermediaries such as Legal Advisors, Registrars, Bankers etc and other out of pocket expenses	15.00	12.82%
TOTAL	15.00	12.82%

MONITORING OF UTILIZATION OF FUNDS

Since the Offer is an offer for sale and our Company will not receive any proceeds from the Offer, our Company is not required to appoint a monitoring agency for the Offer.

BASIC TERMS OF THE OFFER

Authority for the Offer

The offer in terms of this prospectus has been authorized pursuant to the resolution passed by the Board of Directors dated June 21, 2018 and by the shareholders pursuant to the special resolution passed in an Extra Ordinary General Meeting dated July 14, 2018 under section 28 of the Companies Act, 2013

Ranking of Equity Shares

The Equity Shares being offered under the Issue shall be subject to the provisions of our Memorandum and Articles and shall rank pari-passu with the existing Equity Shares of our Company including rights in respect of dividends. The Allottees in receipt of Allotment of Equity Shares under this Issue will be entitled to dividends or any other corporate benefits, if any, declared by the Company after the date of Allotment. For further details, please refer to the chapter “*Main Provisions of the Articles of Association*” beginning on page no 223 of this prospectus.

Terms of the Offer

The Equity Shares, now being offered, are subject to the terms and conditions of this prospectus, Application form, Confirmation of Allocation Note (“CAN”), the Memorandum and Articles of Association of our Company, the guidelines for listing of securities issued by the Government of India and SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2009, the Depositories Act, Stock Exchange, RBI, RoC and/or other authorities as in force on the date of the Issue and to the extent applicable.

In addition, the Equity Shares shall also be subject to such other conditions as may be incorporated in the Share Certificates, as per the/ SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2009, notifications and other regulations for the issue of capital and listing of securities laid down from time to time by the Government of India and/or other authorities and other documents that may be executed in respect of the Equity Shares.

Face Value	Each Equity Share shall have the face value of Rs.10/- each.
Offer Price	Each Equity Share is being offered at a price of Rs. 13/- each and is 1.3 times of the Face Value.
Market and Trading Lot	The Market lot and Trading lot for the Equity Share is 10,000 (Ten Thousand) and the multiple of 10,000 subjects to a minimum allotment of 10,000 Equity Shares to the successful applicants.
Terms of Payment	100% of the Issue price of Rs. 13/- shall be payable on Application. For more details please refer to “offerProcedure” beginning on page no 185 of this prospectus.
Ranking of the Equity Shares	The Equity Shares shall be subject to the Memorandum and Articles of Association of our Company and shall rank pari passu in all respects including dividends with the existing Equity Shares of our Company.

MINIMUM SUBSCRIPTION

In accordance with Regulation 106(P)(1) of SEBI ICDR Regulations, this Offer is 100% underwritten. Also, in accordance with explanation to Regulation 106(P)(1) of SEBI ICDR Regulations the underwriting shall not be restricted up to the minimum subscription level.

If our Company does not receive the subscription of 100% of the Offer including devolvement on Underwriters within 60 (Sixty) days from the date of closure of the issue, our Company shall forthwith unblock the entire subscription amount received. If there is a delay beyond 8 (eight) days after our Company becomes liable to pay the amount, our Company shall pay interest prescribed in the Companies Act.

Further, in accordance with Regulation 106(R) of SEBI ICDR Regulations, no allotment shall be made pursuant to the Offer, if the number of prospective allottees is less than 50 (fifty). For further details, please refer to section titled “Terms of the Offer” beginning on page no 177 of this prospectus.

BASIS FOR OFFER PRICE

Investors should read the following summary with the section titled "Risk Factors", the details about our Company under the section titled "Our Business" and its financial statements under the section titled "Financial Information of the company" beginning on page no 12, page no 93 and page no 127 respectively of the prospectus. The trading price of the Equity Shares of Our Company could decline due to these risks and the investor may lose all or part of his investment.

The Offer Price of Rs. 13/- per equity share has been determined by the Company and selling shareholder in consultation with the Lead Manager on the basis of the following qualitative and quantitative factors. The face value of the Equity Shares is ₹ 10/- each and the Offer Price is ₹ 13/- per Equity Share which is 1.3 (one point three) times of the face value.

QUALITATIVE FACTORS

- ❖ Established marketing set-up
- ❖ Tremendous Goodwill and Trust of the Company amongst investors
- ❖ Scalable business model
- ❖ Management expertise

For a detailed discussion on the qualitative factors which form the basis for computing the price, please refer to section titled "Our Business" beginning on page no 93 of this prospectus.

QUANTITATIVE FACTORS

The information presented below relating to the Company is based on the restated financial statements of the Company prepared in accordance with Indian GAAP. Some of the quantitative factors, which form the basis for computing the price, are as follows:

1. Basic & Diluted Earnings Per Share (EPS), as adjusted

S. No	Period	Basic & Diluted (₹)	Weights
1.	FY 2015-16	0.15	1
2.	FY 2016-17	0.08	2
3.	FY 2017-18	0.13	3
	Weighted Average	0.12	

Notes:

- i. The figures disclosed above are based on the restated financial statements of the Company.
- ii. The face value of each Equity Share is ₹ 10.00.
- iii. Earnings per Share has been calculated in accordance with Accounting Standard 20 – "Earnings per Share" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.
- iv. The above statement should be read with Significant Accounting Policies and the Notes to the Restated Financial Statements as appearing in Annexure 4.
- v. The Basic & Diluted Earning Per Share (EPS) for the period 01/04/2018 to 30/06/2018 is 0.04 (Not Annualised)

2. Price Earning (P/E) Ratio in relation to the Offer Price of ₹ 13:

S. No	Particulars	P/E
1	P/E ratio based on the Basic & Diluted EPS, as restated for FY 2017-18	100.00
2	P/E ratio based on the Weighted Average EPS, as restated for FY 2017-18	111.43

3. Return on Net worth (RoNW)*

S. No	Period	RONW (%)	Weights
1.	FY 2015-16	1.12	1
2.	FY 2016-17	0.57	2
3.	FY 2017-18	0.92	3
	Weighted Average	0.84	

*Restated Profit after tax/Net Worth

Note: Return on networth for the period 01/04/2018 to 30/06/2018 is 0.32% (Not Annualised)

4. Minimum Return on Net Worth after Offer to maintain Pre-Offer basic & diluted EPS for the FY 2017-18.

There will be no change in the Net worth Post-Offer as the Offer is by way of Offer for Sale by the Selling Shareholders.

5. Net Asset Value (NAV) per Equity Share:

Sr. No.	As at	NAV (₹)
1.	March 31, 2015	12.82
2.	March 31, 2016	12.97
3.	March 31, 2017	13.29
4.	March 31, 2018	12.79
5.	June 30, 2018	12.83
6.	NAV after Offer	12.83
	Offer Price	13.00

7. Comparison of Accounting Ratios with Industry Peers¹

We believe that there are no listed companies in India which are solely engaged in same type of business like ours. Hence a strict comparison is not possible.

8. The face value of our shares is ₹10/- per share and the Offer Price is of ₹ 13/- per share
9. Our Company in consultation with the Lead Manager believes that the Offer Price of ₹ 13/- per share for the Public Offer is justified in view of the above parameters. The investors may also want to peruse the risk factors and financials of the Company including important profitability and return ratios, as set out in the Auditors' Report in the offer Document to have more informed view about the investment.
10. Investors should read the above-mentioned information along with sections titled "Our Business", "Risk Factors" and "Financial Information of the company" beginning on page no 93, page no 12 and page no 127 respectively including important profitability and return ratios, as set out in "Annexure XXXI" to the Financial Information of our Company beginning on page no127 of this prospectus to have a more informed view.

STATEMENT OF TAX BENEFITS

To,
The Board of Directors,
Shree Krishna Infrastructure Limited
Bungalow No.36, Rang Residency,
Vadia, Rajpipla, Narmada- 393145,
Gujarat, India

Sub: Statement of Possible Special Tax Benefits Available to the Company and its shareholders prepared in accordance with the requirements under Schedule VIII-Clause (VII) (L) of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2009, as amended (the "Regulations")

We hereby report that the enclosed annexure prepared by Shree Krishna Infrastructure Limited, states the possible special tax benefits available to Shree Krishna Infrastructure Limited ("the Company") and the shareholders of the Company under the Income Tax Act, 1961 ("Act"), presently in force in India. Several of these benefits are dependent on the Company or its shareholders fulfilling the conditions prescribed under the relevant provisions of the Act. Hence, the ability of the Company or its shareholders to derive the special tax benefits is dependent upon fulfilling such conditions, which based on the business imperatives, the company may or may not choose to fulfil. The benefits discussed in the enclosed Annexure cover only special tax benefits available to the Company and shareholders do not cover any general tax benefits available to the Company. Further, the preparation of enclosed statement and the contents stated herein is the responsibility of the Company's management. We are informed that, this Statement is only intended to provide general information to the investors and is neither designed nor intended to be a substitute for professional tax advice. In view of the individual nature of the tax consequences and the changing tax laws, each investor is advised to consult his or her own tax consultant with respect to the specific tax implications arising out of their participation in the proposed initial public offering of equity shares ("the Offer") by the Company.

We do not express any opinion or provide any assurance as to whether:

- i. Company or its shareholders will continue to obtain these benefits in future; or
- ii. The conditions prescribed for availing the benefits has been/ would be met with.

The contents of the enclosed statement are based on information, explanations and representations obtained from the Company and on the basis of our understanding of the business activities and operations of the Company. Our views are based on facts and assumptions indicated to us and the existing provisions of tax law and its interpretations, which are subject to change or modification from time to time by subsequent legislative, regulatory, administrative, or judicial decisions. Any such changes, which could also be retrospective, could have an effect on the validity of our views stated herein. We assume no obligation to update this statement on any events subsequent to its issue, which may have a material effect on the discussions herein. This report including enclosed annexure are intended solely for your information and for the inclusion in the Prospectus/ Prospectus or any other offer related material in connection with the proposed initial public offer of the Company and is not to be used, referred to or distributed for any other purpose without our prior written consent.

For M/s. Bhatte & Company
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No: 131092W

Sd/-

Daulal.H. Bhatte
Proprietor
Membership No: 016937

Date: 17.08.2018
Place: Mumbai

ANNEXURE TO THE STATEMENT OF TAX BENEFITS:

The information provided below sets out the possible special tax benefits available to the Company and the Equity Shareholders under the Income Tax Act 1961 presently in force in India. It is not exhaustive or comprehensive and is not intended to be a substitute for professional advice. Investors are advised to consult their own tax consultant with respect to the tax implications of an investment in the Equity Shares particularly in view of the fact that certain recently enacted legislation may not have a direct legal precedent or may have a different interpretation on the benefits, which an investor can avail.

YOU SHOULD CONSULT YOUR OWN TAX ADVISORS CONCERNING THE INDIAN TAX IMPLICATIONS AND CONSEQUENCES OF PURCHASING, OWNING AND DISPOSING OF EQUITY SHARES IN YOUR PARTICULAR SITUATION.

A. SPECIAL TAX BENEFITS TO THE COMPANY

The Company is not entitled to any special tax benefits under the Act.

B. SPECIAL TAX BENEFITS TO THE SHAREHOLDER

The Shareholders of the Company are not entitled to any special tax benefits under the Act

Note:

1. All the above benefits are as per the current tax laws and will be available only to the sole / first name holder where the shares are held by joint holders.
2. The above statement covers only certain relevant direct tax law benefits and does not cover any indirect tax law benefits or benefit under any other law.

No assurance is given that the revenue authorities/courts will concur with the views expressed herein.

Our views are based on the existing provisions of law and its interpretation, which are subject to changes from time to time. We do not assume responsibility to update the views consequent to such changes. We do not assume responsibility to update the views consequent to such changes. We shall not be liable to any claims, liabilities or expenses relating to this assignment except to the extent of fees relating to this assignment, as finally judicially determined to have resulted primarily from bad faith or intentional misconduct. We will not be liable to any other person in respect of this statement.

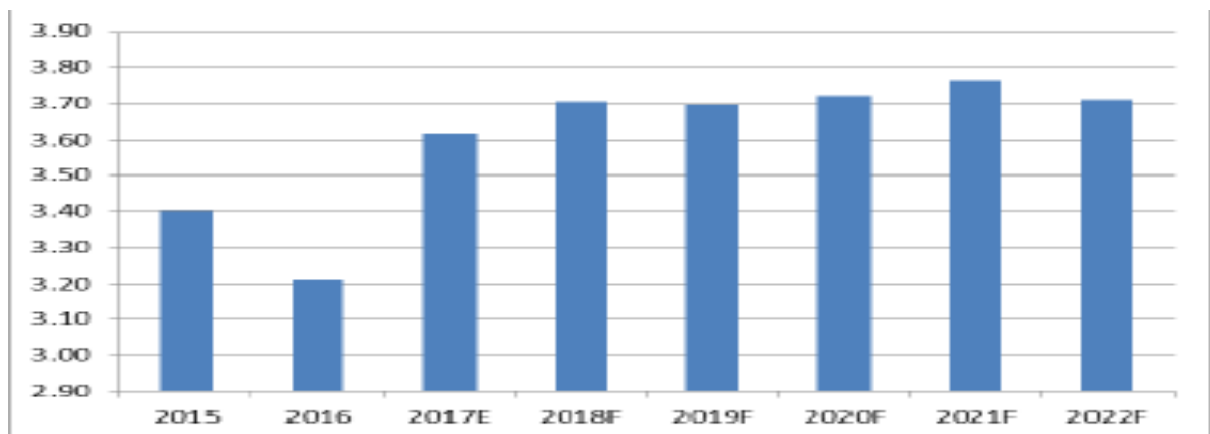
SECTION V: ABOUT THE COMPANY AND THE INDUSTRY**INDUSTRY OVERVIEW**

The information in this section has been extracted from various websites and publicly available documents from various industry sources. The data may have been re-classified by us for the purpose of presentation. Neither we nor any other person connected with the Offer has independently verified the information provided in this section. Industry sources and publications, referred to in this section, generally state that the information contained therein has been obtained from sources generally believed to be reliable but their accuracy, completeness and underlying assumptions are not guaranteed and their reliability cannot be assured, and, accordingly, investment decisions should not be based on such information.

OVERVIEW OF THE GLOBAL AND INDIAN ECONOMY**GLOBAL OUTLOOK**

Banking on the resurgence of global majors and the continuing policy stimulus-driven growth in China, India and similar economies, the outlook for global GDP growth for 2018 is 3.7%. While the U.S. is expected to see a modest growth pick-up due to stronger business and consumer confidence, both Europe and Japan are forecast to have stronger and sustained momentum with diminished political uncertainty and growing private consumption respectively.

Exhibit 1: GDP Real Growth, Global, 2014-2021 (%)



Source: IMF

Digitization, improvement in the labour force and stronger productivity can help sustain the growth momentum and provide a favourable environment for businesses to thrive. Companies, however, need to stay focused on strengthening their growth through an apt combination of technology, innovation and skills.

Advanced economies:

- The growth forecast in the United States has been revised down from 2.3 percent to 2.1 percent in 2017 and from 2.5 percent to 2.1 percent in 2018. While the markdown in the 2017 forecast reflects in part the weak growth outturn in the first quarter of the year, the major factor behind the growth revision, especially for 2018, is the assumption that fiscal policy will be less expansionary than previously assumed, given the uncertainty about the timing and nature of U.S. fiscal policy changes. Market expectations of fiscal stimulus have also receded.
- The growth forecast has also been revised down for the United Kingdom for 2017 on weaker-than-expected activity in the first quarter.
- By contrast, growth projections for 2017 have been revised up for many euro area countries, including France, Germany, Italy, and Spain, where growth for the first quarter of 2017 was generally above expectations. This, together with positive growth revisions for the last quarter of 2016 and high-frequency

indicators for the second quarter of 2017, indicate stronger momentum in domestic demand than previously anticipated.

- The growth forecast for 2017 was also revised up for Canada, where buoyant domestic demand boosted first-quarter growth to 3.7 percent and indicators suggest resilient second-quarter activity, and marginally for Japan, where private consumption, investment, and exports supported first-quarter growth.

(Source-<https://www.imf.org/en/Publications/WEO/Issues/2017/07/07/world-economic-outlook-update-july-2017>)

Emerging and developing economies: -

Emerging and developing economies are projected to see a sustained pickup in activity, with growth rising from 4.3 percent in 2016 to 4.6 percent in 2017 and 4.8 percent in 2018. These forecasts reflect upward revisions, relative to April, of 0.2 percentage point for 2016, and 0.1 percentage point for 2017. As in the most recent WEO forecast vintages, growth is primarily driven by commodity importers, but its pickup reflects to an important extent gradually improving conditions in large commodity exporters that experienced recessions in 2015–16, in many cases caused or exacerbated by declining commodity prices.

- China's growth is expected to remain at 6.7 percent in 2017, the same level as in 2016, and to decline only modestly in 2018 to 6.4 percent. The forecast for 2017 was revised up by 0.1 percentage point, reflecting the stronger than expected outturn in the first quarter of the year underpinned by previous policy easing and supply-side reforms (including efforts to reduce excess capacity in the industrial sector). For 2018, the upward revision of 0.2 percentage point mainly reflects an expectation that the authorities will delay the needed fiscal adjustment (especially by maintaining high public investment) to meet their target of doubling 2010 real GDP by 2020. Delay comes at the cost of further large increases in debt, however, so downside risks around this baseline have also increased.
- Growth in India is forecast to pick up further in 2017 and 2018, in line with the April 2017 forecast. While activity slowed following the currency exchange initiative, growth for 2016—at 7.1 percent—was higher than anticipated due to strong government spending and data revisions that show stronger momentum in the first part of the year. With a pickup in global trade and strengthening domestic demand, growth in the ASEAN-5 economies is projected to remain robust at around 5 percent, with generally strong first quarter outturns leading to a slight upward revision for 2017 relative to the April WEO.
- In Emerging and Developing Europe, growth is projected to pick up in 2017, primarily driven by a higher growth forecast for Turkey, where exports recovered strongly in the last quarter of 2016 and the first quarter of 2017 following four quarters of moderate contraction, and external demand is projected to be stronger with improved prospects for euro area trading partners. The Russian economy is projected to recover gradually in 2017 and 2018, in line with the April forecast.
- After contracting in 2016, economic activity in Latin America is projected to recover gradually in 2017–18 as a few countries—including Argentina and Brazil—exit their recessions. In comparison to the April 2017 WEO, Brazil's growth forecast for 2017 is now higher in light of the strong first quarter, but ongoing weakness in domestic demand and an increase in political and policy uncertainty will be reflected in a more subdued pace of recovery, and hence in lower projected growth in 2018. Mexico's growth forecast for 2017 is revised up from 1.7 to 1.9 percent on the back of strong activity in the first quarter of the year, with an unchanged forecast for 2018. Revisions for the rest of the region are mostly to the downside, including a further deterioration of conditions in Venezuela.
- Growth in the Middle East, North Africa, Afghanistan, and Pakistan region is projected to slow considerably in 2017, reflecting primarily a slowdown in activity in oil exporters, before recovering in 2018. The 2017–18 forecasts is broadly unchanged relative to the April 2017 WEO, but the growth outcome in 2016 is estimated to have been considerably stronger in light of higher growth in Iran. The recent decline in oil prices, if sustained, could weigh further on the outlook for the region's oil exporters.
- In Sub-Saharan Africa, the outlook remains challenging. Growth is projected to rise in 2017 and 2018, but will barely return to positive territory in per capita terms this year for the region as a whole—and would remain negative for about a third of the countries in the region. The slight upward revision to 2017 growth relative to the April 2017 WEO forecast reflects a modest upgrading of growth prospects for South Africa, which is experiencing a bumper crop due to better rainfall and an increase in mining output prompted by a moderate rebound in commodity prices. However, the outlook for South Africa remains difficult, with elevated political uncertainty and weak consumer and business confidence, and the country's growth forecast was consequently marked down for 2018.

(Source-<https://www.imf.org/en/Publications/WEO/Issues/2017/07/07/world-economic-outlook-update-july-2017>)

Among all large economies, India is likely to demonstrate a rapid and sustainable growth, at a CAGR of 9.46% from 2016 to 2021, driven by strong manufacturing-led industrial expansion and consumption demands from the private sector. According to Frost & Sullivan's analysis based on data from 2017 IMF WEO Update, the country's GDP is well positioned to cross USD 3,000 billion (INR 200 trillion) by 2020; in the event of accelerated manufacturing and investment, this figure could even potentially balloon to USD 3,600 billion (INR 240 trillion).

Exhibit 2: GDP Growth, India, 2014-2021



Note: All the figures are on a fiscal year basis

Source: Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation, India

Policies:-

Policy choices will therefore be crucial in shaping the outlook and reducing risks:-

- Strengthening the momentum. With countries at present facing divergent cyclical conditions, differing stances of monetary and fiscal policy remain appropriate. In advanced economies where demand is still lacking and inflation too low, monetary and (where feasible) fiscal support should continue; elsewhere monetary policy should normalize gradually, in line with economic developments, and fiscal policy should focus on supporting reforms aimed at expanding the economy's supply potential. Countries in need of fiscal consolidation should do so with growth-friendly measures. Emerging market economies should continue to allow exchange rates to buffer shocks, wherever possible.
- Making growth resilient and balanced. Efforts to accelerate private sector balance sheet repair and ensure sustainability of public debt are critical foundations for a resilient recovery. So are efforts from surplus and deficit countries alike to reduce excess current account imbalances.
- Sustaining high and inclusive growth in the long term. This goal calls for well sequenced and tailored structural reforms to boost productivity and investment, measures to narrow gender labor force participation gaps, and active support for those hurt by shifts in technology or trade.
- Enhancing resilience in low-income countries. Among low-income developing countries, commodity exporters generally need sizable adjustment to correct macroeconomic imbalances, a challenge that would be exacerbated for fuel exporters by a persistent decline in oil prices. Policy priorities for diversified low income developing countries vary, given the diversity of country circumstances, but an overarching goal for these economies should be to enhance resilience against potential future shocks by strengthening fiscal positions and foreign reserves holdings while growth is strong.
- Working toward shared prosperity. A well-functioning multilateral framework for international economic relations is another key ingredient of strong, sustainable, balanced, and inclusive growth. Pursuit of zero-sum policies can only end by hurting all countries, as history shows. Because national policies inevitably interact and create spillovers across countries, the world economy works far better for all when policymakers engage in regular dialogue and work within agreed mechanisms to resolve disagreements. A rule-based and open world trading system is especially vital for global prosperity, but it must be supported by domestic policies to facilitate adjustment, not only to trade but to rapid technological change.

- Cooperating to ensure evenhandedness. At the same time, the international community should continue to adapt the multilateral system to the changing global economy. Active dialogue and cooperation will help to improve and modernize the rules, while addressing valid country concerns. This process will ensure continued mutual benefits and evenhandedness. Together with strong domestic policies, it will also help avoid a broad withdrawal from multilateralism, either through widespread protectionism or a competitive race to the bottom in financial and regulatory oversight, which would leave all countries worse off.

(Source-<https://www.imf.org/en/Publications/WEO/Issues/2017/07/07/world-economic-outlook-update-july-2017>)

INDIAN ECONOMY OVERVIEW

Economic growth of around 7½% makes India the fastest-growing G20 economy. The acceleration of structural reforms, the move towards a rule-based policy framework and low commodity prices have provided a strong growth impetus. Recent deregulation measures and efforts to improve the ease of doing business have boosted foreign investment. Investment is still held back by the relatively high corporate income tax rates, a slow land acquisition process, regulations which remain stringent in some areas, weak corporate balance sheets, high non-performing loans which weigh on banks' lending, and infrastructure bottlenecks. Quality job creation has been low, held back by complex labour laws.

A comprehensive tax reform would promote inclusive growth. Timely and effective implementation of the Goods and Services Tax would support competitiveness, investment and economic growth. Government's plans to reduce the corporate income tax rate and broaden the base will serve the same objectives. These two on-going reforms have been designed to be revenue-neutral while India needs to raise additional tax revenue to meet social and physical infrastructure needs. Property and personal income taxes, which are paid by very few people, could be reformed to raise more revenue, promote social justice and empower sub-national governments to better respond to local needs. Ensuring clarity and certainty in tax legislation and employing more skilled tax officers would strengthen the tax administration and make the system fairer and more effective.

Spatial disparities in living standards are large. India is reforming relations across levels of government to empower the states and make policies more responsive to local conditions. Some states have taken the lead in improving the ease of doing business and now enjoy higher productivity and income. Additional efforts to showcase reform efforts at the state level and identify best practices will support the reform process and help achieve better and balanced regional development. In rural areas, poverty rates are high and access to core public services is often poor. Farm productivity is low owing to small and fragmented land holdings, poor input management, and inefficient market conditions. In urban areas, agglomeration benefits are quickly reduced by congestion costs, in particular air pollution and long commuting times, all of which reduce well-being.

(Sources- Organisation for Economic Co-operation and development <http://www.oecd.org/eco/surveys/INDIA-2017-OECD-economic-survey-overview.pdf>)

Strong growth has raised incomes and reduced poverty but inequalities remain

Strong growth since the mid-1990s has raised GDP per capita by over 5% per year. The acceleration of structural reforms since 2014 and the move towards a rule-based policy framework have brought a new growth impetus and improved the outlook:

- The reaffirmation of fiscal rules and the implementation of inflation targeting have improved predictability of macroeconomic policy and policy outcomes.
- Licenses for oil, gas fields and coal mines have been auctioned under clear rules, thus ending the practice of discretionary allocation.
- In the context of the Make in India initiative, foreign direct investment (FDI) rules have been changed, reducing the share of FDI inflows requiring government approval.
- The simplification of administrative requirements, the scrapping of obsolete laws, the modernisation of bankruptcy laws, the removal of specific tax reliefs and greater reliance on e-government are improving the ease of doing business and reducing administrative delays, uncertainty and corruption.
- Discretionary and earmarked grants from the central government to the states have largely been replaced by a higher tax share, empowering the states to experiment and tailor policies to local needs. A ranking system for the states on the ease of doing business has been introduced.

- The implementation of a goods and services tax (GST), to replace a myriad of consumption taxes, could be a game-changer over the medium-run: it will help make India a common market and promote investment, productivity and competitiveness.

The pace of reform is quite remarkable given the complexity of the federal structure of government and the diversity in terms of culture, languages, geography and level of development across the country.

Growth has also become more inclusive as about 140 million people have been taken out of poverty in less than 10 years. India has relied on large welfare programmes including price-support for food, energy and fertilisers and has the world's largest programme guaranteeing the "right to work" in rural areas. The on-going reform of these schemes towards better targeting of those in need, reducing administrative costs and corruption, and supporting financial inclusion could serve as best practice for many emerging economies. However, many Indians still lack access to core public services, such as electricity and sanitation. Public spending on health care, at slightly more than 1% of GDP, is low (OECD, 2014). Although almost all children have access to primary education, the quality is uneven. Female labour force participation remains low (OECD, 2014). However, some other indicators of gender equality have improved, such as female life expectancy at birth (which is now greater than that of men) and participation in education. Deprivation is pronounced in rural areas and urban slums although some states have performed better to reduce poverty. A comprehensive tax reform should help to raise more revenue to finance much needed social and physical infrastructure, promote corporate investment, enable more effective redistribution and strengthen the ability of states and municipalities to better respond to local needs. The implementation of the landmark GST reform will contribute to make India a single market. By reducing tax cascading, it will boost India's competitiveness, investment and job creation. The GST reform is designed to be initially revenue-neutral. It should be complemented by a reform of income and property taxes

Overcoming remaining structural bottlenecks would help maintain rapid growth and make it more inclusive. One of the key challenges is to create more and better jobs for the 1 million people entering the labour force every month. Less than 10% of the workers are covered by social insurance and labour laws and job creation in the formal sector has been slow over the past decade. Demographics will favour labour force growth up to 2040, as the population is relatively young and the labour market participation of women is still low. Furthermore, existing and new labour resources should gradually shift from the low-productivity agricultural sector and small/unorganised activities to the more productive manufacturing and service sectors. Meeting the aspiration of the growing labour force and reducing inequality arising from the labour market would require modernising labour laws and investing in skills.

(Sources- Organisation for Economic Co-operation and development <http://www.oecd.org/eco/surveys/INDIA-2017-OECD-economic-survey-overview.pdf>)

India is growing fast, but private investment is weak

Economic growth has recovered since 2014 and India has become the fastest-growing G20 economy, with annual growth rates around 7.5%. Private consumption in urban areas has been buoyed by prospects of higher public wages and pensions while government investment and consumption remained strong. The return to a normal monsoon in 2016, after two consecutive years of bad weather, is supporting a recovery in agricultural income and rural consumption. The demonetisation has impacted consumption and other macroeconomic parameters, at least temporarily (Box 1). Despite sustained public investment, total investment declined in real terms in the first half of 2016 (Figure 3.C). Exports fell in the second half of 2014 and 2015 as external demand was weak and the real effective exchange rate appreciated. The hike in excise duties on precious metals, combined with the drop in demand from oil exporting countries, also hurt jewellery exports which account for 15% of total merchandise exports. However, exports bounced back early in 2016 and export orders are growing. Robust growth has been accompanied by a rapid decline in inflation and the current account deficit. As net commodity importer, India has benefitted significantly from the fall in commodity prices, which has lowered pressures on inflation, on the current account deficit and on public spending via lower subsidies. Inflation pressures have been further contained by lower increases in minimum support prices vis-à-vis the past, the active management of food stocks to avoid spikes in food prices, still low capacity utilisation in the industrial sector, and the change in monetary policy framework aimed at anchoring inflation expectations. The decline in merchandise imports - reflecting weak (import intensive) business investment, lower demand for gold and large terms of trade gains - has contributed to keeping the current account deficit below 2% of GDP. Net foreign direct investment has rebounded and will likely more than fully finance the current account deficit in 2016.

The investment to GDP ratio has been on a downward trend for some years. Recently, low capacity utilisation and the weak financial position of some corporations have damped corporate investment. Several factors have added to

these cyclical factors. First, the banking system has been weakened by poorly performing public banks, which suffer from high non-performing loans (see below). Banks also labour under the Statutory Liquidity Ratio, which requires them to hold the equivalent of 21.5% of their deposits in government securities. This reduces government funding costs, but distorts financial markets and limits lending to the private sector. Alternatives to bank funding, in particular a corporate bond market, are underdeveloped in India. Second, infrastructure bottlenecks (e.g. frequent power outages) coupled with the often long land acquisition process, have held back investment, in particular in the manufacturing sector (OECD, 2014). Third, taxation is an issue, with relatively high corporate income tax rates combined with frequent and lengthy tax disputes (Chapter 1). Fourth, the government has substantially deregulated foreign direct investment (FDI) in several sectors over the past two years. FDI inflows (foreign residents' net buying and selling in India) have increased from USD 31 billion in financial year (FY) 2013-14 to USD 45 billion in FY 2015-16 as revealed by the Reserve Bank of India. However, restrictions on FDI were relatively stringent in 2016 compared to other BRIICS and OECD countries.

Overall, chronically low investment, were it to continue, would eventually result in weaker productivity and growth. India's exposure to changes in global financial and trade conditions is relatively low. Household borrowing has increased, partly reflecting financial deepening, and has underpinned private consumption and the construction sector. Household debt is only 9% of GDP (Figure 4). The debt of non-financial corporations in relation to GDP is also relatively low but is highly concentrated in a few sectors (including infrastructure). Some corporations are highly leveraged (in particular in iron and steel, construction, and power sectors) and face difficulty in servicing debt. On the external side, the current account deficit has declined considerably, arising in part from a decline in oil prices and lower imports of capital goods and gold. India's external liabilities are lower than in many EMEs, although a large share is denominated in foreign currency, and foreign exchange reserves have been replenished after the attack on the rupee in 2013. Private investment will pick up to some extent as excess capacity diminishes, deleveraging by corporates and banks continues and infrastructure projects mature. Inflation is projected to continue to decline, as the effectiveness and credibility of monetary policy strengthen and better weather conditions reduce pressures from food inflation. The gradual recovery in (import-intensive) corporate investment and lower remittance flows will weigh on the current account deficit. Robust FDI inflows should however mitigate India's external vulnerability. The implementation of the Goods and Service Tax (GST, Box 2), from FY 2017-18 according to government plan, will support investment and competitiveness over the medium-term, raising GDP growth by 0.5 to 2 percentage points according to estimates (NCAER, 2009; Government of India, 2015c) even though it may have short-term adverse effects on inflation and consumption.

(Sources- Organisation for Economic Co-operation and development <http://www.oecd.org/eco/surveys/INDIA-2017-OECD-economic-survey-overview.pdf>)

India faces risks, some of which are hard to quantify. Further structural reform is a clear upside risk for growth. Some states (including Maharashtra, Madhya Pradesh and Rajasthan) have taken the lead in reforming land and labour market regulations but it is still unclear whether others will follow up. There are also downside risks. Although the government is hopeful, rolling out the GST by April 2017 is an ambitious objective. Any slippage would risk delaying the investment recovery. The increase in public wages entails a risk for inflation, although this risk is limited given the small share of employees in the public administration in total employment (less than 2%) and the fact that implementation at the state level can be expected to be spread over some time. Risks to the banking sector remain elevated due to continuous deterioration in asset quality, low profitability and liquidity (RBI, 2016d). Slower efforts to clean up banks' balance sheets and recapitalise public banks would raise uncertainties and have bearing on investment. Some risks are interconnected. If the Reserve Bank of India increases interest rates to address the inflation risk, the sustainability of corporate debt could be affected. India is not immune to external shocks and fragilities in the global economy. An increase in commodity prices could raise inflation, dampen private consumption and weigh on both the current account and fiscal deficit. India's largest export market is the United States (about 15% of merchandise exports) while China accounts for less than 4% of total merchandise exports. India's economic performance is more sensitive to weather conditions than many other emerging economies since the agricultural sector still accounts for about 18% of GDP and almost 50% of total employment.

A successful monetary policy framework

A flexible inflation targeting policy was implemented in 2015, as recommended in the previous OECD Economic Survey (OECD, 2014). The 2015 Agreement on Monetary Policy Framework between the government and the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) defined the price stability objective explicitly in terms of the target for inflation – as measured by the consumer price index – in the near to medium term: below 6% by January 2016 and at 4% (+/- 2%) for the FY 2016-17 and all the subsequent years. The 2016 amended RBI Act specified that the government, in consultation with the RBI, will set the target level once every five years. Although the 4% inflation target is

ambitious given the rather long history of high inflation, it is consistent with economic studies on the maximum rate of inflation non-detrimental to growth in India

(Sources- Organisation for Economic Co-operation and development<http://www.oecd.org/eco/surveys/INDIA-2017-OECD-economic-survey-overview.pdf>*)*

The framework has been strengthened by the creation, in 2016, of a Monetary Policy Committee vested with monetary policy decision-making, which increases the operational independence of the RBI. The Committee is made up of the RBI governor, two others from the central bank and three representatives from the government, appointed for 4 years. The RBI governor holds the deciding vote in case of a tie. The new framework and a more prudent policy stance have served India well so far. Confidence in the new monetary policy framework has contributed to curbing inflation expectations, to stabilising the rupee, and to attracting foreign capital. As inflation pressures have declined, the RBI has cut policy rates from 8% in December 2014 to 6.25% in October 2016. However, inflation has hovered above 5% and reaching the inflation target remains challenging going forward, especially if public sector wage rises spill over to other sectors or if commodity prices rebound. Bringing down inflation expectations further and establishing a solid nominal anchor to the Indian economy require monetary policy to continue erring on the prudent side until inflation clearly goes back close to the mid-range 4% target. This stance is also consistent with a Taylor rule. Overall, some monetary impulse is still to come as monetary policy transmission improves.

Improving monetary policy transmission

Since 2014 lending rates have adjusted only partially to the decline in policy rates. The impact of monetary policy on real activity is reduced by weaknesses in the transmission mechanism, including administrative measures such as the requirement for banks to hold government bonds (the Statutory Liquidity Ratio, SLR), credit quotas for priority sectors and caps on deposit rates. Several measures have recently been taken to improve monetary policy transmission including: the deregulation of interest rates offered on small saving schemes, incremental cuts in the SLR, the reduction in the daily cash reserve ratio that banks must keep with the central bank, and regulatory changes to force banks to rely more on the marginal cost of funding when calculating lending rates. Easing further regulatory requirements on banks to hold public bonds and lend to priority sectors would strengthen transmission and reduce distortions in the banking system. This would also support the development of the corporate bond market.

(Sources- Organisation for Economic Co-operation and development<http://www.oecd.org/eco/surveys/INDIA-2017-OECD-economic-survey-overview.pdf>*)*

Strengthening the fiscal framework

India's public debt is high compared with other emerging economies and interest payments account for a relatively large share of overall spending. Public debt is largely denominated in rupees, reducing external vulnerabilities. Fiscal consolidation has been pursued by central government since FY 2012-13 and its deficit declined from 4.9% in FY 2012-13 to 3.9% in FY 2015-16. The government took advantage of low oil prices to eliminate diesel subsidies, to better target other subsidies (in particular for cooking gas) and to raise excise duties on petrol, diesel and coal. The service tax rate was raised from 12 to 15% (including the new Clean India earmarked tax). Dividends paid by public enterprises also increased. However, the deficit for the states has risen, resulting in an increase in the combined deficit and debt to GDP ratio (Figure 9.A), although there are large variation in fiscal positions across states

The central government Budget for FY 2016-17 targets a further reduction in the central government deficit to 3.5% of GDP. The recent increase of 16% to 23% in public wages and public employees' pensions, as suggested by the Pay Commission (in India, the public wage structure is revised every 10 years), will increase central government spending for FY 2016-17 by an estimated 0.4% of GDP. Spending priority has also been given to the rural sector, recapitalising banks, and raising infrastructure spending on nuclear and renewable energy, roads, railways and ports. The financing of a large investment projects through public enterprises, i.e. off-budget, receipts from privatisation and the auction of telecom spectrum, as well as new efficiency gains stemming from the subsidy reform has helped contain the central government deficit. Still, the cost for a subset of commodities and services that the government subsidises is estimated at 4.2% of GDP (Government of India, 2015a) although a lower amount appears in the budget (1.8% of GDP for FY 2015-16).

(Sources- Organisation for Economic Co-operation and development<http://www.oecd.org/eco/surveys/INDIA-2017-OECD-economic-survey-overview.pdf>*)*

Debt sustainability analysis highlights possible outcomes and risks going forward. The current fiscal stance of a primary deficit of 2.5% of GDP will put the debt-to GDP ratio on a declining path, assuming growth remains high (7.5%) and interest rates on the public debt do not rise. Even if interest rates were to rise somewhat, the debt-GDP ratio would still decline. However, a significant fall in growth would require tighter fiscal policy to keep the debt-GDP ratio from rising steadily. Some tension may appear in that the Statutory Liquidity Ratio holds down public debt costs, but may also undermine growth by weakening the financial system. Public finance risks are underlined by India's debt ratings, which are at the lowest investment grade. Against this backdrop, debt should be brought down gradually (in relation to GDP), which may well require some fiscal tightening, as the central government plans to do as reflected in the budget for FY 2017/18

India faces risks, some of which are hard to quantify. Further structural reform is a clear upside risk for growth. Some states (including Maharashtra, Madhya Pradesh and Rajasthan) have taken the lead in reforming land and labour market regulations but it is still unclear whether others will follow up. There are also downside risks. Although the government is hopeful, rolling out the GST by April 2017 is an ambitious objective. Any slippage would risk delaying the investment recovery. The increase in public wages entails a risk for inflation, although this risk is limited given the small share of employees in the public administration in total employment (less than 2%) and the fact that implementation at the state level can be expected to be spread over some time. Risks to the banking sector remain elevated due to continuous deterioration in asset quality, low profitability and liquidity (RBI, 2016d). Slower efforts to clean up banks' balance sheets and recapitalise public banks would raise uncertainties and have bearing on investment. Some risks are interconnected. If the Reserve Bank of India increases interest rates to address the inflation risk, the sustainability of corporate debt could be affected. India is not immune to external shocks and fragilities in the global economy. An increase in commodity prices could raise inflation, dampen private consumption and weigh on both the current account and fiscal deficit. India's largest export market is the United States (about 15% of merchandise exports) while China accounts for less than 4% of total merchandise exports. India's economic performance is more sensitive to weather conditions than many other emerging economies since the agricultural sector still accounts for about 18% of GDP and almost 50% of total employment.

(Sources- Organisation for Economic Co-operation and development <http://www.oecd.org/eco/surveys/INDIA-2017-OECD-economic-survey-overview.pdf>)

ABOUT INDIAN ECONOMY GROWTH RATE & STATISTICS

Introduction

India has emerged as the fastest growing major economy in the world as per the Central Statistics Organisation (CSO) and International Monetary Fund (IMF) and it is expected to be one of the top three economic powers of the world over the next 10-15 years, backed by its strong democracy and partnerships. India's GDP is estimated to have increased 6.6 per cent in 2017-18 and is expected to grow 7.3 per cent in 2018-19.

Market size

India's gross domestic product (GDP) at constant prices grew by 7.2 per cent in September-December 2017 quarter as per the Central Statistics Organisation (CSO). Corporate earnings in India are expected to grow by 15-20 per cent in FY 2018-19 supported by recovery in capital expenditure, according to JM Financial.

The tax collection figures between April 2017- February 2018 show an increase in net direct taxes by 19.5 per cent year-on-year and an increase in net direct taxes by 22.2 per cent year-on-year.

India has retained its position as the third largest startup base in the world with over 4,750 technology startups, with about 1,400 new start-ups being founded in 2016, according to a report by NASSCOM.

India's labour force is expected to touch 160-170 million by 2020, based on rate of population growth, increased labour force participation, and higher education enrolment, among other factors, according to a study by ASSOCHAM and Thought Arbitrage Research Institute.

India's foreign exchange reserves were US\$ 422.53 billion in the week up to March 23, 2018, according to data from the RBI.

Recent Developments

With the improvement in the economic scenario, there have been various investments in various sectors of the economy. The M&A activity in India increased 53.3 per cent to US\$ 77.6 billion in 2017 while private equity (PE) deals reached US\$ 24.4 billion. Some of the important recent developments in Indian economy are as follows:

- India's merchandise exports and imports grew 11.02 per cent and 21.04 per cent on a y-o-y basis to US\$ 273.73 billion and US\$ 416.87 billion, respectively, during April-February 2017-18.

- India's Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) inflows reached US\$ 208.99 billion during April 2014 - December 2017, with maximum contribution from services, computer software and hardware, telecommunications, construction, trading and automobiles.
- India's Index of Industrial Production (IIP) rose 7.5 per cent year-on-year in January 2018 while retail inflation reached a four month low of 4.4 per cent in February 2018.
- Employment on net basis in eight key sectors in India including manufacturing, IT and transport increased by 136,000 in July-September quarter of 2017-18.
- The average salary hike of Indian employees is estimated to be 9.4 per cent and that of key talents is estimated to be nearly 15.4 per cent in 2018, backed by increased focus on performance by companies, according to Aon Hewitt.
- Indian merchandise exports in dollar terms registered a growth of 4.48 per cent year-on-year in February 2018 at US\$ 25.83 billion, according to the data from Ministry of Commerce & Industry.
- Indian companies raised Rs 1.6 trillion (US\$ 24.96 billion) through primary market in 2017.
- Moody's upgraded India's sovereign rating after 14 years to Baa2 with a stable economic outlook.
- The top 100 companies in India are leading in the world in terms of disclosing their spending on corporate social responsibility (CSR), according to a 49-country study by global consultancy giant, KPMG.
- The bank recapitalisation plan by Government of India is expected to push credit growth in the country to 15 per cent, according to a report by Ambit Capital.
- India has improved its ranking in the World Bank's Doing Business Report by 30 spots over its 2017 ranking and is ranked 100 among 190 countries in 2018 edition of the report.
- India's ranking in the world has improved to 126 in terms of its per capita GDP, based on purchasing power parity (PPP) as it increased to US\$ 7,170 in 2017, as per data from the International Monetary Fund (IMF).
- India is expected to have 100,000 startups by 2025, which will create employment for 3.25 million people and US\$ 500 billion in value, as per Mr T V Mohan Das Pai, Chairman, Manipal Global Education.
- The World Bank has stated that private investments in India is expected to grow by 8.8 per cent in FY 2018-19 to overtake private consumption growth of 7.4 per cent, and thereby drive the growth in India's gross domestic product (GDP) in FY 2018-19.
- The Niti Aayog has predicted that rapid adoption of green mobility solutions like public transport, electric vehicles and car-pooling could likely help India save around Rs 3.9 trillion (US\$ 60 billion) in 2030.
- Indian impact investments may grow 25 per cent annually to US\$ 40 billion from US\$ 4 billion by 2025, as per Mr Anil Sinha, Global Impact Investing Network's (GIIN's) advisor for South Asia.
- The Union Cabinet, Government of India, has approved the Central Goods and Services Tax (CGST), Integrated GST (IGST), Union Territory GST (UTGST), and Compensation Bill.
- The Nikkei India manufacturing Purchasing Managers' Index increased at the fastest pace in December 2017 to reach 54.7, signaling a recovery in the economy.

Government Initiatives

The Union Budget for 2018-19 was announced by Mr Arun Jaitley, Union Minister for Finance, Government of India, in Parliament on February 1, 2018. This year's budget will focus on uplifting the rural economy and strengthening of the agriculture sector, healthcare for the economically less privileged, infrastructure creation and improvement in the quality of education of the country. As per the budget, the government is committed towards doubling the farmers' income by 2022. A total of Rs 14.34 lakh crore (US\$ 225.43 billion) will be spent for creation of livelihood and infrastructure in rural areas. Budgetary allocation for infrastructure is set at Rs 5.97 lakh crore (US\$ 93.85 billion) for 2018-19. All-time high allocations have been made to the rail and road sectors.

India's unemployment rate is expected to be 3.5 per cent in 2018, according to the International Labour Organisation (ILO).

Numerous foreign companies are setting up their facilities in India on account of various government initiatives like Make in India and Digital India. Mr. Narendra Modi, Prime Minister of India, has launched the Make in India initiative with an aim to boost the manufacturing sector of Indian economy, to increase the purchasing power of an average Indian consumer, which would further boost demand, and hence spur development, in addition to benefiting

investors. The Government of India, under the Make in India initiative, is trying to give boost to the contribution made by the manufacturing sector and aims to take it up to 25 per cent of the GDP from the current 17 per cent. Besides, the Government has also come up with Digital India initiative, which focuses on three core components: creation of digital infrastructure, delivering services digitally and to increase the digital literacy. Some of the recent initiatives and developments undertaken by the government are listed below:

- The Union Cabinet gave its approval to the North-East Industrial Development Scheme (NEIDS) 2017 in March 2018 with an outlay of Rs 3,000 crores (US\$ 460 million) up to March 2020.
- In March 2018, construction of 321,567 additional houses across 523 cities under the Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (Urban) has been approved by the Ministry of Housing and Urban Poverty Alleviation, Government of India with an allocation of Rs 18,203 crore.
- The Ministry of Power, Government of India has partnered with the Ministry of Skill Development & Entrepreneurship to provide training to the manpower in six states in an effort to speed up the implementation of SAUBHAGYA (Pradhan Mantri Sahaj Bijli Har Ghar Yojna).
- Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme (PMEGP) will be continued with an outlay of Rs 5,500 crore (US\$ 844.81 million) for three years from 2017-18 to 2019-20, according to the Cabinet Committee on Economic Affairs (CCEA).
- In February 2018, The Union Cabinet Committee has approved setting up of National Urban Housing Fund (NUHF) for Rs 60,000 crore (US\$ 9.3 billion) which will help in raising requisite funds in the next four years.
- The target of an Open Defecation Free (ODF) India will be achieved by October 2, 2019 as adequate funding is available to the Swachh Bharat Mission (Gramin), according to Ms Uma Bharti, Minister of Drinking Water and Sanitation, Government of India.
- The Government of India has succeeded in providing road connectivity to 85 per cent of the 178,184 eligible rural habitations in the country under its Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (PMGSY) since its launch in 2014.
- A total of 15,183 villages have been electrified in India between April 2015-November 2017 and complete electrification of all villages is expected by May 2018, according to Mr Raj Kumar Singh, Minister of State (IC) for Power and New & Renewable Energy, Government of India.
- The Government of India has decided to invest Rs 2.11 trillion (US\$ 32.9 billion) to recapitalise public sector banks over the next two years and Rs 7 trillion (US\$ 109.31 billion) for construction of new roads and highways over the next five years.
- The mid-term review of India's Foreign Trade Policy (FTP) 2015-20 has been released by Ministry of Commerce & Industry, Government of India, under which annual incentives for labour intensive MSME sectors have been increased by 2 per cent.
- The India-Japan Act East Forum, under which India and Japan will work on development projects in the North-East Region of India will be a milestone for bilateral relations between the two countries, according to Mr Kenji Hiramatsu, Ambassador of Japan to India.
- The Government of India will spend around Rs 1 lakh crore (US\$ 15.62 billion) during FY 18-20 to build roads in the country under Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (PMGSY).
- The Government of India plans to facilitate partnerships between gram panchayats, private companies and other social organisations, to push for rural development under its 'Mission Antyodaya' and has already selected 50,000 panchayats across the country for the same.
- The Government of India and the Government of Portugal have signed 11 bilateral agreements in areas of outer space, double taxation, and nano technology, among others, which will help in strengthening the economic ties between the two countries.

- India's revenue receipts are estimated to touch Rs 28-30 trillion (US\$ 436- 467 billion) by 2019, owing to Government of India's measures to strengthen infrastructure and reforms like demonetisation and Goods and Services Tax (GST).

Road Ahead

India's gross domestic product (GDP) is expected to reach US\$ 6 trillion by FY27 and achieve upper-middle income status on the back of digitisation, globalisation, favourable demographics, and reforms.

India is also focusing on renewable sources to generate energy. It is planning to achieve 40 per cent of its energy from non-fossil sources by 2030 which is currently 30 per cent and also have plans to increase its renewable energy capacity from 57 GW to 175 GW by 2022.

India is expected to be the third largest consumer economy as its consumption may triple to US\$ 4 trillion by 2025, owing to shift in consumer behaviour and expenditure pattern, according to a Boston Consulting Group (BCG) report; and is estimated to surpass USA to become the second largest economy in terms of purchasing power parity (PPP) by the year 2040, according to a report by PricewaterhouseCoopers.

Exchange Rate Used: INR 1 = US\$ 0.0153 as on March 29, 2018

<https://www.ibef.org/economy/indian-economy-overview>

OVERVIEW AGRICULTURE INDUSTRY:

Agriculture is the primary source of livelihood for about 58 per cent of India's population. Gross Value Added by agriculture, forestry and fishing is estimated at Rs 17.67 trillion (US\$ 274.23 billion) in FY18**. Agriculture and allied sector's GVA at constant 2011-12 prices grew a CAGR of 2.75 per cent between FY12-18. As per Union Budget 2018-19, allocation of Rs 57,600 crore (US\$ 8.9 billion) was made for The Agriculture Ministry.

India is among the 15 leading exporters of agricultural products in the world. Total agricultural exports from India grew at a CAGR of 16.45 per cent over FY10-18 to reach US\$ 38.21 billion in FY18. In April 2018 agriculture exports were US\$ 3.15 billion. As per the agriculture export policy, the Government of India is aiming to achieve US\$ 60 billion in exports by 2022. India benefits from a large agriculture sector, abundant livestock and cost competitiveness. High proportion of agricultural land (157 million hectares). Diverse agro-climatic conditions encourage cultivation of different crops. Schemes like Paramparagat Krishi Vikas Yojana helps in developing organic clusters and make available chemical free inputs to farmers. Setting up of National Mission on Food Processing. Investment opportunities to arise in agriculture, food infrastructure and contract farming. Contract farming has been operational in India for a long time now; however, the experience of the private sector players involved therein has been a mixed bag of successes and failures. Largely, it has helped both the processing companies, via increasing sales and therefore augmenting their incomes, as well as providing access to better technology and fetching better prices by securing an assured market for Indian farmers. In 2017, agriculture sector in India witnessed 18 M&A deals worth US\$ 251 million.

100 per cent Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) is allowed under automatic route in storage and ware housing including cold storages and in development of seeds. With the recent clearance of Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) in multi-brand food retail, the government is looking to double food processing levels to 20 per cent. Cumulative FDI inflow to the food processing industries reached US\$ 8.37 billion between April 2000 and December 2017.

In February 2017, as an effort to protect the farmers against price volatility, Niti Aayog has come up with a law on contract farming, to protect the farmer's interest. The law on contract farming is considered important for private players, as it would induce competition, while ensuring better price of horticulture produce to farmers through advance agreement.

Import duty scrapped on capital goods and raw materials for 100 per cent export-oriented units. Full excise duty exemption for goods that are used in installation of cold storage facilities. Services like pre conditioning, ripening, waxing, retail packing, precooling, labelling of fruits and vegetables have been exempted from service tax.

Agriculture storage capacity in India increased at 4 per cent CAGR between 2014-17 to reach 131.8 million metric tonnes. Cold storage capacity needs to grow rapidly from the current level of 24 million tonnes. Private warehouse operators are supported by multiple income streams, subsidy and available of credit. It is expected that 4 per cent growth in the food grain storage capacity would restructure agricultural sector over the next few years. Both firms and the government are eager to boost efficiency and access to markets. Investment potential of US\$ 22 billion in food processing infrastructure; 100 per cent FDI in this area. Firms increasingly taking recourse to contract farming in order to secure supply. Supply chain infrastructure – this niche has investment potential in food processing

infrastructure, the government's main focus is on supply chain related infrastructure like cold storage, abattoirs and food parks.

Source: www.ibef.org

CONTRACT FARMING:

Contract farming is the process of agricultural production carried out according to an agreement between unequal parties, companies, government bodies or individual entrepreneurs on one side and economically weaker farmers on the other which establishes conditions for the production and marketing of farm products.

In this process, the farmer agrees to provide established quantities of a specific agricultural product, meeting the quality standards and delivery schedule set by the purchaser. In turn, the buyer commits to purchase the product, often at a pre-determined price. In some cases, the buyer also commits to support production through supplying farm inputs, land preparation, providing technical advice and arranging transport of produce to the buyer's premises.

Today, contract farming is emerging as a preferred mechanism through which agri-businesses can directly engage with farmers. An expanding urban middle class and increasing commercial investment in agricultural retailing and processing are creating demand for more standardized, higher-quality agricultural produce. But underdeveloped supply chains and small farm sizes make sourcing such produce difficult.

PepsiCo was one of the earliest promoters of the contract-farming model in India. In 1997, it set up a tomato processing plant in Punjab, not a traditional tomato growing area, and started tying up with local farmers to grow tomato varieties needed for ketchup.

Although PepsiCo has since exited tomato processing, it still works with 12,000 farmers, primarily to procure potatoes for potato chips.

Models of contract farming:

- ✓ **Centralized Model (Out-grower Schemes):** Under this, contracting company provides necessary support to the farmers for production of required crops; purchases the crop from the farmers, and then processes, packages and markets the product by tightly controlling its quality. This type of farming is quite famous in developing countries for high value crops such as tobacco, cotton, paprika, sugar cane, banana, coffee, tea, cocoa or rubber etc. It may involve tens of thousands of farmers and level of participation of the contracting company in production may vary.
- ✓ **Nucleus Estate Model:** Under this, company own and manages an estate plantation to ensure the limited guarantee of required output. This type of contract farming is highly used for tree crops such as palm oil etc. and also sometimes used in case of export of fresh vegetables.
- ✓ **Multipartite Model:** It is a common joint venture approach in between statutory bodies or state agencies and private companies; those are jointly participating with farmers. Multipartite arrangements may include different specialized organizations for purpose of credit provision, production, management, processing, distribution or marketing etc. In Mexico, Kenya, and West Africa, among other countries, governments have actively invested in contract farming through joint ventures with the private sector.
- ✓ **Informal model:** It usually includes small entrepreneurs or companies who enter into informal contracts with farmers on a seasonal basis which mainly includes crops like fresh vegetables, watermelons or tropical fruits etc. Material inputs are mainly limited to fertilizers and seeds. A common example of the informal model is where the sponsor, after purchasing the crop, simply grades and packages it for resale to the retail trade such as supermarkets, etc.
- ✓ **Intermediary Model:** Under this model, companies make formal sub-contracts with intermediaries (like agents, farmer groups or NGOs) for production of crops. The intermediaries generally enter into informal contracts with farmers to meet the obligations under formal contract with companies. This is a common practice in South-East Asia region.

OVERVIEW CONSULTANCY SECTOR:

Consultancy is a process which involves consultants, whether self-employed or employed, individually or collectively using their knowledge, experience and analytical and/or problem-solving skills to add value to organisations for improvement in their existing operational, financial or marketing efficiency and/or for their expansion plans. Consultancy industry cover a very broad gamut of services which range from being financial, technical to management consultancy and thus can be categorized on basis of various factors such as services provided, sectors catered to, management approaches etc.

Management consultancy includes providing advice and assistance relating to strategy, structure, management and operations of an organisation in pursuit of its long-term purposes and objectives. Such assistance may include the identification of options with recommendations; the provision of an additional resource and/or the implementation of solutions. Consultancy projects have varied completion periods and can last a few hours, months or even several years depending on the nature of the advice and the demands of the client. They can involve the consultant in just providing advice or they can involve the consultant in completing the implementation. Indian consultancy story marked its existence more than two decades ago. Economic reforms, increased global integration leading to rapid growth of the companies which resulted in higher complexity and stiff competition from multinational players. This fuelled the need for specialised consultancy firms to provide services to cater to the complex business needs in the form of corporate advisory, human resource management, feasibility studies, IT advisory, organizational restructuring etc. Major strengths of Indian consultancy organizations include professional competence, low cost structure, diverse capabilities, high adaptability and quick learning capability. Their weaknesses include low quality assurance, little presence overseas and lack of global market intelligence. Capabilities of Indian consultants are strong in several areas which include civil engineering and construction, telecommunication, power, metallurgy, chemical, petrochemicals and IT.

OUR BUSINESS

In this section, unless the context otherwise requires, a reference to "we", "us" "SKIFL" and "our" refers to Shree Krishna Infrastructure Limited. Unless otherwise stated or the context otherwise requires, the financial information used in this section is derived from our restated financial information. This section should be read together with "Risk Factors" beginning on page no 12 and "Industry Overview" beginning on page no 80 of the prospectus.

BUSINESS OVERVIEW

Our Company was originally incorporated as Shree Krishna Tour and Travels Private Limited on July 03, 1990 under the provisions of Companies Act, 1956 with Registrar of Companies, Gujarat bearing Registration No. 13979 having its registered office in Gujarat. Our Company's Corporate Identity Number is U45201GJ1990PLC013979. We were working as Transport agent and Tours & Travelling agent.

Subsequently, the name of the Company was changed to Shree Krishna Infrastructure Private Limited by passing necessary resolution on November 13, 1995 and the company started the business activity of marketing, development and maintenance of Housing Society and organic farms, leasing of agriculture land for cultivation of crops etc.

Subsequently the status of our Company became public limited company and the name of our Company was changed to Shree Krishna Infrastructure Limited pursuant to shareholders resolution passed in the Extra-ordinary General Meeting held on March 22, 1996.

Currently we have also started the following business activities:

1. Trading of perfumed incense sticks

Our company has recently started trading of perfumed incense sticks. In the month of August 2018, our company has exported one container of incense sticks to TOGO, a country in West Africa and expecting more order to be executed in future.

2. Contract Farming

Shree Krishna Infrastructure Limited has planned to do contract farming at Nikoli, Taluka- Nandod, District- Narmada, Rajpipla-393145 Gujarat on a land area of around 7.40 acres and intends to cultivate Tulsi and Nepali Satavari for Amritanjali Ayurved (OPC) Private Limited. To execute the same the company has already signed business agreement dated May 30, 2017 with 3 land owners who will provide their land on long term basis (10 Years) for the said purpose. The land owner will actively participate in cultivation, harvesting, fertilization, and production etc of said products. The plantation work is already completed.

Further, SKIFL has also executed an agreement with M/s Amritanjali Ayurved (OPC) Private Limited on August 18, 2017, who is interested into purchase of our finished goods i.e. Dry Tulsi leaves, pancang of tulsi plant and Nepali Satavari.

Objectives of the contract farming:

- To reduce the load on the central & state level procurement system.
- To increase private sector investment in agriculture.
- To bring about a market focus in terms of crop selection by Indian farmers.
- To generate a steady source of income at the individual farmer level.
- To promote processing & value addition.
- To generate gainful employment in rural communities, particularly for landless agricultural labour.
- To flatten as far as possible, any seasonality associated with such employment.
- To reduce migration from rural to urban areas.
- To promote rural self-reliance in general by pooling locally available resources & expertise to meet new challenges.

Advantages of the contract farming:

To the farmers:

- Easy to get credit from Bank under contractual agreements.
- It helps in skilling of farmers as farmer learn to use resources efficiently like fertilizer, pesticides and get in touch with new technology in some cases.
- Farmers get opportunity for diversification of crops and learn about new crops that have demand in market.
- Farmers' price risk is often reduced as many contracts specify prices in advance.
- Contract farming can open up new markets which would otherwise be unavailable to small farmers.

To the sponsors:

- Uninterrupted & regular flow of raw material and that of high quality.
- Protection from fluctuation in market pricing.
- Long term planning made possible.
- Concept can be extended to other crops.
- Builds long term commitment.
- Dedicated supplier base.
- Generates goodwill for the organization.

Environmental impact of contract farming:

- Contract farming leads to monocultures which lead to depletion of soil quality and effect of fertilizers and pesticides on natural resources, environment, humans and animals.
- It lead to over-exploitation of groundwater, salination of soils, decline in soil fertility, and pollution
- The firms do not pay heed as the costs of such effects are externalized so far as the firm is concerned
- It is also argued that Contract Farming as part of the globalization process might lead to increasing investments in developing countries which have low environmental standards and, thus, the natural resource base might end up irreversibly depleted or damaged.

Limitations of contract farming:

- Contracting agreements are often verbal or informal in nature, and even written contracts often do not provide the legal protection in India that may be observed other countries.
- When growing new crops, farmers face the risks of both market failure and production problems
- Farmers investing in crops with a long growing period receive no income until the crops bear fruit. For most small farmers such investments are impossible without funding from a company, the government or a development bank. Even if such funding is available it is unlikely to come as a gift and thus farmers become more indebted than they would if following traditional farming practices, even though in the long run they may be much better off.
- Farmers tied to a contract are unable to benefit from high prices on the open market.
- Most of the crops grown under contract arrangements are cash crops which give more income to farmers but at the same time due to this profit motive food crops are being neglected.
- The seeds of generally modified crops to tackle pests, diseases and to get maximum output are sold by the MNCs. The seeds once used cannot be regenerated as is the case of BT cotton.
- There are no standard legal procedures in resolving the disputes arising under contract agreements.
- It leads to greater casualisation of labour as well as the greater use of female and child labour.

Hence to overcome these limitations the Government should play the role of a facilitator and not that of a regulator in developing and promoting a healthy system of farmer-corporate relationship for mutual benefit. This will help in development of agriculture sector in India.

3. Project- Agency (Sale, Marketing) of Navigation Equipment and Maritime consultancy for aids to navigation in the state of Gujarat

M/s. Marine Navaid And Solar Auto Private Limited (MNSAPL) has appointed Shree Krishna Infrastructure Limited as their sole “Agent” in the state of Gujarat vide their agreement dated May 10, 2018 for the purposes of sales and marketing of MNSAPL’s products & services which are manufacturing of Aids to Navigation Equipment and Maritime consultancy for aids to navigation. The said agreement shall remain valid for a period of 3 (Three) years.

Navigation aid equipments are basically any sort of marker which aids the traveler in navigation, usually nautical or aviation travel. Common types of such aids include lighthouses, buoys, fog signals, and day beacons. It's a

device external to a lighthouse, vessel or aircraft specifically intended to assist navigators in determining their position or safe course, or to warn them of dangers or obstructions to navigation.

The company accepted the appointment to develop sales of products & services in the state of Gujarat and shall adhere to, cooperate and comply with the MNSAPL's sales policies and programs prepared by the written agreement between the parties.

As per the said agreement, the role & responsibility of the SEML would be as under:

- SKIFL agrees to use his best effort for promoting the product & services of the MNSAPL
- SKIFL will promptly advice MNSAPL of all enquiries, tenders and clarification announced by potential clients or any other entity in connection with the product & services in the stae of Gujarat.
- SKIFL shall undertake to co-ordinate and liaison with all potential clients within the state of Gujarat related to the products & services including promoting, approving, facilitating and accomplishing the business of the MNSAPL.

4. Distribution Project of E-Vehicles

M/s. Marine Navaid And Solar Auto Private Limited (MNSAPL) is carrying on business of manufacturing of solar operated Auto Vehicles and has agreed to designate Shree Krishna Infrastructure Limited as their "Exclusive Distributor" for the state of Gujarat vide their agreement dated March 31, 2018. The said agreement shall remain valid for 10 (Ten) years and further extendable with mutual consent of both the parties.

The Distributor shall procure the orders based on the MNSAPL's offers and act as the Distributor for supplying the said Products sourced from the MNSAPLs per the terms and conditions mentioned in the agreement. The Distributor can appoint sub-Dealers to market the products in the state.

Duties & Responsibilities of the Distributor:

- a) Generate and facilitate sales, share customer feedback with the Principal.
- b) Prepare the bidding documentation and bid in respect of the said Products on commercial terms.
- c) Delivering the goods to the customer
- d) Liaison with the customer
- e) Promoting the Principal and its products and services and good will with the customer.
- f) Distributor shall set the selling price comprising of Principal's price plus distribution and other cost plus reasonable profit margin for the distributor to suit the market price. Distributor shall be solely responsible for the costs involved in the distribution of the principal's products including his sales and distribution costs.

5. Marketing arrangement for Terra Technologies and services

The company has entered into an agreement dated December 18, 2017 with USA based Terra Energy & Resources Technologies, Inc. as marketing representation for India, for marketing of valuable and proprietary natural resource exploration technologies ("the Terra Technologies") and offers exploration services ("Terra Services") using the Terra Technologies in subsurface exploration and identification of oil, gas, water, minerals, gems and other valuable elements otherwise referred to as resources in India.

SKIFL will act as market partner in India for Terra and introduce prospective candidates to the Terra Technologies and Terra Services. The prospective clients would be all exploration companies and relevant governmental agencies in India.

Our Competitive Strength

Experienced Management Team

Our Company is managed by a team of experienced personnel exclusively focused on different aspects of our business operations. This experience and industry relations allow us to deliver end to end solution and hence ensure effective handling of client requirements. We believe that our management team's experience and their understanding of the business will enable us to continue to take advantage of both current and future market opportunities.

Quality Assurance and Standards

We always aim to offer quality products to our customers. We believe in providing our customers the best possible quality of services.

Leveraging our Market Skills and Relationships

This is a continuous process in our organization and the skill that we impart in our people give importance to customers. We aim to do this by leveraging our marketing skills and relationships and further enhancing customer satisfaction.

Established relationship with customers and employees

As an established entity, in various aspects of the entertainment industry in India, we believe that we have managed to create, maintain and build our goodwill with customers.

Established operations

Our Management team has capability and experience with respect to operations in this sector.

Our growth strategy:

Our business strategy is to grow our business by increasing the scale and reliability of our business and building trust with our clients. Our strategy is designed to address predictability, scalability and sustainability, ultimately resulting in profitability. The followings are the key strategies of our company for its business:

1. Focus on Enhancing the Project Execution Capabilities:

We intend to continue our focus in enhancing the project execution capabilities so as to derive benefits of client satisfaction by timely completion and improvement in the operating margins. We constantly endeavour to increase our productivity and make fuller utilization of assets by leveraging our operating skill and resources. We intend to continue our focus on performance and project execution in order to achieve maximum return from our resources. Efficient project management and execution will also enable us to gain good reputation among our clients and earn repeated orders from them.

2. Enhancing Operating Effectiveness and Efficiency:

Our Company aims to continue to improve our operational effectiveness and efficiencies to achieve cost reductions including overheads. We believe that this can be done through continuous project review and timely corrective measures in case of diversion and technology upgradation.

3. Continue to Build-Up a Professional Organization:

We believe in transparency, flow of information, and commitment to the work among our work force and with our valuable customers, suppliers, investors, government authorities, banks, financial institutions etc. We have employed experienced persons for taking care of our ongoing projects. For taking care of accounts and finance related matters we have employed finance professionals. We also consult with outside agencies on a case to case basis on technical and financial aspects of our business. Hence, the philosophy of professionalism is foundation stone of our business strategy and we wish to make it more sound and strong in times to come.

4. Capture the High Growth Opportunities in the Agriculture and Contract Farming etc:

We believe that the increasing levels of investment in Agriculture sector by Governments and private industries will be majordriver for growth in our business in the foreseeable future. We intend to take advantage of the growing opportunities indevelopment in such sectors by strengthening our expertise in these sectors and identifying new prospects for growth.

5. Continue to develop client relationships:

We plan to grow our business primarily by growing the number of client relationships, as we believe that increased client relationships will add stability to our business. We seek to build on existing relationships and also focus on bringing into our portfolio more clients. Our Company believes that business is a by-product of relationship. Our Company believes that a long-term client relationship with large clients reap fruitful returns. Long-term relations are built on trust and continuous meeting with the requirements of the customers.

6. Pursue strategic acquisitions:

In order to expand, we seek to identify acquisition targets and/or joint venture partners whose resources, capabilities, technologies and strategies are complementary to and are enabling us to establish our presence in new geographical locations.

7. Penetration into global markets:

We are looking forward to enter into global markets and we plan to target countries where we can leverage our track record and experience in India to compete effectively and expand our revenue base.

8. Strengthening our brand:

We intend to invest in developing and enhancing recognition of our brands, through brand building efforts, communication and promotional initiatives such as exhibitions, fairs, organizing food events, participation in industry events, public relations and investor relations efforts. This will help us to maintain and improve our global and local reach. We believe that our branding exercise will enhance the recall value and trust in the minds of our customers and will help in increasing demand for our products.

9. Marketing:

The efficiency of marketing and sales network is critical to success of our Company. We have been focusing on supplying our products and adding new customers in our clientele. We undertake a detailed exercise periodically to identify existing and prospective clients with the potential to develop into a large clientele base. The senior management is actively involved in managing client relationships and business development through targeted interaction with multiple contacts at different levels.

Our marketing efforts are directed:

- ❖ To advertise and promote sales through direct marketing and communication with the other industries which are still untapped.
- ❖ To be an approved vendor for large corporates.

Our marketing team is ready to take up challenges so as to scale new heights. We intend to expand our existing customer base by reaching out to other geographical areas

10. Competition:

The market is highly competitive and fragmented, and we face competition from various players in the market. Some of our competitors have greater financial, marketing, sales and other resources than we do. However, we expect that our commitment to quality, past record of timely execution and transparency will provide us with an edge over our competitors.

MANPOWER

The details of manpower employed as on the date of filling of prospectus are as under:

Sr. No.	Category	No. of Employees
1	Managing Director	1
2	Whole Time Director & CFO	1
3	H.R. & Admin Manager	1
4	Account Manager	1
5	Marketing Manager	1
6	Marketing Supervisor	1
7	Business Development Manager	1
8	Office Assistant	1
9	Company Secretary	1

FUTURE PROSPECTS:

The future plans of our Company are in line with the way the industry is thinking and planning ahead. Our Company is trying to increase the geographical areas of operations to cater to the growing market.

EXPORT POSSIBILITY AND OBLIGATION

As on the date of this prospectus our Company doesn't have any export obligation as we are not exporting any material.

Our Properties

As on the date of this prospectus, we don't have any immovable properties in the name of company. Our Registered Office is located at Bungalow No.36, Rang Residency, Vadia, Rajpipla, Narmada- 393145, Gujarat, India which is owned by one of our director Mr. Keyur Sharadchandra Gandhi and we have taken the same on leave and license basis from him.

The details are as under:

Sr. No.	Location	Title(Leased /Owned/ Rental)	Agreement Valid from	Agreement Valid till	Rent / Acquisition Cost
1.	Bungalow No.36, Rang Residency, Vadia, Rajpipla, Narmada- 393145, Gujarat, India	Rental	14.08.2018	13.08.2021	Rs. 10,000 per month


INSURANCE:

At present, we do not have any insurance policy for protecting us against any material hazards

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

Details of Trademark & Copyright

The company has already applied for registering its Logo and Trademark vide its application No 3886577 dated July 13, 2018 which is under process for approval.

Sl. No.	Trademark Image	Registration/Application No.	Class	Registration/Application Date including Renewal Date	Status/Validity
1		3886577	37	Application Date: 13 th July 2018	Applied For

The details of the Domain name registered in the name of our company are:

Sr.No	Domainname	Sponsoring Registrar and IANA ID	CreationDate	ExpiryDate
1	www.skifl.com	Domain registered at Big Rock	27.01.2017	27.01.2019

KEY INDUSTRY REGULATIONS AND POLICIES

The following description is a summary of the relevant laws, regulations and policies as prescribed by the Government of India and other regulatory bodies that are applicable to our business. The information detailed in this chapter has been obtained from various legislations, including rules and regulations promulgated by the regulatory bodies that are available in the public domain. The regulations and policies set out below may not be exhaustive, and are only intended to provide general information to the investors and are neither designed nor intended to be a substitute for professional legal advice. The Company may be required to obtain licenses and approvals depending upon the prevailing laws and regulations as applicable. For details of such approvals, please see the section titled “Government and other Key Approvals” beginning on page no 163 of this prospectus.

This chapter has been classified as under:

- A. Statutory and other business laws**
- B. Labour and employment Laws**
- C. Tax Laws**
- D. IPR Laws**
- E. Foreign investment regulations**
- F. General Laws**

A. STATUTORY AND COMMERCIAL LAWS THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013:

The Companies Act, 2013, has replaced the Companies Act, 1956 in a phased manner. The Act received the assent of President of India on 29th August 2013. At present almost all the provisions of this law have been made effective except a very few. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs, has also issued rules complementary to the Companies Act, 2013 establishing the procedure to be followed by companies in order to comply with the substantive provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

The Companies Act primarily regulates the formation, financing, functioning and restructuring of separate legal entity as companies. The Act provides regulatory and compliance mechanism regarding all relevant aspects including organizational, financial and managerial aspects of companies. The provisions of the Act state the eligibility, procedure and execution for various functions of the company, the relation and action of the management and that of the shareholders. The law laid down transparency, corporate governance and protection of shareholders & creditors. The Companies Act plays the balancing role between these two competing factors, namely, management autonomy and investor protection.

The Companies Act, 1956:

The Companies Act, 1956 dealt with laws relating to companies and certain other associations. It was enacted by the Parliament in 1956. The Act primarily regulated the formation, financing, functioning and winding up of companies. The Act prescribed regulatory mechanism regarding all relevant aspects, including organizational, financial and managerial aspects of companies. Regulation of the financial and management aspects constituted the main focus of the Act. In the functioning of the corporate sector, although freedom of companies was important, protection of the investors and shareholders, on whose funds they flourish, was equally important. The Act played the balancing role between these two competing factors, namely, management autonomy and investor protection.

The Companies Act, 2013:

The Companies Act, 2013, has been introduced to replace the existing Companies Act, 1956 in a phased manner. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs vide its notification dated September 12, 2013 has notified 98 sections of the Companies Act, 2013 and the same are applicable from the date of the aforesaid notification. Further 183 sections have been notified on March 26, 2014 and have become applicable from April 1, 2014. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs, has also issued rules complementary to the Companies Act, 2013 establishing the procedure to be followed by companies in order to comply with the substantive provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

The Indian Contract Act, 1872 (Contract Act):

The Contract Act codifies the way in which a contract may be entered into, executed, implementation of the provisions of a contract and effects of breach of a contract. A person is free to contract on any terms he chooses.

The Contract Act consists of limiting factors subject to which contract may be entered into, executed and the breach enforced. It provides a framework of rules and regulations that govern formation and performance of contract. The contracting parties themselves decide the rights and duties of parties and terms of agreement.

The Consumer Protection Act, 1986(COPRA):

COPRA aims at providing better protection to the interests of consumers and for that purpose makes provisions for the establishment of authorities for the settlement of consumer disputes. The COPRA provides a mechanism for the consumer to file a complaint against a trader or service provider in cases of unfair trade practices, restrictive trade practices, defects in goods, deficiency in services; price charged being unlawful and goods being hazardous to life and safety when used. The COPRA provides for a three tier consumer grievance redressal mechanism at the national, state and district levels.

The Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991(PLI Act):

The PLI Act provides for public liability insurance for the purpose of providing immediate relief to persons affected by accident occurring while handling any hazardous substance and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto. Every owner (in the case of a company, any of its directors, managers, secretaries or other officers who is directly in charge of, and is responsible to the company for the conduct of the business of the company) is obligated to take out, before he starts handling any hazardous substance, one or more insurance policies providing for contracts of insurance whereby he is insured against liability to give relief under the PLI Act. The said insurance policy shall be for a minimum amount of the paid-up capital of the Company and not exceeding fifty crore rupees.

The Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881(NI Act):

In India, the laws governing monetary instruments such as cheques are contained in the NI Act, which is largely a codification of the English Law on the subject. To ensure prompt remedy against defaulters and to ensure credibility of the holders of the negotiable instrument a criminal remedy of penalty was inserted in Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881 in form of the Banking, Public Financial Institutions and Negotiable Instruments Laws (Amendment), 1988 which were further modified by the Negotiable Instruments (Amendment and Miscellaneous Provisions) Act, 2002. The Act provides effective legal provision to restrain people from issuing cheques without having sufficient funds in their account or any stringent provision to punish them in the event of such cheque not being honoured by their bankers and returned unpaid

B. LAWS RELATING TO LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT

As part of business of the Company it is required to comply from time to time with certain laws in relation to the employment of labour. A brief description of certain labour legislations which are applicable to the Company is set forth below:

Employees State Insurance Act, 1948, as amended (the “ESIC Act”)

All the establishments to which the Employees State Insurance (ESI) Act applies are required to be registered under the Act with the Employees State Insurance Corporation. The Act applies to those establishments where 20 or more persons are employed. The Act requires all the employees of the factories and establishments to which the Act applies to be insured in the manner provided under the Act. Further, employer and employees both are required to make contribution to the fund. The return of the contribution made is required to be filed with the ESI department.

The Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972

The Gratuity Act establishes a scheme for the payment of gratuity to employees engaged in every factory, mine, oil field, plantation, port and railway company, every shop or establishment in which ten or more persons are employed or were employed on any day of the preceding twelve months and in such other establishments in which ten or more employees are employed or were employed on any day of the preceding twelve months, as notified by the Central Government from time to time. Penalties are prescribed for non-compliance with statutory provisions. Under the Gratuity Act, an employee who has been in continuous service for a period of five years will be eligible for gratuity upon his retirement, resignation, superannuation, death or disablement due to accident or disease. However, the entitlement to gratuity in the event of death or disablement will not be contingent upon an employee having completed five years of continuous service.

Employees Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952 (“Act”) and the schemes formulated there under (“Schemes”)

This Act provides for the institution of provident funds, family pension funds and deposit linked insurance fund for the employees in the factories and other establishments. Accordingly, the following schemes are formulated for the benefit of such employees:

- a) **The Employees Provident Fund Scheme:** As per this Scheme, a provident fund is constituted and both the employees and employer contribute to the fund at the rate of 12% (or 10% in certain cases) of the basic wages, dearness allowance and retaining allowance, if any, payable to employees per month.
- b) **The Employees Pension Scheme:** Employees’ Pension Scheme is Pension Scheme for survivors, old aged and disabled persons. This Scheme derives its financial resource by partial diversion from the Provident Fund contribution, the rate being 8.33%. Thus, a part of contribution representing 8.33 per cent of the employee’s pay shall be remitted by the employer to the Employees’ Pension fund within 15 days of the close of every month by a separate bank or cheque on account of the Employees’ Pension Fund contribution in such manner as may be specified in this behalf by the appropriate authority constituted under the Act. The Central Government shall also contribute at the rate of 1.16 per cent of the pay of the members of the Employees’ Pension Scheme and credit the contribution to the Employees’ Pension Fund.
- c) **The Employees Deposit Linked Insurance Scheme:** As per this Scheme, the contribution by the employer shall be remitted by him together with administrative charges at such rate as the Central Government may fix from time to time under Section 6C (4) of the Act, to the Insurance Fund within 15 days of the close of every month by a separate bank or cheque or by remittance in cash in such manner as may be specified in this behalf by the appropriate authority constituted under the Act.

Payment of Bonus Act, 1965

The Payment of Bonus Act, 1965 (“PoB”) Act provides for payment of minimum bonus to factory employees and every other establishment in which 20 or more persons are employed and requires maintenance of certain books and registers and filing of monthly returns showing computation of allocable surplus, set on and set off of allocable surplus and bonus due.

The Equal Remuneration Act, 1976 ("Equal Remuneration Act") and Equal Remuneration Rules, 1976

The Constitution of India provides for equal pay for equal work for both men and women. To give effect to this provision, the Equal Remuneration Act, 1976 was implemented. The Act provides for payment of equal wages for equal work of equal nature to male or female workers and for not making discrimination against female employees in the matters of transfers, training and promotion etc.

The Maternity Benefit Act, 1961("Maternity Act")

The Maternity Benefit Act, 1961 was enacted by Parliament in the Twelfth Year of the Republic of India to regulate the employment of women in certain establishments for certain periods before and after child-birth and to provide for maternity benefit and certain other benefits

Shops & Commercial Establishments Act of the respective States in which the Company has an established place of business/ office ("Shops Act")

The Shops Act provides for the regulation of conditions of work in shops, commercial establishments, restaurants, theatres and other establishments. The Act is enforced by the Chief Inspector of Shops (CIS) and various inspectors under the supervision and control of Deputy/Assistant Labour Commissioners of the concerned District, who in turn functions under the supervision of Labour Commissioner. Such legislations regulate the working and employment conditions of the workers employed in shops and establishments including commercial establishments and provide for fixation of working hours, rest intervals, overtime, holidays, leave, termination of service, maintenance of shops and establishments and other rights and obligations of the employers and employees.

The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013

The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 (“SHWW Act”) provides for the protection of women at work place and prevention of sexual harassment at work place. The Act also provides for a redressal mechanism to manage complaints in this regard. Sexual harassment includes one or more of the following acts or behaviour namely, physical contact and advances or a demand or request for sexual favours or making sexually coloured remarks, showing pornography or any other unwelcome physical, verbal or non-verbal conduct of sexual nature. The Act makes it mandatory for every employer of a workplace to constitute an Internal Complaints Committee which shall always be presided upon by a woman. It also provides for the manner and time period within which a complaint shall be made to the Internal Complaints Committee i.e. a written complaint is to be made within a period of 3 (three) months from the date of the last incident. If the establishment has less than 10 (ten) employees, then the complaints from employees of such establishments as also complaints made against the employer himself shall be received by the Local Complaints Committee. The penalty for non-compliance with any provision of the SHWW Act shall be punishable with a fine extending to Rs. 50,000/- (Rupees Fifty Thousand Only).

Child Labor (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, 1986:

This statute prohibits employment of children below 14 years of age in certain occupations and processes and provides for regulation of employment of children in all other occupations and processes. Under this Act the employment of child labour in the building and construction industry is prohibited.

C. TAX LAWS

The Income Tax Act, 1961

The Income Tax Act, 1961 deals with the taxation of individuals, corporate, partnership firms and others. As per the provisions of this Act the rates at which they are required to pay tax is calculated on the income declared by them or assessed by the authorities, after availing the deductions and concessions accorded under the Act. The maintenance of Books of Accounts and relevant supporting documents and registers are mandatory under the Act. Filing of returns of Income is compulsory for all assesses. The maintenance of Books of Accounts and relevant supporting documents and registers are mandatory under the Act.

The Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017

Goods and Services Tax (GST) is considered to be the biggest tax reform in India since independence. It will help realise the goal of “One Nation-One Tax-One Market.” GST is expected to benefit all the stakeholders – industry, government and consumer.

Goods and Services Tax (GST) is an indirect tax throughout India and was introduced as The Constitution (One Hundred and Twenty Second Amendment) Act 2017, following the passage of Constitution 122nd Amendment Bill. The GST is governed by GST Council and its Chairman is Union Finance Minister of India – Arun Jaitley. This Act has been made applicable with effect from 1st July 2017. With the introduction of GST all central, state level taxes and levies on all goods and services have been subsumed within an integrated tax having two components – central GST and a state GST. Thus there will be a comprehensive and continuous mechanism of tax credits.

The Central government passed four sets of GST Acts in the Budget session this year. These were Central GST Act, 2017; Integrated GST Act, 2017; Union Territory GST Act, 2017 and GST (Compensation to States) Act, 2017. The Acts were approved by the Parliament after they were introduced as the part of the Money Bill. Following the passage of GST Acts, the GST council has decided 4 tax rate slabs viz., 5%, 12%, 18% and 28% on supply of various goods and services.

India has adopted a dual GST model, meaning that taxation is administered by both the Union and State Governments. Transactions made within a single State will be levied with Central GST (CGST) by the Central Government and State GST (SGST) by the government of that State. For inter-state transactions and imported goods or services, an Integrated GST (IGST) is levied by the Central Government. GST is a consumption-based tax; therefore, taxes are paid to the State where the goods or services are consumed and not the State in which they were produced.

Professional Tax

The professional tax slabs in India are applicable to those citizens of India who are either involved in any profession or trade. The State Government of each State is empowered with the responsibility of structuring as well as formulating the respective professional tax criteria and is also required to collect funds through professional tax. The professional taxes are charged on the incomes of individuals, profits of business or gains in vocations. The professional tax is charged as per the List II of the Constitution. The professional taxes are classified under various tax slabs in India. The tax payable under the State Acts by any person earning a salary or wage shall be deducted by his employer from the salary or wages payable to such person before such salary or wages is paid to him, and such employer shall, irrespective of whether such deduction has been made or not when the salary and wage is paid to such persons, be liable to pay tax on behalf of such person and employer has to obtain the registration from the assessing authority in the prescribed manner. Every person liable to pay tax under these Acts (other than a person earning salary or wages, in respect of whom the tax is payable by the employer), shall obtain a certificate of enrolment from the assessing authority.

D. INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAWS

Trademarks Act, 1999 (“Trademarks Act”)

Under the Trademarks Act, a trademark is a mark capable of being represented graphically and which is capable of distinguishing the goods or services of one person from those of others used in relation to goods and services to indicate a connection in the course of trade between the goods and some person having the right as proprietor to use the mark. A ‘mark’ may consist of a device, brand, heading, label, ticket, name signature, word, letter, numeral, shape of goods, packaging or combination of colours or any combination thereof. Section 18 of the Trademarks Act requires that any person claiming to be the proprietor of a trade mark used or proposed to be used by him, must apply for registration in writing to the registrar of trademarks. The trademark, once applied for and which is accepted by the Registrar of Trademarks (“the Registrar”), is to be advertised in the trademarks journal by the Registrar. Oppositions, if any, are invited and, after satisfactory adjudications of the same, a certificate of registration is issued by the Registrar. The right to use the mark can be exercised either by the registered proprietor or a registered user. The present term of registration of a trademark is 10 (ten) years, which may be renewed for similar periods on payment of a prescribed renewal fee.

Indian Copyright Act, 1957 (Copyright Act):

The Copyright Act governs copyright protection in India. Under the Copyright Act, copyright may subsist in original literary, dramatic, musical or artistic works, cinematograph films, and sound recordings. Following the issuance of the International Copyright Order, 1999, subject to certain exceptions, the provisions of the Copyright Act apply to nationals of all member states of the World Trade Organization.

While copyright registration is not a prerequisite for acquiring or enforcing a copyright, registration creates a presumption favoring ownership of the copyright by the registered owner. Copyright registration may expedite infringement proceedings and reduce delay caused due to evidentiary considerations. Once registered, the copyright protection of a work lasts for 60 years.

The remedies available in the event of infringement of a copyright under the Copyright Act include civil proceedings for damages, account of profits, injunction and the delivery of the infringing copies to the copyright owner.

The Patents Act, 1970 (Patent Act):

The purpose of the Patent Act in India is to protect inventions. Patents provide the exclusive rights for the owner of a patent to make, use, exercise, distribute and sell a patented invention. The patent registration confers on the patentee the exclusive right to use, manufacture and sell his invention for the term of the patent. An application for a patent can be made by (a) person claiming to be the true and first inventor of the invention; (b) person being the assignee of the person claiming to be the true and first inventor in respect of the right to make such an application; and (c) legal representative of any deceased person who immediately before his death was entitled to make such an application.

The Designs Act, 2000 (Designs Act):

The objective of Designs Act is to promote and protect the design element of industrial production. It is also intended to promote innovative activity in the field of industries. The Controller General of Patents, Designs and Trade Marks appointed under the Trademarks Act shall be the Controller of Designs for the purposes of the Designs Act. When a design is registered, the proprietor of the design has copyright the design during ten years from the date of registration.

E. FOREIGN INVESTMENT REGULATIONS

Foreign investment in stock broking companies is governed by the provisions of the FEMA read with the applicable regulations. The Department of Industrial Policy and Promotion (“DIPP”) Ministry of Commerce and Industry has issued ‘Consolidated FDI Policy Circular 1 of 2016’ (“FDI Policy”) which consolidates the policy framework on Foreign Direct Investment (“FDI”) with effect from June 7, 2016. The FDI Circular consolidates and subsumes all the press notes, press releases, and clarifications on FDI issued by DIPP till June 7, 2016. All the press notes, press releases, clarifications on FDI issued by DIPP till June 6, 2016 stand rescinded as on June 7, 2016.

Foreign investment is permitted (except in the prohibited sectors) in Indian companies either through the automatic route or the approval route, depending upon the sector in which the foreign investment is sought to be made.

The RBI, in exercise of its power under the FEMA, has also notified the Foreign Exchange Management (Transfer or Issue of Security by a Person Resident outside India) Regulations, 2000 to prohibit, restrict or regulate, transfer by or issue of security to a person resident outside India.

The Foreign Exchange Department of the RBI has vide notification dated September 9, 2016, permitted 100% investment under the automatic route in Other Financial Services which are financial services activities regulated by financial sector regulators, viz., RBI, SEBI, IRDA, PFRDA, NHB or any other financial sector regulators as may be notified by the Government of India.

The following are the other conditions specified by RBI to which such investment would be subject:

- a. Foreign investment would be subject to the conditions including minimum capitalization norms, as specified by the concerned regulator/ government agency
- b. ‘Other Financial Services’ activities need to be regulated by one of the Financial Sector Regulators. In all such financial services which are not regulated by any Financial Sector Regulator or where any part of the financial services activity is regulated or where there is doubt regarding the regulatory oversight, foreign investment upto 100% will be allowed under the capitalization requirement, as may be decided by the Government.
- c. Any activity which is specifically regulated by an Act, the foreign investment limits will be restricted to those levels/ limit that may be specified in that Act, if so mentioned.
- d. Downstream investments by any of those entities engaged in other financial services will be subject to the extant sectoral regulations and provisions of the Foreign Exchange Management (Transfer or Issue of security by a Person Resident outside India) Regulations, 2000 as amended from time to time.

RBI has also issued the Master Circular on Foreign Investment in India dated July 01, 2015. The aforesaid Master Circular on Foreign Investment will continue to remain valid until Master Directions are issued in that behalf. In terms of the Master Circular, an Indian company may issue fresh shares to persons resident outside India (who is eligible to make investments in India, for which eligibility criteria are as prescribed). Such fresh issue of shares shall be subject to inter-alia, the pricing guidelines prescribed under the Master Circular. As mentioned above, the Indian Company making such Fresh Issue of shares would be subject to the reporting requirements, inter-alia with respect to making certain filings including filing of Form FC-GPR.

The Foreign Trade (Development and Regulation) Act, 1992

The Foreign Trade (Development and Regulation) Act, 1992 is an Act to provide for the development and regulation of foreign trade by facilitating imports into, and augmenting exports from India and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto. The Act empowers the Central Government to make provisions for development and regulation of foreign trade by facilitating imports into, and augmenting exports from India and for all matters connected therewith or incidental thereto. Under the Act, every importer and exporter must obtain

an 'Importer Exporter Code Number' (IEC) from Director General of Foreign Trade or from the officer so authorized

F. GENERAL:

LAWS REGULATING TRANSFER OF PROPERTY:

Transfer of Property Act, 1882

The Transfer of Property Act, 1882 (the "**TP Act**") establishes the general principles relating to transfer of property in India. It forms a basis for identifying the categories of property that are capable of being transferred, the persons competent to transfer property, the validity of restrictions and conditions imposed on the transfer and the creation of contingent and vested interest in the property. The TP Act also provides for the rights and liabilities of the vendor and purchaser in a transaction of sale of land.

Registration Act, 1908

The Registration Act, 1908 (the "**Registration Act**") has been enacted with the objective of providing public notice of the execution of documents affecting, *inter alia*, the transfer of interest in immovable property. The purpose of the Registration Act is the conservation of evidence, assurances, title and publication of documents and prevention of fraud. It details the formalities for registering an instrument. Section 17 of the Registration Act identifies documents for which registration is compulsory and includes, among other things, any non-testamentary instrument which purports or operates to create, declare, assign, limit or extinguish, whether in present or in future, any right, title or interest, whether vested or contingent, 110 in any immovable property of the value of one hundred rupees or more, and a lease of immovable property for any term exceeding one year or reserving a yearly rent. A document will not affect the property comprised in it, nor be treated as evidence of any transaction affecting such property (except as evidence of a contract in a suit for specific performance or as evidence of part performance under the T.P. Act or as collateral), unless it has been registered. Evidence of registration is normally available through an inspection of the relevant land records, which usually contains details of the registered property. Further, registration of a document does not guarantee title of land.

The Indian Stamp Act, 1899

Under the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (the "**Stamp Act**") stamp duty is payable on instruments evidencing a transfer or creation or extinguishment of any right, title or interest in immovable property. Stamp duty must be paid on all instruments specified under the Stamp Act at the rates specified in the schedules to the Stamp Act. The applicable rates for stamp duty on instruments chargeable with duty vary from state to state. Instruments chargeable to duty under the Stamp Act, which are not duly stamped, are incapable of being admitted in court as evidence of the transaction contained therein and it also provides for impounding of instruments that are not sufficiently stamped or not stamped at all.

HISTORY AND CERTAIN CORPORATE MATTERS**HISTORY & BACKGROUND**

Our Company was originally incorporated as Shree Krishna Tour and Travels Private Limited on July 03, 1990 under the provisions of Companies Act, 1956 with Registrar of Companies, Gujarat bearing Registration No. 13979 having its registered office in Gujarat. Our Company's Corporate Identity Number is U45201GJ1990PLC013979. We were working as Transport agent and Tours & Travelling agent.

Subsequently, the name of the Company was changed to Shree Krishna Infrastructure Private Limited by passing necessary resolution on November 13, 1995 and the company started the business activity of marketing, development and maintenance of Housing Society and organic farms, leasing of agriculture land for cultivation of crops etc.

Subsequently the status of our Company became public limited company and the name of our Company was changed to Shree Krishna Infrastructure Limited pursuant to shareholders resolution passed in the Extra-ordinary General Meeting held on March 22, 1996.

Our mission is continuous improvement through sustained and synchronized efforts and to maintain highest standards of customer satisfaction. We offer fully customized solutions that give shape to our clients' special preferences, their needs and vision for the program.

CHANGES IN REGISTERED OFFICE

The Registered Office of the Company is currently situated at Bungalow No.36, Rang Residency, Vadia, Rajpipla, Narmada- 393145, Gujarat, India

Details of changes in the address of the Registered Office of Our Company is set forth as under:

From	To	Effective Date	Reasons for Change
----	2/B, State Bank Staff Society, Near Navrang High School, Naranpura, Ahmedabad-380013	Incorporation	--
2/B, State Bank Staff Society, Near Navrang High School, Naranpura, Ahmedabad- 380013	406, Kalash II, B/H, Navarangpura Post Office, Ahmedabad-380009	12.04.1996	For Administrative Convenience
406, Kalash II, B/H, Navarangpura Post Office, Ahmedabad-380009	8-I, Vardan Exclusive, Nr. Vimal House, Vithalbhai Patel Colony, Stadium Road, Navrangpura, Ahmedabad-380009	11.10.2013	For Administrative Convenience
8-I, Vardan Exclusive, Nr. Vimal House, Vithalbhai Patel Colony, Stadium Road, Navrangpura, Ahmedabad- 380009	Ground Floor 7/2, Diwali Baug Society, Dairy Corner, Nr. Arch. Bomi Dangor, Athwagate, Surat-395001	18.11.2014	For Administrative Convenience
Ground Floor 7/2, Diwali Baug Society, Dairy Corner, Nr. Arch. Bomi Dangor, Athwagate, Surat-395001	B-302 Block, Panchrantna Aprt, B/H Someshwar, 132 Road, Vejalpur, Ahmedabad- 380015	11.06.2016	For Administrative Convenience
B-302 Block, Panchrantna Aprt, B/H Someshwar, 132 Road, Vejalpur, Ahmedabad- 380015	13, Radhakrushna Mandir Compound, Village-Rajpipla, Nandod, Narmada-393145	15.03.2017	For Administrative Convenience
13, Radhakrushna Mandir Compound, Village-Rajpipla, Nandod, Narmada-393145	Bungalow No.36, Rang Residency, Vadia, Rajpipla, Narmada- 393145, Gujarat, India	14.08.2018	For Administrative Convenience

MAIN OBJECTS OF OUR COMPANY

The object clauses of the Memorandum of Association of our Company enable us to undertake the current activities. Furthermore, the activities of our Company, which we have been carrying out until now, are in accordance with the objects of the Memorandum. The objects for which our Company is established are:

- To carry on the business of running motor cars, lorries, cranes, trucks and all kinds of two wheelers and vehicles as general carriers, forwarding agents, handling and haulage contractors, garage proprietors, cargo, superintendents, warehousing and common carriers by land, rail and water to carry and handle goods and passengers within and outside India and to carry on all kinds of business as commission agents, representatives, contractors export and import agents, within and outside India.
- To carry on the business of tourist and travel agents, transport agents and contractors, to arrange and operate tours and to facilitate travelling and provide for tourist and traveler, and of freight and passage brokers and representative of airlines, steamship lines, railways and other carriers whether in India or abroad.
- To establish and carry on the business of auto-mobiles of all kind motor launches, tractor and other vehicles and to establish and carry on the business painters and to establish and carry on the business of building bodies for buses trucks, auto rikshaws and vehicles of other descriptions.
- To purchase or otherwise acquire manufacture, refine, treat reduce distil, blend, purity, pumps, storeee, hold transport, use experiment with market, distribute exchange, supply, sell and otherwise dispose of, import, export and trade and generally deal in any and all kinds of petroleum and petroleum products. Oils and chemical and any products and derivatives thereof.
- * To buy take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire and interest in any lands or large size of plots to provide roads, drains, water supply, electricity and lights within such land(s), and plot(s) to people for building houses(s), and bungalow(s) and business premises(s) and to build residential houses and business premises and colonies and realize cost as lump sum or on easy installment or by hire-purchase system and otherwise to finance and start any housing scheme.
- To carry on the business of financier and the hire purchase and hire sales and of commission agents arthias.
- To acquire, purchase, hire or lease agricultural lands and to cultivate any crop or crops for the benefit of the company as and when the directors may think fit.

CHANGES IN THE MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

The following changes have been made in the Memorandum of Association of our Company since inception:

DATE	AMENDMENT
31 st March 1992	Increase in Authorized Share Capital from ₹ 1,00,000 comprising of 1,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 100 each to ₹ 2,00,000 comprising of 2,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 100 each
13 th November, 1995	1. Change in name of our Company from “Shree Krishna Tours and travels Private Limited” to “Shree Krishna Infrastructure Private Limited”. 2. The Company shall commence new business as specified in other object no. 33, 37 and 38 of object clause of MOA i.e. to be included in Main Objects of the Company
22 nd March 1996	1. Change in name of our Company from “Shree Krishna Infrastructure Private Limited” to “Shree Krishna Infrastructure Limited” i.e conversion of private limited company to public limited company 2. Split of Shares of Rs. 100/- face value each to Rs. 10/- face value each vide resolution passed in Extra-Ordinary General Meeting dated March 22, 1996. 3. Increase in Authorized Share Capital of the Company from Rs. 2 Lakhs divided into 20,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each to Rs. 60 Lakhs divided into 6,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each.
25 th March, 2014	Increase in Authorized Share Capital of the Company from Rs. 60 Lakhs divided into 6,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each to Rs. 175 Lakhs divided into 17,50,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each.
30 th September, 2016	Increase in Authorized Share Capital of the Company from Rs. 175 Lakhs divided into

DATE	AMENDMENT
	17,50,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each to Rs. 2 Crore divided into 20,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each.
3 rd July, 2017	Increase in Authorized Share Capital of the Company from 2 Crore divided into 20, 00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each. to Rs. 3 crores divided into 30,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each.
14 th July, 2018	Rearranged the main objects of the company wherein new business as specified in other object no.33, 37 and 38 of object clause of MOA were inserted in Clause III (A) below the point 4 of main object of the Company in MOA

MAJOR EVENTS AND MILESTONES

YEAR	PARTICULARS
July, 1990	Incorporation of the Company in the name and style of " Shree Krishna Tour and Travels Private Limited "
November, 1995	The name and the object clause of the Company were changed from Shree Krishna Tour and Travels Private Limited to Shree Krishna Infrastructure Private Limited.
March, 1996	The name and the object clause of the Company were changed from Shree Krishna Infrastructure Private Limited to Shree Krishna Infrastructure Limited.
May 30, 2017	Signing of Business agreement for contract farming
August 16, 2017	Signing of Business agreement for buyback of contract farming products
December 18, 2017	Signing of Business agreement with USA based Terra Energy & Resources Technologies, Inc. as marketing representation for India
March 31, 2018	Signing of Business agreement with M/s. Marine Navaid And Solar Auto Private Limited as exclusive distributor for the state of Gujarat for sales, marketing and promotion of their solar auto product
May 10, 2018	Signing of Business agreement with M/s. Marine Navaid And Solar Auto Private Limited as sole agent for the state of Gujarat for sales, marketing and promotion of their Navigation Aid equipment
July, 2018	Rearranged the main objects of the company wherein new business as specified in other object no.33, 37 and 38 of object clause of MOA were inserted in Clause III (A) below the point 4 of main object of the Company in MOA

CAPITAL RAISING (DEBT / EQUITY)

For details of the equity capital raising of our Company, please refer to the chapter titled "*Capital Structure*" beginning on page no 52 of this prospectus.

We have not done any debt issuances since incorporation till date.

HOLDING COMPANY OF OUR COMPANY

Our Company has no holding Company as on this date of filing of this prospectus.

SUBSIDIARY COMPANY OF OUR COMPANY

There is no Subsidiary of our Company as on this date of filing of this prospectus.

REVALUATION OF ASSETS

Our Company has not revalued its assets since its incorporation.

CHANGES IN THE ACTIVITIES OF OUR COMPANY HAVING A MATERIAL EFFECT

The name and the object clause of the Company was changed from Shree Krishna Tour and Travels Private Limited to Shree Krishna Infrastructure Limited pursuant to a special resolution passed by our shareholders at the EGM held on March 22, 1996 and July 14, 2018 respectively and the same have a material effect on the profits / loss of our Company.

DETAILS OF OUR PAST PERFORMANCE

Our Company was originally incorporated in July 1990. For details in relation to our financial performance for last 5 financial years, including details of non-recurring items of income, please refer to section titled "*Financial Information of the Company*" beginning on page 127 of this prospectus.

INJUNCTIONS OR RESTRAINING ORDERS:

Our Company is not operating under any injunction or restraining order.

MERGERS AND ACQUISITIONS IN THE HISTORY OF OUR COMPANY

There has been no merger or acquisition of businesses or undertakings in the history of our Company.

STRIKES AND LOCKOUTS:

Our Company has, since incorporation, not been involved in any labor disputes or disturbances including strikes and lock-outs. As on the date of the prospectus, our employees are not unionized.

TIME AND COST OVERRUNS IN SETTING UP PROJECTS:

As on the date of the prospectus, there have been no time and cost overruns in any of the projects undertaken by our Company.

SHAREHOLDERS AGREEMENTS

Our Company has not entered into any shareholders agreement as on date of filing of the prospectus.

OTHER AGREEMENTS

Our Company has not entered into any specific or special agreements except that have been entered into in ordinary course of business as on the date of filing of the prospectus.

COLLABORATION

Our Company has not entered into any collaboration with any third party as per regulation (VIII) B (1) (c) of part A Schedule VIII of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2009.

STRATEGIC PARTNER

Our Company does not have any strategic partner as on the date of filing of the prospectus.

FINANCIAL PARTNER

Our Company does not have any financial partner as on the date of filing of the prospectus.

DEFAULTS OR RESCHEDULING OF BORROWINGS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS OR BANKS

There have been no defaults or rescheduling of borrowings with financial institutions or banks as on the date of this prospectus.

NUMBER OF SHAREHOLDERS

Our Company has 10 (ten) shareholders on date of the prospectus.

OUR MANAGEMENT

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

As per the Articles of Association, our Company is required to have not less than three (3) directors and not more than Fifteen (15) Directors. Currently, our Board of Directors consists of Five Directors out of which one is Managing Director, One is executive director cum CFO, and three are Non-Executive Director out of which two are Independent Directors having one woman director. The following table sets forth details regarding the Board of Directors as on the date of this prospectus:

Sr. No.	Name, Father's / Husband's Name, Address, Occupation, Nationality & DIN	Age	Status of Directorship in our Company	Other Directorships
1	Mr. Ravi Rajiv Kotia S/o Mr. Rajiv Rameshchandra Kotia A-73, Avani Complex, Naranpura Gam, Naranpura, Ahmedabad, Gujarat- 380013 Occupation: Business Nationality: Indian Date of Appointment: 14/07/2018 DIN: 01761963	30 Years	Managing Director	Nil
2	Mr. Keyur Sharadchandra Gandhi S/o Mr. Sharadchandra Mahendrabhai Gandhi Alankar Darbar Road, Rajpipla Ta Nandod, Surat, 393145, Gujarat, India Occupation: Business Nationality: Indian Date of Appointment: 11/10/2013 DIN: 03494183	43 Years	Non-Executive Director	Sungold Media And Entertainment Limited
3	Mr. Amit Rameshbhai Kotia S/o Mr. Rameshbhai Manilal Kotia 2-B, SBI Society, Naranpura, Ahmedabad, Gujarat-380013 Occupation: Business Nationality: Indian Date of Appointment: w.e.f. 14/07/2018 DIN: 07499192	52 Years	Executive whole time Director Cum C.F. O	1. Sungold Media And Entertainment Limited 2. Shree Krishna Chalet and Organic Farms Private Limited
4	Ms. Anjali Jagdish Gorsia D/o Mr. Jagdish Jethalal Gorsia Flat No. D16, Ramkrishna Apt, Bhandara Road, Near Annapurna Mandir, Shastri Nagar, Bhandewadi, Nagpur, Bagadganj-440008, Maharashtra Occupation: Service Nationality: Indian Date of Appointment: w.e.f. 01/09/2018 DIN: 08211502	25 Years	Non-Executive Independent Director	Nil
5	Mr. Yogesh Pukhrajbhai Prajapati S/o Mr. Pukhrajbhai Ramaji Prajapati 105, Rajtilak Flat, Vitthal Vadi Soc., Near HDFC, Navrangpura, Ahmedabad-380009, Gujarat Occupation: Service Nationality: Indian Date of Appointment: w.e.f. 01/09/2018 DIN: 02733610	33 Years	Non-Executive Independent Director	Nil

Brief Biographies of the Directors

1. **Mr. Ravi Rajiv Kotia**, aged 30 years, is the Promoter and Managing Director of our Company. He Has experience as an Account Executive and Administration for 5 years in a Service Industry “Parekh Integrated Services Pvt Ltd” and “Shree Krishna Infrastructure Limited” which includes Accounting entries that includes invoice and all other type of expenses and payments in company software, Petty Cash Management of Ahmedabad, Rajkot, Surat, Baroda, Aslali Branches, Co-Ordination with clients regarding out-standing payments and product related queries, Carried out data entry, book-keeping, daily invoice processing in company software. He is associated with our Company since July 14, 2018
2. **Mr. Keyur Sharadchandra Gandhi**, aged 43 Years, is the Non-Executive Director of our Company. He has worked as an editor of weekly financial analysis Newspaper “Sharonomics” for 3 years and has 10 years’ experience in accounts and administration of his own petroleum business. He is also having around 15 years’ experience in the print and Electronic Media. He is associated with our Company since October 11, 2013
3. **Mr. Amit Rameshbhai Kotia**, aged 52 years, is an Executive Director cum C.F.O. of our company. He has vast experience in property development, administration in fund raising, marketing, also holds good experience in placement in mutual funds and attracting foreign investments. He has expertise in raising funds at minimum cost and also has keen interest in real estate properties. He is associated with our company since July 14, 2018.
4. **Ms. Anjali Jagdish Gorsia**, aged 25 years, is an Independent Woman Director of our company. She is a practicing Company Secretary by Profession. She is associated with our company since September 01, 2018. She has two years of experience in the field of Secretarial Compliances including conduction of secretarial audits, incorporation of Companies, conversion assignments of corporate entities. She has also handled various assignments pertaining to Companies Act, 1956, Companies Act, 2013, Partnership Act, 1932 and Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008. She has executed the lead role while conducting Secretarial Audit of Companies, as required by Companies act and ensuring the implementation of practices & measures to comply with non compliances resulted from audit.
5. **Mr. Yogesh Pukhrajibhai Prajapati**, aged 33 years, is an Independent Director of our Company. He has pursued M. com from Gujarat University Ahmedabad. He has Completed Certified Industrial Accountant Course from the Institute of Computer Accountants, a unit of ICA Infotech Pvt Ltd.. He is associated with our company since September 01, 2018. He has an experience of almost 8 years in the field of sales.

Arrangements with major Shareholders, Customers, Suppliers or Others

There are no arrangements or understanding between major shareholders, customers, suppliers or others pursuant to which any of the Directors were selected as a Director or member of a senior management as on the date of this prospectus.

Service Contracts

Our Company has not executed any service contracts with its directors providing for benefits upon termination of their employment.

Common directorships of the Directors in companies whose shares are/were suspended from trading on the BSE and/ or the BSE for a period beginning from five (5) years prior to the date of this prospectus

None of the Directors are/were directors of any company whose shares were suspended from trading by Stock Exchange(s) or under any order or directions issued by the stock exchange(s)/ SEBI/ other regulatory authority in the last five (5) years except as mentioned in the section titled “Legal and Other Information” beginning on page no 158 of the prospectus.

Director’s association with the Securities Market

The Directors of our Company are not associated with securities market except that some of the directors are also Directors in Listed entities.

None of the Directors is or was a director of any listed company, which has been or was delisted from any recognized stock exchange in India during the term of their Directorship in such company.

BORROWING POWERS OF THE DIRECTORS

Pursuant to a special resolution passed at the Extra-Ordinary General Meeting of our Company held on July 14, 2018 consent of the members of our Company was accorded to the Board of Directors of our Company pursuant to Section 180(1)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013 for borrowing from time to time any sum or sums of money on such security and on such terms and conditions as the Board may deem fit, notwithstanding that the money to be borrowed together with the money already borrowed by our Company (apart from temporary loans obtained from our Company's bankers in the ordinary course of business) may exceed in the aggregate, the paid-up capital of our Company and its free reserves, provided however, the total amount so borrowed in excess of the aggregate of the paid-up capital of our Company and its free reserves shall not at any time exceed Rs. 2.50Crores.

Remuneration to Executive Directors

The compensation payable to Managing Director will be governed as per the terms of their appointment and shall be subject to the provisions of Sections 2(54), 2(94), 188, 196, 197, 198 and 203 and any other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made there under (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof or any of the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956, for the time being in force)

Payment or benefit to Non-Executive Directors of Our Company

Sitting fees has been paid to Non-Executive Directors

Shareholding of Directors in our Company

The details of the shareholding of our Directors as on the date of this prospectus are as follows.

Particulars	Number of Shares	Percentage (%) holding
Mr. Ravi Rajiv Kotia	1,514,505	50.48%
Mr. Keyur Sharadchandra Gandhi	354,181	11.81%
Mr. Amit Rameshbhai Kotia	25,364	0.85%
Total	1,894,050	63.14%

Interests of our Directors

Our directors may be deemed to be interested to the extent of their remunerations paid to them for services rendered and with the reimbursement of expenses payable to them. For further details, please refer to sub-section "Remuneration to Executive & Non-Executive Directors" above. In addition, as on the date of this prospectus, our Managing Director receives remuneration from our Company in terms of the proviso to Section 197(4) of the Companies Act. For further details, please refer to section titled "Our Promoters and Promoter Group" beginning on page no 121 of this prospectus.

Other than as stated above and except as stated in the sections titled "*Financial Information of the Company*" and "*Our Promoters and Promoter Group*" beginning on pages no 127 and page no 121 respectively of this prospectus, our directors do not have any other interest in the business of our Company.

None of the relatives of our directors have been appointed to a place or office of profit in our Company. For further details, please refer to section titled "Our Management – Remuneration to Executive Directors" beginning on page no 112 of this prospectus.

Our directors may also be regarded as interested in the Equity Shares, if any, held by them or that may be subscribed by and allotted to the companies, firms, and trusts, if any, in which they are interested as directors, members, promoters, and /or trustees pursuant to this Offer. Some of the directors also hold directorships in Promoter Group of our Company.

Our Directors may also be deemed to be interested to the extent of any dividend payable to them and other distributions in respect of the said equity shares. Except as stated in this section "*Our Management*" or the section titled "*Financial Information of the company - Related Party Transactions*" beginning on page no 112 and page no 127 respectively of this prospectus, and except to the extent of shareholding in our company, our directors do not have any other interest in the business of our Company.

Changes in Our Company's Board of Directors during the last three (3) years:

Name	Date of Appointment/ Change in Designation	Date of Cessation	Reason
Ms Heena Parekh	14-Aug-18	01-Sep-18	Resignation u/s168
Mr. Omkar Shashikant Pawar	14-Aug-18	01-Sep-18	Resignation u/s168
Ms. Anjali Jagdish Gorsia	01-Sep-18	-	Appointment as Non Executive Director
Mr. Yogesh Pukhrajibhai Prajapati	01-Sep-18	-	Appointment as Non Executive Director
Ms Sowjanaya Poojary	12-Jun-18	02-Jul-18	Resignation u/s168
Mr Chintamani Kharkar	01-Feb-18	19-Apr-18	Resignation u/s168
Ms Neha Shah	31-May-16	24-Feb-17	Resignation u/s168
Mr Abhay Shyam Deo	24-Feb-17	30-Jun-17	Resignation u/s168
Mr Ravi Rajiv Kotia	30-Sep-17	13-Jul-18	Promoted from Additional Director to Director
Mr Ravi Rajiv Kotia	14-Jul-18	-	Change in Designation from Director to Managing Director
Mr Amit RameshbhaiKotia	10-Nov-17	13-Jul-18	Promoted from Additional Director to Director
Mr Amit RameshbhaiKotia	14-Jul-18	-	Change in Designation from Director to Executive Director& CFO
Ms Bhumika Sidpura	07-May-15	10-Nov-17	Resignation u/s168
Mr Kamlesh Hirapara	18-Nov-14	12-May-16	Resignation u/s168
Mr Ashok Mody	25-Sep-14	29-Sep-15	Resignation u/s168
Mr. Keyur Sharadchandra Gandhi	11-Oct-13	13-Jul-17	Promoted from Additional Director to Director
Mr. Keyur Sharadchandra Gandhi	14-Jul-17	-	Change in Designation from Director to Non-Executive Director
Mr Rajiv Kotia	13-Jun-13	31-May-16	Resignation u/s168

The provisions of the Listing Regulations with respect to corporate governance will also be applicable to us immediately upon the listing of our Equity Shares with the Stock Exchange. We are in compliance with the requirements of the applicable regulations, including the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations and the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of corporate governance including constitution of the Board and committees thereof.

Our Board has been constituted in compliance with the Companies Act and SEBI (LODR) Regulations, to the extent applicable. Our Board functions either as a full board or through various committees constituted to oversee specific functions. In compliance with the requirements of the Companies Act and the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, to the extent applicable our Board of Directors consists of Five Directors out of which two are executive director and two are independent director. The Managing Director of the company, Mr. Ravi Rajiv Kotia is an executive director and Mr. Amit Rameshbhai Kotia is an executive whole time director and Chief Financial Officer of the company. Further, The Board of Director have two independent director out of which one is woman director which is in compliance with the requirements of Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (LODR) Regulations.

Committees of our Board

Our Board has constituted the following committees including those for compliance with corporate governance requirements:

a. Audit Committee

Our Audit Committee was constituted pursuant to a resolution of our Board dated on September 01, 2018. The Audit Committee comprises:

Name of Director	Status in Committee	Nature of Directorship
Mr. Yogesh Pukhrajibhai Prajapati	Chairman	Independent Director
Ms. Anjali Jagdish Gorsia	Member	Independent Woman Director
Mr. Keyur Sharadchandra Gandhi	Member	Non-Executive Director

The Company Secretary of the Company shall act as the Secretary of the Audit Committee.

Set forth below are the scope, functions and the terms of reference of our Audit Committee, in accordance with Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 18 of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations.

➤ **Powers of Audit Committee:**

The Audit Committee shall have powers, including the following:

- To investigate any activity within its terms of reference;
- To seek information from any employee;
- To obtain outside legal or other professional advice; and
- To secure attendance of outsiders with relevant expertise, if it considers necessary.

➤ **Role of Audit Committee**

The role of the Audit Committee shall include the following

- oversight of the company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible;
- recommendation for appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors of the listed entity;
- approval of payment to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by the statutory auditors;
- reviewing, with the management, the annual financial statements and auditor's report thereon before submission to the board for approval, with particular reference to:
 - matters required to be included in the director's responsibility statement to be included in the board's report in terms of clause (c) of sub-section (3) of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013;
 - changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same;
 - major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management;
 - significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings;
 - compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements;
 - disclosure of any related party transactions;
 - modified opinion(s) in the audit report;
- reviewing, with the management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the board for approval;
- reviewing, with the management, the statement of uses / application of funds raised through an issue (public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the Prospect/ prospectus / notice and the report submitted by the monitoring agency monitoring the utilization of proceeds of a public or rights issue, and making appropriate recommendations to the board to take up steps in this matter;
- reviewing and monitoring the auditor's independence and performance, and effectiveness of audit process;
- approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of the listed entity with related parties;
- scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments;
- valuation of undertakings or assets of the listed entity, wherever it is necessary;
- evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems;
- reviewing, with the management, performance of statutory and internal auditors, adequacy of the internal control systems;
- reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure coverage and frequency of internal audit;
- discussion with internal auditors of any significant findings and follow up there on;
- reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the board;
- discussion with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern;
- to look into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to the depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors;
- to review the functioning of the whistle blower mechanism;
- approval of appointment of chief financial officer after assessing the qualifications, experience and background, etc. of the candidate;
- Carrying out any other function as is mentioned in the terms of reference of the audit committee.

Further, the Audit Committee shall mandatorily review the following information:

- management discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations;
- statement of significant related party transactions (as defined by the audit committee), submitted by management;
- management letters / letters of internal control weaknesses issued by the statutory auditors;
- internal audit reports relating to internal control weaknesses; and
- The appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the chief internal auditor shall be subject to review by the audit committee.
- Statement of deviations: (a) half yearly statement of deviation(s) including report of monitoring agency, if applicable, submitted to stock exchange(s) in terms of Regulation 32(1); (b) annual statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer prospectus / prospectus/notice in terms of Regulation 32(5).

As required under Regulation 18 of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, the Audit Committee shall meet at least four times in a year, and not more than four months shall elapse between two meetings. The quorum shall be two members present, or one-third of the members, whichever is greater, provided that there should be a minimum of two independent members present.

b. Stakeholders' Relationship Committee

The Stakeholders' Relationship Committee was constituted by a resolution of our Board dated September 01, 2018. The Stakeholders' Relationship Committee comprises:

Name of Director	Status in Committee	Nature of Directorship
Mr. Keyur Sharadchandra Gandhi	Chairman	Non-Executive Director
Mr Ravi Rajiv Kotia	Member	Managing Director

Set forth below are the terms of reference of our Stakeholders' Relationship Committee.

- To look into the redressal of grievances of shareholders, debenture holders and other security holders;
- To investigate complaints relating to allotment of shares, approval of transfer or transmission of shares;
- To consider and resolve the grievances of the security holders of the company including complaints related to transfer of shares, non-receipt of balance sheet, non-receipt of declared dividends; and
- To carry out any other function as prescribed under the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as and when amended from time to time."

c. Nomination and Remuneration Committee:

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee was constituted by our Board on September 01, 2018. The scope and function of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee is in accordance with Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI (LODR) Regulations. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee include the following:

Name of Director	Status in Committee	Nature of Directorship
Ms. Anjali Jagdish Gorsia	Chairman	Independent Woman Director
Mr. Yogesh Pukhrajibhai Prajapati	Member	Independent Director
Mr. Ravi Rajiv Kotia	Member	Managing Director
Mr. Keyur Sharadchandra Gandhi	Member	Non-Executive Director

The scope, functions and the terms of reference of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee is in accordance with the Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Regulation 19 of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

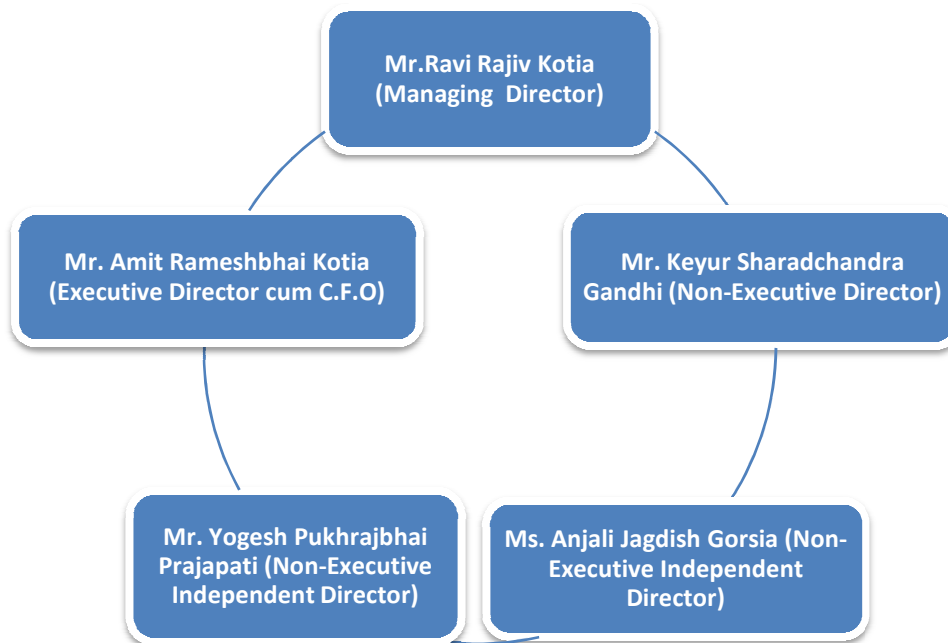
Set forth below are the terms of reference of our Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

formulation of the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director and recommend to the board of directors a policy relating to, the remuneration of the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees;

- formulation of criteria for evaluation of performance of independent directors and the board of directors;

- devising a policy on diversity of board of directors;
- identifying persons who are qualified to become directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down, and recommend to the board of directors their appointment and removal.
- To extend or continue the term of appointment of the independent director, on the basis of the report of performance evaluation of independent directors.

Management Organizational Structure:



Key Managerial Personnel:

Our Company is supported by a team of professionals having exposure to various operational aspects of our business. A brief detail about the Key Managerial Personnel of our Company is provided below

Name, Designation, Occupation,	Age	Date of Joining	Compensation paid for F.Y. ended 2018 (₹in Lakhs)	Overall Experience (In years)	Previous Employment
Mr. Ravi Rajiv Kotia Current Designation: Managing Director Educational Qualification: M Com	30 Years	30-Jun-17	2.17	5 years	Parekh Integrated Services Pvt Ltd
Mr. Amit Rameshbhai Kotia Current Designation: Wholetime Director cum C.F.O Educational Qualification: BA	52 Years	10-Nov-17	1.28	33 years	In Business
Ms. Resham Ajit Maniyar Company Secretary & Compliance officer Qualification:BSL.LLB,Company Secretary	25 Years	01-Sep-18	-	2 years	Indepemdent Director in Sungold Media & Entertainment Limited

Profiles of our Key Managerial Personnel

The details of the Key Managerial Personnel as on the date of this prospectus are set out below. All the Key Managerial Personals are permanent employees of our Company. Except for certain statutory benefits, there are no other benefits accruing to the Key Managerial Personnel.

- a. **Mr. Ravi Rajiv Kotia**, aged 30 years, is the Promoter and Managing Director of our Company. He Has experience as an Account Executive and Administration for 5 years in a Service Industry “Parekh Integrated Services Pvt Ltd” and “Shree Krishna Infrastructure Limited” which includes accounting entries that includes invoice and all other type of expenses and payments in company software, Petty Cash Management of Ahmedabad, Rajkot, Surat, Baroda, Aslali Branches, Co-Ordination with clients regarding out-standing payments and product related queries, Carried out data entry, book-keeping, daily invoice processing in company software.
- b. **Mr. Amit Rameshbhai Kotia**, aged 52 years, is an Executive Director cum C.F.O. of our company. He has vast experience in property development, administration in fund raising, marketing, also holds good experience in placement in mutual funds and attracting foreign investments. He has expertise in raising funds at minimum cost and also has keen interest in real estate properties. He is associated with our company since November 10, 2017.
- c. **Ms. Resham Ajit Maniyar**, aged 25 years, is a Company Secretary and compliance Officer of our company. She is a Member of Institute of Company Secretaries of India, and has also pursued BSL.LLB Degree from Pune University. She is well versed with legal, Secretarial Knowledge. She is associated with our Company since September 01, 2018. She is Former Woman Independent director of the Company, Sungold Media And Entertainment Limited.

Status of Key Management Personnel in our Company

All our key managerial personnel are permanent employees of our Company. The term of office of our key managerial personnel is until the attainment of 60 years of age.

Shareholding of Key Management Personnel in our Company

Except the following, Key Management Personnel do not hold any Equity Shares in our Company as on the date of this prospectus.

Particulars	Number of Shares	Percentage (%) holding
Mr. Ravi RajivKotia	15,14,505	50.48%
Mr. Amit RameshbhaiKotia	3,54,181	11.81%
Total	18,68,686	62.29%

Bonus or profit-sharing plan of the Key Managerial Personnel

Our Company does not have a performance linked bonus or a -profit-sharing plan for the Key Management Personnel. However, our Company pays incentive to all its employees based on their performance including the Key Managerial Personnel's of our Company.

Interests of Key Management Personnel

The Key Management Personnel do not have any interest in our Company other than to the extent of the remuneration or benefits to which they are entitled to as per their terms of appointment and reimbursement of expenses incurred by them during the ordinary course of business.

Payment of Benefits to Officers of Our Company (non-salary related)

Except as disclosed in this prospectus and any statutory payments made by our Company to its officers, our Company has not paid any sum, any non-salary related amount or benefit to any of its officers or to its employees including amounts towards super-annuation, ex-gratia/rewards.

Except statutory benefits upon termination of employment in our Company or superannuation, no officer of our Company is entitled to any benefit upon termination of such officer's employment in our Company or superannuation.

Except as stated under section titled "*Financial Information of the company*" beginning on page no 127 of this prospectus, none of the beneficiaries of loans and advances or sundry debtors are related to our Company, our Directors or our Promoter

Relationship amongst the Key Managerial Personnel of our Company

Mr. Ravi Rajiv Kotia (Managing Director) is nephew of Mr. Amit Rameshbhai Kotia (Director cum C.F.O).

Relationship between the Directors and Key Managerial Personnel

Mr. Ravi Rajiv Kotia (Managing Director) is nephew of Mr. Amit Rameshbhai Kotia (Director cum C.F.O).

Arrangement and Understanding with Major Shareholders/Customers/ Suppliers

None of the above Key Managerial Personnel have been selected pursuant to any arrangement/understanding with major shareholders/customers/suppliers.

Details of Service Contracts of the Key Managerial Personnel

Except for the terms set forth in the appointment letters, the Key Managerial Personnel have not entered into any other contractual arrangements with our Company for provision of benefits or payments of any amount upon termination of employment.

Employee Stock Option or Employee Stock Purchase

Our Company has not granted any options or allotted any Equity Shares under the ESOP Scheme as on the date of this prospectus.

Loans availed by Directors / Key Managerial Personnel of Our Company

None of the Directors or Key Managerial Personals have availed loan from our Company which is outstanding as on the date of this prospectus.

Changes in Our Company's Key Managerial Personnel during the last three (3) years


The changes in the Key Managerial Personnel of our Company in the last three (3) years are as follows:

Name	Date of Appointment/ Change in designation	Date of Cessation	Reason
Mr Ravi RajivKotia	14-Jul-18	-	Appointed asManaging Director
Mr. Amit RameshbhaiKotia	14-Jul-18	-	Appointed as C.F.O
Ms. Resham Ajit Maniyar	01-Sep-18	-	Appointed as Company Secretary & Compliance officer


OUR PROMOTERS AND PROMOTER GROUPS**Our Promoter:**

Mr. Ravi Rajiv Kotia and Mr. Amit Rameshbhai Kotia are the Promoters of our Company. As on the date of filing of this prospectus, our Promoters Mr. Ravi Rajiv Kotia holds 15,14,505 equity shares (being 50.48% of the Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up equity share capital) and Mr. Amit Rameshbhai Kotia hold 3,54,181 equity shares (being 11.81% of the Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up equity share capital) of our Company.

INDIVIDUAL PROMOTERS:**Mr. Ravi Rajiv Kotia**

	<p>Mr. Ravi Rajiv Kotia, aged 30 years, is the Promoter and Managing Director of our Company. He Has experience as an Account Executive and Administration for 5 years in a Service Industry “Parekh Integrated Services Pvt Ltd” and “Shree Krishna Infrastructure Limited” which includes Accounting entries that includes invoice and all other type of expenses and payments in company software, Petty Cash Management of Ahmedabad, Rajkot, Surat, Baroda, Aslali Branches, Co-Ordination with clients regarding out-standing payments and product related queries, Carried out data entry, book-keeping, daily invoice processing in company software.</p> <p> Nationality : Indian PAN No : AUEPK3142K Bank Ac No : 50100200134718 AADHAR No : 6898 9148 7423 Passport No : H6452271 Driving License : GJ01 20080165616 Address : A/73, Avani Complex, Naranpura, Ahmedabad – 380013, Gujarat </p>
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Mr. Amit Rameshbhai Kotia

	<p>Mr. Amit Rameshbhai Kotia, aged 52 years, is Executive Director cum C.F.O. of our company. He has vast experience in property development, administration in fund raising, marketing, also holds good experience in placement in mutual funds and attracting foreign investments. He has expertise in raising funds at minimum cost and also has keen interest in real estate properties.</p> <p> Nationality : Indian PAN No : EEKPK3112P Bank Ac No : 50100231497887 AADHAR No : 6909 7178 5988 Passport No : NA Driving License : GJ01 20060182094 Address : 2/B, SBI Society Naranpura Ahmedabad- 380013, Gujarat </p>
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Further, our Promoter, Group Companies and relatives of our Promoter have confirmed that they have not been identified as willful defaulters by any bank or financial institution or consortium thereof, in accordance with the guidelines on willful defaulters issued by the RBI.

Neither our Promoter nor members of our Promoter Group or any persons in control have been debarred, or restricted from accessing the capital markets for any reason, by SEBI or any other authorities. Our Promoter is not, nor has he been a promoter, director or person in control of any company which is debarred, or restricted from accessing the capital markets for any reason, by SEBI or any other authorities.

INTEREST OF THE PROMOTERS

Interest in the promotion of Our Company

Our Promoters may be deemed to be interested in the promotion of the Issuer to the extent of the equity shares held by themselves as well as their relative and also to the extent of any dividend payable to them and other distributions in respect of the aforesaid equity shares. Further, our Promoters may also be interested to the extent of equity shares held by or that may be subscribed by and allotted to companies and firms in whom either of them is interested as a director, member or partner. In addition, our Promoters, being Directors may be deemed to be interested to the extent of fees, if any, payable for attending meetings of the Board or a committee thereof as well as to the extent of remuneration and reimbursement of expenses, if any, payable under our Articles of Association and to the extent of remuneration, if any, paid for services rendered as an officer or employee of our Company as stated in section titled “*Our Management*” beginning on page no 112 of this prospectus.

Interest in the property of Our Company

Our promoters do not have any other interest in any property acquired by our Company in a period of two years before filing of this prospectus or proposed to be acquired by us till the date of filing the prospectus with ROC.

Interest as Member of our Company

As on the date of this prospectus, our Promoters and Promoter Group collectively holds 62.29% equity shares of our Company and is therefore interested to the extent of their shareholding and the dividend declared, if any, by our Company. Except to the extent of shareholding of the Promoter in our Company and benefits as provided in the section titled “*Our Management*” beginning on page no 112 of this prospectus, our Promoters does not hold any other interest in our Company.

PAYMENT AMOUNTS OR BENEFIT TO OUR PROMOTERS DURING THE LAST TWO YEARS

No payment has been made or benefit given to our Promoters in the two years preceding the date of this prospectus except as mentioned / referred to in this chapter and in the section titled “*Our Management*”, “*Financial Information of the company*” and “*Capital Structure*” beginning on page no 112, page no 127 and page no 52 respectively of this prospectus. Further as on the date of the prospectus, there is no bonus or profit sharing plan for our Promoters.

CONFIRMATIONS

Our Company hereby confirms that:

Except as mentioned in the section titled “*Outstanding Litigation and Material Developments*” beginning on page no 158 of this prospectus, none of our Promoters have been declared as a willful defaulter by the RBI or any other governmental authority and there are no violations of securities laws committed by the Promoters in the past or any pending against them.

Further, none of our Promoters, Promoter Group or Directors or persons in control of our Company or bodies corporate forming part of our Promoter Group have been (i) prohibited from accessing the capital markets under any order or direction passed by SEBI or any other authority or (ii) refused listing of any of the securities issued by such entity by any stock exchange, in India or abroad.

OTHER VENTURES OF OUR PROMOTERS

Save and except as disclosed in the section titled “*Our Promoters*” and “*Our Promoters and Promoters Group and Group Entities of our Companies*” beginning on page no 121 of this prospectus, there are no ventures promoted by our Promoters in which they have any business interests / other interests.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Except as disclosed in the section titled “*Related Party Transactions*” beginning on page no 125 of this prospectus, our Company has not entered into any related party transactions with our Promoters.

Experience of Promoters in the line of business

Our Promoter is well experienced in the Company's line of business. The Company shall also endeavor to ensure that relevant professional help is sought as and when required in the future.

Companies with which the Promoters has disassociated in the last three years

None of our Promoters have disassociated themselves from any of the companies, firms or entities during the last three years preceding the date of this prospectus.

Litigation details pertaining to our Promoters

For details on litigations and disputes pending against the Promoters and defaults made by our Promoters, please refer to section titled '*Outstanding Litigations and Material Developments*' beginning on page no 158 of this prospectus.

Individual Promoter Group of our Promoters

In addition to our Promoters named hereinabove, the following natural persons are part of our Promoter Group in terms of Regulation 2(1) (zb) (ii) of SEBI ICDR Regulations:

Name of our Promoter	Name of the Relatives	Relationship with the Relative
Mr. Ravi Rajiv Kotia	Rajiv RameshchandraKotia	Father
	Seema Kotia	Mother
	RajRajivKotia	Brother

Name of our Promoter	Name of the Relatives	Relationship with the Relative
Mr. Amit Rameshbhai Kotia	Late Rameshchandra Kotia	Father
	Late Prem Rameshchandra Kotia	Mother
	Rajiv Rameshchandra Kotia, Dhaval Kotia	Brother, Step Brother
	Mona Shah	Sister
	Daiv Kotia	Son
	Shilpa Kotia	Spouse
	Late Popatlal Patel	Spouse's Father
	Late Shantaben Patel	Spouse's Mother
	Late Rajendra Patel, Ashish Patel, Tejendra Patel	Spouse's Brother

Promoter Group of our Promoters

The following individual and entities form part of our Promoter Group in terms of Regulation 2(1) (zb) of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations:

Sr.No	Name
1	Sungold Media And Entertainment Limited
2	Sungold Capital Limited

GROUP ENTITIES OF OUR COMPANY

As per the requirements of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, for the purpose of identification of 'group companies/ entities', our Company has considered companies as covered under the applicable accounting standards (i.e. Accounting Standard 18 issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India) on a consolidated basis, or other companies as considered material by our Board. For the purpose of disclosure in offer documents for the Issue, a company shall be considered material and will be disclosed as a Group Entity if such company has entered into one or more transactions with such company in the previous audit fiscal year / period cumulatively exceeding 10% of the total consolidated revenue of our Company for such fiscal.

-NIL -

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

For details on Related Party Transactions of our Company, please refer to Annexure XXXIV of restated financial statement under the section titled “*Financial Information of the company*” on page no 127 of the prospectus.

DIVIDEND POLICY

The declaration and payment of dividends, if any, will be recommended by our Board of Directors and approved by our shareholders at their discretion, subject to the provision of the Articles of Association and the Companies Act. The dividends, if any, will depend on a number of factors, including but not limited to the earnings, capital requirements and overall financial position of our Company. In addition, our ability to pay dividends may be impacted by a number of other factors, including, restrictive covenants under the loan or financing documents that we may enter into from time to time. Our Company has no formal dividend policy. Our Board may also, from time to time, pay interim dividends.

However, our Company has not declared/paid any dividend in the past.

SECTION VI: FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF THE COMPANY

AUDITOR'S REPORT ON RESTATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT

To,
The Board of Directors,
Shree Krishna Infrastructure Limited,
Bungalow No.36, Rang Residency, Vadia, Rajpipla,
Narmada- 393145,
Gujarat, India

Dear Sirs,

Report on Restated Financial Statement

1. We have examined the attached Restated Statement of Assets and Liabilities of **SHREE KRISHNA INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED** as on 30th June 2018, 31st March 2018, 31st March 2017, 31st March 2016, 31st March 2015 and 31st March 2014, the related Restated Statement of Profit & Loss and Restated Statement of Cash Flow for the financial year ended on 30th June 2018, 31st March 2018, 31st March 2017, 31st March 2016, 31st March 2015 and 31st March 2014 (collectively the "Restated Summary Statements" or Restated Financial Statements"). These Restated summary Statements have been prepared by the company and as approved by the Board of Directors of the company in connection with the Initial Public Offer (IPO) on the SME Platform of BSE Limited ("BSE").
2. These Restated Summary Statements has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of:
 - i. Section 26 read with applicable provisions within Rule 4 to 6 of Companies (Prospectus and Allotment of Securities) Rules, 2014 of companies Act, 2013, as amended (hereinafter referred to as the "Act") and
 - ii. Item (IX) of Part (B) of schedule VIII of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2009, As amended (The "SEBI Regulation") issued by the SEBI.
 - iii. The terms of reference to our engagements with the company requesting us to carry out the assignment, in connection with the Prospectus/Prospectus being issued by the Company for its proposed Initial Public Offer (IPO) of equity shares in SME Platform of BSE Limited ("IPO" of "SMEIPO"); and
 - iv. The Guidance Note on Reports in Company Prospectus (Revised) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("Guidance Note").
 - v. In terms of Schedule VIII of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2009 and other provisions relating to accounts, We BHATTER & COMPANY, Chartered Accountants, have been subjected to the peer review process of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) and hold a valid Certificate No. 009643 dated 07.02.2017 issued by the "Peer Review Board" of the ICAI.
3. The Restated Summary Statements and Financial information of the Company have been extracted by the management from the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended on 30th June 2018, 31st March 2018, 31st March 2017, 31st March 2016, 31st March 2015 and 31st March 2014 which have been approved by the Board of Directors.
4. Financial Statements for the financial year ended on 30th June 2018 and 31st March 2018, have been re-audited by us. We have not audited the standalone financial statements of the Issuer as of and for the financial years ended March 31, 2017, 2016, 2015, 2014 and 2013 which have been audited solely by M/s. B D Saboo & Associates (Chartered Accountants) in the capacity of Statutory Auditor of the Company for the financial year ended March, 2017, M/s. S Somani & Associates (Chartered Accountants) in the capacity of Statutory Auditor of the Company for the financial year ended March, 2016 and 2015 and M/s. Samria & Co (Chartered Accountants) in the capacity of Statutory Auditor of the Company for the financial year ended March, 2014 and March, 2013 (collectively, the "Historical Audited Financial Statements"). The Historical Audited Financial Statements and Current Audited Financial Statements are hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Audited Financial Statements"., and accordingly reliance has been placed on the financial information for the said years.

A. Financial Information as per Audited Financial Statements:

5. We have examined:
 - a. The attached Restated Statements of Assets and Liabilities of the company, as at 30th June 2018, 31st March 2018, 31st March 2017, 31st March 2016, 31st March 2015 and 31st March 2014 (**Annexure I**);

- b. The attached Restated Statement of Profits and Losses of the company for the period ended on 30th June 2018, 31st March 2018, 31st March 2017, 31st March 2016, 31st March 2015 and 31st March 2014 (**Annexure II**);
 - c. The attached Restated Statement of Cash Flows of the company for period ended 30th June 2018, 31st March 2018, 31st March 2017, 31st March 2016, 31st March 2015 and 31st March 2014 (**Annexure III**);
 - d. The Significant Accounting Policies adopted by the company (**Annexure IV**) and notes to Restated Financial Statements along with adjustments on account of audit qualifications/ adjustments /regroupings (**Annexure XXX**);
6. In accordance with the requirements of Act, ICDR Regulations, Guidance Note on the reports in Company Prospectus (Revised) issued by ICAI and the terms of our Engagement Letter, we further report that:
- i. The “Restated Statement of Assets and Liabilities” as set out in **Annexure I** to this report, of the company as at 30th June 2018, 31st March 2018, 31st March 2017, 31st March 2016, 31st March 2015 and 31st March 2014 are prepared by the company and approved by the Board of Directors. This Statement of Assets and Liabilities, as restated have been arrived at after making such adjustments and regroupings to the individual Financial Statements of the Company, as in our opinion were appropriate and more fully described in Significant Accounting Policies and Notes to the Restated Summary Statements as set out in Annexure IV to this report.
 - ii. The “Restated Statement of Profit and Loss” as set out in **Annexure II** to this report, of the company for the period ended on 30th June 2018, 31st March 2018, 31st March 2017, 31st March 2016, 31st March 2015 and 31st March 2014 are prepared by the company and approved by the Board of Directors. This Statement of Profit and Loss, as restated have been arrived at after making such adjustments and regroupings to the individual financial statements of the company, as in our opinion were appropriate and more fully described in Significant Accounting Policies and Notes to the Restated Summary Statements as set out in Annexure IV to this Report.
 - iii. The “Restated Statement of Cash Flow” as set out in **Annexure III** to this report, of the company for the period ended 30th June 2018, 31st March 2018, 31st March 2017, 31st March 2016, 31st March 2015 and 31st March 2014 are prepared by the company and approved by the Board of Directors. This Statement of Cash flow, as restated have been arrived at after making such adjustments and regroupings to the individual financial statements of the company, as in our opinion were appropriate and more fully described in Significant Accounting Policies (**Annexure IV**) and Notes to the Restated Summary Statements as set out in **Annexure XXX** to this Report.

Based on the above and also as per the reliance placed by us on the audited financial statements of the company and Auditors Report thereon which have been prepared by the Statutory Auditor of the Company for the period ended on 30th June 2018, 31st March 2018, 31st March 2017, 31st March 2016, 31st March 2015 and 31st March 2014. We are of the opinion that “**Restated Financial Statements**” or “**Restated Summary Statements**” have been made after incorporating:

- a) Adjustments for the changes in accounting policies retrospectively in respective financial years to reflect the same accounting treatment as per changed accounting policy for all reporting periods.
- b) Adjustments for any prior period material amounts in the respective financial years have been made to which they relate; and
- c) Adjustments on account of the statutory audit qualifications, if any, have been adjusted and regrouped to the individual financial statements of the company, as in our opinion were appropriate and more fully described in Significant Accounting Policies **Annexure IV** and Notes to the Restated Summary Statements as set out in **Annexure XXX** to this Report.
- d) Adjustments in Financial Statements have been made in accordance with the correct accounting policies, which includes the impact of provision of gratuity made on actuarial valuation basis in the Restated Financial Statements.
- e) There is no change in accounting policies, which needs to be adjusted in the “Restated Financial Statements”.
- f) The Company does not have any revaluation reserve, in Restated Financial Statement in the respective financial years.
- g) The company has not paid any dividend on its equity shares till 30th June 2018

B. Other Financial Information:

7. We have also examined the following standalone financial information as set out in annexure prepared by the Management and as approved by the Board of directors of the company for period ended on 30th June 2018, 31st March 2018, 31st March 2017, 31st March 2016, 31st March 2015 and 31st March 2014.

Restated Statement of Share Capital	Annexure-V
Restated Statement of Reserves and surplus	Annexure-VI
Restated Statement of Long Term	Annexure-VII
Restated Statement of deferred Tax (Assets)/Liabilities	Annexure-VIII
Restated Statement of Short Term Borrowings	Annexure-IX
Restated Statement of Trade Payables	Annexure-X
Restated Statement of other Current Liabilities	Annexure-XI
Restated Statement of Short Term Provisions	Annexure-XII
Restated Statement of Fixed Assets	Annexure-XIII
Restated Statement of Non- Current Investments	Annexure-XIV
Restated Statement Long Term Loans and Advances	Annexure-XV
Restated Statement of Inventory	Annexure-XVI
Restated Statement of Trade Receivables	Annexure-XVII
Restated Statement of Cash & Cash Equivalents	Annexure-XVIII
Restated Statement of Balances with Bank other than Cash & Cash Equivalents	Annexure-XIX
Restated Statement of ShortTerm Loans and Advances	Annexure-XX
Restated Statement of Other Current Assets	Annexure-XXI
Restated Statement of Revenue from Operations	Annexure-XXII
Restated Statement of other Income	Annexure-XXIII
Restated Statement of Purchase, Consturction & Operational Expenses	Annexure-XXIV
Restated Statement of Changes in Inventories	Annexure-XXV
Restated Statement of Employees Benefit Expenses	Annexure-XXVI
Restated Statement of Finance Cost	Annexure-XXVII
Restated Statement of Depreciation & Amortisation Expenses	Annexure-XXVIII
Restated Statement of Other Expenses	Annexure-XXIX
Notes on Restated Financial Statement	Annexure-XXX
Restated Statement of Mandatory Accounting Ratios	Annexure-XXXI
Restated Statement of Tax shelter	Annexure-XXXII
Restated Statement of Capitalization Statement	Annexure-XXXIII
Restated Statement of Related party transaction	Annexure-XXXIV

8. The Restated Financial Information contain all the disclosures required by the Accounting Standards notified under the Companies Act, 2013 of India read with the General Circular 15/2013 dated September 13, 2013 of the Ministry of Corporate Affairs in respect of Section 133 of the Act.
9. We have not audited any financial statements of the company as of any date subsequent to 30th June 2018 Accordingly, we do not express any opinion on the financial position, results or cash flows of the company as of any date or for any period subsequent to 30th June 2018.
10. The preparation and presentation of the financial statements referred to above are based on the Audited financial statements of the company in accordance with the provisions of the Act and the Financial Information referred to above is the responsibility of the management of the company.
11. In our opinion, the above financial information contained in Annexure I to III and Annexure V to XXIX of this report read along with the restated statement of Significant Accounting Policies and Notes as set out in Annexure IV & Annexure XXX are prepared after making adjustments and regrouping as considered appropriate and have been prepared in accordance with paragraph B, Part II of Schedule II of the Act, the SEBI Regulations, The Revised Guidance Note on Reports in Company Prospectus and Guidance Note on Audit Reports/Certificates on Financial Information in Offer Documents issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") to the extent applicable, as amended from time to time, and in terms of our engagement as agreed with you.
12. Consequently the financial information has been prepared after making such regroupings and adjustments as were, in our opinion considered appropriate to comply with the same. As a result of these regroupings and adjustments, the amount reported in the information may not necessarily be same as those appearing in the respective audited financial statements for the relevant years.
13. The report should not in any way be construed as a re-issuance or re-drafting of any of the previous audit report, nor should this construed as a new opinion on any of the financial statements referred to herein.

14. We have no responsibility to update our report for events and circumstances occurring after the date of thereport.
15. Our report is intended solely for use of the management and for inclusion in the Offer Document in connection with the OFS-SME for proposed Issue of Equity Shares of the company and our report should not be used, referred to or quoted for any other purpose without our written consent.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these restated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the restated financial statements read together with the notes thereon, give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, to the extent applicable;

- a. In the case of Restated Statement of Assets and Liabilities of the Company as at 30th June 2018, 31st March 2018, 31st March 2017, 31st March 2016, 31st March 2015 and 31st March 2014;
- b. In the case of the Restated Statement of Profit and Loss, of the profit of the Company for the Period ended 30th June 2018, 31st March 2018, 31st March 2017, 31st March 2016, 31st March 2015 and 31st March 2014; and
- c. In the case of the Restated Cash Flow Statement, of the cash flows of the Company for the Period ended 30th June 2018, 31st March 2018, 31st March 2017, 31st March 2016, 31st March 2015 and 31st March 2014.

For BHATTER & COMPANY

Chartered Accountants
F.R.N. 131092W

S/d-

CA.DAULAL H BHATTER
PROPRIETOR
Membership No. 016937

Date: 18/10/2018

Place: MUMBAI

Annexure – I: Restated Balance Sheets

PARTICULARS	Annexure No.	For the year ended					
		30/06/2018	31/03/2018	31/03/2017	31/03/2016	31/03/2015	31/03/2014
I. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES							
(1) Shareholders' funds							
(a) Share Capital	V	30,000,000	30,000,000	19,741,270	17,421,000	17,421,000	17,421,000
(b) Reserves and Surplus	VI	8,496,567	8,371,994	6,479,688	5,171,265	4,917,878	4,588,271
(2) Non Current Liabilities							
(a) Long Term Borrowings	VII	2,027,500	-	-	-	-	-
(b) Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	VIII	5,025	5,937	8,575	2,271	-	-
(3) Current Liabilities							
(a) Short Term Borrowings	IX	-	-	-	-	-	-
(b) Trades Payable	X	-	-	-	1,242,258	142,000	-
(c) Other Current Liabilities	XI	707,967	688,567	5,900	688,661	239,618	11,236
(d) Short Term Provisions	XII	169,344	125,230	52,167	111,038	147,393	33,094
Total		41,406,404	39,191,728	26,287,601	24,636,494	22,867,889	22,053,601
II. ASSETS							
(1) Non Current Assets							
(a) Fixed Assets							
(i) Tangible Assets	XIII	987,579	991,804	74,200	91,100	-	-
(ii) Intangible Assets	XIII	12,600	14,400	21,600	28,800	-	-
(iii) Capital Work in Progress	XIII	-	-	-	-	-	-
(b) Non Current Investments	XIV	6,010,900	6,010,900	-	1,800,000	-	-
(c) Long Term Loans and Advances	XV	25,855,727	25,048,921	22,643,537	19,622,923	22,634,509	20,466,767
(2) Current Assets							
(a) Inventories	XVI	-	-	-	-	-	-
(b) Trade Receivables	XVII	6,728,420	5,704,770	2,611,730	2,701,720	-	883,610
(c) Cash and Cash Equivalents	XVIII	1,580,831	1,295,586	698,084	171,688	115,175	657,009
(d) Balances with Bank other than (c)	XIX	-	-	-	-	-	-
(e) Short Term Loans and Advances	XX	85,347	85,347	238,450	220,263	118,205	46,215
(f) Other Current Assets	XXI	145,000	40,000	-	-	-	-
Total		41,406,404	39,191,728	26,287,601	24,636,494	22,867,889	22,053,601

For M/s. Bhatler & Company

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 131092W

For and on Behalf of Board

S/d-

Daulal.H. Bhatler

Proprietor

M. No. 016937

Place : Mumbai

Date:- 18/10/2018

S/d-

Ravi Kotia

Managing Director

DIN: 01761963

S/d-

Amit Kotia

Whole Time Director & CFO

DIN: 07499192

Annexure – II: Restated Statement of Profit & Loss

PARTICULARS	Annexure No.	For the year ended					
		30/06/2018	31/03/2018	31/03/2017	31/03/2016	31/03/2015	31/03/2014
(1) Revenue							
(a) Revenue from Operations	XXII	3,336,426	7,583,825	6,145,387	5,806,341	2,149,592	1,243,631
(b) Other Income	XXIII	-	66,928	3,893	4,950	-	-
Total Revenue		3,336,426	7,650,753	6,149,280	5,811,291	2,149,592	1,243,631
(2) Expenses							
(a) Purchases, Construction & Operation Expenses	XXIV	-	-	-	-	-	-
(b) Changes in Inventories	XXV	-	-	-	-	-	-
(c) Employees Benefit Expenses	XXVI	2,299,123	4,085,601	1,323,758	1,308,000	1,119,450	554,270
(d) Finance Cost	XXVII	-	-	-	-	-	-
(e) Depreciation & Amortisation Expenses	XXVIII	6,025	24,100	24,100	24,100	-	-
(f) Other Expenses	XXIX	863,502	3,064,964	4,589,975	4,112,494	553,142	582,262
Total Expenses		3,168,650	7,174,665	5,937,833	5,444,594	1,672,592	1,136,532
Profit/(Loss) before tax		167,776	476,088	211,447	366,697	477,000	107,099
Tax expense							
(a) Current Tax		44,114	125,230	56,855	111,038	147,393	33,094
(b) Deferred Tax		-912	-2,638	6,304	2,271	-	-
(c) MAT Credit							
Profit/(Loss) for the period/ year		124,574	353,495	148,288	253,388	329,607	74,005
EPS (Face Value of Rs. 10/-)							
(a) Basic		0.04	0.13	0.08	0.15	0.19	0.13
(b) Diluted		0.04	0.13	0.08	0.15	0.19	0.13

For M/s. Bhatler & Company
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 131092W

S/d-
Daulal.H. Bhatler
Proprietor
M. No. 016937
Place : Mumbai
Date:- 18/10/2018

For and on Behalf of Board

S/d-
Ravi Kotia
Managing Director
DIN: 01761963

S/d-
Amit Kotia
Whole Time Director & CFO
DIN: 07499192

Annexure – III: Restated Cash Flow Statement

PARTICULARS	For the Year Ended					
	30/06/2018	31/03/2018	31/03/2017	31/03/2016	31/03/2015	31/03/2014
A. Cash flow from operating activities :						
Profit/ (Loss) before tax	1,67,776	476,088	211,447	366,697	477,000	107,099
Adjustments for :						
Depreciation	6,025	24,100	24,100	24,100	-	-
Interest received	-	66,928	3,893	4,950	-	-
Operating Profit before working capital changes	1,73,801	433,260	231,654	385,847	477,000	107,099
Adjustments for :-						
Short Term Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	(3,779,550)
Trades Payable	-	-	(1,242,258)	1,100,258	142,000	-
Other Current Liabilities	19,400	682,667	(682,761)	449,043	228,382	5,618
Short Term Provisions	-	(52,167)	-	(147,393)	(33,094)	-
Inventories	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade Receivables	(10,23,650)	(3,093,040)	89,990	(2,701,720)	883,610	(753,610)
Short Term Loans and Advances	-	-	(25,000)	-	-	-
Other Current Assets	(1,05,000)	(40,000)	-	-	-	-
Operating Profit after working capital changes	(9,35,449)	(2,069,281)	(1,628,375)	(913,965)	1,697,898	(4,420,443)
Net Income Tax (paid) / refunds	-	(153,103)	108,913	102,058	71,990	41,254
Net cash from operating activities (A)	(9,35,449)	(1,916,178)	(1,737,288)	(1,016,023)	1,625,908	(4,461,697)
B. Cash flow from investing activities :						
Purchase & Sale of Fixed Assets	-	(934,504)	-	(144,000)	-	-
Purchase & Sale of Investment	-	(6,010,900)	1,800,000	(1,800,000)	-	-
Receipt & Repayment of Loans & Advances	(8,06,806)	(2,405,384)	(3,020,614)	3,011,586	(2,167,742)	(11,023,767)
Interest Income	-	66,928	3,893	4,950	-	-
Net Cash (used in) / from investing activities (B)	(8,06,806)	(9,283,860)	(1,216,721)	1,072,536	(2,167,742)	(11,023,767)
C. Cash flow from financing activities :						
Increase in Share Capital	-	10,258,730	2,320,270	-	-	11,614,000
Share Premium	-	1,538,810	1,160,135	-	-	4,436,000
Loan taken	20,27,500					
Net Cash used in financing activities (C)	20,27,500	11,797,540	3,480,405	-	-	16,050,000
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	2,85,245	597,502	526,396	56,513	(541,834)	564,536
Cash and cash equivalents (Opening Balance)	12,95,586	698,084	171,688	115,175	657,009	92,472
Cash and cash equivalents(Closing Balance)	15,80,831	1,295,587	698,084	171,688	115,175	657,008
Components of Cash & Cash Equivalent						
a) Cash in Hand	4,28,448	523,504	73,548	164,366	81,565	633,887
b) Balance with Banks						
In Current Account	11,52,382	772,082	624,536	7,322	33,610	23,122
Cash and cash equivalents(Closing Balance)	15,80,830	1,295,586	698,084	171,688	115,175	657,009

For M/s. Bhatte & Company

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 131092W

Daulal.H. Bhatte

Proprietor

M. No. 016937

Place : Mumbai

Date:- 18/10/2018

For and on Behalf of Board

S/d-

Ravi Kotia

Managing Director

DIN: 01761963

S/d-

Amit Kotia

Whole Time Director & CFO

DIN: 07499192

Annexure – IV: Restated Significant Accounting Policies**A. CORPORATE INFORMATION**

M/s. Shree Krishna Infrastructure Limited was originally incorporated on July 03, 1990 as Shree Krishna Tour and Travels Private Limited under the provision of Companies Act, 1956 with Registrar of Companies, Gujarat bearing Registration No. 13979. Subsequently, the name of the Company was changed to Shree Krishna Infrastructure Private Limited by passing necessary resolution on November 13, 1995 and the company becomes public limited company and the name of Company was changed to Shree Krishna Infrastructure Limited pursuant to shareholders resolution passed in the Extra-ordinary General Meeting held on March 22, 1996

B. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements:

The restated summary statement of assets and liabilities of the Company as at 30th June 2018, 31st March 2018, 31st March 2017, 31st March 2016, 31st March 2015 and 31st March 2014 and the related restated summary statement of profits and loss and restated summary statement of cash flows for the financial year ended on 30th June 2018, 31st March 2018, 31st March 2017, 31st March 2016, 31st March 2015 and 31st March 2014 (herein collectively referred to as 'restated summary statements') have been compiled by the management from the audited financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended 30th June 2018, 31st March 2018, 31st March 2017, 31st March 2016, 31st March 2015 and 31st March 2014, approved by the Board of Directors of the Company. The restated summary statements have been prepared to comply in all material respects with the provisions of sub-clauses (i) and (iii) of clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 26 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with Companies (Prospectus and Allotment of Securities) Rules 2014; The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2009 ("ICDR Regulations") and related amendments / clarifications from time to time issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI") and Guidance note on reports in Companies Prospectus (Revised). The restated summary statements have been prepared specifically for inclusion in the offer document to be filed by the Company with the SME Platform of BSE in connection with its proposed Initial public offering of equity shares. The Company's management has recast the financial statements in the form required by Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013 for the purpose of restated summary statements.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current and non-current as per company's normal operating cycle and other criteria as set out in Schedule III to the Companies Act 2013. The company has ascertained its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of current and non-current classifications of assets & liabilities.

Presentation and disclosure of financial statements

With the effect from 1st April 2014, Schedule III notified under the Act, has become applicable to the company for the preparation and presentation of its financial statements. Accordingly, previous year's figures have been regrouped/reclassified wherever applicable. Appropriate reclassification/regrouping have been made in the Restated Standalone Financial information wherever required, to corresponding items of income, expenses, assets and liabilities, in order to bring them in line with the presentation and recognition as per the audited financial statements of the Company and the requirement of SEBI Regulations. The financial statements are prepared in Indian rupees round off to the nearest rupee.

C. Use of Estimates:

The preparation of the financial statements is in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting principles which require management to make estimates/ assumptions that affect the reported amount of Assets and Liabilities, the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period reported. Difference between the actual results and estimates are recognized in the period in which the results are known/ materialized.

D. Fixed Assets & Depreciation:

"Fixed Assets are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation. Cost comprises non-refundable taxes, duties, freight, borrowing costs and other incidental expenses related to the acquisition and installation of the respective assets. The same is in compliance with AS-10 to the extent applicable.

Cost also includes the interest paid/payable during the period of construction in respect of borrowed funds pertaining to construction/acquisition of qualifying assets."

"Depreciation on fixed assets is calculated on a WDV basis based on the rates prescribed under the Schedule XIV to the Companies Act 1956, up to March 31, 2014. During the year ended March 31, 2015, pursuant to Companies Act, 2013 applicable from April 01, 2014, management evaluated the estimates of useful lives of its fixed assets as per the requirements of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 and depreciation has been provided as per WDV basis in accordance therewith."

E. Impairment of Assets (AS 28):

An asset is treated as impaired when the carrying cost of the asset exceeds its recoverable value. An impairment loss is charged to Profit & Loss Account in the year in which the asset is impaired and the impairment loss recognized in prior accounting periods is reversed if there has been a change in the estimate of recoverable amount. The same is in compliance with AS-28 to the extent applicable.

F. Intangible Assets (AS 26):

Intangible Assets are recognized at consideration paid for acquisition and other direct costs that can be directly attributed or allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis.

G. Current Assets, loans & advances:

In the opinion of the Board of Directors, the Current Assets, Loans & Advances are approximately of the value stated if realized in ordinary course of business. Provisions for known liabilities are made & not in excess of the amount reasonably necessary.

H. Investments:

- ❖ Investments that are readily realizable and intended to be held for not more than year are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as long-term investments.
- ❖ Long Term Investments are stated at cost.
- ❖ Current Investments are carried at lower of cost and fair value as on the Balance Sheet date.
- ❖ Provision for diminution in value of long-term investments is made if the diminution is other than temporary.

I. Inventories:

"Stock is valued at cost or Net Realizable Value whichever is lower. The expenditure incurred in connection with the construction of residential projects is shown as Stock Work In progress."

J. Foreign Currency Transaction:

Foreign Currency Transactions are recorded at exchange rates prevailing on the date of such transaction. Foreign Currency assets and liabilities at the year-end are realigned at the exchange rate prevailing at the year end and the difference on realignment is recognized in the Statement of profit & Loss.

K. Revenue Recognition:

- ❖ Revenue is recognized to the extent that it can be reliably measured and is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the company.
- ❖ Revenue from sale of inventories is recognized when the risk and rewards of ownership are passed on to the customers.
- ❖ Revenue from hospitality services is recognized when the services are rendered and same becomes chargeable.
- ❖ Interest income and all other income are accounted on accrual basis.

L. Taxes on Income:

Current Tax on income is determined on the basis of taxable income and tax credits computed in accordance with the provisions of the Income tax act 1961 and based on the expected outcome of assessments/appeals.

Deferred tax assets are recognized and carried forward to the extent that there is a virtual certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized. Deferred tax

assets on business loss and unabsorbed depreciation are recognized and carried forward to the extent that there is virtual certainty that sufficient taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax asset can be realized.

M. Employee Benefits:

"Defined Contribution Plan

Retirement benefits in the form of Provident Fund are a defined contribution scheme and contributions are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year when the contributions are due."

"Post-Employment Benefits

Provisions for liabilities in respect of gratuity benefits are not made. However, it is recognized as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss on actual basis during the period in which the eligible employee leaves the service of the Company and settlements of his dues are made based on actual calculation."

N. Borrowing Cost:

Interest and other related costs, including amortized costs of borrowings related to the project or acquisition of qualifying assets are capitalized as part of the respective assets. All the other borrowing costs are charged to revenue.

A qualifying asset is an asset that necessarily requires a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale.

O. Earnings per Share:

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity Shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period, as per AS 20 on Earnings per share.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

P. Provisions Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:

Provisions involving substantial degree of estimation in measurement are recognized when there is a present obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that there will be an outflow of resources. Provisions are not discounted to its present value and are determined based on best estimate required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

A disclosure for a contingent liability is also made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. Where there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

Contingent Assets are neither recognized nor disclosed in the financial statements.

Q. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:

The Cash Flow Statement is prepared by indirect method set in Accounting Standard-3 on cash flow statement and presents the cash flows by Operating, Investing and Finance activities of the company. Cash and cash equivalents presented in cash flow consists of cash in hand, cheque in hand, bank balances. The same is in compliance with AS-3 to the extent applicable.

Annexure – V: Restated Statement of Share Capital

Particulars	30/06/2018	31/03/2018	31/03/2017	31/03/2016	31/03/2015	31/03/2014
<u>Authorised Share Capital</u>						
Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	30,000,000	30,000,000	20,000,000	17,500,000	17,500,000	17,500,000
<u>Issued Share Capital</u>						
Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	30,000,000	30,000,000	19,741,270	17,421,000	17,421,000	17,421,000
<u>Subscribed and Fully Paid-up Share Capital</u>						
Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	30,000,000	30,000,000	19,741,270	17,421,000	17,421,000	17,421,000
	30,000,000	30,000,000	19,741,270	17,421,000	17,421,000	17,421,000

a. Reconciliation of the Shares Outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period As Restated:

Particulars	30-06-2018		31-03-2018		31-03-2017		31-03-2016		31-03-2015		31-03-2014	
	No.of Shares	In Rs.	No.of Shares	In Rs.	No.of Shares	In Rs.	No.of Shares	In Rs.	No.of Shares	In Rs.	No.of Shares	In Rs.
Shares Outstanding at the beginning of the period	3,000,000	30,000,000	1,974,127	19,741,270	1,742,100	17,421,000	1,742,100	17,421,000	1,742,100	17,421,000	580,700	5,807,000
Add : Shares issued during the year	-	-	-	-	232,027	2,320,270	-	-	-	-	-	-
Add : Right issue during the year	-	-	1,025,873	10,258,730	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,161,400	11,614,000
: Bonus Shares issued during the year*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Shares bought back during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Share outstanding at the end of the year	3,000,000	30,000,000	3,000,000	30,000,000	1,974,127	19,741,270	1,742,100	17,421,000	1,742,100	17,421,000	1,742,100	17,421,000

b. Terms / rights attached to equity shares As Restated:

- The company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.
- The final dividend declared, if any, is subject to the approval of the members in the Annual General Meeting.
- In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the Company in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders, after distribution of all preferential amounts.

c. Details of Shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company As Restated :

Name of the Shareholder	30/06/2018		31/03/2018		31/03/2017		31/03/2016		31/03/2015		31/03/2014	
	No.of Shares	% Held	No.of Shares	% Held	No.of Shares	% Held	No.of Shares	% Held	No.of Shares	% Held	No.of Shares	% Held
Ravi Kotia	1,514,505	50.48%	1,514,505	50.48%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%
Amit Kotia	354,181	11.81%	354,181	11.81%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%
Magic Touch Securities Pvt Ltd	550,000	18.33%	550,000	18.33%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%
Shree Manibhadra Broking Pvt Ltd	500,000	16.67%	500,000	16.67%	-	0.00%	341,743	19.62%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%
Rajiv Kotia	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	252,212	12.78%	245,680	14.10%	245,680	14.10%	-	-
Bhumika Sidhpura	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	252,798	12.81%	228,236	13.10%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%
Namra Traders and Distributors LLP	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	300,000	17.22%	300,000	17.22%	-	0.00%
Accuworks Infrastructure Pvt Ltd	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	300,000	17.22%	300,000	17.22%	-	0.00%
Shree Krishna Holiday Home and Farms Ltd	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	301,071	17.28%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%
Kamlesh Hirapara	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	871,050	50.00%	-	0.00%
Sungold Capital Limited	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	1,742,094	100.00%

Annexure – VI: Restated Statement of Reserve & Surplus

Particulars	30-06-2018	31-03-2018	31-03-2017	31-03-2016	31-03-2015	31-03-2014
a) Securities Premium Reserve						
Balance as at the beginning of the year	7,273,145	5,734,335	4,574,200	4,574,200	4,574,200	138,200
Add: Addition during the year		1,538,810	1,160,135.00			4,436,000
Less: Utilised for issue of bonus shares			-	-	-	
Balance as at the end of the year	7,273,145	7,273,145	5,734,335	4,574,200	4,574,200	4,574,200
b) Revaluation Reserve						
Add/Less: during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at the end of the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
c) Surplus in the Statement of Profit & Loss						
Balance as at the beginning of the year	1,098,849	745,353	597,065	343,678	14,071	(59,935)
Add : Profit for the year	124,574	353,495	148,288	253,388	329,607	74,005
Balance as at the end of the year	1,223,422	1,098,849	745,353	597,065	343,678	14,071
Grand Total (a + b + c)	8,496,567	8,371,994	6,479,688	5,171,265	4,917,878	4,588,271

Annexure – VII: Restated Statement of Long Term Borrowings

Particulars	30-06-2018	31-03-2018	31-03-2017	31-03-2016	31-03-2015	31-03-2014
<u>Secured Loans :</u>						
a) Rupee Term Loans From Banks	2027500					
Principal						
Total (a)	2,027,500	-	-	-	-	-
Amount disclosed under the head other current liabilities						
b) Vehicle Loan						
Principal						
Total (b)						
Amount disclosed under the head other current liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (a+b)						

Annexure – VIII: Restated Statement of Defferd Tax Liability

Particulars	30/06/2018	31/03/2018	31/03/2017	31/03/2016	31/03/2015	31/03/2014
<u>Deferred Tax Liabilities</u>						
Related to Fixed Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Deferred Tax Assets</u>						
MAT Credit Entitlement	5,025	5,937	8,575	2,271	-	-
Net Deferred Tax Liability	5,025	5,937	8,575	2,271	-	-

Annexure – IX: Restated Statement of Short Term Borrowing

Particulars	30/06/2018	31/03/2018	31/03/2017	31/03/2016	31/03/2015	31/03/2014
<u>a) Loan Repayable on Demand</u>						
Unsecured Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) Loan & Advance from Related Parties						
Unsecured Loan	-	-		-	-	-
c) Other Loan & Advances						
Secured Loan						
Other Payables	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-

Annexure – X: Restated Statement of Trade Payable

Particulars	30/06/2018	31/03/2018	31/03/2017	31/03/2016	31/03/2015	31/03/2014
From Micro, Small & Medium						
Others	-	-	-	1,242,258	142,000	-
Total	-	-	-	1,242,258	142,000	-

Annexure – XI: Restated Statement of Other Current Liabilities

Particulars	30-06-2018	31-03-2018	31-03-2017	31-03-2016	31-03-2015	31-03-2014
Bank Overdraft		-	-	683,043	-	
Sitting Fees	25,000	17,000				
Professional Fees Payable	544,000	540,000				
Professional Tax Payable	2,400					
Audit Fees	5900	5,900	5,900	5,618	5,618	11,236
Rent Expenses Payable	60000	60,000	-	-	-	
TDS Payable	70,667	65,667	-	-	-	
Salary Payable		-	-	-	234,000	
Total (b) :	707,967	688,567	5,900	688,661	239,618	11,236

Annexure – XII: Restated Statement of Short Term Provisions

Particulars	30-06-2018	31-03-2018	31-03-2017	31-03-2016	31-03-2015	31-03-2014
For Income Tax Provision	169,344	125,230	52,167	111,038	147,393	33,094
Total	169,344	125,230	52,167	111,038	147,393	33,094

Annexure – XIII: Restated Statement of Fixed Assets**Financial Year: 2015-16**

Assets	Opening Balance	Addition During the year	Total	Depreciation	Closing Balance
Computer	-	61,000	61,000	12,200	48,800
Furniture	-	47,000	47,000	4,700	42,300
Tangible Asset	-	108,000	108,000	16,900	91,100
Web Site	-	36,000	36,000	7,200	28,800
Intangible Asset	-	36,000	36,000	7,200	28,800
Total Assets	-	144,000	144,000	24,100	119,900

Financial Year: 2016-17

Assets	Opening Balance	Addition During the year	Total	Depreciation	Closing Balance
Computer	48,800	-	48,800	12,200	36,600
Furniture	42,300	-	42,300	4,700	37,600
Tangible Asset	91,100	-	91,100	16,900	74,200
Web Site	28,800	-	28,800	7,200	21,600
Intangible Asset	28,800	-	28,800	7,200	21,600
Total Assets	119,900	-	119,900	24,100	95,800

Financial Year: 2017-18

Assets	Opening Balance	Addition During the year	Total	Depreciation	Closing Balance
Computer	36,600	-	36,600	12,200	24,400
Furniture	37,600	-	37,600	4,700	32,900
Land	-	934,504	934,504	-	934,504
Tangible Asset	74,200	-	74,200	16,900	991,804
Web Site	21,600	-	21,600	7,200	14,400
Intangible Asset	21,600	-	21,600	7,200	14,400
Total Assets	95,800	-	95,800	24,100	1,006,204

Upto 30.06.2018

Assets	Opening Balance	Addition During the year	Total	Depreciation	Closing Balance
Computer	24,400	-	24,400	3050	21350
Furniture	32,900	-	32,900	1175	31725
Land	934,504	-	934,504	-	934504
Tangible Asset	991,804	-	991,804	4225	987579
Web Site	14,400	-	14,400	1800	12600
Intangible Asset	14,400	-	14,400	1800	12600
Total Assets	1,006,204	-	1,006,204	6050	1000179

Annexure – XIV: Restated Statement of Non-Current Investments

Particulars	30/06/2018	31/03/2018	31/03/2017	31/03/2016	31/03/2015	31/03/2014
Investment in Unquoted Equity Shares						
Sungold Media & Entertainment Limited	6,010,900.00	6,010,900.00	-	1,800,000	-	-
Total	6,010,900	6,010,900	-	1,800,000	-	-

Annexure – XV: Restated Statement of Long Term Loan & Advances

Particulars	30/06/2018	31/03/2018	31/03/2017	31/03/2016	31/03/2015	31/03/2014
a) Loans & Advances to Related Parties						
Unsecured Consider Good	25,855,727	25,048,921	22,643,537	19,622,923	22,634,509	20,466,767
b) Capital Advance Advance against Land						
c) Security Deposit						
Total	25,855,727	25,048,921	22,643,537	19,622,923	22,634,509	20,466,767

Annexure – XVI: Restated Statement of Inventory

Particulars	30/06/2018	31/03/2018	31/03/2017	31/03/2016	31/03/2015	31/03/2014
Stock In Trade						
a) Land						
b) Construction Work in progress						
c) Finished Goods (Exotica Flats)						
Total (a + b + c)	-	-	-	-	-	-

Annexure – XVII: Restated Statement of Trade Receivable

Particulars	30-06-2018	31-03-2018	31-03-2017	31-03-2016	31-03-2015	31-03-2014
(i) Trade Receivables outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date they are due for payment						
(II) Others	6728420	5,704,770	2,611,730	2,701,720	-	883,610
Gross Trade Receivables	6,728,420	5,704,770	2,611,730	2,701,720	-	883,610
Less : Provision for doubtful Trade Receivables		-	-	-	-	-
Net Trade Receivables	6,728,420	5,704,770	2,611,730	2,701,720	-	883,610
Classification of Trade Receivables						
Unsecured, considered good	6,728,420	5,704,770	2,611,730	2,701,720	-	883,610
Doubtful		-	-	-	-	-
Gross Trade Receivables	6,728,420	5,704,770	2,611,730	2,701,720	-	883,610

Annexure – XVIII: Restated Statement of Cash & cash Equivalent

Particulars	30/06/2018	31/03/2018	31/03/2017	31/03/2016	31/03/2015	31/03/2014
a) Cash on hand	428,448	523504	73,548	164,366	81,564.76	633,887
b) Balances with Banks						
In Current Account	1,152,382	772082	624,536	7,322	33,610	23,122
Total (a + b)	1,580,830	1,295,586	698,084	171,688	115,175	657,009

Annexure – XIX: Restated Statement of Balance with Bank other than Cash & cash Equivalent

Particulars	30/06/2018	31/03/2018	31/03/2017	31/03/2016	31/03/2015	31/03/2014
<u>Balances with Banks</u>						
In Term Deposit Account (Under lien for facilities enjoyed from bank)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-

Annexure – XX: Restated Statement of Short Term Loan & Advances

Particulars	30-06-2018	31-03-2018	31-03-2017	31-03-2016	31-03-2015	31-03-2014
TDS & Income Tax etc.						
TDS 2012-13		-	-	-	-	4,961
TDS 2013-14		-	-	-	-	41,254
TDS 2014-15		-	104,537	104,537	118,205	-
TDS 2015-16		-	-	115,726	-	-
TDS 2016-17		-	108,913	-	-	-
TDS 2017-18	60347	60,347	-	-	-	-
<u>d) Others Deposit</u>						
Deposit	25,000	25,000	25,000	-	-	-
Total (a + b + c + d)	85,347	85,347	238,450	220,263	118,205	46,215

Annexure – XXI: Restated Statement of Other Current Assets

Particulars	30/06/2018	31/03/2018	31/03/2017	31/03/2016	31/03/2015	31/03/2014
a) Prepaid Expenses	105,000	-	-	-	-	-
b) Miscellaneous Expenditure	40,000	40,000	-	-	-	-
c) Other Receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (a + b)	145,000	40,000	-	-	-	-

Annexure – XXII: Restated Statement of Revenue from Operations

Particulars	30.06.2018	31.03.2018	31.03.2017	31.03.2016	31.03.2015	31.03.2014
Revenue from Operations	3,336,426	7,583,825	6,145,387	5,800,801	2,149,592	1,243,631
Total	3,336,426	7,583,825	6,145,387	5,800,801	2,149,592	1,243,631

Annexure – XXIII: Restated Statement of Other Income

Particulars	30/06/2018	31/03/2018	31/03/2017	31/03/2016	31/03/2015	31/03/2014
Interest Income	-	66,928	3,893	4,950	-	-
Total	-	66,928	3,893	4,950	-	-

Annexure – XXIV: Restated Statement of Purchase, Construction and Operational Expenses

Particulars	30.06.2018	31.03.2018	31.03.2017	31.03.2016	31.03.2015	31.03.2014
Purchase, Construction and Operational Expenses	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-

Annexure – XXV: Restated Statement of Changes in Inventories

Particulars	30/06/2018	31/03/2018	31/03/2017	31/03/2016	31/03/2015	31/03/2014
a) Change in Stock in Trade						
Opening Stock in Trade	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Closing Stock in Trade	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (a)	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) Changes in Work in Progress						
Opening Stock of WIP	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Closing Stock of WIP	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (b)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (a) + (b)	-	-	-	-	-	-

Annexure – XXVI: Restated Statement of Employees Benefit Expenses

Particulars	30.06.2018	31.03.2018	31.03.2017	31.03.2016	31.03.2015	31.03.2014
Salary & Bonus	2282702	4,057,684	1,320,520	1,308,000	1,078,000	492,000
Staff Welfare Expenses	16421	27,917	3,238	-	41,450	62,270
Total	2,299,123	4,085,601	1,323,758	1,308,000	1,119,450	554,270

Annexure – XXVII: Restated Statement of Finance Cost

Particulars	30/06/2018	31/03/2018	31/03/2017	31/03/2016	31/03/2015	31/03/2014
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-

Annexure – XXVIII: Restated Statement of Depreciation & Amortisation Expenses

Particulars	30/06/2018	31/03/2018	31/03/2017	31/03/2016	31/03/2015	31/03/2014
Depreciation	6,026	24,100	24,100	24,100	-	-
Total	6,025	24,100	24,100	24,100	-	-

Annexure – XXIX: Restated Statement of Other Expenses

Particulars	30.06.2018	31.03.2018	31.03.2017	31.03.2016	31.03.2015	31.03.2014
Auditors Remuneration	-	5,900	5,900	5,618	5,618	5,618
Accounting Charges	-	-	-	18,000	-	-
Advertisement Expenses	-	-	571,350	58,350	18,000	61,030
Business Promotion	7673.5	17,689	10,590	-	-	-
Bank Charges	29.5	1,403	1,431	12,465	2,912	1,419
Expenses for Operation	-	1,871,470	3,556,944	3,584,160	-	-
Postage and Courier	35	1,000	3,985	3,450	2,180	12,390
Roc Filling Fee	5200	90,621	60,182	3,600	124,504	6,150
Interest on Income Tax	-	-	-	16,105	-	-
Interest on Bank Loan	27500	-	-	-	-	-

Particulars	30.06.2018	31.03.2018	31.03.2017	31.03.2016	31.03.2015	31.03.2014
Loan Processing Charges	35500					
Legal and Professional Fees	458131	760,847	58,382	25,000	72,800	10,980
Rent	67500	90,000	84,000	168,000	102,567	81,000
Printing and Stationery	90566.97	10,182	11,750	9,850	7,120	39,397
Travelling expenses	71902.22	102,627	85,811	77,790	47,610	102,814
Office Expenses	73828	36,507	74,650	59,856	27,831	116,494
Website Expenses	-	-	10,000	20,250	-	-
Sitting Fees	8000	24,000	55,000	50,000	-	-
Labour charges	-	-	-	-	142,000	144,970
Demat fees	-	580	-	-	-	-
Sundry Expenses	4350	21,539	-	-	-	-
Telephone Expenses	1396	6,599	-	-	-	-
Electricity Expenses	11890	24,000	-	-	-	-
Total	863,502	3,064,964	4,589,975	4,112,494	553,142	582,262

Annexure – XXX: Notes on Restated Financial Statement**A. NOTES ON RESTATEMENT MADE IN FINANCIAL STATEMENT****Reconciliation of Restated Profit**

The summary of results of restatement made to the audited financial statements for the respective years and its impact on the profit / (loss) of the Company is as bellow: -

Particulars	As At					
	30.06.2018	31.03.2018	31.03.2017	31.03.2016	31.03.2015	31.03.2014
A) Net profit/(loss) as per audited statement of profit & loss	124,574	353,495	146,110	249,327	325,377	74,005
B) Adjustments						
Undervalued Sales	-	-		5,540		
Interest Income	-	-				
Excess/Short TDS	-	-				
Excess/Short TDS	-	-	-		6,121	-
Excess/Short Provision for Tax	-	-	(8,012)	-560	1,891	-
Deferred Tax	-	-	(5,834)	-2,039	-	-
Restated Net Profit	124,574	353,495	148,288	253,388	329,607	74,005

B. OTHER NOTES**i. Notes on Material Regrouping**

There is no significant impact on the presentation and disclosures made in the financial statements on adoption of Schedule III as compared to Revised Schedule VI. The Company has reclassified the figures for the previous financial year ended March 31, 2013 and March 31, 2014 in accordance with the requirements of Schedule III. Appropriate adjustments have been made in the Restated Summary Statements, wherever required, by a reclassification of the corresponding items of income, expenses, assets, liabilities and cash flows in order to bring them in line with the groupings as per the audited financial statements of the Company as at and for the year ended March 31, 2017, prepared in accordance with Schedule III and the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009 (as amended).

ii. Contingent liabilities and Commitments: Nil**iii. Expenditure in Foreign Currency: Nil**

iv. Earnings Per Share (EPS)

Particulars	As At					
	30.06.2018	31.03.2018	31.03.2017	31.03.2016	31.03.2015	31.03.2014
Profit/(Loss) after Tax	124,574	353,495	148,288	253,388	329,607	74,005
Equity Shares of Rs.10 each (Nos)	3,000,000	3,000,000	1,974,127	1,742,100	1,742,100	1,742,100
Weighted Average No. of Shares	3000000	2,658,042	1,800,107	1,742,100	1,742,100	580,700
Basic Earnings Per Share (in Rs.)	0.04	0.13	0.08	0.15	0.19	0.13
Diluted Earnings Per Share (in Rs.)	0.04	0.13	0.08	0.15	0.19	0.13

v. Disclosure under Accounting Standard 15

Provisions for liabilities in respect of gratuity benefits are not made. However, it is recognized as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss on actual basis during the period in which the eligible employee leaves the service of the Company and settlements of his dues are made based on actual calculation.

vi. Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006

As per the explanation given by the management, the company owes no dues to any company/entity that are required to be furnished u/s 22 of the Micro Small and Medium Enterprise. This has been relied upon by the auditors.

vii. Related Party Transaction:

The details of related party transactions as per AS-18 are provided in Annexure XXXIV

viii. Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee.**Annexure – XXXI: Restated Statement of Mandatory Accounting Ratio**

S. No.	Particulars	Calculation	30.06.2018	31.03.2018	31.03.2017	31.03.2016	31.03.2015	31.03.2014
1	Basic Earning per share (Rs.)	Restated PAT attributable to Equity Shareholders	124,574	353,495	148,288	253,388	329,607	74,005
		Weighted Average Number of Equity Shares outstanding Post Bonus Issue	3,000,000	2,658,042	1,800,107	1,742,100	1,742,100	580,700
		Basic Earnings Per Share (Rs.)	0.04	0.13	0.08	0.15	0.19	0.13
2	Net Asset Value per equity share (Rs.)	ASSETS	41,406,404	39,191,728	26,287,601	24,636,494	22,867,889	22,053,601
		LIABILITIES	2,904,811	813,797	58,068	2,041,957	529,011	44,330
		Net Asset value (Assets-Liability)	38,501,592	38,377,931	26,229,533	22,594,537	22,338,878	22,009,271
		Total Number of Equity Shares outstanding	3,000,000	3,000,000	1,974,127	1,742,100	1,742,100	1,742,100
		Net Asset Value per equity share (Rs.)	12.83	12.79	13.29	12.97	12.82	12.63
3	Return on Net Worth	Restated PAT attributable to Equity Shareholders	124,574	353,495	148,288	253,388	329,607	74,005
		EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL+RESERVES AND SURPLUS	38,496,567	38,371,994	26,220,958	22,592,265	22,338,878	22,009,271
		Ratio	0.32%	0.92%	0.57%	1.12%	1.48%	0.34%

Annexure – XXXII: Restated Statement of Tax Shelters

Particulars	For the Year Ended					
	30.06.2018	31.03.2018	31.03.2017	31.03.2016	31.03.2015	31.03.2014
Profit before tax as per Restated P/L (A)	167,776	476,088	211,447	366,697	477,000	107,099
Normal Corporate Tax Rate	25.75%	25.75%	29.87%	30.90%	30.90%	30.90%
Minium Alternate Tax	19.05%	19.05%	19.05%	19.05%	19.05%	19.05%
Adjustments						
Permanent Difference (B)						
Expenses Disallowed under Income Tax Act, 1961	-	581	-	16,105		
Total Permanent Difference (B)	-	581	-	16,105	-	-
Timing Difference (C)						
Depreciation as per Books	6025	23,742	24,100	24,100	-	
Depreciation as per IT Act	2483	13,498	45,205	31,450	-	
Disallowance u/s 43 B	-	-	-			
Total Timing Difference (C)	3542	10,244	-21,105	-7,350	-	-
Net Adjustment (D) = (B) + (C)	3542	10,244	-21,105	-7,350	-	-
Tax Expense/ (saving) thereon Tax Expense / (saving) thereon	912	2,638	-6,304	-2,271	-	-
Income from other sources (E)						
Exempt Income (F)				-		
Taxable Income/(loss) G=(A+D+E-F)	171318	486,332	190,342	359,347	477,000	107,099
Brought Forward Loss Set Off						
Ordinary Business Loss						
Total Loss set off (H)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Taxable Income/(loss) (G-H)	171,318	486,332	190,342	359,347	477,000	107,099
Tax as per Normal Provision	44,114	125,230	56,855	111,038	147,393	33,094
Taxable Income/(Loss) as per MAT	167,776	476,088	211,447	366,697	477,000	107,099
Tax as per MAT	31,961	90,695	40,281	69,856	90,869	20,402
TAX LIABILITY AS PER INCOME TAX ACT	44,114	125,230	56,855	111,038	147,393	33,094
Less : TDS		60,347	108,913	115,726	118,205	41,254
Payable/(Refund)	44,114	64,884	-52,058	-4,688	29,188	-8,160
Tax Paid as per MAT or Normal Provision	Normal Provision	Normal Provision	Normal Provision	Normal Provision	Normal Provision	Normal Provision
TAX LIABILITY AS PER COMPANIES TAX ACT	43,202	122,593	63,159	113,309	147,393	33,094
DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY/ASSET	-912	-2,638	6,304	2,271	-	-

Annexure – XXXIII: Restated Statement of Capitalization Statement

Particulars	Standalone	
	Pre-Issue as at 30.06.2018	Adjusted for the post-issue
Borrowings		
Short term debt (A)	-	
Long term debt (B)	20,27,500	
Total Debts (C)	20,27,500	
Shareholder's fund		
Share Capital	300,00,000	
Reserve & Surplus	84,96,567	
Total Shareholder's fund (D)	384,96,567	
Long Term Debt / Shareholder's fund (B/D)	0.05	
Total Debt/ Shareholder's fund (C/D)	0.05	

The Figures Disclosed above are based on restated statements of Assets & Liabilities of the Company as at 30th June, 2018.

Annexure – XXXIV: Restated Statement of Related Party Transaction**List of related parties:**

SR.No.	Name of the Company/ LLP	Relationship
1	Kamleshbhai Hirapara	Director
2	Rajiv Kotia	Director
3	Keyur Gandhi	Director
4	Amit Kotia	Director
5	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	Managing Director
6	Seema Kotia	Relative of Director (Mother of Ravi Kotia)
7	Shilpa Kotia	Relative of Director (wife of Amit Kotia)
8	Sungold Media and Entertainment Ltd	Promoter Group

Related Party Transactions:**Financial Year: 2013-14 :** Nil**Financial Year: 2014-15 :** As below

Name of the party	Nature of Relation	Nature of Transaction	Opening Balance	Debit	Credit	Closing (Payable)/ Receivable
			As on 01-04-14			As on 31-03-15
Kamleshbhai Hirapara	Director	Advance for Fixed Asset	-	135,000	135,000	-
Kamleshbhai Hirapara	Director	Rent Paid for office	-	62,067	62,067	-

Financial Year: 2015-16 : Nil**Financial Year: 2016-17 :** Nil**Financial Year: 2017-18 :** As below

Name of the party	Nature of Relation	Nature of Transaction	Opening Balance	Debit	Credit	Closing (Payable)/ Receivable
			As on 01-04-17			As on 31-03-18
Amit Kotia	Director	Salary Paid	-	128,500	128,500	-
Ravi Kotia	Director	Salary Paid	-	216,804	216,804	-
Seema Kotia	Relative of Director (Mother of Ravi Kotia)	Salary Paid	-	290,000	290,000	-
Shilpa Kotia	Relative of Director (wife of Amit Kotia)	Salary Paid	-	564,200	564,200	-
Sungold Media and Entertainment Ltd	Promoter Group	Loan Given	-	6,119,829	6,119,829	-
Sungold Media and Entertainment Ltd	Promoter Group	Shares Direct Allotment	-	11,797,540	11,797,540	-
Sungold Media and Entertainment Ltd	Promoter Group	Shares Received Against Loan	-	6,010,900	6,010,900	-
Sungold Media and Entertainment Ltd	Promoter Group	Loan Repaid	-	108,929	108,929	-

Upto 30th June 2018:

Name of the party	Nature of Relation	Nature of Transaction	Opening Balance	Debit	Credit	Closing (Payable)/ Receivable
			As on 01-04-18			As on 30-06-18
Rajeev Kotia	Director	Loan taken/Repaid	-	167,000	167,000	-
Ravi Kotia	Director	Salary Paid	-	225,903	225,903	-
Seema Kotia	Relative of Director (Mother of Ravi Kotia)	Salary Paid	-	149,400	149,400	-
Shilpa Kotia	Relative of Director (wife of Amit Kotia)	Salary Paid	-	99,600	99,600	-
Shweta Kotia	Relative of Director	Salary Paid	-	49,800	49,800	-
Amit Kotia	Director	Salary Paid	-	179,400	179,400	-

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

You should read the following discussion of our financial condition and results of operations together with our restated financial statements for the period ended June 30, 2018 and Financial year ended March 31, 2018, 2017, 2016, 2015 and 2014 including the notes and significant accounting policies thereto and the reports thereon, which appear elsewhere in this prospectus. You should also see the section titled "Risk Factors" beginning on page no 12 of this prospectus, which discusses a number of factors and contingencies that could impact our financial condition and results of operations. The following discussion relates to our Company, unless otherwise stated, is based on restated audited financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian GAAP, the Companies Act and the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations and restated as described in the report of our auditors dated October 18, 2018 which is included in this prospectus under the section titled "Financial Information of the company" beginning on page no 127 of this prospectus. The restated financial statements have been prepared on a basis that differs in certain material respects from generally accepted accounting principles in other jurisdictions, including US GAAP and IFRS. We do not provide a reconciliation of our restated financial statements to US GAAP or IFRS and we have not otherwise quantified or identified the impact of the differences between Indian GAAP and U.S. GAAP or IFRS as applied to our restated financial statements.

Accordingly, the degree to which the financial statements in this prospectus will provide meaningful information depends entirely on such potential investor's level of familiarity with Indian accounting practices. Our F.Y. ends on March 31 of each year; therefore, all references to a particular fiscal are to the twelve-month period ended March 31 of that year. Please also refer to section titled "Certain Conventions, Use of Financial information, Industry and Market Data and Currency of Financial Presentation" beginning on page no 10 of this prospectus.

BUSINESS OVERVIEW

Our Company was originally incorporated as Shree Krishna Tour and Travels Private Limited on July 03, 1990 under the provisions of Companies Act, 1956 with Registrar of Companies, Gujarat bearing Registration No. 13979 having its registered office in Gujarat. Our Company's Corporate Identity Number is U45201GJ1990PLC013979. We were working as Transport agent and Tours & Travelling agent.

Subsequently, the name of the Company was changed to Shree Krishna Infrastructure Private Limited by passing necessary resolution on November 13, 1995 and the company started the business activity of marketing, development and maintenance of Housing Society and organic farms, leasing of agriculture land for cultivation of crops etc.

Subsequently the status of our Company became public limited company and the name of our Company was changed to Shree Krishna Infrastructure Limited pursuant to shareholders resolution passed in the Extra-ordinary General Meeting held on March 22, 1996.

Currently we have also started the following business activities:

1. Trading of perfumed incense sticks

Our company has recently started trading of perfumed incense sticks. In the month of August 2018, our company has exported one container of incense sticks to TOGO, a country in West Africa and expecting more order to be executed in future.

2. Contract Farming

Shree Krishna Infrastructure Limited has planned to do contract farming at Nikoli, Taluka- Nandod, District- Narmada, Rajpipla-393145 Gujarat on a land area of around 7.40 acres and intends to cultivate Tulsi and Nepali Satavari for Amritanjali Ayurved (OPC) Private Limited. To execute the same the company has already signed business agreement dated May 30, 2017 with 3 land owners who will provide their land on long term basis (10 Years) for the said purpose. The land owner will actively participate in cultivation, harvesting, fertilization, and production etc of said products. The plantation work is already completed.

Further, SKIFL has also executed an agreement with M/s Amritanjali Ayurved (OPC) Private Limited on August 18, 2017, who is interested into purchase of our finished goods i.e. Dry Tulsi leaves, pancang of tulsi plant and Nepali Satavari.

3. Project- Agency (Sale, Marketing) of Navigation Equipment and Maritime consultancy for aids to navigation in the state of Gujarat

M/s. Marine Navaid And Solar Auto Private Limited (MNSAPL) has appointed Shree Krishna Infrastructure Limited as their sole “Agent” in the state of Gujarat vide their agreement dated May 10, 2018 for the purposes of sales and marketing of MNSAPL’s products & services which are manufacturing of Aids to Navigation Equipment and Maritime consultancy for aids to navigation. The said agreement shall remain valid for a period of 3 (Three) years.

Navigation aid equipments are basically any sort of marker which aids the traveler in navigation, usually nautical or aviation travel. Common types of such aids include lighthouses, buoys, fog signals, and day beacons. It’s a device external to a lighthouse, vessel or aircraft specifically intended to assist navigators in determining their position or safe course, or to warn them of dangers or obstructions to navigation.

The company accepted the appointment to develop sales of products & services in the state of Gujarat and shall adhere to, cooperate and comply with the MNSAPL’s sales policies and programs prepared by the written agreement between the parties.

As per the said agreement, the role & responsibility of the SKIFL would be as under:

- SKIFL agrees to use its best effort for promoting the product & services of the MNSAPL
- SKIFL will promptly advise MNSAPL of all enquiries, tenders and clarification announced by potential clients or any other entity in connection with the product & services in the state of Gujarat.
- SKIFL shall undertake to co-ordinate and liaison with all potential clients within the state of Gujarat related to the products & services including promoting, approving, facilitating and accomplishing the business of the MNSAPL.

4. Distribution Project of E-Vehicles

M/s. Marine Navaid And Solar Auto Private Limited (MNSAPL) is carrying on business of manufacturing of solar operated Auto Vehicles and has agreed to designate Shree Krishna Infrastructure Limited as their “Exclusive Distributor” for the state of Gujarat vide their agreement dated March 31, 2018. The said agreement shall remain valid for 10 (Ten) years and further extendable with mutual consent of both the parties.

The Distributor shall procure the orders based on the MNSAPL’s offers and act as the Distributor for supplying the said Products sourced from the MNSAPL as per the terms and conditions mentioned in the agreement. The Distributor can appoint sub-Dealers to market the products in the state.

Duties & Responsibilities of the Distributor:

- g) Generate and facilitate sales, share customer feedback with the **Principal**.
- h) Prepare the bidding documentation and bid in respect of the said Products on commercial terms.
- i) Delivering the goods to the customer
- j) Liaison with the customer
- k) Promoting the **Principal** and its products and services and good will with the customer.
- l) Distributor shall set the selling price comprising of Principal’s price plus distribution and other cost plus reasonable profit margin for the distributor to suit the market price. Distributor shall be solely responsible for the costs involved in the distribution of the principal’s products including his sales and distribution costs.

5. Marketing arrangement for Terra Technologies and services

The company has entered into an agreement dated December 18, 2017 with USA based Terra Energy & Resources Technologies, Inc. as marketing representation for India, for marketing of valuable and proprietary natural resource exploration technologies (“the Terra Technologies”) and offers exploration services (“Terra Services”) using the Terra Technologies in subsurface exploration and identification of oil, gas, water, minerals, gems and other valuable elements otherwise referred to as resources in India.

SKIFL will act as market partner in India for Terra and introduce prospective candidates to the Terra Technologies and Tera Services. The prospective clients would be all exploration companies and relevant governmental agencies in India.

FACTORS AFFECTING OUR RESULTS OF OPERATIONS:

Our business is subjected to various risks and uncertainties, including those discussed in the section titled "*Risk Factors*" beginning on page no 12 of this prospectus. Our results of operations and financial conditions are affected by numerous factors including the following:

- We are dependent on our management team for success whose loss could seriously impair the ability to continue to manage and expand business efficiently;
- General economic and business conditions;
- Economic, Income and Demographic condition in India;
- Changes in laws and regulations that apply to Industry in which we operate;
- Any change in the tax laws granting incentives to Industry in which we operate;
- Our ability to acquire desired programming and artistic talent might be adversely affected by competition and costs;
- Interest Rates

SIGNIFICANT DEVELOPMENTS SUBSEQUENT TO THE LAST FINANCIAL YEAR:

In the opinion of the Board of Directors of our Company, since the date of the last financial statements disclosed in this prospectus, there have not arisen any circumstance that materially or adversely affect or are likely to affect the profitability of our Company or the value of its assets or its ability to pay its material liabilities within the next twelve months except as follows:

1. The object clause of the Company was changed pursuant to a special resolution passed by our shareholders at the EGM held on July 14, 2018 and the same have a material effect on the profits / loss of our Company.
2. The shareholders approved and passed a special resolution on July 14, 2018 to authorize the Board of Directors for making initial public offer through offer for sale.
3. We have signed many new agreements/contract for initiating new business activity like Trading of Perfumed Incensed sticks, Contract Farming, Agency (Sale, Marketing) of Navigation Equipment and Maritime consultancy for aids to navigation in the state of Gujarat with Marine Navaid And Solar Auto Private Limited, Distribution Project of E-Vehicles with Marine Navaid And Solar Auto Private Limited, Marketing arrangement for Terra Technologies and services etc. For more details please refer our chapter "Our Business" beginning on page no 93 of the prospectus.

CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES IN PREVIOUS 3 (THREE) YEARS:

Except as mentioned in chapter "*Financial Information of the Company*" beginning on page no 127 of this prospectus. There has been no change in accounting policies in last 3 (three) years.

SUMMARY OF THE RESULTS OF OPERATION:

The following table sets forth select financial data from restated profit and loss accounts for the Financial Year ended on March 31 2018, 2017, 2016, 2015 and 2014 and the components of which are also expressed as a percentage of total income for such periods.

(All Rupees in Lakhs except %)

Particulars	31/03/2018	% of Total Income	31/03/2017	% of Total Income	31/03/2016	% of Total Income	31/03/2015	% of Total Income	31/03/2014	% of Total Income
(1) Revenue										
(a) Revenue from Operations	75.84	99.13	61.45	99.94	58.06	99.91	21.50	100.00	12.44	100.00
(b) Other Income	0.67	0.87	0.04	0.06	0.05	0.09	-	-	-	-
Total Revenue	76.51	100	61.49	100	58.11	100	21.50	100	12.44	100
(2) Expenses										
Purchases, Construction & Operation Expenses	0.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Changes in Inventories	0.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Employees Benefit Expenses	40.86	53.40	13.24	21.53	13.08	22.51	11.19	52.08	5.54	44.57
Finance Cost	0.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation & Amortisation Expenses	0.24	0.32	0.24	0.39	0.24	0.41	-	-	-	-
Other Expenses	30.65	40.06	45.90	74.64	41.12	70.77	5.53	25.73	5.82	46.82
Total Expenses	71.75	93.78	59.38	96.56	54.45	93.69	16.73	77.81	11.37	91.39
Profit/(Loss) before tax	4.76	6.22	2.11	3.44	3.67	6.31	4.77	22.19	1.07	8.61
Tax expense										
(a) Current Tax	1.25	1.64	0.57	0.92	1.11	1.91	1.47	6.86	0.33	2.66
(b) Deferred Tax	-0.03	-0.03	0.06	0.10	0.02	0.04	-	-	-	-
(c) MAT Credit										
Profit/(Loss) for the period/ year	3.53	4.62	1.48	2.41	2.53	4.36	3.30	15.33	0.74	5.95

Key Components of Company's Profit and Loss Statement

Revenue from operation: Revenue from operations mainly consists of revenue from marketing, development and maintenance of Housing Society.

Other Income: Other income primarily comprises of Interest from Bank,

Expenses: Company's expenses mainly consist of employee benefits expense, Other Expenses, depreciation and amortization expenses.

Employee Benefits Expense: Employee benefit expense includes Salaries, Bonus and Staff Welfare Expenses,

Depreciation and Amortization Expense: We recognize Depreciation and Amortization expense on a Written down value Method (WDV method) as per the rates set forth in the Companies Act, 2013 / Companies Act, 1956, as applicable.

Other Expenses: Other expenses includes Advertisement Expenses, Business Promotion, Bank Charges, Expenses for Operation, Postage and Courier, Roc Filling Fee, Interest on Income Tax, Legal and Professional Fees, Rent, Printing and Stationery, Travelling expenses, Office Expenses, Website Expenses, Sitting Fees, Labour charges, Demat fees, Stamp Duty Charges, Mis Exp Written off, Telephone Expenses and Electricity Expenses etc.

Financial Performance Highlights for the year period ended June 30, 2018

Total Income: The Company's total income during the period ended June 30, 2018 (3 Months only) was ₹ 33.36 Lacs. The revenue from operations was ₹ 33.36 Lacs which comprised 100% of company's total income.

Total Expenses: The total expenditure during the period ended June 30, 2018 was ₹ 31.69 Lacs. The total expenditure represents 94.99% of the total revenue. The total expenses are represented by Employee Benefits Expense, Other Expenses, Depreciation and Amortization Expense. The main constituent of total expenditure is employee benefit expenses, which is ₹ 22.99 Lacs.

Profit/ (Loss) before tax: The restated profit before tax during the period ended June 30, 2018 was ₹ 1.68 Lacs representing 5.04% of the total revenue of the Company.

COMPARISON OF THE FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE OF FISCAL 2018 WITH FISCAL 2017:**INCOME****Income from Operations****(Rs. In Lakhs)**

Particulars	2017-18	2016-17	Variance In %
Revenue from Operations	75.84	61.45	23.41%

The operating income of the Company for the year ending March 31, 2018 is Rs. 75.84 Lakhs as compared to Rs. 61.45 Lakhs for the year ending March 31, 2017, showing an increase of 23.41 %, and such increase was due to rise in volume of our operations.

Other Income

Our other income mainly consist of interest income has been increased from Rs. 0.04 Lakhs to Rs. 0.67 Lakhs from the FY 2016-17 to FY 2017-18.

Employee Benefit Expenses**(Rs. In Lakhs)**

Particulars	2017-18	2016-17	Variance In %
Employee Benefit Expenses	40.86	13.24	208.64%

There is around 208.64% increase in employee costs from Rs. 13.24 Lakhs in financial year 2016-17 to Rs. 40.86 Lakhs in financial year 2017-18 mainly because our business needs more manpower.

Other Expenses**(Rs. In Lakhs)**

Particulars	2017-18	2016-17	Variance In %
Other Expenses	30.65	45.90	-33.22%

Our Other Expenses decreased by 33.22% from Rs. 45.90 Lakhs in financial year 2016-17 to Rs. 30.65 Lakhs in financial year 2017-18 due to better administrative control in expenditure.

Depreciation & Amortization Expenses

Depreciation & Amortization expenses for the Financial Year 2017-2018 and for the Financial Year 2016-2017 doesn't involve any changes. It is remain same at Rs. 0.24 Lakhs for both the financial years.

Profit before Tax**(Rs. In Lakhs)**

Particulars	2017-18	2016-17	Variance In %
Profit Before Tax	4.76	2.11	125.16%

Profit before tax has been increased by 125.16% from Rs.2.11 Lakhs in Financial year 2016-17 to Rs. 4.76 Lakhs in financial year 2017-18 mainly due to increase in volume of the business.

Provision for Tax and Net Profit**(Rs. In Lakhs)**

Particulars	2017-18	2016-17	Variance In %
Taxation Expense	1.23	0.63	94.10%
Profit After Tax	3.53	1.48	138.38%

Our profit after tax has been increased by 138.38% from Rs. 1.48 Lakhs in Financial Year 2016-17 to Rs. 3.53 Lakhs in financial year 2017-18.

COMPARISON OF THE FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE OF FISCAL 2017 WITH FISCAL 2016:**INCOME****Income from Operations****(Rs. In Lakhs)**

Particulars	2016-17	2015-16	Variance In %
Revenue from Operations	61.45	58.06	5.84%

The operating income of the Company for the year ending March 31, 2017 is Rs. 61.45 Lakhs as compared to Rs. 58.06 Lakhs for the year ending March 31, 2016, showing an increase of 5.84%, and such increase was due to rise in volume of our operations.

Other Income

Our other income decreased from Rs. 0.05 Lakhs to Rs. 0.04 Lakhs.

Operating, Administrative and Employee Benefit Expenses**(Rs. In Lakhs)**

Particulars	2016-17	2015-16	Variance In %
Employee Benefit Expenses	13.24	13.08	1.20%
Other Expenses	45.90	41.12	11.61%

There is around 1.20 % increase in employee costs from Rs. 13.08 Lakhs in financial year 2015-16 to Rs. 13.24 Lakhs in financial year 2016-17. Our Other Expenses increased by 11.61% from Rs. 41.12 Lakhs in financial year 2015-16 to Rs. 45.90 Lakhs in financial year 2016-17 due to increase in operating expenses, general expenses and administrative expenses and such increase was due to rise in volume of our operations.

Depreciation & Amortization Expenses

Depreciation & Amortization expenses for the Financial Year 2016-2017 and for the Financial Year 2015-2016 doesn't involve any changes. It is remain same at Rs. 0.24 Lakhs for both the Financial Year.

Profit before Tax**(Rs. In Lakhs)**

Particulars	2016-17	2015-16	Variance In %
Profit Before Tax	2.11	3.67	-42.34%

Profit before tax decreased by 42.34% from Rs.3.67 Lakhs in Financial year 2015-16 to Rs. 2.11 Lakhs in financial year 2016-17 due to mainly increase in other expenses.

Provision for Tax and Net Profit**(Rs. In Lakhs)**

Particulars	2016-17	2015-16	Variance In %
Taxation Expense	0.63	1.14	-44.26%
Profit After Tax	1.48	2.53	-41.48%

Our profit after tax decreased by 41.48% from Rs. 2.53 Lakhs in Financial Year 2015-16 to Rs. 1.48 Lakhs in financial year 2016-17 mainly due to increase in other expenses.

COMPARISON OF THE FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE OF FISCAL 2016 WITH FISCAL 2015:**INCOME****Income from Operations****(Rs. In Lakhs)**

Particulars	2015-16	2014-15	Variance In %
Revenue from Operations	58.06	21.50	170.11%

The operating income of the Company for the year ending March 31, 2016 is Rs. 58.06 Lakhs as compared to Rs. 21.50 Lakhs for the year ending March 31, 2015, showing an increase of 170.11% mainly due to increase in volume of operations.

Other Income

Our other income increased from Rs. Nil in Financial Year 2014-15 to Rs. 0.05 Lakhs in Financial Year 2015-16 due to increase in interest income.

Operating, Administrative and Employee Benefit Expenses**(Rs. In Lakhs)**

Particulars	2015-16	2014-15	Variance In %
Employee Benefit Expenses	13.08	11.19	16.84%
Other Expenses	41.12	5.53	643.48%

There is around 16.84% increase in employee costs from Rs. 11.19 Lakhs in financial year 2014-15 to Rs. 13.08 Lakhs in financial year 2015-16. Our Other Expenses increased by 643.48% from Rs. 5.53 Lakhs in Financial Year 2014-15 to Rs. 41.12 Lakhs in financial year 2015-16. The increase was due to increase in volume of operation.

Depreciation & Amortization Expenses

Depreciation & Amortization expenses for the Financial Year 2015-2016 have increased to Rs. 0.24 Lakhs as compared to Nil for the Financial Year 2014-2015.

Profit before Tax**(Rs. In Lakhs)**

Particulars	2015-16	2014-15	Variance In %
Profit Before Tax	3.67	4.77	- 23.12%

Profit before tax decreased by 23.12% from Rs. 4.77 Lakhs in financial year 2014-15 to Rs. 3.67 Lakhs in financial year 2015-16 mainly due to increase in operational expenses.

Provision for Tax and Net Profit**(Rs. In Lakhs)**

Particulars	2015-16	2014-15	Variance In %
Taxation Expense	1.14	1.47	- 23.12%
Profit After Tax	2.53	3.30	- 23.12%

Our profit after tax decreased by 23.12% from Rs. 3.30 Lakhs in financial year 2014-15 to Rs. 2.53 Lakhs in financial year 2015-16.

COMPARISON OF THE FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE OF FISCAL 2015 WITH FISCAL 2014:**INCOME****Income from Operations****(Rs. In Lakhs)**

Particulars	2014-15	2013-14	Variance In %
Revenue from Operations	21.50	12.44	72.85%

The operating income of the Company for the year ending March 31, 2015 is Rs. 21.50 Lakhs as compared to Rs. 12.44 Lakhs for the year ending March 31, 2014, showing an increase of 72.85% mainly due to increase in volume of operations.

Operating, Administrative and Employee Benefit Expenses**(Rs. In Lakhs)**

Particulars	2014-15	2013-14	Variance In %
Employee Benefit Expenses	11.19	5.54	101.97%
Other Expenses	5.53	5.82	-5.00%

Employee benefit expenses were Rs. 11.19 Lakhs in financial year 2014-15 as compared to Rs. 5.54 Lakhs in financial year 2013-14 and other expenses decreased by 5.00% from Rs. 5.82 Lakhs in financial year 2013-14 to Rs. 5.53 Lakhs in financial year 2014-15.

Profit before Tax**(Rs. In Lakhs)**

Particulars	2014-15	2013-14	Variance In %
Profit Before Tax	4.77	1.07	345.38%

Profit before tax increased by 345.38% from Rs. 1.07 Lakhs in financial year 2013-14 to Rs. 4.77 Lakhs in financial year 2014-15.

Provision for Tax and Net Profit**(Rs. In Lakhs)**

Particulars	2014-15	2013-14	Variance In %
Taxation Expense	1.47	0.33	345.38%
Profit After Tax	3.30	0.74	345.38%

Our profit after tax increased to Rs. 3.30 Lakhs in financial year 2014-15 as compared to Rs. 0.74 Lakhs in financial year 2013-14. This increase was in line with rise in our operations.

Information required as per Item (2) (IX) (E) (5) of Part A of Schedule VIII to the SEBI Regulations:

An analysis of reasons for the changes in significant items of income and expenditure is given hereunder:

- 1. Unusual or infrequent events or transactions:** There has not been any unusual trend on account of our business activity. Except as disclosed in this prospectus, there are no unusual or infrequent events or transactions in our Company.
- 2. Significant economic changes that materially affected or are likely to affect income from continuing operations:** There are no significant economic changes that materially affected Company's operations or are likely to affect income from continuing operations.

3. **Known trends or uncertainties that have had or are expected to have a material adverse impact on sales, revenue or income from continuing operations:** Apart from the risks as disclosed under Section “*Risk Factors*” beginning on page no 12 in the prospectus, in our opinion there are no other known trends or uncertainties that have had or are expected to have a material adverse impact on revenue or income from continuing operations.
4. **Future changes in relationship between costs and revenues in case of events such as future increase in labor or material cost or prices that will cause material change:** According to our knowledge, there are no future relationship between cost and income that would be expected to have a material adverse impact on our operations and revenues. However, increase in the cost of the products and services in which the Company deals, will affect the profitability of the Company. Further, the Company may not be able to pass on the increase in prices of the products and services to the customers in full and this can be offset through cost reduction.
5. **The extent to which material increases in net sales or revenue are due to increased sales volume, introduction of new products or services or increased prices:** The increase in revenue is by and large linked to increase in volume of all the activities carried out by the Company.
6. **Total turnover of each major industry segment in which the issuer company operates:** The Company was operating single business segment i.e. marketing, development and maintenance of Housing Society related activity. Relevant industry data, as available, has been included in the chapter titled “*Industry Overview*” beginning on page no 80 of this prospectus.
7. **Status of any publicly announced new products/projects or business segments:** Our Company has not announced any new projects or business segments, other than disclosed in the prospectus.
8. **The extent to which the business is seasonal:** Our Company’s business is not seasonal in nature.
9. **Any significant dependence on a single or few suppliers or customers:** We are not under threat of dependence from any single supplier or customer.
10. **Competitive Conditions:** Competitive conditions are as described under the Chapters “*Industry Overview*” and “*Our Business*” beginning on page no 80 and page no 93 respectively of the prospectus.
11. **Details of material developments after the date of last balance sheet i.e. March 31, 2018:** Except as mentioned in this prospectus, no circumstances have arisen since the date of last financial statement until the date of filing the prospectus, which materially and adversely affect or are likely to affect the operations or profitability of our Company, or value of its assets, or its ability to pay its liability within next twelve months.

SECTION VII: LEGAL AND OTHER INFORMATION**OUTSTANDING LITIGATION AND MATERIAL DEVELOPMENTS**

Except as stated in this section, there are no:

Except as stated below there are no outstanding litigations, suits, criminal or civil prosecutions, proceedings or tax liabilities against/by the Company, its Directors, its Promoters and its Group Companies and there are no defaults, non-payment of statutory dues, over-dues to banks/financial institutions, defaults against banks/financial institutions by the Company, default in creation of full security as per terms of issue/other liabilities, no amounts owed to small scale undertakings or any other creditor exceeding Rs. 1.00 lakh, which is outstanding for more than 30 days, no proceedings initiated for economic/civil/any other offences (including past cases where penalties may or may not have been awarded and irrespective of whether they are specified under Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013) other than unclaimed liabilities of our Company and no disciplinary action has been taken by SEBI or any stock exchange against the Company, its Promoters, its Directors and Group Companies.

Further, except as stated herein, there are no past cases in which penalties have been imposed on the Company, its Promoters, its Directors or its Group Companies, and there is no outstanding litigation against any other Company whose outcome could have a material adverse effect on the position of the Company. Further, there are no cases of litigation, defaults etc. in respect of companies/firms/ventures with which the Promoters were associated in the past but are no longer associated, in respect of which the name(s) of the Promoters continues to be associated.

Further, apart from those as stated below, there are no show-cause notices / claims served on the Company, its Promoters, its Directors or its Group Companies from any statutory authority / revenue authority that would have a material adverse effect on our business.

LITIGATION INVOLVING OUR COMPANY**I. LITIGATION INVOLVING OUR COMPANY:****A. LITIGATION AGAINST OUR COMPANY**

1. Criminal matters: NIL
2. Litigation Involving Actions by Statutory/Regulatory Authorities: NIL
3. Litigation involving Tax Liabilities
 - a. Direct Tax Liabilities: NIL
 - b. Indirect Taxes Liabilities: NIL
4. Other Pending Litigations: NIL

B. LITIGATION FILED BY OUR COMPANY

1. Criminal matters: NIL
2. Litigation Involving Actions by Statutory/Regulatory Authorities: NIL
3. Litigation involving Tax Liabilities
 - i. Direct Tax Liabilities: NIL
 - ii. Indirect Taxes Liabilities: NIL
4. Other Pending Litigations: NIL

II. LITIGATION INVOLVING OUR DIRECTORS:**A. LITIGATION AGAINST OUR DIRECTORS**

1. Criminal matters:

Sr. No	Name of Director	Particulars	Brief about the case
1	Amit Rameshbhai Kotia	Pending before Metropolitan Magistrate Court, Ahmedabad under 27/2001 (Sec 304A of IPC i.e. Culpable Homicide not amounting to murder)	A criminal case against Mr. Amit Rameshbhai Kotia is pending before Metropolitan Magistrate Court, Ahmedabad under 27/2001 (Sec 304A of IPC i.e. Culpable Homicide not amounting to murder). The said application has been filed by the applicant accused u/s 439 of the criminal procedure code and prayed for enlargement in connection with the CR No. 1 st 27/01 registered at Sabarmati Police Station relating to the offence punishable u/s 304, 120(B), 308 and also for the offence u/s 3(2)(c)(d) and 7(1)(I)(II) of the Gujarat Ownership Flat Act 1073

2. Litigation Involving Actions by Statutory/Regulatory Authorities:

Sr. No	Name of Director	Date of Order	Particulars	Amount (In Rs)
1	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	30th June' 2017 [ADJUDICATION ORDER NO. EAD-5/SVKM/AO/58-62/2017-18]	Section 15I of the SEBI Act, 1992 read with Rule 5 of the Adjudication Rules, hereby impose, a penalty of ` 10,00,000/- (Rupees Ten Lakhs Only) payable jointly and severally by the notices namely Smt. Shilpa Amit Kotia, Shri Dhaval Ramesh Kotia, Smt. Shwetha Dhaval Kotia, Smt. Seema Rajiv Kotia and Shri Ravi Rajiv Kotia, under Section 15A (b) of the SEBI Act, 1992, for the violation of Regulation 7 (1A) read with Regulation 7 (2) of SEBI (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 1997	10,00,000
2	Ravi Rajiv Kotia	19th July 2017 [ADJUDICATION ORDER NO. EAD-5/SVKM/AO/82-86/2017-18]	Section 15I of the SEBI Act, 1992 read with Rule 5 of the SEBI Adjudication Rules, whereby penalty is imposed under Section 15A (a) of the SEBI Act, 1992, for the violation of Section 11C (3) read with Section 11 (2) (i) of SEBI Act, 1992 by each of the notice no. 2 to 5 namely Smt. Shilpa Amit Kotia, Smt. Shwetha Dhaval Kotia, Shri Ravi Rajiv Kotia and Smt. Seema Rajiv Kotia.	8,00,000

3. Litigation involving Tax Liabilities

- i. Direct Tax Liabilities: NIL
- ii. Indirect Taxes Liabilities: NIL

4. Other Pending Litigations: NIL**B. LITIGATION FILED BY OUR DIRECTORS****1. Criminal matters: NIL****2. Litigation Involving Actions by Statutory/Regulatory Authorities: NIL****3. Litigation involving Tax Liabilities**

- i. Direct Tax Liabilities: NIL
- ii. Indirect Taxes Liabilities: NIL

III. LITIGATION INVOLVING OUR PROMOTERS AND PROMOTERS GROUP:**A. LITIGATION AGAINST OUR PROMOTERS AND PROMOTERS GROUP****1. Criminal matters: NIL****2. Litigation Involving Actions by Statutory/Regulatory Authorities: NIL****3. Litigation involving Tax Liabilities****i. Direct Tax Liabilities:**

A demand notice was issued by Income Tax Department against the promoter group - Sungold Media And Entertainment Limited for the assessment year 2016-2017. The demand is mainly due to mismatch of TDS records in 26AS and company records.

A brief detail is disclosed below:

Sr. No.	Assessment Year	Date of Order	Amount of Demand (In Rs)
1	2016-17	May 27, 2017	20,160/-

ii. Indirect Taxes Liabilities: NIL**4. Other Pending Litigations**

Sr. No	Name & Relationship	Date of Order	Particulars	Penalty Amount (In Rs)
1	Sungold Capital Limited (NOTE-1)	30 th June 2017 [ADJUDICATION ORDER NO. EAD-5/SVKM/AO/49-57/2017-18]	Section 23E of the SCRA, 1956, for the violation of provisions of Section 21 of SCRA read with Clause 35 of Listing Agreement, on Sungold Capital Limited, notice no. 1 herein for wrongly classifying the shareholding of the 'promoter group' as 'public holding' and making wrong disclosures of the shareholding of Ravi Rajiv Kotia.	500,000
2	Sungold Capital Limited, Rajiv R Kotia, Ashok Modi, Sharadchandra Gandhi (NOTE-2)	30 th June 2017 [ADJUDICATION ORDER NO. EAD-5/SVKM/AO/49-57/2017-18]	Section 15HA of the SEBI, 1992, for the violation of provisions of Regulation 3 (d) of SEBI PFUTP Regulations, 2003, payable jointly and severally by the notices i.e. Sungold Capital Limited and its executive Directors namely Shri Rajiv R Kotia, Shri Ashok Modi and Shri Sharad Gandhi for providing false and misleading information to the stock exchanges by classifying the shareholding of the 'promoter group' as 'public holding'	1,000,000
3	Rajiv R Kotia in the case of Sungold Capital Limited.	30 th June 2017 [ADJUDICATION ORDER NO. EAD-5/SVKM/AO/49-57/2017-18]	Section 15A (b) of the SEBI Act, 1992, for the violation of Regulation 13 (4) read with Regulation 13 (5) of SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 1992, on the notice no. 2, Shri Rajiv R Kotia, Promoter, Chairman & Managing Director of Sungold Capital Limited for failure to disclose to the Company and to the stock exchange the change in the shareholding of his Wife and Son under the aforesaid PIT Regulations.	12,00,000
4	Shilpa Amit Kotia, Dhaval Ramesh Kotia, Shwetha Dhaval Kotia, Seema Rajiv Kotia,	30 th June 2017 [ADJUDICATION ORDER NO. EAD-5/SVKM/AO/58-62/2017-18]	Section 15I of the SEBI Act, 1992 read with Rule 5 of the Adjudication Rules, hereby impose, a penalty of ` 10,00,000/- (Rupees Ten Lakhs Only) payable jointly and severally by the notices namely Smt. Shilpa Amit Kotia, Shri Dhaval Ramesh Kotia, Smt. Shwetha Dhaval	10,00,000

Sr. No	Name & Relationship	Date of Order	Particulars	Penalty Amount (In Rs)
	Ravi Rajiv Kotia, under (NOTE-3)		Kotia, Smt. Seema Rajiv Kotia and Shri Ravi Rajiv Kotia, under Section 15A (b) of the SEBI Act, 1992, for the violation of Regulation 7 (1A) read with Regulation 7 (2) of SEBI (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 1997	
5	Sungold Capital Limited,	19 th July 2017 [ADJUDICATION ORDER NO. EAD-5/SVKM/AO/82-86/2017-18]	Section 15I of the SEBI Act, 1992 read with Rule 5 of the SEBI Adjudication Rules, whereby penalty is impose, under Section 15A (a) of the SEBI Act, 1992, for the violation of Section 11C (3) read with Section 11 (2) (i) of SEBI Act, 1992 by the notices.	500,000
6	Shilpa Amit Kotia, Shwetha Dhaval Kotia, Ravi Rajiv Kotia, Seema Rajiv Kotia (NOTE-3)	19 th July 2017 [ADJUDICATION ORDER NO. EAD-5/SVKM/AO/82-86/2017-18]	Section 15I of the SEBI Act, 1992 read with Rule 5 of the SEBI Adjudication Rules, whereby penalty is impose under Section 15A (a) of the SEBI Act, 1992, for the violation of Section 11C (3) read with Section 11 (2) (i) of SEBI Act, 1992 by each of the notice no. 2 to 5 namely Smt. Shilpa Amit Kotia, Smt. Shwetha Dhaval Kotia, Shri Ravi Rajiv Kotia and Smt. Seema Rajiv Kotia.	800,000

On the basis of aforesaid order, the appellant has made appeal to Securities Appellate Tribunal vide latter dated 31st August, 2017 & 20th September 2017 respectively. It is under process.

B. LITIGATION FILED BY OUR PROMOTERS AND PROMOTERS GROUP

1. Criminal matters: NIL
2. Litigation Involving Actions by Statutory/Regulatory Authorities: NIL
3. Litigation involving Tax Liabilities
 - i. Direct Tax Liabilities: NIL
 - ii. Indirect Taxes Liabilities: NIL
4. Other Pending Litigations: NIL

OUTSTANDING DUES TO SMALL SCALE UNDERTAKINGS OR ANY OTHER CREDITORS

There are no disputes with such entities in relation to payments to be made to our Creditors. The details pertaining to amounts due towards such creditors are available on the website of our Company.

Below are the details of the Creditors where outstanding amount as on March 31, 2018:

Name	Balance as on March 31, 2018
Total Outstanding dues to Micro and Small & Medium Enterprises	NIL
Total Outstanding dues to Creditors other than Micro and Small & Medium Enterprises	NIL

Outstanding Litigations involving the Company or involving any other person or company whose outcome may have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations or financial position.

Except as described above, as on date of this prospectus, there are no outstanding litigations involving the Company, or involving any other person or company whose outcome may have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations or financial position.

There are no litigations or legal actions, pending or taken, by any Ministry or Department of the Government or a statutory authority against our Promoters during the last 5 years.

Pending proceedings initiated against Our Company for economic offences.

There are no pending proceedings initiated against our Company for economic offences.

Inquiries, investigations etc. instituted under the Companies Act, 2013 or any previous companies enactment in the last 5 years against Our Company.

There are no inquiries, investigations etc. instituted under the Companies Act or any previous companies enactment in the last 5 years against our Company.

Material Fraud against Our Company in the last five years

There has been no material fraud committed against our Company in the last five years.

Fines imposed or compounding of offences for default

There are no fines imposed or compounding of offences for default or outstanding defaults.

Non-Payment of Statutory Dues

Except as disclosed in the chapter titled “*Financial Information of the company*” beginning on pages no 127 there are have been no defaults or outstanding defaults in the payment of statutory dues payable under the Employees Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952 and the Employees State Insurance Act, 1948.

MATERIAL DEVELOPMENTS OCCURING AFTER LAST BALANCE SHEET DATE

Except as disclosed in Chapter titled “*Management’s Discussion & Analysis of Financial Conditions & Results of Operations*” beginning on page no 148 there have been no material developments that have occurred after the Last Balance Sheet Date.

GOVERNMENT AND OTHER KEY APPROVALS

Our Company has received the necessary licenses, permissions and approvals from the Central and State Governments and other government agencies/regulatory authorities/certification bodies required to undertake the Issue or continue our business activities. In view of the approvals listed below, we can undertake the Issue and our current business activities and no further major approvals from any governmental/regulatory authority or any other entity are required to be undertaken, in respect of the Issue or to continue our business activities. It must, however, be distinctly understood that in granting the above approvals, the Government of India and other authorities do not take any responsibility for the financial soundness of our Company or for the correctness of any of the statements or any commitments made or opinions expressed in this behalf.

The main objects clause of the Memorandum of Association of Our Company and the objects incidental, enable our Company to carry out its activities.

In view of the approvals listed below, the Company can undertake this Offer and carry on its current business activities and no further major approvals from any governmental or regulatory authority except as otherwise stated in this section, are required.

Following statements set out the details of licenses, permissions and approvals obtained by the Company under various central and state legislations for carrying out its business activities.

I. Approvals for the Offer:

Sr.No.	Name of the Approvals
1	Our Board of Directors have, pursuant to a resolution passed at its meeting held on June 21, 2018 authorized the Issue, subject to the approval of the shareholders of our Company under Section 62(1)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013 and such other authorities as may be necessary.
2.	The Issue of Equity Shares has been authorized by a special resolution adopted pursuant to Section 62(1)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013 at the Extra Ordinary General Meeting of shareholders held on July 14, 2018
3	Our Company has obtained in-principle listing approval from the BSE-SME Platform dated [he
4	Our Company has entered into an agreement dated April 04, 2018 with the Central Depository Services (India) Limited ("CDSL") and the Registrar and Transfer Agent, who in this case is Satellite Corporate Services Private Limited, for the dematerialization of its shares.
5	Similarly, our Company has also entered into an agreement dated April 16, 2018 with the National Securities Depository Limited ("NSDL") and the Registrar and Transfer Agent, who in this case is Satellite Corporate Services Private Limited for the dematerialization of its shares.
6	Our Company's International Securities Identification Number ("ISIN") is INE951Z01013.

II. APPROVALS PERTAINING TO INCORPORATION OF OUR COMPANY

1. Certificate of Incorporation dated July 03, 1990 issued by the Registrar of Companies, Gujarat in the name of "Shree Krishna Tours and Travels Private Limited".
2. Further name of the company has been changed from "Shree Krishna Tours and Travels Private Limited" to "Shree Krishna Infrastructure Private Limited" by passing necessary resolution on November 13, 1995 and from "Shree Krishna Infrastructure Private Limited" to "Shree Krishna Infrastructure Limited" pursuant to shareholders resolution passed in the Extra-ordinary General Meeting held on 22nd day of March, 1996. A fresh certificate of incorporation pursuant to change of name has been issued by Registrar of Companies, Ahmedabad on respective dates.
3. The Corporate Identification Number (CIN) of our Company is U45201GJ1990PLC013979.

III. BUSINESS RELATED APPROVALS

Sr.No	Nature of Registration/ License	Registration/License No.	Issuing Authority	Date of issue	Date of Expiry
1	Registration Certificate of Establishments under Bombay Shops and Establishment Act, 1948.	4473	Bombay Municipal Corporation	January 30, 2018	--
2	Udyog Aadhar Registration (MSME Registration)	GJ15E0000204	Ministry of Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises, (Government of India)	June 25, 2018	--

IV. TAX RELATED APPROVALS


Sr.No	Nature of Registration/ License	Registration/License No.	Issuing Authority	Validity
1	PAN No. (Permanent Account Number)	AACCS9597H	Income Tax Department	Perpetual
2	TAN (Taxpayers Account Number)	AHMS10938E	Commissioner of Income Tax	Perpetual
3	Professional Tax Registration	PEN-029-000461	Rajpipla Nagar Palika	Perpetual

V. OTHER APPROVAL

Sr.No	Nature of Registration/ License	Registration/License No.	Issuing Authority	Date of issue	Date of Expiry
1	Import Export Code	AACCS9597H	Ministry of Commerce & Industry	June 29, 2018	–
2	Goods Service Tax Code	24AACCS9597H1ZU	Government of India	July 16, 2018	
3	Member of Federation of Indian Export Organisation	FIEO/AHD/22941/2018-19/639	Federation of Indian Export Organisation, Ministry of Commerce (GOI)	July 26, 2018	Mar 31, 2019

VI. Approvals obtained in relation to Intellectual property rights**Trademark:**

The company has applied for registering its Logo and Trademark vide its application No 3886577 dated July 13, 2018 which is under process for approval

Sl. No.	Trademark Image	Registration/Application No.	Class	Registration/Application Date including Renewal Date	Status/Validity
1		3886577	37	Application Date: 13 th July 2018	Applied For

The details of the Domain name registered in the name of our company are:

Sr.No	Domainname	Sponsoring Registrar and IANA ID	CreationDate	ExpiryDate
1	www.skifl.com	Domain registered at Bogrock	27/01/2017	27/07/2019

OTHER REGULATORY AND STATUTORY DISCLOSURES

Authority for the Offer

The offer in terms of this prospectus has been authorized pursuant to the resolution passed by the Board of Directors dated June 21, 2018 and by the shareholders pursuant to the special resolution passed in an Extra Ordinary General Meeting dated July 14, 2018 under Section 62 (1) (c) of the Companies Act, 2013.

The Selling Shareholders has confirmed that the equity shares proposed to be offered and sold in the offer are eligible in term of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations and that they have not been prohibited from dealings in securities market and the equity shares offered and sold are free from any lien, encumbrance or third-party rights. The Selling Shareholders have also, confirmed that they are the legal and beneficial owners of the equity shares being offered by them under the Offer for Sale

Our Company has obtained in-principle approval from the BSE SME for using its name in the prospectus pursuant to an approval letter dated [r Cfrom BSE, the Designated Stock Exchange.

Prohibition by SEBI or other governmental authorities

Our Company, our Promoters, the Selling Shareholder, natural person in control of Promoter, Promoter Group, our Directors, Group Entities or the person(s) in control of our Company have not been prohibited from accessing the capital market for any reason or restrained from buying, selling or dealing in securities, under any order or directions by the SEBI or any other regulatory or government authorities, except to the extent mentioned in "*Outstanding Litigations and Material Developments*" beginning on page no 158 of this prospectus.

There are no violations of securities laws committed by any of them in the past or pending against them, nor have any companies with which any of our Company, our Promoter, Directors, persons in control of our Company or any natural person behind the Promoter are or were associated as a promoter, director or person in control, been debarred or prohibited from accessing the capital markets under any order or direction passed by the SEBI or any other authority.

None of our Directors are associated with the securities market and there has been no action taken by the SEBI against the Directors or any other entity with which our Directors are associated as promoters or directors, except to the extent mentioned in "*Outstanding Litigations and Material Developments*" beginning on page no 158 of this prospectus.

Prohibition by RBI

Neither our Company, nor Selling Shareholder, our Promoters, our Directors, Group Entities, relatives (as per Companies Act, 2013) of Promoter or the person(s) in control of our Company have been identified as a will full defaulter by the RBI or other governmental authority and there has been no violation of any securities law committed by any of them in the past and no such proceedings are pending against any of them except as details provided under section titled "*Outstanding Litigations and Material Developments*" beginning on page no 158 of this prospectus.

Eligibility for the Offer:

- Our Company is not ineligible in terms of Regulations 4(2) of SEBI ICDR Regulations for this Offer.
- Our Company is an "Unlisted Issuer" in terms of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations; and this Offer is an "Initial Public Offer" in terms of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations.
- Our Company is eligible for the Offer in accordance with Regulation 106(M) (1) and other provisions of Chapter XB of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, as we are an Issuer whose Post-Offer face value capital does not exceed ten crore rupees. Hence, we can issue Equity Shares to the public and propose to list the same on the Small and Medium Enterprise Exchange (in this case being the "SME Platform of BSE")

We confirm that:

- In accordance with Regulation 106(P) of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, this Offer is 100% underwritten by the LM. For further details pertaining to said underwriting please refer to section titled "*General Information – Underwriting Agreement*" beginning on page no 44 of this prospectus.
- In accordance with Regulation 106(R) of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, we shall ensure that the total number of proposed allottees in the Offer shall be greater than or equal to fifty (50), otherwise, the entire application money will be unblocked forthwith. If such money is not repaid within eight (8) Working Days from the date our Company becomes liable to repay it, then our Company and every officer in default shall, on and from expiry of

eight (8) Working Days, be liable to repay such application money, with an interest at the rate as prescribed under the Companies Act 2013.

- In accordance with Regulation 106(O) of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, we have not filed any of this Offer Document with SEBI nor has SEBI issued any observations on our Offer Document. Also, we shall ensure that our Lead Manager submits a copy of the prospectus along with a Due Diligence Certificate including additional confirmations as required to SEBI at the time of filing the prospectus with Stock Exchange and the Registrar of Companies.
- In accordance with Regulation 106(V) of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, we hereby confirm that we have entered into an agreement with the LM and a Market Maker to ensure compulsory Market Making for a minimum period of three (3) years from the date of listing of Equity Shares on the SME Platform of BSE. For further details of the arrangement of market making please refer to section titled "*General Information – Details of the Market Making Arrangements for this Offer*" beginning on page no 44 of this prospectus.
- We further confirm that we shall be complying with all the other requirements as laid down for such an issue under Chapter XB of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, as amended from time to time and subsequent circulars and guidelines issued by SEBI and the Stock Exchange.
- As per Regulation 106(M)(3) of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, the provisions of Regulations 6(1), 6(2), 6(3), Regulation 8, Regulation 9, Regulation 10, Regulation 25, Regulation 26, Regulation 27 and sub-regulation (1) of Regulation 49 of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2009 shall not apply to us in this Offer.

1. As on 30th June 2018 and 31st March 2018 the Company has Net Tangible Assets* of Rs. 3.85 Crores and Rs 3.84 Crores respectively which satisfies the criteria of having Net Tangible Assets of at least ₹ 3.00 Crore.

*Net Tangible Assets are defined as the sum of all net assets of the Company, excluding intangible assets as defined in Accounting Standard 26 (AS 26) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India

(However, As per BSE Notice no: 20180711-23 dated 11th July, 2018 the same is not Applicable)

2. The Net worth (excluding revaluation reserves) of the Company should be Positive as per the latest audited financial results

As on 30th June, 2018, the Company had Net Worth of ₹ 3.85 Crores as per the restated financial results.

*Net worth includes Equity Share Capital and Reserves (excluding revaluation reserves, Miscellaneous Expenditure not written off, if any & Debit Balance of Profit and Loss Account not written off, if any)

3. The company should has positive cash accruals (earnings before depreciation and tax) from operations for at least 2 financial years preceding the application

(Amt. in ₹ Lakh)

Particulars	upto 30.06.2018	F.Y. 2017-18	F.Y. 2016-17	F.Y. 2015-16
Cash Accrual (Earnings before Depreciation and Tax as restated)	1.74	5.00	2.36	3.91

Also the Company 's distributable profits in terms of sec. 123 of Companies Act, 2013 (as restated) in last three financial years are detailed below:

(Amt. in ₹ Lakh)

Particulars	upto 30.06.2018	F.Y. 2017-18	F.Y. 2016-17	F.Y. 2015-16
Net Profit as restated	1.25	3.53	1.48	2.53

4. Our Company shall mandatorily facilitate trading in demat securities and has enter into an agreement with both the depositories. The Company has entered into an agreement for registration with the Central Depository Services Limited (CDSL) dated April 04, 2018 and National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) dated April 16, 2018 for establishing connectivity.
5. Our Company has a website i.e. www.skifl.com
6. Our Company has not been referred to the Board for Industrial and Financial Reconstruction (BIFR).

7. There is no winding up petition against our Company that has been admitted by the Court or a liquidator has not been appointed of competent Jurisdiction against the Company.
8. No material regulatory or disciplinary action by a stock exchange or regulatory authority in the past three years against the applicant company except to the extent mentioned in “*Outstanding Litigations and Material Developments*” beginning on page no 158 of this prospectus.
9. There has been no change in the promoter/s of the Company in the preceding one year from date of filing application to BSE for listing on SME segment except mentioned in “*Risk Factor*” beginning from page no 12 of this prospectus.
10. We confirm that we comply with all the above requirements / conditions so as to be eligible to be listed on the SME Platform of the BSE (BSE SME)

Compliance with Part A of Schedule VIII of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations

Our Company is in compliance with the provisions specified in Part A of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations. No exemption from eligibility norms has been sought under Regulation 109 of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, with respect to the Offer. Further, our Company has not been formed by the conversion of a partnership firm into a company.

DISCLAIMER CLAUSE OF SEBI

IT IS TO BE DISTINCTLY UNDERSTOOD THAT SUBMISSION OF OFFER DOCUMENT TO THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (SEBI) SHOULD NOT IN ANY WAY BE DEEMED OR CONSTRUED THAT THE SAME HAS BEEN CLEARED OR APPROVED BY SEBI. SEBI DOES NOT TAKE ANY RESPONSIBILITY EITHER FOR THE FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS OF ANY SCHEME OR THE PROJECT FOR WHICH THE OFFER IS PROPOSED TO BE MADE OR FOR THE CORRECTNESS OF THE STATEMENTS MADE OR OPINIONS EXPRESSED IN THE OFFER DOCUMENT. THE LEAD MERCHANT BANKER, FINSHORE MANAGEMENT SERVICES LIMITED HAS CERTIFIED THAT THE DISCLOSURES MADE IN THE OFFER DOCUMENT ARE GENERALLY ADEQUATE AND ARE IN CONFORMITY WITH THE SEBI (ISSUE OF CAPITAL AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2009 IN FORCE FOR THE TIME BEING. THIS REQUIREMENT IS TO FACILITATE INVESTORS TO TAKE AN INFORMED DECISION FOR MAKING INVESTMENT IN THE PROPOSED OFFER.

IT SHOULD ALSO BE CLEARLY UNDERSTOOD THAT WHILE THE ISSUER IS PRIMARILY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE CORRECTNESS, ADEQUACY AND DISCLOSURE OF ALL RELEVANT INFORMATION IN THE OFFER DOCUMENT, THE LEAD MANAGER, FINSHORE MANAGEMENT SERVICES LIMITED IS EXPECTED TO EXERCISE DUE DILIGENCE TO ENSURE THAT THE ISSUER DISCHARGES ITS RESPONSIBILITY ADEQUATELY IN THIS BEHALF AND TOWARDS THIS PURPOSE, THE LEAD MANAGER FINSHORE MANAGEMENT SERVICES LIMITED HAS FURNISHED TO STOCK EXCHANGE/SEBI A DUE DILIGENCE CERTIFICATE DATED **30th OCTOBER 2018, WHICH SHALL ALSO BE SUBMITTED TO SEBI AFTER REGISTERING THE PROSPECTUS WITH ROC AND BEFORE OPENING OF THE ISSUE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SEBI (MERCHANT BANKERS) REGULATIONS, 1992 AFTER FILING OF PROSPECTUS WITH ROC AND BEFORE OPENING OF ISSUE.**

WE, THE UNDER NOTED LEAD MANAGER TO THE ABOVE-MENTIONED FORTHCOMING OFFER STATE AND CONFIRM AS FOLLOWS:

1. WE HAVE EXAMINED VARIOUS DOCUMENTS INCLUDING THOSE RELATING TO LITIGATION LIKE COMMERCIAL DISPUTES, PATENT DISPUTES, DISPUTES WITH COLLABORATORS, ETC. AND OTHER MATERIAL IN CONNECTION WITH THE FINALISATION OF THE PROSPECTUS PERTAINING TO THE SAID OFFER
2. ON THE BASIS OF SUCH EXAMINATION AND THE DISCUSSIONS WITH THE ISSUER, ITS DIRECTORS AND OTHER OFFICERS, OTHER AGENCIES, AND INDEPENDENT VERIFICATION OF THE STATEMENTS CONCERNING THE OBJECTS OF THE OFFER, PRICE JUSTIFICATION AND THE CONTENTS OF THE DOCUMENTS AND OTHER PAPERS FURNISHED BY THE ISSUER,

WE CONFIRM THAT:

- A. THE PROSPECTUS FILED WITH THE EXCHANGE IS IN CONFORMITY WITH THE DOCUMENTS, MATERIALS AND PAPERS RELEVANT TO THE OFFER.
 - B. ALL THE LEGAL REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO THE OFFER AS ALSO THE REGULATIONS GUIDELINES, INSTRUCTIONS, ETC. FRAMED/ISSUED BY THE BOARD, THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT AND ANY OTHER COMPETENT AUTHORITY IN THIS BEHALF HAVE BEEN DULY COMPLIED WITH; AND
 - C. THE DISCLOSURES MADE IN THE PROSPECTUS ARE TRUE, FAIR AND ADEQUATE TO ENABLE THE INVESTORS TO MAKE A WELL-INFORMED DECISION AS TO THE INVESTMENT IN THE PROPOSED ISSUE AND SUCH DISCLOSURES ARE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013, APPLICABLE PROVISIONS OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956, THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE OF CAPITAL AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2009 AND OTHER APPLICABLE LEGAL REQUIREMENTS.
3. WE CONFIRM THAT BESIDES OURSELVES, ALL THE INTERMEDIARIES NAMED IN THE PROSPECTUS ARE REGISTERED WITH THE BOARD AND THAT TILL DATE SUCH REGISTRATION IS VALID.
 4. WE HAVE SATISFIED OURSELVES ABOUT THE CAPABILITY OF THE UNDERWRITERS TO FULFILL THEIR UNDERWRITING COMMITMENTS- NOTED FOR COMPLIANCE
 5. WE CERTIFY THAT WRITTEN CONSENT FROM PROMOTER HAS BEEN OBTAINED FOR INCLUSION OF THEIR SPECIFIED SECURITIES AS PART OF PROMOTERS' CONTRIBUTION SUBJECT TO LOCK-IN AND THE SPECIFIED SECURITIES PROPOSED TO FORM PART OF PROMOTERS' CONTRIBUTION SUBJECT TO LOCK-IN SHALL NOT BE DISPOSED / SOLD / TRANSFERRED BY THE PROMOTER DURING THE PERIOD STARTING FROM THE DATE OF FILING THE PROSPECTUS WITH THE EXCHANGE/BOARD TILL THE DATE OF COMMENCEMENT OF LOCK-IN PERIOD AS STATED IN THE PROSPECTUS.
 6. WE CERTIFY THAT REGULATION 33 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE OF CAPITAL AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2009, WHICH RELATES TO SPECIFIED SECURITIES INELIGIBLE FOR COMPUTATION OF PROMOTERS CONTRIBUTION, HAS BEEN DULY COMPLIED WITH AND APPROPRIATE DISCLOSURES AS TO COMPLIANCE WITH THE SAID REGULATION HAVE BEEN MADE IN THE PROSPECTUS.
 7. WE UNDERTAKE THAT SUB-REGULATION (4) OF REGULATION 32 AND CLAUSE (C) AND (D) OF SUB-REGULATION (2) OF REGULATION 8 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE OF CAPITAL AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2009 SHALL BE COMPLIED WITH. WE CONFIRM THAT ARRANGEMENTS HAVE BEEN MADE TO ENSURE THAT PROMOTERS' CONTRIBUTION SHALL BE RECEIVED AT LEAST ONE DAY BEFORE THE OPENING OF THE ISSUE WE UNDERTAKE THAT AUDITORS' CERTIFICATE TO THIS EFFECT SHALL BE DULY SUBMITTED TO THE BOARD- **NOT APPLICABLE**
 8. WE FURTHER CONFIRM THAT ARRANGEMENTS HAVE BEEN MADE TO ENSURE THAT PROMOTERS' CONTRIBUTION SHALL BE KEPT IN AN ESCROW ACCOUNT WITH A SCHEDULED COMMERCIAL BANK AND SHALL BE RELEASED TO THE ISSUER ALONG WITH THE PROCEEDS OF THE PUBLIC ISSUE. – **NOT APPLICABLE**.
 9. WE CERTIFY THAT THE PROPOSED ACTIVITIES OF THE ISSUER FOR WHICH THE FUNDS ARE BEING RAISED IN THE PRESENT OFFER FALL WITHIN THE 'MAIN OBJECTS' LISTED IN THE OBJECT CLAUSE OF THE MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OR OTHER CHARTER OF THE ISSUER AND THAT THE ACTIVITIES WHICH HAVE BEEN CARRIED OUT UNTIL NOW ARE VALID IN TERMS OF THE OBJECT CLAUSE OF ITS MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION - **NOT APPLICABLE**
 10. WE CONFIRM THAT NECESSARY ARRANGEMENTS HAVE BEEN MADE TO ENSURE THAT THE MONEYS RECEIVED PURSUANT TO THE OFFER ARE KEPT IN A SEPARATE BANK ACCOUNT AS PER THE PROVISIONS OF SUB-SECTION (3) OF SECTION 40 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 AND THAT SUCH MONEYS SHALL BE RELEASED BY THE SAID BANK ONLY AFTER PERMISSION IS

OBTAINED FROM ALL THE STOCK EXCHANGES MENTIONED IN THE PROSPECTUS. WE FURTHER CONFIRM THAT THE AGREEMENT ENTERED INTO BETWEEN THE BANKERS TO THE OFFER AND THE ISSUER SPECIFICALLY CONTAINS THIS CONDITION – **NOTED FOR COMPLIANCE**.

11. WE CERTIFY ALL THE SHARES SHALL BE ISSUED IN DEMATERIALIZED FORM IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 29 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 AND THE DEPOSITORIES ACT, 1996 AND THE REGULATIONS MADE THEREUNDER.
12. WE CERTIFY THAT ALL THE APPLICABLE DISCLOSURES MANDATED IN THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE OF CAPITAL AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2009 HAVE BEEN MADE IN ADDITION TO DISCLOSURES WHICH, IN OUR VIEW, ARE FAIR AND ADEQUATE TO ENABLE THE INVESTOR TO MAKE A WELL-INFORMED DECISION.
13. WE CERTIFY THAT THE FOLLOWING DISCLOSURES HAVE BEEN MADE IN THE PROSPECTUS:
 - A. AN UNDERTAKING FROM THE ISSUER THAT AT ANY GIVEN TIME, THERE SHALL BE ONLY ONE DENOMINATION FOR THE EQUITY SHARES OF THE ISSUER AND
 - B. AN UNDERTAKING FROM THE ISSUER THAT IT SHALL COMPLY WITH SUCH DISCLOSURE AND ACCOUNTING NORMS SPECIFIED BY THE BOARD FROM TIME TO TIME.
14. WE UNDERTAKE TO COMPLY WITH THE REGULATIONS PERTAINING TO ADVERTISEMENT IN TERMS OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE OF CAPITAL AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2009 WHILE MAKING THE OFFER.
15. WE ENCLOSE A NOTE EXPLAINING HOW THE PROCESS OF DUE DILIGENCE HAS BEEN EXERCISED BY US IN VIEW OF THE NATURE OF CURRENT BUSINESS BACKGROUND OR THE ISSUER, SITUATION AT WHICH THE PROPOSED BUSINESS STANDS, THE RISK FACTORS, PROMOTERS EXPERIENCE, ETC.
16. WE ENCLOSE A CHECKLIST CONFIRMING REGULATION-WISE COMPLIANCE WITH THE APPLICABLE PROVISIONS OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE OF CAPITAL AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2009, CONTAINING DETAILS SUCH AS THE REGULATION NUMBER, ITS TEXT, THE STATUS OF COMPLIANCE, PAGE NUMBER OF THE PROSPECTUS WHERE THE REGULATION HAS BEEN COMPLIED WITH AND OUR COMMENTS, IF ANY.
17. WE ENCLOSE STATEMENT ON 'PRICE INFORMATION OF PAST ISSUES HANDLED BY MERCHANT BANKER BELOW (WHO ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR PRICING THIS ISSUE)', AS PER FORMAT SPECIFIED BY SEBI THROUGH CIRCULAR NO. CIR/CFD/DIL/7/2015 DATED OCTOBER 30, 2015
18. WE CERTIFY THAT PROFITS FROM RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS HAVE ARISEN FROM LEGITIMATE BUSINESS TRANSACTIONS-TO THE EXTENT OF THE RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ACCOUNTING STANDARD-18 IN THE FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF THE COMPANY INCLUDED IN THE PROSPECTUS.

ADDITIONAL CONFIRMATIONS/ CERTIFICATION TO BE GIVEN BY MERCHANT BANKER IN DUE DILIGENCE CERTIFICATE TO BE GIVEN ALONG WITH OFFER DOCUMENT REGARDING SME EXCHANGE

- a) WE CONFIRM THAT NONE OF THE INTERMEDIARIES NAMED IN THE PROSPECTUS HAVE BEEN DEBARRED FROM FUNCTIONING BY ANY REGULATORY AUTHORITY.
- b) WE CONFIRM THAT ALL THE MATERIAL DISCLOSURES IN RESPECT OF THE ISSUER HAVE BEEN MADE IN PROSPECTUS AND CERTIFY THAT ANY MATERIAL DEVELOPMENT IN THE ISSUER OR RELATING TO THE OFFER UP TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF LISTING AND TRADING OF THE SPECIFIED SECURITIES OFFERED THROUGH THIS OFFER SHALL BE INFORMED THROUGH PUBLIC NOTICES/ ADVERTISEMENTS IN ALL THOSE NEWSPAPERS IN WHICH PRE-OFFER ADVERTISEMENT AND ADVERTISEMENT FOR OPENING OR CLOSURE OF THE OFFER HAVE BEEN GIVEN-**NOTED FOR COMPLIANCE**

- c) WE CONFIRM THAT THE ABRIDGED PROSPECTUS CONTAINS ALL THE DISCLOSURES AS SPECIFIED IN THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE OF CAPITAL AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2009 - **NOTED FOR COMPLIANCE**.
- d) WE CONFIRM THAT AGREEMENTS HAVE BEEN ENTERED INTO WITH THE DEPOSITORIES FOR DEMATERIALISATION OF THE SPECIFIED SECURITIES OF THE ISSUER.
- e) WE CERTIFY THAT AS PER THE REQUIREMENTS OF FIRST PROVISIO TO SUB-REGULATION (4) OF REGULATION 32 OF SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE OF CAPITAL AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2009; CASH FLOW STATEMENT HAS BEEN PREPARED AND DISCLOSED IN THE PROSPECTUS. - **NOT APPLICABLE**
- f) WE CERTIFY THAT REGULATION 33 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE OF CAPITAL AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2009, WHICH RELATES TO EQUITY SHARES INELIGIBLE FOR COMPUTATION OF PROMOTERS CONTRIBUTION, HAS BEEN DULY COMPLIED WITH AND APPROPRIATE DISCLOSURES AS TO COMPLIANCE WITH THE SAID REGULATION HAVE BEEN MADE IN THE PROSPECTUS.
- g) WE CONFIRM THAT UNDERWRITING AND MARKET MAKING ARRANGEMENTS AS PER REQUIREMENTS OF REGULATION 106P AND 106V OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE OF CAPITAL AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2009 HAVE BEEN MADE.

Note:

The filing of this prospectus does not, however, absolve our company from any liabilities under section 34, section 35, Section 36 and Section 38 (1) of the Companies Act, 2013 or from the requirement of obtaining such statutory and / or other clearances as may be required for the purpose of the proposed Offer. SEBI further reserves the right to take up at any point of time, with the LM any irregularities or lapses in the prospectus.

All legal requirements pertaining to the Offer will be complied with at the time of registration of the prospectus with the Registrar of Companies, Gujarat, Ahmedabad in terms of sections 26, 28, 32 and 33 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Statement on Price Information of Past Issues handled by Finshore Management Services Limited:

Sr. No.	Issue Name	Issue Size ₹. (Cr.)	Issue Price (₹.)	Listing Date	Opening price on listing date	+/- % change in closing price, [+/- % change in closing benchmark]- 30th calendar days from listing	+/- % change in closing price, [+/- % change in closing benchmark]- 90th calendar days from listing	+/- % change in closing price, [+/- % change in closing benchmark]- 180th calendar days from listing
1	East India Securities Ltd	92.74	920	13-03-18	921.9	1.02 [+0.72]	0.86 [+5.42]	3.23 [+11.40]
2	Sungold Media And Entertainment Limited	1.35	10	27-08-18	9.75	-11.43 [-5.56]	NA	NA
3	Powerful Technologies Limited	13.54	51	28-08-18	48	-34.65 [-6.48]	NA	NA
4	AKI India Limited	3.08	11	12-10-18	11.55			

Please refer Annexure – A in last page Of this prospectus for further details

Track Record of past issues handled by Finshore Management Services Limited

For details regarding track record of LM to the Offer as specified in the Circular reference no. CIR/MIRSD/1/2012 dated January 10, 2012 issued by the SEBI, please refer the website of the LM at: www.finshoregroup.com.

Disclaimer from our Company and the Lead Manager

Our Company, Selling Shareholders and the Lead Manager accept no responsibility for statements made otherwise than those contained in this prospectus or, in case of the Company, in any advertisements or any other material issued by or at our Company's instance and anyone placing reliance on any other source of information would be doing so at his or her own risk.

The LM accept no responsibility, save to the limited extent as provided in the MOU entered between the LM (Finshore Management Services Limited) and our Company on June 25, 2018 and the Underwriting Agreement dated August 28, 2018 entered into between the Underwriters and our Company and the Market Making Agreement dated August 27, 2018 entered into among the Market Maker and our Company.

All information shall be made available by our Company and the Lead Manager to the public and investors at large and no selective or additional information would be available for a section of the investors in any manner whatsoever including at road show presentations, in research or sales reports, at collection centers or elsewhere.

The Lead Manager and their respective associates and affiliates may engage in transactions with, and perform services for, our Company, our Promoter Group, Group Entities, or our affiliates or associates in the ordinary course of business and have engaged, or may in future engage, in commercial banking and investment banking transactions with our Company, our Promoter Group, Group Entities, and our affiliates or associates, for which they have received and may in future receive compensation.

Caution

Investors who apply in the Offer will be required to confirm and will be deemed to have represented to our Company and the Underwriters and their respective directors, officers, agents, affiliates and representatives that they are eligible under all applicable laws, rules, regulations, guidelines and approvals to acquire Equity Shares of our Company and will not offer, sell, pledge or transfer the Equity Shares of our Company to any person who is not eligible under applicable laws, rules, regulations, guidelines and approvals to acquire Equity Shares of our Company. Our Company, the Underwriters and their respective directors, officers, agents, affiliates and representatives accept no responsibility or liability for advising any investor on whether such investor is eligible to acquire the Equity Shares in the Offer.

Disclaimer in Respect of Jurisdiction

This Offer is being made in India to persons resident in India (including Indian nationals resident in India who are majors, HUFs, companies, corporate bodies and societies registered under applicable laws in India and authorized to invest in shares, Indian mutual funds registered with SEBI, Indian financial institutions, commercial banks, regional rural banks, cooperative banks (subject to RBI permission), or trusts under applicable trust law and who are authorized under their constitution to hold and invest in shares, public financial institutions as specified in Section 2(72) of the Companies Act, 2013, VCFs, state industrial development corporations, insurance companies registered with the Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority, provident funds (subject to applicable law) with a minimum corpus of ₹ 2,500.00 Lakhs and pension funds with a minimum corpus of ₹2,500.00 Lakhs, and permitted non-residents including FIIs, Eligible NRIs, multilateral and bilateral development financial institutions, FVCIs and eligible foreign investors, insurance funds set up and managed by the Department of Posts, India provided that they are eligible under all applicable laws and regulations to hold Equity Shares of our Company. This prospectus does not, however, constitute an offer to sell or an invitation to subscribe for Equity Shares offered hereby in any jurisdiction other than India to any person to whom it is unlawful to make an offer or invitation in such jurisdiction. Any person into whose possession this prospectus comes is required to inform himself or herself about, and to observe, any such restrictions.

Any dispute arising out of this offer will be subject to jurisdiction of the competent court(s) in Rajpipla, District: Narmada, Gujarat, India only.

No action has been, or will be, taken to permit a public offering in any jurisdiction where action would be required for that purpose. Accordingly, the Equity Shares represented hereby may not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, and this prospectus may not be distributed in any jurisdiction, except in accordance with the legal requirements applicable in such jurisdiction. Neither the delivery of this prospectus nor any sale hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of our Company from the date hereof or that the information contained herein is correct as of any time subsequent to this date.

Disclaimer Clause of the SME Platform of BSE

As required, a copy of this Offer Document has been submitted to BSE Limited (hereinafter referred to as BSE). BSE Limited has given vide its letter Ref: DCS/SME IPO/DT/IP/918/2018-19 dated 25th September, 2018 permission to this company to use the Exchange's name in this Offer Document as one of the stock exchanges on which this company's securities are proposed to be listed on the SME platform. BSE has scrutinized this offer document for its limited internal purpose of deciding on the matter of granting the aforesaid permission to this company. BSE does not in any manner:-

- i. Warrant, certify or endorse the correctness or completeness of any of the contents of this offer documents; or
- ii. Warrant that this company's securities will be listed or will continue to be listed on BSE; or
- iii. Take any responsibility for the financial or other soundness of this company, its promoters, its management or any scheme or project of this company.

and it should not for any reason be deemed or construed that this offer document has been cleared or approved by BSE.

Every person who desires to apply for or otherwise acquire any securities of this company may do so pursuant to independent inquiry, investigation and analysis and shall not have any claim against BSE whatsoever by reason of any loss which may be suffered by such person consequent to or in connection with such subscription /acquisition whether by reason of anything stated or omitted to be stated herein or for any other reason whatsoever.

Disclaimer Clause under Rule 144A of the U.S. Securities Act

The Equity Shares have not been, and will not be, registered under the U.S. Securities Act 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") or any state securities laws in the United States and may not be offered or sold within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, "U.S. persons" (as defined in Regulation S under the Securities Act), except pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act. Accordingly, the Equity Shares will be offered and sold outside the United States in compliance with Regulations of the Securities Act and the applicable laws of the jurisdiction where those offers and sales occur. The Equity Shares have not been, and will not be, registered, listed or otherwise qualified in any other jurisdiction outside India and may not be offered or sold, and Bids may not be made by persons in any such jurisdiction, except in compliance with the applicable laws of such jurisdiction.

Further, each Applicant where required agrees that such Applicant will not sell or transfer any Equity Shares or create any economic interest therein, including any off-shore derivative instruments, such as participatory notes, issued against the Equity Shares or any similar security, other than pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act and in compliance with applicable laws and legislations in each jurisdiction, including India.

Filing

The prospectus is being filed with **BSE Limited, 20th Floor, P.J. Towers, Dalal Street, Fort, Mumbai-400001, Maharashtra, India.**

A copy of this prospectus shall not be filed with the SEBI, nor will SEBI issue any observation on the prospectus in term of Regulation 106(M)(3) of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations. However, a copy of the prospectus shall be filed with SEBI at the **Securities and Exchange Board of India, Unit No: 002, Ground Floor, SAKAR I, Near Gandhigram Railway Station, Opp. Nehru Bridge Ashram Road, Ahmedabad - 380009, Gujarat, India** for their record purpose only.

A copy of the prospectus, along with the documents required to be filed under Section 32 of the Companies Act, 2013 would be delivered for registration to the **Registrar of Companies, Ahmedabad, Gujarat.**

Listing

The Equity Shares of our Company are proposed to be listed on BSE SME. Our Company has obtained in-principle approval from BSE by way of its letter dated 25th September, 2018 for listing of equity shares on BSE SME.

BSE will be the Designated Stock Exchange, with which the Basis of Allotment will be finalized for the Offer. If the permission to deal in and for an official quotation of the Equity Shares on the SME Platform is not granted by BSE, our Company shall forthwith repay, without interest, all moneys received from the applicants in pursuance of this prospectus. If such money is not repaid within eight (8) days from the date our Company becomes liable to repay it, then our Company and every officer in default shall, on and from expiry of eight (8) days, be liable to repay such application money, with interest at the rate as prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

Our Company shall ensure that all steps for the completion of the necessary formalities for listing and commencement of trading at the SME Platform of BSE mentioned above are taken within Six (6) Working Days of the Offer Closing Date.

Impersonation

Attention of the Applicants is specifically drawn to the provisions of sub-section (1) of Section 38 of the Companies Act, 2013 which is reproduced below:

Any person who-

- Makes or abets making of an application in a fictitious name to a company for acquiring, or subscribing for, its securities; or
- Makes or abets making of multiple applications to a company in different names or in different combinations of his name or surname for acquiring or subscribing for its securities; or Otherwise induces

directly or indirectly a company to allot, or register any transfer of, securities to him, or to any other person in a fictitious name, shall be liable to action under section 447 of the Companies, Act 2013.

Consents

Consents in writing of Our Directors, Our Promoters, Our Company Secretary & Compliance Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Our Statutory Auditor, Key Managerial Personnel, Our Peer Review Auditor, Our Banker(s) to the Company; Lead Manager, Registrar to the Offer, Banker(s) to the Offer, Legal Advisor to the Offer, Underwriter(s) to the Offer and Market Maker to the Offer to act in their respective capacities shall be obtained as required under section 26 of the Companies Act, 2013 and shall be filed along with a copy of the prospectus with the RoC, as required under Sections 32 of the Companies Act, 2013 and such consents will not be withdrawn up to the time of delivery of the prospectus for registration with the RoC.

In accordance with the Companies Act and the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, M/s. Bhatner & Company, Peer Review Auditors of the Company has agreed to provide their written consent to the inclusion of their respective reports on "Statement of Tax Benefits" relating to the possible tax benefits and restated financial statements as included in this prospectus in the form and context in which they appear therein and such consents and reports will not be withdrawn up to the time of delivery of this prospectus.

Experts Opinion

Except for the reports in the section "Financial information of the Company" and "Statement of Tax Benefits" beginning on page no 127 and page no 78 of this prospectus from the Peer Review Auditors and Statutory Auditor respectively, our Company has not obtained any expert opinions. However, the term "expert" shall not be construed to mean an "expert" as defined under the U.S. Securities Act 1933.

Expenses of the Offer

The Estimated Offer expenses are as under:-

Activity	Expenses (Rs. In Lakhs)	% of Total Estimated Offer Expenditure	% of Offer Size
Payment to Merchant Banker including, Underwriting and Selling Commission, Brokerages, payment to other intermediaries such as Legal Advisors, Registrars, Bankers etc and other Out of Pocket Expenses	15.00	100	12.82%
Total	15.00	100	12.82%

Fees, Brokerage and Selling Commission payable to the LM

The total fees payable to the Lead Manager will be as per the (i) Memorandum of Understanding dated, June 25, 2018 with the Lead Manager Finshore Management Services Limited, (ii) the Underwriting Agreement dated August 28, 2018 with Underwriter Finshore Management Services Limited and (iii) the Market Making Agreement dated August 27, 2018 with Market Maker, Beeline Broking Limited, a copy of which is available for inspection at our Registered Office from 10.00 am to 5.00 pm on Working Days from the date of the prospectus until the Offer Closing Date.

Fees Payable to the Registrar to the Offer

The fees payable to the Registrar to the Offer for processing of applications, data entry, printing of refund orders, preparation of refund data on magnetic tape and printing of bulk mailing register will be as per the agreement between our Company and the Registrar to the Offer dated 29th Jun, 2018 a copy of which is available for inspection at our Company's Registered Office.

The Registrar to the Offer will be reimbursed for all out-of-pocket expenses including cost of stationery, postage, stamp duty, and communication expenses. Adequate funds will be provided to the Registrar to the Offer to enable it to make refunds in any of the modes described in this prospectus or send allotment advice by registered post/speed post.

Particulars regarding Public or Rights Issues during the last five (5) years

Our Company has not made any previous public or rights issue in India or Abroad the five (5) years preceding the date of this prospectus except as discussed in section titled "Capital Structure" beginning on page no 52 of the prospectus.

Previous issues of Equity Shares otherwise than for cash

For detailed description please refer to section titled "Capital Structure" beginning on page no 52 of this prospectus.

Underwriting Commission, brokerage and selling commission on Previous Issues

Since this is the initial public offering of our Company's Equity Shares, no sum has been paid or has been payable as commission or brokerage for subscribing for or procuring or agreeing to procure subscription for any of the Equity Shares since our incorporation.

Particulars in regard to our Company and other listed group-companies / subsidiaries/ associates under the same management within the meaning of Section 370(1B) of the Companies Act, 1956 / Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 which made any capital issue during the last three years:

- (1) Name of the company: Sungold Media And Entertainment Limited (promoter Group)
- (2) Year of Issue: 2018
- (3) Type of Issue (public/ rights/ composite): Public Issue (Offer for Sale)
- (4) Amount of issue: Rs.135 Lakhs
- (5) Date of closure of issue: 14th August, 2018
- (6) Date of completion of delivery of share certificates: 24th August, 2018
- (7) Date of completion of the project, where object of the issue was financing the project: Not Applicable since it was an Offer sale
- (8) Rate of dividend paid: No dividend paid

Neither our Company nor any other companies under the same management within the meaning of Section 370(1B) of the Companies Act, 1956 / Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013, had made any public issue or rights issue during the last three years except as mentioned above

Performance vis-a-vis objects – Public/right issue of our Company and /or listed Group Companies/ subsidiaries and associates of our Company

Except as stated under section titled "Capital Structure" beginning on page no 52 of this prospectus our Company has not undertaken any previous public or rights issue. None of the Group Companies/ Entities or associates of our Company are listed on any stock exchange except as stated earlier in this Prospectus. However Mr. Rajiv Kotia, father of Mr. Ravi Rajiv Kotia is also the promoter of Sungold Capital Limited and Sungold Media & Entertainment Limited which are listed in BSE.

Performance vis-a-vis objects - Last Issue of Group/Associate Companies

We don't have any Group/Associates companies and we have not made any public issue of shares in the last ten (10) years preceding the date of this prospectus for our group/associates companies except as stated earlier in this Prospectus

Outstanding Debentures or Bond Issues or Redeemable Preference Shares

Our Company does not have any outstanding debentures or bonds or Preference Redeemable Shares as on the date of filing this prospectus.

Outstanding Convertible Instruments

Our Company does not have any outstanding convertible instruments as on the date of filing this prospectus.

Option to Subscribe

Equity Shares being offered through the prospectus can be applied for in dematerialized form only.

Stock Market Data of the Equity Shares

This being a first public offering of the Equity Shares of our Company, the Equity Shares are not listed on any Stock Exchanges.

Mechanism for Redressal of Investor Grievances

The Agreement amongst the Registrar to the Offer, our Company provides for retention of records with the Registrar to the Offer for a period of at least three (3) year from the last date of dispatch of the letters of allotment, or demat credit or where refunds are being made electronically, giving of unblocking instructions to the clearing system, to enable the investors to approach the Registrar to the Offer for redressal of their grievances.

All grievances relating to the Offer may be addressed to the Registrar to the Offer, giving full details such as name, address of the applicant, application number, number of Equity Shares applied for, amount paid on application, Depository Participant, and the bank branch or collection centre where the application was submitted.

All grievances relating to the ASBA process may be addressed to the SCSBs, giving full details such as name, address of the applicant, number of Equity Shares applied for, amount paid on application and the relevant

Designated Branch or the collection centre of the SCSBs where the Application Form was submitted by the ASBA Applicants.

The Applicant should give full details such as name of the sole/ first Applicant, Application Form number, Applicant DP ID, Client ID, PAN, date of the Application Form, address of the Applicant, number of the Equity Shares applied for and the name and address of the Designated Intermediary where the Application Form was submitted by the Applicant. Further, the investor shall also enclose the Acknowledgement Slip from the Designated Intermediaries in addition to the documents or information mentioned hereinabove.

Disposal of Investor Grievances by our Company

Our Company estimates that the average time required by our Company or the Registrar to the Offer for the redressal of routine investor grievances shall be fifteen (15) Working Days from the date of receipt of the complaint. In case of complaints that are not routine or where external agencies are involved, our Company will seek to redress these complaints as expeditiously as possible.

Our Company has appointed Ms. Resham Ajit Maniyar, Company Secretary, as the Compliance Officer to redress complaints, if any, of the investors participating in the Offer. Contact details for our Company Secretary and Compliance Officer are as follows:

Ms. Resham Ajit Maniyar

Company Secretary & Compliance officer,
SHREE KRISHNA INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED
Bungalow No.36, Rang Residency,
Vadia, Rajpipla, Narmada- 393145,
Gujarat, India
Contact No: +91- 8849865932
CIN: U45201GJ1990PLC013979
Email id: cs@skifl.com
Website: www.skifl.com

Investors can contact the Compliance Officer or the Registrar in case of any Pre-Offer or Post-Offer related problems such as non-receipt of letters of allocation, credit of allotted Equity Shares in the respective beneficiary account etc.

Pursuant to the press release no. PR. No. 85/2011 dated June 8, 2011, SEBI has launched a centralized web based complaints redress system "SCORES". This would enable investors to lodge and follow up their complaints and track the status of redressal of such complaints from anywhere. For more details, investors are requested to visit the website www.scores.gov.in

Status of Investor Complaints

We confirm that we have not received any investor complaint during the three years preceding the date of this prospectus and hence there are no pending investor complaints as on the date of this prospectus.

Disposal of investor grievances by listed companies under the same management as Our Company

We don't have any Group/Associates companies who are listed in any stock exchange as on the date of this prospectus except Sungold Media And Entertainment Limited and Sungold Capital Limited.

Change in Auditors during the last three (3) years

Except for appointment of M/s Bhatler & Company, Chartered Accountant, as peer review auditor, there are following changes in our company's auditor in the last 3 years

Sr.No	Name of Auditor or Auditor's Firm	Appointment Date	Appointment Reason
1	M/s S Somani & Associates	29/09/2015	Ratification of appointment of M/s S Somani & Associates
2	M/s B D Saboo & Associates	30/09/2016	Fill vacancy due to resignation of existing Statutory Auditors
3	M/s Ramanand & Associates	30/09/2017	Fill vacancy due to resignation of existing Statutory Auditors
4	M/s Bhatler & Company	5/12/2017	Fill vacancy due to resignation of existing Statutory Auditors

Capitalization of Reserves or Profits

Except as disclosed under section titled "Capital Structure" beginning on page no 52 of this prospectus, our Company has not capitalized its reserves or profits at any time during the last five (5) years.

Revaluation of Assets

Our Company has not revalued its assets in five (5) years preceding the date of this prospectus.

Tax Implications

Investors who are allotted Equity Shares in the Offer will be subject to capital gains tax on any resale of the Equity Shares at applicable rates, depending on the duration for which the investors have held the Equity Shares prior to such resale and whether the Equity Shares are sold on the Stock Exchanges. For details, please refer the section titled "Statement of Tax Benefits" beginning on page no 78 of this prospectus.

Purchase of Property

Other than as disclosed under section titled "Our Business" beginning on page no 93 of this prospectus, there is no property which has been purchased or acquired or is proposed to be purchased or acquired which is to be paid for wholly or partly from the proceeds of the present Offer or the purchase or acquisition of which has not been completed on the date of the prospectus, other than property, in respect of which:-

The contract for the purchase or acquisition was entered into in the ordinary course of business, or the contract was entered into in contemplation of the Offer, or that the Offer was contemplated in consequence of the contract; or the amount of the purchase money is not material.

Except as stated elsewhere in the prospectus, our Company has not purchased any property in which the Promoter and/or Directors have any direct or indirect interest in any payment made there under.

Servicing Behavior

Except as stated in this prospectus, there has been no default in payment of statutory dues or of interest or principal in respect of our borrowings or deposits.

Payment or benefit to officers of Our Company

Except statutory benefits upon termination of their employment in our Company or superannuation, no officer of our Company is entitled to any benefit upon termination of his employment in our Company or superannuation.

Except as disclosed under sections titled "Our Management" and "Related Party Transactions" beginning on page no 112 and page no 125 respectively of this prospectus none of the beneficiaries of loans and advances and sundry debtors are related to the Directors of our Company.

SECTION VIII: OFFER INFORMATION**TERMS OF THE OFFER**

The Equity Shares being offered are subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, SCRA, SCRR, SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, the SEBI Listing Regulations, our Memorandum and Articles of Association, the terms of this prospectus, the prospectus, the abridged prospectus, Application Form, CAN, the Revision Form, Allotment advices, and other terms and conditions as may be incorporated in the documents/certificates that may be executed in respect of the Issue. The Equity Shares shall also be subject to all applicable laws, guidelines, rules, notifications and regulations relating to the issue of capital and listing and trading of securities issued from time to time by SEBI, the GoI, the Stock Exchanges, the RoC, the FIPB, the RBI and/or other authorities, as in force on the date of the Issue and to the extent applicable.

Please note that in terms of SEBI Circular CIR/CFD/POLICYCELL/11/2015 dated November 10, 2015, all the investors applying in this issue shall use only Application Supported by Blocked Amount (ASBA) facility for making payment i.e. just writing their bank account numbers and authorizing the banks to make payment in case of allotment by signing the application forms,

AUTHORITY FOR THE PRESENT OFFER

The present Public Offer of 9,00,000 equity shares in terms of this prospectus has been proposed and authorized by the Board of Directors pursuant to a resolution dated June 21, 2018 and by the shareholders pursuant to the special resolution passed in an Extra Ordinary General Meeting dated July 14, 2018 under Section 28 of the Companies Act, 2013.

RANKING OF EQUITY SHARES

The Equity Shares being offer shall be subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and our Memorandum and Articles of Association and shall rank *pari-passu* in all respects with the existing Equity Shares of our Company including rights in respect of dividend. The allottees, upon Allotment of Equity Shares under this Offer, will be entitled to receive dividends and other corporate benefits, if any, declared by our Company after the date of Allotment. For further details, please refer to section titled "Main Provisions of Articles of Association" beginning on page no 223 of this prospectus.

MODE OF PAYMENT OF DIVIDEND

Our Company shall pay dividend to the shareholders of our Company in accordance with the provisions of the previous Companies Act, 1956 and the Companies Act, 2013, as may be applicable, the Articles of Association of our Company, the provisions of the SEBI Listing Regulations and any other rules, regulations or guidelines as may be issued by the Government of India in connection thereto and as per the recommendation by our Board of Directors and approved by our Shareholders at their discretion and will depend on a number of factors, including but not limited to earnings, capital requirements and overall financial condition of our Company. We shall pay dividends in cash and as per provisions of the Companies Act, For further details in relation to dividends, please refer to sections titled "Dividend Policy" and "Main Provisions of the Articles of Association" beginning on pages no 126 and page no 223 respectively of this prospectus.

FACE VALUE AND OFFER PRICE

The Equity Shares having a Face Value of Rs. 10/- each are being offered in terms of this prospectus at the price of Rs. 13/- per Equity Share. The Issue Price is determined by our Company in consultation with the Lead Manager and is justified under the section titled "Basis for offer Price" beginning on page no 76 of this prospectus. At any given point of time there shall be only one denomination of the Equity Shares of our Company, subject to applicable laws.

COMPLIANCE WITH SEBI (ICDR) REGULATIONS

Our Company shall comply with all requirements of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations as amended time to time. Our Company shall comply with all disclosure and accounting norms as specified by SEBI from time to time.

RIGHTS OF THE EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS

Subject to applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines and the Articles of Association of our Company, the equity shareholders shall have the following rights:

- Right to receive dividend, if declared;
- Right to receive Annual Reports & notices to members;
- Right to attend general meetings and exercise voting rights, unless prohibited by law;
- Right to vote on a poll either in person or by proxy;
- Right to receive offer for rights shares and be allotted bonus shares, if announced;
- Right to receive surplus on liquidation; subject to any statutory and other preferential claims being satisfied;

- Right of free transferability of the Equity Shares, subject to applicable law, including any RBI Rules and Regulations; and
- Such other rights, as may be available to a shareholder of a listed public company under the previous Companies Act, 1956 and Companies Act, 2013, as may be applicable, terms of the SEBI Listing Regulations and the Memorandum and Articles of Association of our Company.

For further details on the main provision of our Company's Articles of Association dealing with voting rights, dividend, forfeiture and lien, transfer and transmission and/ or consolidation / splitting, etc., please refer to section titled "Main Provisions of Articles of Association" beginning on page no 223 of this prospectus

MINIMUM APPLICATION VALUE, MARKET LOT AND TRADING LOT

In terms of section 29 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Equity Shares shall be allotted only in dematerialized form. As per the existing SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, the trading of the Equity Shares shall only be in dematerialized form for all investors.

The trading of the Equity Shares will happen in the minimum contract size of 10,000 Equity Shares and the same may be modified by the SME Platform of BSE from time to time by giving prior notice to investors at large.

Allocation and allotment of Equity Shares through this prospectus will be done in multiples of 10,000 Equity Shares subject to a minimum allotment of 10,000 Equity Shares to the successful applicants in terms of the SEBI Circular No. CIR/MRD/DSA/06/2012 dated February 21, 2012.

MINIMUM NUMBER OF ALLOTTEES

The minimum number of allottees in the Offer shall be fifty (50) shareholders. In case the minimum number of prospective allottees is less than fifty (50), no allotment will be made pursuant to this Offer and the amounts in the ASBA Account shall be unblocked forthwith.

JOINT HOLDERS

Where two (2) or more persons are registered as the holders of any Equity Shares, they will be deemed to hold such Equity Shares as joint-holders with benefits of survivorship.

NOMINATION FACILITY TO INVESTOR

In accordance with Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013 the sole or first applicant, along with other joint applicant, may nominate any one person in whom, in the event of the death of sole applicant or in case of joint applicant, death of all the applicants, as the case may be, the Equity Shares allotted, if any, shall vest. A person, being a nominee, entitled to the Equity Shares by reason of the death of the original holder(s), shall in accordance with Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013 be entitled to the same advantages to which he or she would be entitled if he or she were the registered holder of the Equity Share(s). Where the nominee is a minor, the holder(s) may make a nomination to appoint, in the prescribed manner, any person to become entitled to Equity Share(s) in the event of his or her death during the minority. A nomination shall stand rescinded upon a sale of equity share(s) by the person nominating. A buyer will be entitled to make a fresh nomination in the manner prescribed. Fresh nomination can be made only on the prescribed form available on request at the Registered Office of our Company or to the Registrar and Transfer Agents of our Company.

In accordance with Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013 any Person who becomes a nominee by virtue of this section shall upon the production of such evidence as may be required by the Board, elect either:

- To register himself or herself as the holder of the Equity Shares; or
- To make such transfer of the Equity Shares, as the deceased holder could have made.

Further, the Board may at any time give notice requiring any nominee to choose either to be registered himself or herself or to transfer the equity shares, and if the notice is not complied with within a period of ninety days, the Board may thereafter withhold payment of all dividends, bonuses or other moneys payable in respect of the equity shares, until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.

Since the allotment of Equity Shares in the Issue will be made only in dematerialized form, there is no need to make a separate nomination with us. Nominations registered with the respective depository participant of the applicant would prevail. If the investors require changing the nomination, they are requested to inform their respective depository participant.

Period of Operation of Subscription List of Public Offer

OFFER OPENS ON	15 th November 2018
OFFER CLOSES ON	22 nd November 2018

MINIMUM SUBSCRIPTION

In accordance with Regulation [106P] (1) of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, this Offer is 100% underwritten. Also, in accordance with explanation to Regulation [106P] (1) of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, the underwriting shall not be restricted to any minimum subscription level. This Offer is 100% underwritten and the details of the same have been disclosed under section titled "General Information" beginning on page no 44 of this prospectus.

As per section 39 of the new Companies Act, if the "stated minimum amount" has not been subscribed and the sum payable on application is not received within a period of thirty (30) days from the date of Offer of prospectus, the application money has to be returned within such period as may be prescribed.

If our Company does not receive the subscription of 100% of the Offer through this Offer Document including devolvement of Underwriters within sixty (60) days from the date of closure of the Offer, our Company shall forthwith unblock the entire subscription amount received. If there is a delay beyond eight (8) days after our Company becomes liable to pay the amount, our Company shall pay interest prescribed under section 73 of the Companies Act, 2013 and applicable law.

Further, in accordance with Regulation [106R] of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, the minimum number of allottees in this Offer shall be fifty (50). In case the minimum number of prospective allottees is less than fifty (50), no allotment will be made pursuant to this Offer and the amounts in the ASBA Account shall be unblocked forthwith.

Further, in accordance with Regulation [106Q] of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations the minimum application size in terms of number of specified securities shall not be less than Rupees One Lakh per application.

The Equity Shares have not been and will not be registered, listed or otherwise qualified in any other jurisdiction outside India and may not be offered or sold, and applications may not be made by persons in any such jurisdiction, except in compliance with the applicable laws of such jurisdiction.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR DISPOSAL OF ODD LOTS

The trading of the Equity Shares will happen in the minimum contract size of 10,000 equity shares in terms of the SEBI Circular No. CIR/MRD/DSA/06/2012 dated February 21, 2012. However, the Market Maker shall buy the entire shareholding of a shareholder in one lot, where value of such shareholding is less than the minimum contract size allowed for trading on the SME platform of BSE.

APPLICATION BY ELIGIBLE NRI'S, FPI'S/FII'S REGISTERED WITH SEBI, VCF'S REGISTERED WITH SEBI

It is to be understood that there is no reservation for Eligible NRIs or FPIs/FIIs registered with SEBI or VCFs. Such Eligible NRIs, FPIs/FIIs registered with SEBI will be treated on the same basis with other categories for the purpose of Allocation.

NRIs, FPIs/FIIs and foreign venture capital investors registered with SEBI are permitted to purchase shares of an Indian company in a public offer without the prior approval of the RBI, so long as the price of the equity shares to be issued is not less than the price at which the equity shares are issued to residents. The transfer of shares between an Indian resident and a non-resident does not require the prior approval of the FIPB or the RBI, provided that (i) the activities of the investee company are under the automatic route under the foreign direct investment ("FDI") Policy and the non-resident shareholding is within the sectoral limits under the FDI policy; and (ii) the pricing is in accordance with the guidelines prescribed by the SEBI/RBI.

AS PER THE EXTANT POLICY OF THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, OCB'S CANNOT PARTICIPATE IN THIS OFFER.

The current provisions of the Foreign Exchange Management (Transfer or Issue of Security by a Person Resident outside India) Regulations, 2000, provides a general permission for the NRIs, FPIs and foreign venture capital investors registered with SEBI to invest in shares of Indian companies by way of subscription in an IPO. However, such investments would be subject to other investment restrictions under the Foreign Exchange Management (Transfer or Issue of Security by a Person Resident outside India) Regulations, 2000, RBI and/or SEBI regulations as may be applicable to such investors.

The Allotment of the Equity Shares to Non-Residents shall be subject to the conditions, if any, as may be prescribed by the Government of India/RBI while granting such approvals.

RESTRICTIONS ON TRANSFER AND TRANSMISSION OF SHARES OR DEBENTURES AND ON THEIR CONSOLIDATION OR SPLITTING

Except for lock-in of the Pre- Offer Equity Shares and Promoter minimum contribution in the Offer as detailed in the section titled "Capital Structure" beginning on page no 52 of this prospectus and except as provided in the Articles of Association of our Company, there are no restrictions on transfer and transmission and on their consolidation / splitting of Equity Shares. For further details, please refer to the section titled "Main Provisions of Articles of Association" beginning on page no 223 of this prospectus.

The above information is given for the benefit of the Applicants. The Applicants are advised to make their own enquiries about the limits applicable to them. Our Company and the Lead Managers do not accept any responsibility for the completeness and accuracy of the information stated hereinabove. Our Company and the Lead Manager are not liable to inform the investors of any amendments or modifications or changes in applicable laws or regulations, which may occur after the date of this prospectus. Applicants are advised to make their independent investigations and ensure that the number of Equity Shares Applied for do not exceed the applicable limits under laws or regulations.

OPTION TO RECEIVE EQUITY SHARES IN DEMATERIALIZED FORM

As per Section 29 of the Companies Act, 2013 and in accordance with SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, every company making public offer shall issue securities only in dematerialized form only. Hence, the Equity Shares being offered can be applied for in the dematerialized form only. The investors have an option either to receive the security certificate or to hold the securities with depository. However, as per SEBI's circular RMB (compendium) series circular no. 2 (1999-2000) dated February 16, 2000, it has been decided by the SEBI that trading in securities of companies making an initial public offer shall be in dematerialized form only. The Equity Shares on Allotment will be traded only on the dematerialized segment of the SME Exchange. Applicants will not have an option of Allotment of the Equity Shares in physical form. Allottees shall have the option to re-materialize the Equity Shares, if they so desire, as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Depositories Act.

MIGRATION TO MAIN BOARD

In accordance with the BSE Circular dated November 26, 2012, our Company will have to be mandatorily listed and traded on the SME Platform of the BSE for a minimum period of two years from the date of listing and only after that it can migrate to the Main Board of the BSE as per the guidelines specified by SEBI and as per the procedures laid down under Chapter XB of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations. Our Company may migrate to the main board of BSE from the SME Exchange on a later date subject to the following:

- If the Paid up Capital of our Company is likely to increase above ₹25 Crores by virtue of any further issue of capital by way of rights, preferential issue, bonus issue etc. (which has been approved by a special resolution through postal ballot wherein the votes cast by the shareholders other than the promoters in favor of the proposal amount to at least two times the number of votes cast by shareholders other than promoter shareholders against the proposal and for which our Company has obtained in-principal approval from the main board), we shall have to apply to BSE for listing our shares on its Main Board subject to the fulfillment of the eligibility criteria for listing of specified securities laid down by the Main Board

OR

- If the Paid up Capital of the company is more than ₹ 10 crores but below ₹25 crores, we may still apply for migration to the main board if the same has been approved by a special resolution through postal ballot wherein the votes cast by the shareholders other than the promoters in favor of the proposal amount to at least two times the number of votes cast by shareholders other than promoter shareholders against the proposal.

MARKET MAKING

The Equity Shares offered through this offer are proposed to be listed on the SME Platform of BSE (SME Exchange), wherein M/s Beeline Broking Limited is the Market Maker to this offer shall ensure compulsory Market Making through the registered Market Makers of the SME Exchange for a minimum period of three (3) years from the date of listing on the SME Platform of BSE. For further details of the agreement entered into between our Company, the Lead Manager and the Market Maker please refer to section titled "General Information - Details of the Market Making Arrangements for this Offer" beginning on page no 44 of this prospectus.

In accordance with the SEBI Circular No. CIR/MRD/DSA/31/2012 dated November 27, 2012; it has been decided to make applicable limits on the upper side for the Market Makers during market making process taking into consideration the Issue size in the following manner:

Issue Size	Buy quote exemption threshold (including mandatory initial inventory of 5% of issue size)	Re-entry threshold for buy quotes (including mandatory initial inventory of 5% of issue size)
Upto ₹ 20 Crore, as applicable in our case	25%	24%

Further, the Market Maker shall give (2) Two way quotes till it reaches the upper limit threshold; thereafter it has the option to give only sell quotes. Two (2) way quotes shall be resumed the moment inventory reaches the prescribed re-entry threshold.

In view of the Market Maker obligation, there shall be no exemption/threshold on downside. However, in the event the Market Maker exhausts its inventory through market making process on the platform of the exchange, the concerned stock exchange may intimate the same to SEBI after due verification.

NEW FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

There are no new financial instruments such as deep discounted bonds, debenture, warrants, secured premium notes, etc. issued by our Company.

PRE-ISSUE ADVERTISEMENT

Subject to Section 30 of the Companies Act, 2013 our Company shall, after registering the prospectus with the RoC publish a pre- Issue advertisement, in the form prescribed by the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, in one widely circulated English language national daily newspaper; one widely circulated Hindi language national daily newspaper and one regional newspaper with wide circulation where the Registered Office of our Company is situated.

JURISDICTION

Exclusive jurisdiction for the purpose of this Issue is with the competent courts / authorities in Rajpipla, District: Narmada, Gujarat, India. The Equity Shares have not been and will not be registered under the U.S. Securities Act or any state securities laws in the United States, and may not be offered or sold within the United States, except pursuant to an exemption from or in a transaction not subject to, registration requirements of the Securities Act. Accordingly, the Equity Shares are only being offered or sold outside the United States in compliance with Regulation S under the Securities Act and the applicable laws of the jurisdictions where those offers and sales occur. The Equity Shares have not been and will not be registered, listed or otherwise qualified in any other jurisdiction outside India and may not be offered or sold, and applications may not be made by persons in any such jurisdiction, except in compliance with the applicable laws of such jurisdiction.

OFFER STRUCTURE

This Issue is being made in terms of Regulation 106M (1) of Chapter XB of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, whereby, an issuer whose post issue face value capital does not exceed ten crores, shall issue shares to the public and propose to list the same on the Small and Medium Enterprise Exchange ("**SME Exchange**", in this case being the SME Platform of BSE). For further details regarding the salient features and terms of such this Offer, please refer to sections titled "*Terms of the Offer*" and "*Offer Procedure*" beginning on pages no 177 and page no 185 respectively of this prospectus.

The present Offer of 9,00,000 Equity Shares at a price of aggregating to ₹ 117Lakhs by our Company. The offer of Equity Shares will constitute 30.00% of the fully diluted post-Offer equity share capital of our Company.

Particulars	Net Offer to Public*	Market Maker Reservation Portion
Number of Equity Shares	8,50,000 Equity Shares	50,000 Equity Shares
Percentage of Offer Size available for allocation	94.44% of the Offer Size	5.56% of Offer Size
Basis of Allotment/Allocation if respective category is oversubscribed	Proportionate subject to minimum allotment of 10,000 equity shares and further allotment in multiples of 10,000 equity shares each. For further details please refer to the chapter titled " <i>Offer Procedure– Basis of Allotment</i> " on page no 185 of the prospectus.	Firm allotment
Mode of Application	All the applicants shall make the application (Online or Physical) through the ASBA Process only	Through ASBA Process only
Minimum Application Size	<u>For other than Retail Individuals Investors:</u> Such number of Equity Shares in multiples of 10,000 Equity Shares such that the Application size exceeds ₹ 2,00,000 <u>For Retail Individuals Investors:</u> 10,000 Equity Shares at offer price of ₹ 13 each	50,000 Equity Shares of Face Value of ₹ 10/- each
Maximum Application Size	<u>For Other than Retail Individual Investors:</u> The maximum application size is the Net Offer to public subject to limits the investor has to adhere under the relevant laws and regulations applicable. <u>For Retail Individual Investors:</u> Such number of Equity Shares in multiples of 10,000 Equity Shares such that the application value does not exceed ₹ 2,00,000.	50,000 Equity Shares of Face Value of ₹ 10/- each
Trading Lot	10,000 Equity Shares	10,000 Equity Shares. However the Market Makers may accept odd lots if any in the market as required under the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2009.
Terms of Payment	100%	100%

This Offer is being made in terms of Chapter XB of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations. For further details please refer to section titled "Offer Structure" beginning on page no 182 of this prospectus.

As per SEBI circular no. CIR/MRD/DP/02/2012 dated January 20, 2012 is applicable to the company and securities of the Company will be placed in SPOS and would remain in Trade for Trade settlement for 10 days

*As per Regulation 43(4) of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, as present Offer is a fixed price Offer 'the allocation' in the net offer to the public category shall be made as follows:

- a. Minimum fifty percent to Retail Individual Investors; and
- b. Remaining to Investors Other than Retail Individual Investors
- c. The unsubscribed portion in either of the categories specified in (a) or (b) above may be allocated to the applicants in the other category.

"If the retail individual investor category is entitled to more than fifty per cent (50%) on proportionate basis, the retail individual investors shall be allocated that higher percentage"

WITHDRAWAL OF THE OFFER

Our Company, in consultation with the Lead Manager, reserves the right not to proceed with the Offer at any time before the Offer Opening Date, without assigning any reason thereof. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Offer is also subject to obtaining the following:

- i. The final listing and trading approvals of BSE for listing of Equity Shares offered through this Offer on its SME Platform, which the Company shall apply for after Allotment; and
- ii. The final RoC approval of this prospectus after it is filed with the RoC.
- iii. In case, our Company wishes to withdraw the Offer, after Offer Opening but before allotment, our Company will give public notice giving reasons for withdrawal of Offer. The public notice will appear in two (2) widely circulated national newspapers (one each in English and Hindi) and one (1) in regional newspaper.

The Lead Manager, through the Registrar to the Offer, will instruct the SCSBs to unblock the ASBA Accounts within one (1) Working Day from the day of receipt of such instruction. The notice of withdrawal will be issued in the same newspapers where the pre-Offer advertisements have appeared and the Stock Exchange will also be informed promptly. If our Company withdraws the Offer after the Offer Closing Date and subsequently decides to undertake a public offering of Equity Shares, our Company will file a fresh offer document with the stock exchange where the Equity Shares may be proposed to be listed.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Offer is subject to obtaining (i) the final listing and trading approvals of the Stock Exchange with respect to the Equity Shares offered through this prospectus, which our Company will apply for only after Allotment; and (ii) the final RoC approval of the prospectus.

Offer Programme

OFFER OPENS ON	15 th November 2018
OFFER CLOSES ON	22 nd November 2018

Applications and any revisions to the same will be accepted only between 10.00 a.m. to 5.00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) during the Offer Period at the Application Centers mentioned in the Application Form. On the Offer Closing Date when applications will be accepted only between 10.00 a.m. to 4.00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time).

Due to limitation of time available for uploading the application on the Offer Closing Date, Applicants are advised to submit their applications one day prior to the Offer Closing Date and, in any case, not later than 1.00 p.m. IST on the Offer Closing Date. Any time mentioned in this prospectus is IST. Applicants are cautioned that, in the event a large number of applications are received on the Offer Closing Date, as is typically experienced in public offerings, some applications may not get uploaded due to lack of sufficient time. Such applications that cannot be uploaded will not be considered for allocation under this Offer.

Applications will be accepted only on Working Days, i.e., Monday to Friday (excluding any public holiday)

RESTRICTIONS ON FOREIGN OWNERSHIP OF INDIAN SECURITIES

Foreign investment in Indian securities is regulated through the Industrial Policy, 1991 of the Government of India and FEMA. While the Industrial Policy, 1991 prescribes the limits and the conditions subject to which foreign investment can be made in different sectors of the Indian economy, FEMA regulates the precise manner in which such investment may be made.

The Government has from time to time made policy pronouncements on FDI through press notes and press releases. The Department of Industrial Policy and Promotion, Ministry of Commerce and Industry, Government of India (DIPP), issued Consolidated FDI Policy Circular of 2015 ("FDI Policy 2015"), which with effect from May 12, 2015, consolidates and supersedes all previous press notes, press releases and clarifications on FDI Policy issued by the DIPP that were in force and effect as on May 11, 2015. However, press note 4 of (2015 Series), dated April 24, 2015, regarding policy on foreign investment in pension sector, will remain effective. The Government proposes to update the consolidated circular on FDI policy once every year and therefore, FDI Policy 2015 will be valid until the DIPP issues an updated circular. The transfer of shares between an Indian resident and a non-resident does not require the prior approval of the FIPB or the RBI, provided that (i) the activities of the investee company are under the automatic route under the FDI Policy and transfer does not attract the provisions of the Takeover Regulations; (ii) the non-resident shareholding is within the sectoral limits under the FDI Policy; and (iii) the pricing is in accordance with the guidelines prescribed by the SEBI/ RBI. As per the existing policy of the Government of India, OCBs cannot participate in this Issue and in accordance with the extant FDI guidelines on sectoral caps, pricing guidelines etc. as amended by Reserve bank of India, from time to time.

The Equity Shares have not been and will not be registered under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended ("US Securities Act") or any other state securities laws in the United States of America and may not be sold or offered within the United States of America, or to, or for the account or benefit of "US Persons" as defined in Regulation S, except pursuant to exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to the registration requirements of US Securities Laws. Accordingly, the equity shares are being offered and sold only outside the United States of America in an offshore transaction in reliance upon Regulation S under the US Securities Act and the applicable laws of the jurisdiction where those offers and sale occur.

The Equity Shares have not been and will not be registered, listed or otherwise qualified in any other jurisdiction outside India and may not be offered or sold, and Applications may not be made by persons in any such jurisdiction, except in compliance with the applicable laws of such jurisdiction, The above information is given for the benefit of the Applicants.

The above information is given for the benefit of the Applicants. Our Company and the Lead Manager are not liable for any amendments or modification or changes in applicable laws or regulations, which may occur after the date of this prospectus. Applicants are advised to make their independent investigations and ensure that the Application is not in violation of laws or regulations applicable to them and do not exceed the applicable limits under the laws and regulations.

OFFER PROCEDURE

All Applicants should review the General Information Document (“GID”) for Investing in Public Issues prepared and issued in accordance with the circular (CIR/CFD/DIL/12/2013) dated October 23, 2013 notified by SEBI (“General Information Document”) included below under section “-PART B – General Information Document”, which highlights the key rules, processes and procedures applicable to public issues in general in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2013 (to the extent notified), the Companies Act, 1956 (to the extent not repealed by the Companies Act, 2013), the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957 and the SEBI ICDR Regulations as amended. The General Information Document has been updated to include reference to the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Foreign Portfolio Investors) Regulations, 2014, SEBI Listing Regulations 2015 and certain notified provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to a public issue. The General Information Document is also available on the websites of the Stock Exchanges and the Lead Manager. Please refer to the relevant portions of the General Information Document which are applicable to this Offer.

Pursuant to the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements)(Fifth Amendment)Regulations, 2015, there have been certain changes in the issue procedure for initial public offerings including making ASBA Process mandatory for all investors, allowing registrar, share transfer agents, collecting depository participants and stock brokers to accept application forms. Further, SEBI, by its circular No. (CIR/CFD/POLICYCELL/11/2015) dated November 10, 2015, reduced the time taken for listing after the closure of an issue to six working days. These changes are applicable for all public issues which open on or after January 1, 2016.

Please note that the information stated/ covered in this section may not be complete and/or accurate and as such would be subject to modification/change. Our Company and the Lead Manager do not accept any responsibility for the completeness and accuracy of the information stated in this section and the General Information Document. Applicants are advised to make their independent investigations and ensure that their Applications do not exceed the investment limits or maximum number of Equity Shares that can be held by them under applicable law or as specified in this prospectus.

This section applies to all the Applicants, please note that all the Applicants are required to make payment of the full Application Amount along with the Application Form.

Our Company and the LM are not liable for any amendments, modifications or change in applicable laws or regulations, which may occur after the date of this prospectus.

PART A

FIXED PRICE ISSUE PROCEDURE

The Issue is being made under Regulation 106(M) (1) of Chapter XB of SEBI (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009 via Fixed Price Process.

Applicants are required to submit their Applications to the Designated Intermediaries i.e. Self- Certified Syndicate Bank (SCSB) or Registered Brokers of Stock Exchanges or Registered Registrar to the Issue and Share Transfer Agents (RTAs) or Depository Participants (DPs) registered with SEBI. In case of QIB Applicants, our Company in consultation with the Lead Manager may reject Applications at the time of acceptance of Application Form provided that the reasons for such rejection shall be provided to such Applicant in writing.

In case of Non-Institutional Applicants and Retail Individual Applicants, our Company would have a right to reject the Applications only on technical grounds.

Investors should note that according to section 29(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, allotment of Equity Shares to all successful Applicants will only be in the dematerialized form. Applicants will not have the option of being Allotted Equity Shares in physical form. Further the Equity shares on allotment shall be traded only in the dematerialized segment of the Stock Exchange, as mandated by SEBI.

APPLICATION FORM

Pursuant to SEBI Circular dated January 01, 2016 and bearing No. CIR/CFD/DIL/1/2016, the Application Form has been standardized. Also, please note that pursuant to SEBI Circular CIR/CFD/POLICYCELL/11/2015 dated November 10, 2015 all the investors can apply through ASBA Mode. The prescribed color of the Application Form for various categories applying in this Offer is as follows:

Category	Color
Resident Indians and Eligible NRIs applying on a non-repatriation basis (ASBA)	White
Non-Residents and Eligible NRIs applying on a repatriation basis (ASBA)	Blue

**Excluding electronic Application Form*

Applicants shall only use the specified Application Form for the purpose of making an Application in terms of this prospectus. The Application Form shall contain information about the Applicant and the price and the number of Equity Shares that the Applicants wish to apply for. Application Forms downloaded and printed from the websites of the Stock Exchange shall bear a system generated unique application number.

Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. CIR/CFD/POLICYCELL/11/2015 dated November 10, 2015, an Investor, intending to subscribe to this Issue, shall submit a completed application form to any of the following Intermediaries (Collectively called “Designated Intermediaries”):

Sr. No	Designated Intermediaries
1	An SCSB, with whom the bank account to be blocked, is maintained
2	A syndicate member (or sub-syndicate member)
3	A stock broker registered with a recognized stock exchange (and whose name is mentioned on the website of the stock exchange as eligible for this activity) (‘broker’)
4	A depository participant (‘DP’) (whose name is mentioned on the website of the stock exchange as eligible for this activity)
5	A registrar to an issue and share transfer agent (‘RTA’) (whose name is mentioned on the website of the stock exchange as eligible for this activity)

The aforesaid intermediary shall, at the time of receipt of application, give an acknowledgement to investor, by giving the counter foil or specifying the application number to the investor, as proof of having accepted the application form, in physical or electronic mode, respectively.

The upload of the details in the electronic bidding system of stock exchange will be done by:

For applications submitted by investors to SCSB	After accepting the form, SCSB shall capture and upload the relevant details in the electronic bidding system as specified by the stock exchange(s) and may begin blocking funds available in the bank account specified in the form, to the extent of the application money specified.
For applications submitted by investors to intermediaries other than SCSBs:	After accepting the application form, respective Intermediary shall capture and upload the relevant details in the electronic bidding system of the stock exchange. Post uploading, they shall forward a schedule as per prescribed format along with the application forms to designated branches of the respective SCSBs for blocking of funds within one day of closure of Issue.

Upon completion and submission of the Application Form to Application Collecting Intermediaries, the Applicants are deemed to have authorized our Company to make the necessary changes in the prospectus without prior or subsequent notice of such changes to the Applicants.

AVAILABILITY OF PROSPECTUS AND APPLICATION FORMS

The Application Forms and copies of the prospectus may be obtained from the Registered Office of our Company, (Lead Manager to the Offer, Registrar to the Offer, as mentioned in the Application Form. The application forms may also be downloaded from the website of BSE i.e. www.bsesme.com

WHO CAN APPLY?

In addition to the category of Applicants as set forth under “Part B -General Information Document for Investing in Public Issues-Category of Investors Eligible to participate in an Issue” beginning on page no 201 of this prospectus, the following persons are also eligible to invest in the Equity Shares under all applicable laws, regulations and guidelines, including:

- FPIs and sub-accounts registered with SEBI other than Category III foreign portfolio investor;
- Category III foreign portfolio investors, which are foreign corporate or foreign individuals only under the Non Institutional Investors category;
- Scientific and / or industrial research organizations authorized in India to invest in the Equity Shares.
- Any other persons eligible to apply in this Offer under the laws, rules, regulations, guidelines and policies applicable to them.

MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM APPLICATION SIZE:

1. For Retail Individual Applicants

The Application must be for a minimum of 10,000 Equity Shares and in multiples of 10,000 Equity Shares thereafter, so as to ensure that the application price payable by the applicant does not exceed ₹ 2,00,000. In case of revision of Applications, the Retail Individual Applicants have to ensure that the Application Price does not exceed ₹ 2,00,000.

2. For Other than Retail Individual Applicants (Non-Institutional Applicants and QIBs):

The Application must be for a minimum of such number of Equity Shares that the Application Amount exceeds ₹ 2,00,000 and in multiples of 10,000 Equity Shares thereafter. An Application cannot be submitted for more than the Net Issue Size. However, the maximum Application by a QIB investor should not exceed the investment limits prescribed for them by applicable laws. Under existing SEBI Regulations, a QIB Applicant cannot withdraw its Application after the Issue Closing Date and is required to pay 100% QIB Margin upon submission of Application.

In case of revision in Applications, the Non-Institutional Applicants, who are individuals, have to ensure that the Application Amount is greater than ₹ 2,00,000 for being considered for allocation in the Non-Institutional Portion.

Applicants are advised to ensure that any single Application from them does not exceed the investment limits or maximum number of Equity Shares that can be held by them under applicable law or regulation or as specified in this prospectus.

The above information is given for the benefit of the Applicants. The Company and the LMs are not liable for any amendments or modification or changes in applicable laws or regulations, which may occur after the date of this prospectus. Applicants are advised to make their independent investigations and ensure that the number of Equity Shares applied for do not exceed the applicable limits under laws or regulations.

PARTICIPATION BY ASSOCIATES /AFFILIATES OF LM AND THE SYNDICATE MEMBERS

The LM, Market Maker and the Underwriter, if any shall not be entitled to subscribe to this Issue in any manner except towards fulfilling their underwriting and market making obligations. However, associates/affiliates of the LM and Syndicate Members, if any may subscribe for Equity Shares in the Issue, either in the QIB Category or in the Non- Institutional Category as may be applicable to the Applicants, where the allocation is on a proportionate basis and such subscription may be on their own account or on behalf of their clients.

OPTION TO SUBSCRIBE IN THE ISSUE:

- a) As per Section 29(1) of the Companies Act 2013, allotment of Equity Shares shall be dematerialized form only. Investors will not have the option of getting allotment of specified securities in physical form. However, they may get the specified securities re-materialized subsequent to allotment.
- b) The Equity Shares, on allotment, shall be traded on the Stock Exchange in demat segment only.
- c) A single application from any investor shall not exceed the investment limit/minimum number of Equity Shares that can be held by him/her/it under the relevant regulations/statutory guidelines and applicable law.

APPLICATION BY INDIAN PUBLIC INCLUDING ELIGIBLE NRIS APPLYING ON NON-REPATRIATION

Application must be made only in the names of individuals, Limited Companies or Statutory Corporations/institutions and not in the names of Minors, Foreign Nationals, Non Residents Indian (except for those applying on non-repatriation), trusts, (unless the Trust is registered under the Societies Registration Act, 1860 or any other applicable Trust laws and is authorized under its constitution to hold shares and debentures in a company), Hindu Undivided Families, Partnership firms or their nominees. In case of HUFs, application shall be made by the Karta of the HUF. An applicant in the Net Public Category cannot make an application for that number of Equity Shares exceeding the number of Equity Shares offered to the public. Eligible NRIs applying on a non-repatriation basis should authorize their SCSB to block their NRE/FCNR accounts as well as NRO accounts.

APPLICATIONS BY ELIGIBLE NRI'S/ FPI'S ON REPATRIATION BASIS

Application Forms have been made available for eligible NRIs at our Registered Office and at the Registered Office of the Lead manager. Eligible NRI Applicants may please note that only such applications as are accompanied by payment in free foreign exchange shall be considered for Allotment under the reserved category. The eligible NRIs who intend to make payment through Non-Resident Ordinary (NRO) accounts shall use the Forms meant for Resident Indians and should not use the forms meant for the reserved category. Under FEMA, general permission is granted to companies vide notification no. FEMA/20/2000 RB dated 03/05/2000 to issue securities to NRIs subject to the terms and conditions stipulated therein. Companies are required to file the declaration in the prescribed form to the concerned Regional Office of RBI within 30 days from the date of Offer of shares for allotment to NRIs on repatriation basis. Allotment of equity shares to Non-Resident Indians shall be subject to the prevailing Reserve Bank of India Guidelines. Sale proceeds of such investments in equity shares will be allowed to be repatriated along with the income thereon subject to permission of the RBI and subject to the Indian tax laws and regulations and any other applicable laws.

As per the current regulations, the following restrictions are applicable for investments by FPIs:

1. A foreign portfolio investor shall invest only in the following securities, namely- (a) Securities in the primary and secondary markets including shares, debentures and warrants of companies, listed or to be listed on a recognized stock exchange in India; (b) Units of schemes floated by domestic mutual funds, whether listed on a recognized stock exchange or not; (c) Units of schemes floated by a collective investment scheme; (d) Derivatives traded on a recognized stock exchange; (e) Treasury bills and dated government securities; (f) Commercial papers issued by an Indian company; (g) Rupee denominated credit enhanced bonds; (h) Security receipts issued by asset reconstruction companies; (i) Perpetual debt instruments and debt capital instruments, as specified by the Reserve Bank of India from time to time; (j) Listed and unlisted non-convertible debentures/bonds issued by an Indian company in the infrastructure sector, where "infrastructure" is defined in terms of the extant External Commercial Borrowings (ECB) guidelines; (k) Non-convertible debentures or bonds issued by Non-Banking Financial Companies categorized as Infrastructure Finance Companies (IFCs) by the Reserve Bank of India; (l) Rupee denominated bonds or units issued by infrastructure debt funds; (m) Indian depository receipts; and (n) Such other instruments specified by the Board from time to time.
2. Where a foreign institutional investor or a sub account, prior to commencement of these regulations, holds equity shares in a company whose shares are not listed on any recognized stock exchange, and continues to hold such shares after initial public offering and listing thereof, such shares shall be subject to lock-in for the same period, if any, as is applicable to shares held by a foreign direct investor placed in similar position, under the policy of the Government of India relating to foreign direct investment for the time being in force.
3. In respect of investments in the secondary market, the following additional conditions shall apply:
 - a. A foreign portfolio investor shall transact in the securities in India only on the basis of taking and giving delivery of securities purchased or sold;
 - b. Nothing contained in clause (a) shall apply
 - i. Any transactions in derivatives on a recognized stock exchange;
 - ii. Short selling transactions in accordance with the framework specified by the Board;
 - iii. Any transaction in securities pursuant to an agreement entered into with the merchant banker in the process of market making or subscribing to unsubscribed portion of the issue in accordance with Chapter XB of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009;
 - iv. Any other transaction specified by the Board.
 - c. No transaction on the stock exchange shall be carried forward
 - d. The transaction of business in securities by a foreign portfolio investor shall be only through stock brokers registered by the Board; provided nothing contained in this clause shall apply to:
 - i. Transaction in Government securities and such other securities falling under the purview of the Reserve Bank of India which shall be carried out in the manner specified by the Reserve Bank of India;
 - ii. Sale of securities in response to a letter of offer sent by an acquirer in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - iii. Sale of securities in response to an offer made by any promoter or acquirer in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity shares) Regulations, 2009;
 - iv. Sale of securities, in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buy-back of securities) Regulations, 1998;

- v. Divestment of securities in response to an offer by Indian Companies in accordance with Operative Guidelines for Disinvestment of Shares by Indian Companies in the overseas market through issue of American Depositary Receipts or Global Depositary Receipts as notified by the Government of India and directions issued by Reserve Bank of India from time to time;
 - vi. Any bid for, or acquisition of, securities in response to an offer for disinvestment of shares made by the Central Government or any State Government;
 - vii. Any transaction in securities pursuant to an agreement entered into with merchant banker in the process of market making or subscribing to unsubscribed portion of the issue in accordance with Chapter XB of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009;
 - viii. Any other transaction specified by the Board.
- e. A foreign portfolio investor shall hold, deliver or cause to be delivered securities only in dematerialized form. Provided that any shares held in non-dematerialized form, before the commencement of these regulations, can be held in non-dematerialized form, if such shares cannot be dematerialized. Unless otherwise approved by the Board, securities shall be registered in the name of the foreign portfolio investor as a beneficial owner for the purposes of the Depositories Act, 1996.
4. The purchase of equity shares of each company by a single foreign portfolio investor or an investor group shall be below ten percent of the total issued capital of the company.
5. The investment by the foreign portfolio investor shall also be subject to such other conditions and restrictions as may be specified by the Government of India from time to time.
6. In cases where the Government of India enters into agreements or treaties with other sovereign Governments and where such agreements or treaties specifically recognize certain entities to be distinct and separate, the Board may, during the validity of such agreements or treaties, recognize them as such, subject to conditions as may be specified by it.
7. A foreign portfolio investor may lend or borrow securities in accordance with the framework specified by the Board in this regard. No foreign portfolio investor may issue, subscribe to or otherwise deal in offshore derivative instruments, directly or indirectly, unless the following conditions are satisfied:
- a. Such offshore derivative instruments are issued only to persons who are regulated by an appropriate foreign regulatory authority;
 - b. Such offshore derivative instruments are issued after compliance with "know your client" norms. Provided that those unregulated broad based funds, which are classified as Category II foreign portfolio investor by virtue of their investment manager being appropriately regulated shall not issue, subscribe or otherwise deal in offshore derivatives instruments directly or indirectly. Provided further that no Category III foreign portfolio investor shall issue, subscribe to or otherwise deal in offshore derivatives instruments directly or indirectly.

A foreign portfolio investor shall ensure that further issue or transfer of any offshore derivative instruments issued by or on behalf of it is made only to persons who are regulated by an appropriate foreign regulatory authority.

Foreign portfolio investors shall fully disclose to the Board any information concerning the terms of and parties to offshore derivative instruments such as participatory notes, equity linked notes or any other such instruments, by whatever names they are called, entered into by it relating to any securities listed or proposed to be listed in any stock exchange in India, as and when and in such form as the Board may specify.

Any offshore derivative instruments issued under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Foreign Institutional Investors) Regulations, 1995 before commencement of SEBI (Foreign Portfolio Investors) Regulations, 2014 shall be deemed to have been issued under the corresponding provisions of SEBI (Foreign Portfolio Investors) Regulations, 2014.

The purchase of equity shares of each company by a single foreign portfolio investor or an investor group shall be below 10% of the total issued capital of the company. An FII or its subaccount which holds a valid certificate of registration shall, subject to payment of conversion fees, be eligible to continue to buy, sell or otherwise deal in securities till the expiry of its registration as a foreign institutional investor or sub-account, or until he obtains a certificate of registration as foreign portfolio investor, whichever is earlier.

A qualified foreign investor may continue to buy, sell or otherwise deal in securities subject to the provisions of the SEBI (Foreign Portfolio Investors) Regulations, 2014, for a period of one year from the date of commencement of the aforesaid regulations, or until it obtains a certificate of registration as foreign portfolio investor, whichever is earlier.

APPLICATION BY MUTUAL FUNDS

As per the Current regulations, the following restrictions are applicable for investments by Mutual Fund:

No mutual fund scheme shall invest more than 10% of its net asset value in the Equity Shares or equity related instruments of any single company provided that the limit of 10% shall not be applicable for investments in index funds or sector or industry specific funds. No mutual fund under all its schemes should own more than 10% of any Company's paid up share capital carrying voting rights.

With respect to Applications by Mutual Funds, a certified copy of their SEBI registration certificate must be lodged with the Application Form. Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Application in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason thereof.

In case of a Mutual Fund, a separate Application can be made in respect of each scheme of the Mutual Fund registered with SEBI and such Applications in respect of more than one scheme of the Mutual Fund will not be treated as multiple Applications provided that the Applications clearly indicate the scheme concerned for which the Application has been made.

The Application made by Asset Management Companies or custodians of Mutual Funds shall specifically state the names of the concerned schemes for which the Applications are made.

APPLICATION BY SEBI REGISTERED ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENT FUND (AIF), VENTURE CAPITAL FUNDS AND FOREIGN VENTURE CAPITAL INVESTORS

The SEBI (Venture Capital) Regulations, 1996 and the SEBI (Foreign Venture Capital Investor) Regulations, 2000 prescribe investment restrictions on venture capital funds and foreign venture capital investors registered with SEBI. As per the current regulations, the following restrictions are applicable for SEBI registered venture capital funds and foreign venture capital investors: Accordingly, the holding by any individual venture capital fund registered with SEBI in one Company should not exceed 25% of the corpus of the venture capital fund; a Foreign Venture Capital Investor can invest its entire funds committed for investments into India in one Company. Further, Venture Capital Funds and Foreign Venture Capital investor can invest only up to 33.33% of the funds available for investment by way of subscription to an Initial Public Offer. The SEBI (Alternative Investment funds) Regulations, 2012 prescribes investment restrictions for various categories of AIF's. The category I and II AIFs cannot invest more than 25% of the corpus in one investee Company. A category III AIF cannot invest more than 10% of the corpus in one Investee Company. A Venture capital fund registered as a category I AIF, as defined in the SEBI Regulations, cannot invest more than 1/3rd of its corpus by way of subscription to an initial public offering of a venture capital undertaking. Additionally, the VCFs which have not re-registered as an AIF under the SEBI Regulations shall continue to be regulated by the VCF Regulations.

APPLICATIONS BY LIMITED LIABILITY PARTNERSHIPS

In case of Applications made by limited liability partnerships registered under the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008, a certified copy of certificate of registration issued under the LLP Act, 2008 must be attached to the Application Form. Failing this, our Company reserves the right to reject any Application without assigning any reason thereof. Limited Liability Partnerships can participate in the Offer only through the ASBA Process.

APPLICATIONS BY INSURANCE COMPANIES

In case of applications made by insurance companies registered with IRDA, certified copy of certificate of registration issued by IRDA must be attached to the Application Form. Failing this, our Company in consultation with the LM, reserves the right to reject any application, without assigning any reason thereof.

The exposure norms for insurers, prescribed under the Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority (Investment Scheme) (5th Amendment) Regulations, 2010, as amended (the "IRDA Investment Regulations"), are broadly set forth below:

- a. Equity shares of a company: The lesser of 10% of the investee company's subscribed capital (face value) or 10% of the respective fund in case of life insurer or 10% of investment assets in case of general insurer or reinsurer;
- b. The entire group of the investee company: at least 10% of the respective fund in case of a life insurer or 10% of investment assets in case of general insurer or reinsurer (25% in case of Unit Linked Insurance Plans); and
- c. The industry sector in which the investee company operates: 10% of the insurer's total investment exposure to the industry sector (25% in case of Unit Linked Insurance Plans).

In addition, the IRDA partially amended the exposure limits applicable to investments in public limited companies in infrastructure and housing sectors i.e. 26th December, 2008, providing, among other things, that the exposure of an insurer to an infrastructure Company may be increased to not more than 20%, provided that in case of equity investment, a dividend of not less than 4% including bonus should have been declared for at least five preceding years. This limit of 20% would be combined for debt and equity taken together, without sub ceilings.

Further, investments in equity including preference shares and the convertible part of debentures shall not exceed 50% of the exposure norms specified under the IRDA Investment Regulations.

APPLICATIONS UNDER POWER OF ATTORNEY

In case of applications made pursuant to a power of attorney by limited companies, corporate bodies, registered societies, FIIs, FPI's, Mutual Funds, insurance companies and provident funds with minimum corpus of Rs. 2,500 Lakhs (subject to applicable law) and pension funds with a minimum corpus of Rs. 2,500 Lakhs, a certified copy of the power of attorney or the relevant Resolution or authority, as the case may be, along with a certified copy of the memorandum of association and articles of association and/or bye laws must be lodged with the Application Form. Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any application in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason thereof.

With respect to the applications by VCFs, FVCIs and FPIs, a certified copy of the power of attorney or the relevant resolution or authority, as the case may belong with a certified copy of their SEBI registration certificate must be lodged along with the Application Form. Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any application in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason thereof.

In the case of Applications made pursuant to a power of attorney by Mutual Funds, a certified copy of the power of attorney or the relevant resolutions or authority, as the case may be, along with the certified copy of their SEBI registration certificate must be submitted along with the Application Form. Failing this, the Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Application in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefore.

In the case of Applications made by insurance companies registered with the IRDA, a certified copy of certificate of registration issued by the IRDA must be lodged along with the Application Form. Failing this, the Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Application in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason thereof.

In the case of Applications made by to the power of attorney by FIIs, a certified copy of the power of attorney the relevant resolution or authority, as the case may be along with the certified copy of SEBI registration certificate must be lodged with the Application Form. Failing this, the Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Application in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason thereof.

In the case of Applications made by provident funds, subject to applicable law, with minimum corpus of Rs. 2500 Lakh and pension funds with minimum corpus of Rs. 2500 Lakh, a certified copy of a certificate from a chartered accountant certifying the corpus of the provident fund/pension fund must be lodged along with the Application Form. Failing this, the Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Application in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason thereof.

APPLICATION BY PROVIDENT FUNDS/PENSION FUNDS

In case of Applications made by provident funds with minimum corpus of Rs. 2500 Lakh (subject to applicable law) and pension funds with minimum corpus of Rs. 2500 Lakh, a certified copy of certificate from a chartered accountant certifying the corpus of the provident fund/ pension fund must be lodged along with the Application Form. Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Application in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason thereof.

The above information is given for the benefit of the Applicants. Our Company and the LM are not liable for any amendments or modification or changes in applicable laws or regulations, which may occur after the date of filing of this prospectus. Applicants are advised to make their independent investigations and ensure that the maximum number of Equity Shares applied for or maximum investment limits do not exceed the applicable limits under laws or regulations or as specified in this prospectus.

INFORMATION FOR THE APPLICANTS:

- a. Our Company and the Lead Managers shall declare the offer opening date and offer closing date in the prospectus to be registered with the RoC and also publish the same in two national newspapers (one each in English and Hindi) and in a regional newspaper with wide circulation. This advertisement shall be in prescribed format.
- b. Our Company will file the prospectus with the RoC at least 3 (three) days before the Offer Opening Date.
- c. Copies of the Application Form along with abridged prospectus and copies of the prospectus will be available with the, the Lead Managers, the Registrar to the Offer, and at the Registered Office of our Company. Electronic Application Forms will also be available on the websites of the Stock Exchange,
- d. Any applicant who would like to obtain the prospectus and/ or the Application Form can obtain the same from our Registered Office.
- e. Applicants who are interested in subscribing for the Equity Shares should approach Designated Intermediaries to register their applications.
- f. Application Forms submitted directly to the SCSBs should bear the stamp of the SCSBs and/or the Designated Branch, or the respective Designated Intermediaries. Application Form submitted by Applicants whose beneficiary account is inactive shall be rejected.
- g. The Application Form can be submitted either in physical or electronic mode, to the SCSBs with whom the ASBA Account is maintained, or other Designated Intermediaries (Other than SCSBs). SCSBs may provide the electronic mode of collecting either through an internet enabled collecting and banking facility or such other secured, electronically enabled mechanism for applying and blocking funds in the ASBA Account.
- h. Applicants applying directly through the SCSBs should ensure that the Application Form is submitted to a Designated Branch of SCSB, where the ASBA Account is maintained. Applications submitted directly to the SCSBs or other Designated Intermediaries (Other than SCSBs), the relevant SCSB, shall block an amount in the ASBA Account equal to the Application Amount specified in the Application Form, before entering the ASBA application into the electronic system.
- i. Except for applications by or on behalf of the Central or State Government and the Officials appointed by the courts and by investors residing in the State of Sikkim, the Applicants, or in the case of application in joint names, the first Applicant (the first name under which the beneficiary account is held), should mention his/her PAN allotted under the Income Tax Act. In accordance with the SEBI Regulations, the PAN would be the sole identification number for participating transacting in the securities market, irrespective of the amount of transaction. Any Application Form without PAN is liable to be rejected. The demat accounts of Applicants for whom PAN details have not been verified, excluding persons resident in the State of Sikkim or persons who may be exempted from specifying their PAN for transacting in the securities market, shall be "suspended for credit" and no credit of Equity Shares pursuant to the Offer will be made into the accounts of such Applicants.
- j. The Applicants may note that in case the PAN, the DP ID and Client ID mentioned in the Application Form and entered into the electronic collecting system of the Stock Exchange Designated Intermediaries do not match with PAN, the DP ID and Client ID available in the Depository database, the Application Form is liable to be rejected.

METHOD AND PROCESS OF APPLICATIONS

1. Applicants are required to submit their applications during the Offer Period only through the following Application collecting intermediary
 - a) an SCSB, with whom the bank account to be blocked, is maintained
 - b) a syndicate member (or sub-syndicate member)
 - c) a stock broker registered with a recognised stock exchange (and whose name is mentioned on the website of the stock exchange as eligible for this activity) ("broker")
 - d) a depository participant ("DP") (whose name is mentioned on the website of the stock exchange as eligible for this activity)
 - e) a registrar to an Offer and share transfer agent ("RTA") (whose name is mentioned on the website of the stock exchange as eligible for this activity)

2. The Offer Period shall be for a minimum of 3 (three) Working Days and shall not exceed 10 (ten) Working Days. The Offer Period may be extended, if required, by an additional three Working Days, subject to the total Offer Period not exceeding 10 (ten) Working Days.
3. During the Offer Period, Applicants who are interested in subscribing to the Equity Shares should approach the Designated Intermediaries to register their applications.
4. The Applicant cannot apply on another Application Form after applications on one Application Form have been submitted to the Designated Intermediaries. Submission of a second Application form to either the same or to another Designated Intermediaries will be treated as multiple applications and is liable to be rejected either before entering the application into the electronic collecting system or at any point prior to the allocation or Allotment of Equity Shares in this Offer.
5. The intermediaries shall, at the time of receipt of application, give an acknowledgement to investor, by giving the counter foil or specifying the application number to the investor, as a proof of having accepted the application form, in physical or electronic mode, respectively. The upload of the details in the electronic bidding system of stock exchange and post that blocking of funds will be done by as given below:

For applications submitted by investors to SCSB	After accepting the form, SCSB shall capture and upload the relevant details in the electronic bidding system as specified by the stock exchange(s) and may begin blocking funds available in the bank account specified in the form, to the extent of the application money specified.
For applications submitted by investors to intermediaries other than SCSBs:	After accepting the application form, respective Intermediary shall capture and upload the relevant details in the electronic bidding system of the stock exchange. Post uploading, they shall forward a schedule as per prescribed format along with the application forms to designated branches of the respective SCSBs for blocking of funds within one day of closure of Issue.

6. Upon receipt of the Application Form, submitted whether in physical or electronic mode, the Designated Intermediaries shall verify if sufficient funds equal to the Application Amount are available in the ASBA Account, as mentioned in the Application Form, prior to uploading such applications with the Stock Exchange.
7. If sufficient funds are not available in the ASBA Account, the Designated Intermediaries shall reject such applications and shall not upload such applications with the Stock Exchange.
8. If sufficient funds are available in the ASBA Account, the SCSB shall block an amount equivalent to the Application Amount mentioned in the Application Form and will enter each application option into the electronic collecting system as a separate application and generate a TRS for each price and demand option. The TRS shall be furnished to the Applicant on request.
9. The Application Amount shall remain blocked in the aforesaid ASBA Account until finalization of the Basis of Allotment and consequent transfer of the Application Amount against the Allotted Equity Shares to the Public Offer Account, or until withdrawal/ failure of the Offer or until withdrawal/ rejection of the Application Form, as the case may be. Once the Basis of Allotment is finalized, the Registrar to the Offer shall send an appropriate request to the Controlling Branch of the SCSB for unblocking the relevant ASBA Accounts and for transferring the amount allocable to the successful Applicants to the Public Issue Account. In case of withdrawal/ failure of the Offer, the blocked amount shall be unblocked on receipt of such information from the Registrar to the Offer.

TERMS OF PAYMENT

The entire Offer price of ₹ 13/- per share is payable on application. In case of allotment of lesser number of Equity Shares than the number applied, the Registrar shall instruct the SCSBs to unblock the excess amount paid on Application to the Applicants.

SCSBs will transfer the amount as per the instruction of the Registrar to the Public Issue Account, the balance amount after transfer will be unblocked by the SCSBs.

The applicants should note that the arrangement with Bankers to the Offer or the Registrar is not prescribed by SEBI and has been established as an arrangement between our Company, Banker to the Offer and the Registrar to the Offer to facilitate collections from the Applicants.

PAYMENT MECHANISM FOR APPLICANTS

The applicants shall specify the bank account number in their Application Form and the SCSBs shall block an amount equivalent to the Application Amount in the bank account specified in the Application Form. The SCSB shall keep the Application Amount in the relevant bank account blocked until withdrawal/ rejection of the Application or receipt of instructions from the Registrar to unblock the Application Amount. However Non-Retail Applicants shall neither withdraw nor lower the size of their applications at any stage. In the event of withdrawal or rejection of the Application Form or for unsuccessful Application Forms, the Registrar to the Offer shall give instructions to the SCSBs to unblock the application money in the relevant bank account within one day of receipt of such instruction. The Application Amount shall remain blocked in the ASBA Account until finalization of the Basis of Allotment in the Issue and consequent transfer of the Application Amount to the Public Issue Account, or until withdrawal/ failure of the Offer or until rejection of the Application by the ASBA Applicant, as the case may be.

Please note that pursuant to SEBI circular CIR/CFD/POLICYCELL/11/2015 dated November 10, 2015 investors in the public issue can only invest through ASBA Mode.

ELECTRONIC REGISTRATION OF APPLICATIONS

1. The Designated Intermediaries will register the applications using the on-line facilities of the Stock Exchange.
2. The Designated Intermediaries will undertake modification of selected fields in the application details already uploaded before 1.00 p.m. of next Working Day from the Offer Closing Date.
3. The Designated Intermediaries shall be responsible for any acts, mistakes or errors or omissions and commissions in relation to,
 - a. the applications accepted by them,
 - b. the applications uploaded by them
 - c. the applications accepted but not uploaded by them or
 - d. with respect to applications by Applicants, applications accepted and uploaded by any Designated Intermediary other than SCSBs, the Application form along with relevant schedules shall be sent to the SCSBs or the Designated Branch of the relevant SCSBs for blocking of funds and they will be responsible for blocking the necessary amounts in the ASBA Accounts. In case of Application accepted and Uploaded by SCSBs, the SCSBs or the Designated Branch of the relevant SCSBs will be responsible for blocking the necessary amounts in the ASBA Accounts.
4. Neither the Lead Managers nor our Company, shall be responsible for any acts, mistakes or errors or omission and commissions in relation to, (i) the applications accepted by any Application Collecting Intermediaries, (ii) the applications uploaded by any Application Collecting Intermediaries or (iii) the applications accepted but not uploaded by the Application Collecting Intermediaries.
5. The Stock Exchange will offer an electronic facility for registering applications for the Issue. This facility will be available at the terminals of the Application Collecting Intermediaries and their authorized agents during the Issue Period. The Designated Branches or the Agents of the Application Collecting Intermediaries can also set up facilities for off-line electronic registration of applications subject to the condition that they will subsequently upload the off-line data file into the online facilities on a regular basis. On the Issue Closing Date, the Application Collecting Intermediaries shall upload the applications till such time as may be permitted by the Stock Exchange. This information will be available with the Lead Manager on a regular basis.
6. With respect to applications by Applicants, at the time of registering such applications, the Syndicate Members, DPs and RTAs shall forward a Schedule as per format given below along with the Application Forms to Designated Branches of the SCSBs for blocking of funds:

Sr.No	Details*
1	Symbol
2	Intermediary Code
3	Location Code
4	Application No.
5	Category

6	PAN
7	DP ID
8	Client ID
9	Quantity

*Stock Exchanges shall uniformly prescribe character length for each of the above-mentioned fields

7. With respect to applications by Applicants, at the time of registering such applications, the Designated Intermediaries shall enter the following information pertaining to the Applicants into the on-line system:
 - Name of the Applicant;
 - IPO Name;
 - Application Form Number;
 - Investor Category;
 - PAN (of First Applicant, if more than one Applicant);
 - DP ID of the demat account of the Applicant;
 - Client Identification Number of the demat account of the Applicant;
 - Number of Equity Shares Applied for;
 - Bank Account details;
 - Locations of the Banker to the Issue or Designated Branch, as applicable, and bank code the SCSB branch where the ASBA Account is maintained; and
 - Bank account number.
8. In case of submission of the Application by an Applicant through the Electronic Mode, the Applicant shall complete the above-mentioned details and mention the bank account number, except the Electronic ASBA Application Form number which shall be system generated.
9. The aforesaid Designated Intermediaries shall, at the time of receipt of application, give an acknowledgment to the investor, by giving the counter foil or specifying the application number to the investor, as a proof of having accepted the application form in physical as well as electronic mode. The registration of the Application by the Designated Intermediaries does not guarantee that the Equity Shares shall be allocated / allotted either by our Company.
10. Such acknowledgment will be non-negotiable and by itself will not create any obligation of any kind.
11. In case of Non Retail Applicants and Retail Individual Applicants, applications would not be rejected except on the technical grounds as mentioned in the prospectus. The Designated Intermediaries shall have no right to reject applications, except on technical grounds.
12. The permission given by the Stock Exchanges to use their network and software of the Online IPO system should not in any way be deemed or construed to mean that the compliance with various statutory and other requirements by our Company and/or the Lead Manager are cleared or approved by the Stock Exchanges; nor does it in any manner warrant, certify or endorse the correctness or completeness of any of the compliance with the statutory and other requirements nor does it take any responsibility for the financial or other soundness of our company; our Promoter, our management or any scheme or project of our Company; nor does it in any manner warrant, certify or endorse the correctness or completeness of any of the contents of this prospectus, nor does it warrant that the Equity Shares will be listed or will continue to be listed on the Stock Exchanges.
13. The Designated Intermediaries will be given time till 1.00 p.m. on the next working day after the Issue Closing Date to verify the DP ID and Client ID uploaded in the online IPO system during the Issue Period, after which the Registrar to the Issue will receive this data from the Stock Exchange and will validate the electronic application details with Depository's records. In case no corresponding record is available with Depositories, which matches the three parameters, namely DP ID, Client ID and PAN, then such applications are liable to be rejected.
14. The SCSBs shall be given one day after the Issue Closing Date to send confirmation of Funds blocked (Final certificate) to the Registrar to the Issue.
15. The details uploaded in the online IPO system shall be considered as final and Allotment will be based on such details for applications.

ALLOCATION OF EQUITY SHARES

1. The Issue is being made through the Fixed Price Process wherein 50,000 equity shares shall be reserved for Market Maker and 8,50,000 equity shares will be allocated on a proportionate basis to Retail Individual Applicants, subject to valid applications being received from Retail Individual Applicants at the Issue Price. The balance of the Net Issue will be available for allocation on proportionate basis to Non Retail Applicants.
2. Under- subscription if any, in any category, would be allowed to be met with spill-over from any other category or combination of categories at the discretion of our Company in consultation with the Lead Managers and the Stock Exchange.
3. Allocation to Non-Residents, including Eligible NRIs, Eligible QFIs, FIIs and FVCIs registered with SEBI, applying on repatriation basis will be subject to applicable law, rules, regulations, guidelines and approvals.
4. In terms of SEBI Regulations, Non Retail Applicants shall not be allowed to either withdraw or lower the size of their applications at any stage.
5. Allotment status details shall be available on the website of the Registrar to the Issue.

SIGNING OF UNDERWRITING AGREEMENT AND FILING OF PROSPECTUS WITH ROC

- a. Our company has entered into an Underwriting Agreement dated August 28, 2018
- b. A copy of prospectus will be filed with the RoC in terms of Section 26 of Companies Act, 2013.

PRE-ISSUE ADVERTISEMENT

Subject to Section 30 of the Companies Act 2013, our Company shall, after registering the prospectus with the RoC, publish a pre- Issue advertisement, in the form prescribed by the SEBI Regulations, in (i) English National Newspaper; (ii) Hindi National Newspaper and (iii) Regional Newspaper each with wide circulation.

ISSUANCE OF ALLOTMENT ADVICE

1. Upon approval of the Basis of Allotment by the Designated Stock Exchange.
2. The Lead Managers or the Registrar to the Issue will dispatch an Allotment Advice to their Applicants who have been allocated Equity Shares in the Issue.

The dispatch of Allotment Advice shall be deemed a valid, binding and irrevocable contract for the Allotment to such Applicant

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Do's:

- Check if you are eligible to apply;
- Read all the instructions carefully and complete the applicable Application Form;
- Ensure that the details about the Depository Participant and the beneficiary account are correct as Allotment of Equity Shares will be in the dematerialized form only;
- Each of the Applicants should mention their Permanent Account Number (PAN) allotted under the Income Tax Act, 1961;
- Ensure that the Demographic Details are updated, true and correct in all respects;
- Ensure that the name(s) given in the Application Form is exactly the same as the name(s) in which the beneficiary account is held with the Depository Participant.
- Ensure that you have funds equal to the Application Amount in the ASBA account maintained with the SCSB before submitting the Application Form under the ASBA process to the respective member of the Syndicate (in the Specified Locations), the SCSBs, the Registered Broker (at the Broker Centers), the RTA (at the Designated RTA Locations) or CDP (at the Designated CDP Locations); Instruct your respective Banks to not release the funds blocked in the ASBA Account under the ASBA process;
- Ensure that the Application Form is signed by the account holder in case the applicant is not the account holder. Ensure that you have mentioned the correct bank account number in the Application Form;
- Ensure that the Application Forms are delivered by the applicants within the time prescribed as per the Application Form and the prospectus;
- Ensure that you have requested for and receive a TRS;
- Ensure that you request for and receive a stamped acknowledgement of the Application Form for all your application options;
- All Investors submit their applications through the ASBA process only;
- Ensure that you receive an acknowledgement from the concerned Designated Intermediary, for the submission of your Bid cum Application Form; and
- The Application Form is liable to be rejected if the above instructions, as applicable are not complied with.

Don'ts:

- Do not apply for lower than the minimum Application size;
- Do not apply for a price different from the price mentioned herein or in the Application Form;
- Do not apply on another Application Form after you have submitted an application to the SCSBs, Registered Brokers of Stock Exchange, RTA and DPs registered with SEBI;
- Do not pay the Application price in cash, by money order or by postal order or by stock invest;
- Do not send Application Forms by post, instead submit the Designated Intermediary only;
- Do not submit the Application Forms to any non-SCSB bank or our Company;
- Do not apply on an Application Form that does not have the stamp of the relevant Designated Intermediary;
- Do not submit the application without ensuring that funds equivalent to the entire application Amount are blocked in the relevant ASBA Account;
- Do not apply for an Application Amount exceeding Rs.2,00,000 (for applications by Retail Individual Applicants);
- Do not fill up the Application Form such that the Equity Shares applied for exceeds the Issue Size and/or investment limit or maximum number of Equity Shares that can be held under the applicable laws or regulations or maximum amount permissible under the applicable regulations;
- Do not submit the GIR number instead of the PAN as the application is liable to be rejected on this ground;
- Do not submit incorrect details of the DP ID, beneficiary account number and PAN or provide details for a beneficiary account which is suspended or for which details cannot be verified by the Registrar to the Issue;
- Do not submit applications on plain paper or incomplete or illegible Application Forms in a color prescribed for another category of Applicant; and
- Do not make Applications if you are not competent to contract under the Indian Contract Act, 1872, as amended

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE APPLICATION FORM

The Applications should be submitted on the prescribed Application Form and in BLOCK LETTERS in ENGLISH only in accordance with the instructions contained herein and in the Application Form. Applications not so made are liable to be rejected. Application Forms should bear the stamp of the Designated Intermediaries. ASBA Application Forms, which do not bear the stamp of the Designated Intermediaries, will be rejected.

SEBI, vide Circular No.CIR/CFD/14/2012 dated October 04, 2012 has introduced an additional mechanism for investors to submit Application forms in public issues using the stock broker (broker) network of Stock Exchanges, who may not be syndicate members in an issue with effect from January 01, 2013. The list of Broker Centre is available on the websites of BSE i.e. www.bseindia.com. With a view to broad base the reach of Investors by substantial, enhancing the points for submission of applications, SEBI vide Circular No.CIR/CFD/POLICY CELL/11/2015 dated November 10, 2015 has permitted Registrar to the Issue and Share Transfer Agent and Depository Participants registered with SEBI to accept the Application forms in Public Issue with effect from January 01, 2016. The List of ETA and DPs centers for collecting the application shall be disclosed is available on the websites of BSE i.e. www.bseindia.com.

APPLICANT'S DEPOSITORY ACCOUNT AND BANK DETAILS

Please note that, providing bank account details, PAN No's, Client ID and DP ID in the space provided in the application form is mandatory and applications that do not contain such details are liable to be rejected.

Applicants should note that on the basis of name of the Applicants, Depository Participant's name, Depository Participant Identification number and Beneficiary Account Number provided by them in the Application Form as entered into the Stock Exchange online system, the Registrar to the Issue will obtain from the Depository the demographic details including address, Applicants bank account details, MICR code and occupation (hereinafter referred to as 'Demographic Details'). These Demographic Details would be used for all correspondence with the Applicants including mailing of the Allotment Advice. The Demographic Details given by Applicants in the Application Form would not be used for any other purpose by the Registrar to the Issue.

By signing the Application Form, the Applicant would be deemed to have authorized the depositories to provide, upon request, to the Registrar to the Issue, the required Demographic Details as available on its records.

SUBMISSION OF APPLICATION FORM

All Application Forms duly completed shall be submitted to the Designated Intermediaries. The aforesaid intermediaries shall, at the time of receipt of application, give an acknowledgement to investor, by giving the counter foil or specifying the application number to the investor, as a proof of having accepted the application form, in physical or electronic mode, respectively.

COMMUNICATIONS

All future communications in connection with Applications made in this Issue should be addressed to the Registrar to the Issue quoting the full name of the sole or First Applicant, Application Form number, Applicants Depository Account Details, number of Equity Shares applied for, date of Application form, name and address of the Designated Intermediary where the Application was submitted thereof and a copy of the acknowledgement slip.

Investors can contact the Compliance Officer or the Registrar to the Issue in case of any pre Issue or post Issue related problems such as non-receipt of letters of allotment, credit of allotted shares in the respective beneficiary accounts, etc.

DISPOSAL OF APPLICATION AND APPLICATION MONEYS AND INTEREST IN CASE OF DELAY

The Company shall ensure the dispatch of Allotment advice, and give benefit to the beneficiary account with Depository Participants and submit the documents pertaining to the Allotment to the Stock Exchange within 2 (two) working days of date of Allotment of Equity Shares.

The Company shall use best efforts to ensure that all steps 'for completion of the necessary formalities for listing and commencement of trading at SME Platform of BSE where the Equity Shares are proposed to be listed are taken within 6 (Six) working days from Issue Closing Date.

In accordance with the Companies Act, the requirements of the Stock Exchange and the SEBI Regulations, the Company further undertakes that:

1. Allotment and Listing of Equity Shares shall be made within 6 (Six) days of the Issue Closing Date;
2. The Company will provide adequate funds required for dispatch of Allotment Advice to the Registrar of the Issue.

IMPERSONATION:

Attention of the application is specifically drawn to the provisions of the sub-section (1) of Section 38 of the companies Act, 2013 which is reproduced below:

"Any person who

- a) Makes or abets making of an application in a fictitious name to accompany for acquiring, or subscribing for, its securities; or
- b) Makes or abets making of multiple applications to a company in different names or in different combinations of his name or surname for acquiring or subscribing for its securities; or
- c) Otherwise induces directly or indirectly a company to allot, or register any transfer of, securities to him, or to any other person in a fictitious name, shall be liable for action under Section 447."

shall be liable for action under Section 447 of Companies Act, 2013 and shall be treated as Fraud."

UNDERTAKINGS BY OUR COMPANY

The Company undertakes the following:

We undertake as follows:

1. That the complaints received in respect of the Issue shall be attended to by us expeditiously and satisfactorily;
2. That all steps will be taken for the completion of the necessary formalities for listing and commencement of trading at the Stock Exchange where the Equity Shares are proposed to be listed within 6 (six) Working days of Issue Closing Date.
3. That if the Company do not proceed with the Issue, the reason thereof shall be given as a public notice to be issued by our Company within two days of the Issue Closing Date. The public notice shall be issued in the same newspapers where the pre-Issue advertisements were published. The stock exchange on which the Equity Shares are proposed to be listed shall also be informed promptly;
4. That the our Promoters' contribution in full has already been brought in;
5. That funds required for making refunds to unsuccessful applicants as per the mode(s) disclosed shall be made available to the Registrar to the Issue by us;

6. That Company shall not have recourse to the Issue proceeds until the approval for trading of the Equity Shares from the Stock Exchange where listing is sought has been received.
7. That no further issue of Equity Shares shall be made till the Equity Shares offered through the prospectus are listed or until the Application monies are unblocked on account of non-listing, under subscription etc. and
8. That if the Company withdraws the Issue after the Issue Closing Date, our Company shall be required to file a fresh offer document with the RoC/ SEBI, in the event our Company subsequently decides to proceed with the Issuer;
9. That none of the promoters or directors of the company is willful defaulter under Section 4(5) of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2009 as per the *(Third Amendment) in SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2016 dated May, 25, 2016*.

UTILIZATION OF ISSUE PROCEEDS

Since the entire Offer is against offer for sale by the existing shareholders hence Offer proceeds will not flow to the company

EQUITY SHARES IN DEMATERIALISED FORM WITH NSDL OR CDSL

To enable all shareholders of our Company to have their shareholding in electronic form, the Company had signed the following tripartite agreements with the Depositories and the Registrar and Share Transfer Agent:

- a. Agreement dated April 16, 2018 between NSDL, the Company and the Registrar to the Offer;
- b. Agreement dated April 04, 2018 between CDSL, the Company and the Registrar to the Offer;

The Company's equity Shares bear an ISIN No. INE951Z01013

OTHER INSTRUCTIONS

Joint Applications in the case of Individuals

Applications may be made in single or joint names (not more than three). In the case of joint Applications, all payments will be made out in favor of the Applicant whose name appears first in the Application Form or Revision Form. All communications will be addressed to the First Applicant and will be dispatched to his or her address as per the Demographic Details received from the Depository.

Multiple Applications

An Applicant should submit only one Application (and not more than one). Two or more Applications will be deemed to be multiple Applications if the sole or First Applicant is one and the same.

In this regard, the procedures which would be followed by the Registrar to the Offer to detect multiple applications are given below:

- a) All applications are electronically strung on first name, address (1st line) and applicant's status. Further, these applications are electronically matched for common first name and address and if matched, these are checked manually for age, signature and father/ husband's name to determine if they are multiple applications
- b) Applications which do not qualify as multiple applications as per above procedure are further checked for common DP ID/ beneficiary ID. In case of applications with common DP ID/ beneficiary ID, are manually checked to eliminate possibility of data entry error to determine if they are multiple applications.
- c) Applications which do not qualify as multiple applications as per above procedure are further checked for common PAN. All such matched applications with common PAN are manually checked to eliminate possibility of data capture error to determine if they are multiple applications.

In case of a mutual fund, a separate Application can be made in respect of each scheme of the mutual fund registered with SEBI and such Applications in respect of more than one scheme of the mutual fund will not be treated as multiple Applications provided that the Applications clearly indicate the scheme concerned for which the Application has been made.

In cases where there are more than 20 valid applications having a common address, such shares will be kept in abeyance, post allotment and released on confirmation of know your client norms by the depositories. The Company reserves the right to reject, in its absolute discretion, all or any multiple Applications in any or all categories.

After submitting an ASBA Application either in physical or electronic mode, an ASBA Applicant cannot apply (either in physical or electronic mode) to either the same or another Designated Branch of the SCSB Submission of a second Application in such manner will be deemed a multiple Application and would be rejected. More than one ASBA Applicant may apply for Equity Shares using the same ASBA Account, provided that the SCSBs will not accept a total of more than five Application Forms with respect to any single ASBA Account.

Duplicate copies of Application Forms downloaded and printed from the website of the Stock Exchange bearing the same application number shall be treated as multiple Applications and are liable to be rejected. The Company, in consultation with the Lead Manager reserves the right to reject, in its absolute discretion, all or any multiple Applications in any or all categories. In this regard, the procedure which would be followed by the Registrar to the Offer to detect multiple Applications is given below:

1. All Applications will be checked for common PAN. For Applicants other than Mutual Funds and FII sub-accounts, Applications bearing the same PAN will be treated as multiple Applications and will be rejected.
2. for Applications from Mutual Funds and FII sub-accounts, submitted under the same PAN, as well as Applications on behalf of the Applicants for whom submission of PAN is not mandatory such as the Central or State Government, an official liquidator or receiver appointed by a court and residents of Sikkim, the Application Forms will be checked for common DP ID and Client ID.

PERMANENT ACCOUNT NUMBER OR PAN

Pursuant to the circular MRD/DoP/Circ 05/2007 dated April 27, 2007, SEBI has mandated Permanent Account Number (PAN) to be the sole identification number for all participants transacting in the securities market, irrespective of the amount of the transaction w.e.f. July 2, 2007. Each of the Applicants should mention his/her PAN allotted under the IT Act. Applications without the PAN will be considered incomplete and are liable to be rejected. It is to be specifically noted that Applicants should not submit the GIR number instead of the PAN, as the Application is liable to be rejected on this ground.

Our Company/ Registrar to the Offer/ Lead Manager can, however, accept the Application(s) in which PAN is wrongly entered into by ASBA SCSB's in the ASBA system, without any fault on the part of Applicant.

PART B**GENERAL INFORMATION DOCUMENT FOR INVESTING IN PUBLIC ISSUES**

This General Information Document highlights the key rules, processes and procedures applicable to public issues in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (to the extent notified and in effect), the Companies Act, 1956 (without reference to the provisions thereof that have ceased to have effect upon the notification of the Companies Act, 2013), the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957 and the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009. Applicants should not construe the contents of this General Information Document as legal advice and should consult their own legal counsel and other advisors in relation to the legal matters concerning the Issue. For taking an investment decision, the Applicants should rely on their own examination of the Issuer and the Issue, and should carefully read the prospectus before investing in the Issue.

Section 1: Purpose of the General Information Document (GID)

This document is applicable to the public issues undertaken inter-alia through the Fixed Price Issues. The purpose of the “General Information Document for Investing in Public Issues” is to provide general guidance to potential Applicants in IPOs, on the processes and procedures governing IPOs, undertaken in accordance with the provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009 (“SEBI ICDR Regulations, 2009”) as amended.

Applicants should note that investment in equity and equity related securities involves risk and Applicant should not invest any funds in the Issue unless they can afford to take the risk of losing their investment. The specific terms relating to securities and/or for subscribing to securities in an Issue and the relevant information about the Issuer undertaking the Issue; are set out in the prospectus filed by the Issuer with the Registrar of Companies (“RoC”). Applicants should carefully read the entire prospectus and the Application Form and the abridged prospectus of the Issuer in which they are proposing to invest through the Issue. In case of any difference in interpretation or conflict and/or overlap between the disclosure included in this document and the prospectus, the disclosures in the prospectus shall prevail. The prospectus of the Issuer is available on the websites of stock exchanges, on the website(s) of the LM(s) to the Issue and on the website of Securities and Exchange Board of India (“SEBI”) at www.sebi.gov.in.

For the definitions of capitalized terms and abbreviations used herein Applicants may refer to the section “Glossary and Abbreviations”.

Section 2: Brief Introduction to IPOs on SME Exchange**2.1 Initial public offer(IPO)**

An IPO means an offer of specified securities by an unlisted Issuer to the public for subscription and may include an Offer for Sale of specified securities to the public by any existing holder of such securities in an unlisted Issuer.

For undertaking an IPO, an Issuer is inter-alia required to comply with the eligibility requirements of in terms of either Regulation 26(1) or Regulation 26(2) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, 2009 if applicable. For details of compliance with the eligibility requirements by the Issuer Applicants may refer to the prospectus.

The Issuer may also undertake IPO under Chapter XB of SEBI (ICDR) regulations, wherein as per,

- Regulation 106M (1): An issuer whose post-issue face value capital does not exceed ten crore rupees shall issue its specified securities in accordance with provisions of this Chapter.
- Regulation 106M (2): An issuer whose post-issue face value capital is more than ten crore rupees and upto twenty five crorerupees may also issue its specified securities in accordance with provisions of this Chapter.

The present Issue being made under Regulation 106M (1) of Chapter XB of SEBI (ICDR) Regulation.

2.2 Other Eligibility Requirements

In addition to the eligibility requirements specified in paragraphs 2.1 an Issuer proposing to undertake an IPO is required to comply with various other requirements as specified in the SEBI ICDR Regulations, 2009, the Companies Act, 1956 and the Companies Act, 2013 as may be applicable (“the Companies Act”), the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957 (the “SCRR”), industry- specific regulations if any, and other applicable laws for the time being in force.

Following are the eligibility requirements for making an SME IPO under Regulation 106M (1) of Chapter XB of SEBI (ICDR) Regulation:

- a) In accordance with Regulation 106(P) of SEBI (ICDR) Regulation, Issue has to be 100% underwritten and the LM has to underwrite at least 15% of the total issue size.
- b) In accordance with regulation 106(R) of SEBI (ICDR) Regulation, total number of proposed allottees in the Issue shall be greater than or equal to fifty, otherwise the entire application money will be blocked forthwith. If such money is not repaid within eight days from the date the company becomes liable to repay it, than the Company and every officer in default shall, on and from expiry of eight days, be liable to repay such application money, with interest as prescribed under Section 40 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- c) In accordance with Regulation 106(O) the SEBI (ICDR) Regulation, Company is not required to file any Offer Document with SEBI nor has SEBI issued any observations on the Offer Document. The Lead Manager shall submit the copy of prospectus along with a Due Diligence Certificate including additional confirmations as required to SEBI at the time of filing the prospectus with Stock Exchange and the Registrar of Companies.
- d) In accordance with Regulation 106(V) of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulation, the LM has to ensure compulsory market making for a minimum period of three years from the date of listing of Equity Shares offered in the Issue.
- e) The company confirms that it has track record of more than 3 years.
- f) The Net worth (excluding revaluation reserves) of the Issuer shall be positive as per the latest audited financial results.
- g) The Issuer should have positive cash accruals (earnings before depreciation and tax) from operations for at least 2 financial years.
- h) The Post-Offer paid up capital of the Issuer shall be less than ₹ 25 Crores.
- i) The Issuer shall mandatorily facilitate trading in demat securities.
- j) The Issuer should not have been referred to Board for Industrial and Financial Reconstruction.
- k) No petition for winding up is admitted by a court or a liquidator has not been appointed of competent jurisdiction against the Company.
- l) No material regulatory or disciplinary action should have been taken by any stock exchange or regulatory authority in the past three years against the Issuer.
- m) The Company should have a website

Issuer shall also comply with all the other requirements as laid down for such an Issue under Chapter X-B of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations and subsequent circulars and guidelines issued by SEBI and the Stock Exchange.

As per Regulation 106 (M) (3) of SEBI (ICDR) Regulation, 2009 the provisions of regulations 6(1), 6(2), 6(3) , Regulation 8, Regulation 9, Regulation 10, Regulation 25, Regulation 26, Regulation 27 and Sub regulation (1) of Regulation 49 of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2009 shall not apply to this Issue.

Thus the Company is eligible for the Issue in accordance with Regulation 106M(1) and other provision of Chapter XB of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations as the post –issue face value capital does not exceed **Rs. 1000 Lakh**. Company also complies with the eligibility conditions laid by the SME Platform of BSE for listing of our Equity Shares.

2.3 Types of Public Issues – Fixed Price Issues and Book Built Issues

In accordance with the provisions of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, 2009, an Issuer can either determine the Issue Price through the Book Building Process (“**Book Built Issue**”) or undertake a Fixed Price Issue (“**Fixed Price Issue**”). An Issuer may mention Floor Price or Price Band in the RHP (in case of a Book Built Issue) and a Price or Price Band in this prospectus (in case of a fixed price Issue) and determine the price at a later date before registering the prospectus with the Registrar of Companies.

The cap on the Price Band should be less than or equal to 120% of the Floor Price. The Issuer shall announce the Price or the Floor Price or the Price Band through advertisement in all newspapers in which the pre-issue advertisement was given at least five Working Days before the Bid/Issue Opening Date, in case of an IPO and at least one Working Day before the Bid/Issue Opening Date, in case of an FPO.

The Floor Price or the Issue price cannot be lesser than the face value of the securities.

Applicants should refer to the prospectus or Issue advertisements to check whether the Issue is a Book Built Issue or a Fixed Price Issue.

2.4 Offer Period

The Issue may be kept open for a minimum of three Working Days (for all category of Applicants) and not more than ten Working Days. Applicants are advised to refer to the Application Form and Abridged prospectus or prospectus for details of the Issue Period. Details of Issue Period are also available on the website of Stock Exchange.

2.5 Migration to Main Board

SME Issuer may migrate to the Main Board of Stock Exchange from the SME Exchange at a later date subject to the following:

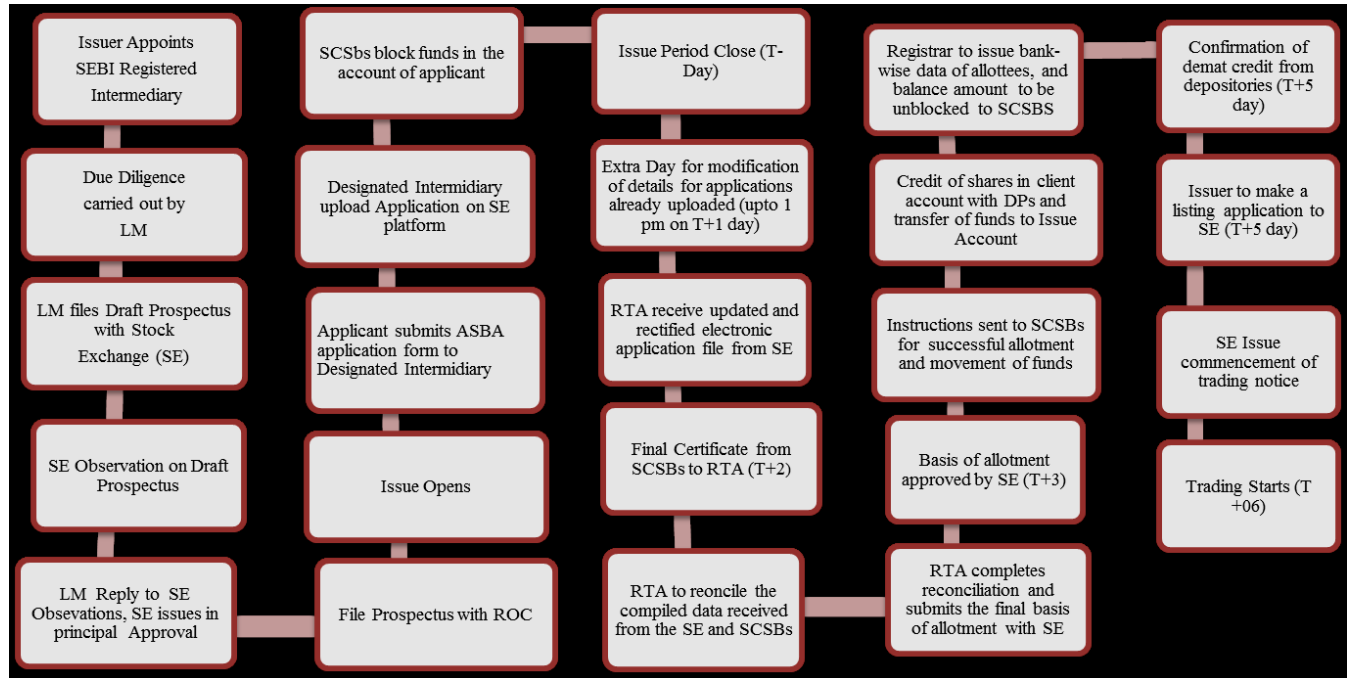
- a) If the Paid up Capital of the Company is likely to increase above ₹ 25 crores by virtue of any further issue of capital by way of rights, preferential issue, bonus issue etc. (which has been approved by a special resolution through postal ballot wherein the votes cast by the shareholders other than the Promoters in favor of the proposal amount to at least two times the number of votes cast by shareholders other than promoter shareholders against the proposal and for which the company has obtained in-principal approval from the main board), The Company shall apply to SE for listing of its shares on its Main Board subject to the fulfillment of the eligibility criteria for listing of specified securities laid down by the Main Board.

OR

- b) If the Paid up Capital of the company is more than ₹ 10 crores but below ₹ 25 crores, the Company may still apply for migration to the main board if the same has been approved by a special resolution through postal ballot wherein the votes cast by the shareholders other than the Promoters in favor of the proposal amount to at least two times the number of votes cast by Share holders other than promoter share holders against the proposal.

2.6 FLOWCHART OF TIMELINES

A flow chart of process flow in Fixed Price Issues is as follows:



Section 3: Category of Investors Eligible to participate in an issue

Each Applicant should check whether it is eligible to apply under applicable law. Furthermore, certain categories of Bidders/Applicants, such as NRIs, FII's, FPIs and FVCIs may not be allowed to apply in the Issue or to hold Equity Shares, in excess of certain limits specified under applicable law. Applicants are requested to refer to the prospectus for more details.

Subject to the above, an illustrative list of Applicants is as follows:

- Indian nationals resident in India who are competent to contract under the Indian Contract Act, 1872, in single or joint names (not more than three) or in the names of minors as natural/legal guardian;
- Hindu Undivided Families or HUFs, in the individual name of the Karta. The Bidder/Applicant should specify that the Application is being made in the name of the HUF in the Application Form as follows: "Name of sole or first Applicant: XYZ Hindu Undivided Family applying through XYZ, where XYZ is the name of the Karta". Applications by HUFs may be considered at par with those from individuals;
- Companies, corporate bodies and societies registered under applicable law in India and authorized to invest in equity shares under their respective constitutional and charter documents;
- Mutual Funds registered with SEBI;
- Eligible NRIs on a repatriation basis or on a non-repatriation basis subject to applicable law; NRIs other than Eligible NRIs are not eligible to participate in this Issue.
- Indian Financial Institutions, scheduled commercial banks regional rural banks, co-operative banks (subject to RBI regulations and the SEBI ICDR Regulations, 2009 and other laws, as applicable);
- FPIs other than Category III foreign portfolio investors, VCFs and FVC are registered with SEBI.
- Limited liability partnerships registered in India and authorized to invest in equity shares.
- State Industrial Development Corporations.
- Trusts/societies registered under the Societies Registration Act, 1860, as amended or under any other law relating to trusts/ societies and who are authorized under their respective constitutions to hold and invest in equity shares;
- Scientific and or Industrial Research Organizations authorized to invest in equity shares.
- Insurance Companies registered with IRDA;
- Provident Funds and Pension Funds with minimum corpus of Rs. 2500 Lakhs and who are authorized under their constitution to hold and invest in equity shares;

- Multilateral and Bilateral Development Financial Institutions;
- National Investment Fund set up by resolution no F.No.2/3/2005-DDII dated November 23, 2005 of Government of India published in the Gazette of India;
- Insurance funds setup and managed by army, navy, air force of the Union of India or by Department of Posts, India;
- Any other person eligible to apply to this Issue, under the laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, and policies applicable to them and under Indian Laws.

Application not should be made by:

- Minors (Except under guardianship)
- Partnership firms or their nominees
- Foreign Nations (Except NRIs)
- Overseas Corporate Bodies

As per the existing regulations, OCBs are not allowed to participate in an Issue.

Section 4: Applying in the Issue

Fixed Price Issue: Applicants should only use the specified cum Application Form either bearing the stamp of Designated Intermediaries as available or downloaded from the websites of the Stock Exchanges. Application Forms are available with the registered office of the Issuer, and office of the RTA and at the office of the LM. For further details regarding availability of Application Forms, Applicants may refer to the prospectus.

Applicants should ensure that they apply in the appropriate category. The prescribed color of the Application Form for various categories of Applicants is as follows:

Category	Colour
Resident Indians and Eligible NRIs applying on a non-repatriation basis (ASBA)	White
Non-Residents and Eligible NRIs applying on a repatriation basis (ASBA)	Blue

Securities Issued in an IPO can only be in dematerialized form in compliance with Section 29 of the Companies Act, 2013. Applicants will not have the option of getting the allotment of specified securities in physical form. However, they may get the specified securities rematerialized subsequent to allotment.

4.1 INSTRUCTIONS FOR FILING APPLICATION FORM / APPLICATION FORM (FIXED PRICE ISSUE)

Applicants may note that forms not filled completely or correctly as per instructions provided in this GID, the prospectus and Application Form are liable to be rejected.

Instructions to fill each field of the Application Form can be found on the reverse side of the Application Form. Specific instructions for filling various fields of the Resident Application Form and Non-Resident Application Form and samples are provided below.

The samples of the Application Form for resident Applicants and the Application Form for non-resident Applicants are reproduced below:

PLEASE FILL IN BLOCK LETTERS

TEAR HERE

COMMON BID CUM APPLICATION FORM	XYZ LIMITED - INITIAL PUBLIC ISSUE - R	FOR RESIDENT INDIANS, INCLUDING RESIDENT QIBs AND ELIGIBLE NRIs APPLYING ON A NON-REPATRIATION BASIS
Address : _____	Contact Details : _____	CIN No. _____
LOGO	TO, THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS XYZ LIMITED	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">FIXED PRICE ONE ISSUE</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">INE00000000000</div>
		Bid cum Application Form No. _____ Bid cum Application Form No. _____

SYNDICATE MEMBER'S STAMP & CODE	BROKER/SCSB/DP/RTA STAMP & CODE	1. NAME & CONTACT DETAILS OF SOLE / FIRST BIDDER
		Mr. / Ms. _____
		Address : _____
		Email : _____
		Tel. No (with STD code) / Mobile : _____
BANK BRANCH SERIAL NO.	SCSB SERIAL NO.	2. PAN OF SOLE / FIRST BIDDER

3. BIDDER'S DEPOSITORY ACCOUNT DETAILS <input type="checkbox"/> NSDL <input type="checkbox"/> CDSL	4. INVESTOR STATUS
For NSDL, enter 8 digit DP ID followed by 8 digit Client ID / For CDSL, enter 16 digit Client ID _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Individuals - IND <input type="checkbox"/> Hindu Undivided Family* - HUF <input type="checkbox"/> Bodies Corporate - CO <input type="checkbox"/> Banks & Financial Institutions - FI <input type="checkbox"/> Mutual Funds - MF <input type="checkbox"/> Non-Resident Indians - NRI (Non-Repatriation basis) <input type="checkbox"/> National Investment Fund - NIF <input type="checkbox"/> Insurance Funds - IF <input type="checkbox"/> Insurance Companies - IC <input type="checkbox"/> Venture Capital Funds - VCF <input type="checkbox"/> Alternative Investment Funds - AIF <input type="checkbox"/> Others (Please specify) - OTH

4. BID OPTIONS (ONLY RETAIL INDIVIDUAL BIDDERS CAN BID AT "CUT-OFF")	5. CATEGORY																											
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Bid Options</th> <th rowspan="2">No. of Equity Shares Bid (In Figures) (Does not need to be in multiples of Bid Lot as advertised)</th> <th colspan="3">Price per Equity Share (₹) / "Cut-off" (Prices in multiples of ₹ 0.05 only) (In Figures)</th> <th rowspan="2">Cut-off Pledged (tick)</th> </tr> <tr> <th>Bid Price</th> <th>Retail Discount</th> <th>Net Price</th> </tr> <tr> <td>Option 1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>(OR) Option 2</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>(OR) Option 3</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> </table>	Bid Options	No. of Equity Shares Bid (In Figures) (Does not need to be in multiples of Bid Lot as advertised)	Price per Equity Share (₹) / "Cut-off" (Prices in multiples of ₹ 0.05 only) (In Figures)			Cut-off Pledged (tick)	Bid Price	Retail Discount	Net Price	Option 1					<input type="checkbox"/>	(OR) Option 2					<input type="checkbox"/>	(OR) Option 3					<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Retail Investor Bidder <input type="checkbox"/> Non-Institutional Bidder <input type="checkbox"/> QIB
Bid Options			No. of Equity Shares Bid (In Figures) (Does not need to be in multiples of Bid Lot as advertised)	Price per Equity Share (₹) / "Cut-off" (Prices in multiples of ₹ 0.05 only) (In Figures)			Cut-off Pledged (tick)																					
	Bid Price	Retail Discount		Net Price																								
Option 1					<input type="checkbox"/>																							
(OR) Option 2					<input type="checkbox"/>																							
(OR) Option 3					<input type="checkbox"/>																							

6. PAYMENT DETAILS	PAYMENT OPTION : FULL PAYMENT <input type="checkbox"/> PART PAYMENT <input type="checkbox"/>
Amount paid (₹ in figures) _____ (₹ in words) _____	
ASBA Bank A/c No. _____	
Bank Name & Branch _____	

I/WE (ON BEHALF OF JOINT APPLICANTS, IF ANY) HEREBY CONFIRM THAT I/WE HAVE READ AND UNDERSTOOD THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THIS BID CUM APPLICATION FORM AND THE ATTACHED ANNOUNCEMENT PROSPECTUS AND THE GENERAL INFORMATION DOCUMENT FOR INVESTING IN PUBLIC ISSUES (GID) AND HEREBY AGREE AND CONFIRM THE "BIDDERS UNDERTAKING" AS GIVEN OVERLEAF. I/WE (ON BEHALF OF JOINT APPLICANTS, IF ANY) HEREBY CONFIRM THAT I/WE HAVE READ THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR FILING UP THE BID CUM APPLICATION FORM GIVEN OVERLEAF.

7A. SIGNATURE OF SOLE / FIRST BIDDER	7B. SIGNATURE OF ASBA BANK ACCOUNT HOLDER(S) (AS PER BANK RECORDS)	BROKER / SCSB / DP / RTA STAMP (Acknowledging receipt of Bid in Stock Exchange system)
_____	I/We authorize the SCSB to do all acts as are necessary to make the Application in the line 1) _____ 2) _____ 3) _____	
Date : _____		

TEAR HERE

LOGO	XYZ LIMITED	Initial Public Issue - R	Acknowledgement Slip for Broker/SCSB/DP/RTA
			Bid cum Application Form No. _____ Bid cum Application Form No. _____

DPID / CLID : _____ Amount paid (₹ in figures) _____ Bank & Branch : _____ ASBA Bank A/c No. _____ Received from Mr./Ms. _____ Telephone / Mobile : _____ Email : _____	Stamp & Signature of SCSB Branch : _____ Stamp & Signature of Broker / SCSB / DP / RTA : _____
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TEAR HERE

XYZ LIMITED - INITIAL PUBLIC ISSUE - R	Acknowledgement Slip for Bidder																								
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <th></th> <th>Option 1</th> <th>Option 2</th> <th>Option 3</th> </tr> <tr> <td>No. of Equity Shares</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Bid Price</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Amount Paid (₹)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>ASBA Bank A/c No.</td> <td colspan="3"></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Bank & Branch</td> <td colspan="3"></td> </tr> </table>		Option 1	Option 2	Option 3	No. of Equity Shares				Bid Price				Amount Paid (₹)				ASBA Bank A/c No.				Bank & Branch				Name of Sole / First Bidder : _____ Bid cum Application Form No. _____
	Option 1	Option 2	Option 3																						
No. of Equity Shares																									
Bid Price																									
Amount Paid (₹)																									
ASBA Bank A/c No.																									
Bank & Branch																									

COMMON BID CUM APPLICATION FORM		XYZ LIMITED - INITIAL PUBLIC ISSUE - NR		For Eligible NRI, FI, FVCI, applying on Reatriation Basis	
Address : _____		Contact Details : _____		CIN No. _____	
LOGO		TO, THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS XYZ LIMITED		Bid cum Application Form No. _____ FIXED PRICE GME ISSUE INE000000000000	
SYNDICATE MEMBER'S STAMP & CODE		BROKER/SCSB/DP-KTA STAMP & CODE		1. NAME & CONTACT DETAILS OF SOLE / FIRST BIDDER	
SUB-BROKER / SUB-AGENT'S STAMP & CODE		ESCROW BANK/SCSB BRANCH STAMP & CODE		Mr. / Ms. _____	
BANK BRANCH SERIAL NO.		SCSB SERIAL NO.		Address _____	
				Email _____	
				Tel. No (with STD code) / Mobile _____	
				2. PAN OF SOLE / FIRST BIDDER	
3. BIDDER'S DEPOSITORY ACCOUNT DETAILS <input type="checkbox"/> NSDL <input type="checkbox"/> CDSL					
For NSDL, enter 8 digit IDP ID followed by 8 digit Client ID / For CDSL, enter 16 digit Client ID					
4. BID OPTIONS (ONLY RETAIL INDIVIDUAL BIDDERS CAN BID AT "CUT-OFF")					
Bid Options	No. of Equity Shares Bid (in Figures) (Don't omit 0 in multiples of Bid Lot as advertised)	Price per Equity Share (₹) "Cut-off" (Price in multiples of ₹ 3/- only) (in Figures)			5. CATEGORY
		Bid Price	Retail Discount	Net Price	
Option 1	_____	_____	_____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/> Retail Investor Bidder
OR Option 2	_____	_____	_____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/> Non-Institutional Bidder
OR Option 3	_____	_____	_____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/> QIB
6. Investor Status					
<input type="checkbox"/> Non-Resident Indians (Repatriation Basis)					NRI
<input type="checkbox"/> Foreign Institutional Investor					FI
<input type="checkbox"/> Foreign Venture Capital Investor					FVI
<input type="checkbox"/> FI Sub Account Corporate/Individual					FI SA
<input type="checkbox"/> Others (Please specify)					OTH
7. PAYMENT DETAILS					
Amount paid (₹ in figures) _____ (₹ in words) _____					
PAYMENT OPTION : FULL PAY					
ASBA					
Bank A/c No. _____					
Bank Name & Branch _____					
I/WE HEREBY CONFIRM THAT I/WE HAVE READ AND UNDERSTOOD THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THIS BID CUM APPLICATION FORM AND THE ATTACHED ANNEXURE PROSPECTUS AND THE GENERAL INFORMATION DOCUMENT FOR INVESTING IN PUBLIC ISSUES (GID) AND HEREBY AGREE AND CONFIRM THE "BIDDERS UNDERTAKING" AS GIVEN OVERLEAF, I/WE (ON BEHALF OF JOINT APPLICANTS, IF ANY) HEREBY CONFIRM THAT I/WE HAVE READ THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR FILLING UP THE BID CUM APPLICATION FORM GIVEN OVERLEAF.					
8A. SIGNATURE OF SOLE / FIRST BIDDER		8B. SIGNATURE OF ASBA BANK ACCOUNT HOLDER(S) (AS PER BANK RECORDS)		8C. STAMP (Acknowledgement stamp of Bid in Stock Exchange system)	
_____		I/We authorize the SCSB to do all acts necessary to make the Application in the form		_____	
_____		1) _____		_____	
_____		2) _____		_____	
_____		3) _____		_____	
TEAR HERE					
LOGO		XYZ LIMITED INITIAL PUBLIC ISSUE - NR		Acknowledgement Slip for Broker/SCSB/DP-KTA	
DPID / CNID				Bid cum Application Form No. _____	
Amount paid (₹ in figures)		Bank & Branch		PAN of Sole / First Bidder	
ASBA Bank A/c No.				Stamp & Signature of SCSB Branch	
Received from Mr./Ms.					
Telephone / Mobile		Email			
TEAR HERE					
XYZ LIMITED - INITIAL PUBLIC ISSUE - NR		Option 1		Option 2	
		Option 3			
		Stamp & Signature of Broker / SCSB / DP / KTA		Name of Sole / First Bidder	
		Amount Paid (₹)			
ASBA Bank A/c No.				Acknowledgement Slip for Bidder	
Bank & Branch				Bid cum Application Form No. _____	

4.1.1 NUMBER 1: NAME AND CONTACT DETAILS OF THE SOLE/ FIRST APPLICANT

Applicants should ensure that the name provided in this field is exactly the same as the name in which the Depository Account is held.

- (a) **Mandatory Fields:** Applicants should note that the name and address fields are compulsory and email and/or telephone number/ mobile number fields are optional. Applicants should note that the contact details mentioned in the Application Form may be used to dispatch communications (including refund orders and letters notifying the unblocking of the bank accounts of ASBA Applicants) in case the communication sent to the address available with the Depositories are returned undelivered or are not available. The contact details provided in the Application Form may be used by the Issuer, the members of the Syndicate, the Registered Broker and the Registrar to the Issue only for correspondence(s) related to an Issue and for no other purposes.
- (b) **Joint Applications:** In the case of Joint Applications, the Applications should be made in the name of the Applicant whose name appears first in the Depository account. The name so entered should be the same as it appears in the Depository records. The signature of only such first Applicant would be required in the Application Form and such first Applicant would be deemed to have signed on behalf of the joint holders. All payments may be made out in favor of the Applicant whose name appears in the Application Form or the Revision Form and all communications may be addressed to such Applicant and may be dispatched to his or her address as per the Demographic Details received from the Depositories.
- (c) **Impersonation:** Attention of the Applicants is specifically drawn to the provisions of sub section (1) of Section 38 of the Companies Act, 2013 which is reproduced below:

“Any person

- *who makes or abets making of an application in a fictitious name to a Company for acquiring, or subscribing for, its securities; or*
- *makes or abets making of multiple applications to a Company in different names or indifferent combinations of his name or surname for acquiring or subscribing for its securities;*
- *or otherwise induces directly or indirectly a Company to allot, or register any transfer of securities to him, or to any other person in a fictitious name,*

Shall be liable for action under section 447 of the said Act.”

- (d) **Nomination Facility to Applicant:** Nomination facility is available in accordance with the provisions of Section 109A of the Companies Act. In case of allotment of the Equity Shares in dematerialized form, there is no need to make a separate nomination as the nomination registered with the Depository may prevail. For changing nominations, the Applicants should inform their respective DP.

1.1.2 FIELD NUMBER 2: PAN NUMBER OF SOLE /FIRST APPLICANT

- (a) PAN (of the sole/ first Applicant) provided in the Application Form should be exactly the same as the PAN of the person(s) in whose name the relevant beneficiary account is held as per the Depositories' records.
- (b) PAN is the sole identification number for participants transacting in the securities market irrespective of the amount of transaction except for Applications on behalf of the Central or State Government, Applications by officials appointed by the courts and Applications by Applicants residing in Sikkim (“PAN Exempted Applicants”). Consequently, all Applicants, other than the PAN Exempted Applicants, are required to disclose their PAN in the Application Form, irrespective of the Application Amount. An Application Form without PAN, except in case of Exempted Applicants, is liable to be rejected. Applications by the Applicants whose PAN is not available as per the Demographic Details available in their Depository records, are liable to be rejected.
- (c) The exemption for the PAN Exempted Applicants is subject to (a) the Demographic Details received from the respective Depositories confirming the exemption granted to the beneficiary owner by a suitable description in the PAN field and the beneficiary account remaining in “active status”; and (b) in the case of residents of Sikkim, the address as per the Demographic Details evidencing the same.
- (d) Application Forms which provide the General Index Register Number instead of PAN may be rejected.
- (e) Applications by Applicants whose demat accounts have been “suspended for credit” are liable to be rejected pursuant to the circular issued by SEBI on July 29, 2010, bearing number CIR/MRD/DP/22/2010. Such accounts are classified as “Inactive demat accounts” and demographic details are not provided by depositories.

1.1.3 FIELD NUMBER 3: APPLICANTS DEPOSITORY ACCOUNT DETAILS

- (a) Applicants should ensure that DP ID and the Client ID are correctly filled in the Application Form. The DP ID and Client ID provided in the Application Form should match with the DP ID and Client ID available in the Depository database, **otherwise, the Application Form is liable to be rejected.**
- (b) Applicants should ensure that the beneficiary account provided in the Application Form is active.
- (c) Applicants should note that on the basis of DP ID and Client ID as provided in the Application Form, the Applicant may be deemed to have authorized the Depositories to provide to the Registrar to the Issue, any requested Demographic Details of the Applicant as available on the records of the depositories. These Demographic Details may be used, among other things, for sending allocation advice and for other correspondence(s) related to an Issue.
- (d) Applicants are, advised to update any changes to their Demographic Details as available in the records of the Depository Participant to ensure accuracy of records. Any delay resulting from failure to update the Demographic Details would be at the Applicants' sole risk.

1.1.4 FIELD NUMBER 4: APPLICATION DETAILS

- (a) The Issuer may mention Price in the prospectus. However a prospectus registered with ROC contains one price.
- (b) Minimum and Maximum Application Size

i. For Retail Individual Applicants

The Application must be for a minimum of 10,000 Equity Shares. As the Application Price payable by the Retail Individual Applicants cannot exceed Rs. 2,00,000, they can make Application for only minimum Application size i.e. for 10,000 Equity Shares.

ii. For Other Applicants (Non-Institutional Applicants and QIBs):

The Application must be for a minimum of such number of Equity Shares such that the Application Amount exceeds Rs. 2,00,000 and in multiples of 10,000 Equity Shares thereafter. An Application cannot be submitted for more than the Issue Size. However, the maximum Application by a QIB investor should not exceed the investment limits prescribed for them by applicable laws. Under existing SEBI Regulations, a QIB Applicant cannot withdraw its Application after the Issue Closing Date and is required to pay 100% QIB Margin upon submission of Application. In case of revision in Applications, the Non-Institutional Applicants, who are individuals, have to ensure that the Application Amount is greater than Rs. 2,00,000 for being considered for allocation in the Non- Institutional Portion. Applicants are advised to ensure that any single Application from them does not exceed the investment limits or maximum number of Equity Shares that can be held by them under applicable law or regulation or as specified in the prospectus.

- (c) **Multiple Applications:** An Applicant should submit only one Application Form. Submission of a second Application Form to either the same or to Application Collecting Intermediary and duplicate copies of Application Forms bearing the same application number shall be treated as multiple applications and are liable to be rejected.
- (d) Applicants are requested to note the following procedures may be followed by the Registrar to the Issue to detect multiple applications:
 - i. All applications may be checked for common PAN as per the records of the Depository. For Applicants other than Mutual Funds and FPI sub-accounts, Applications bearing the same PAN may be treated as multiple applications by an Applicant and may be rejected.
 - ii. For applications from Mutual Funds and FPI sub-accounts, submitted under the same PAN, as well as Applications on behalf of the PAN Exempted Applicants, the Application Forms may be checked for common DP ID and Client ID. In any such applications which have the same DP ID and Client ID, these may be treated as multiple applications and may be rejected.

(e) The following applications may not be treated as multiple Applications:

- i. Applications by Reserved Categories in their respective reservation portion as well as that made by them in the Net Issue portion in public category.
- ii. Separate applications by Mutual Funds in respect of more than one scheme of the Mutual Fund provided that the Applications clearly indicate the scheme for which the Application has been made.
- iii. Applications by Mutual Funds, and sub-accounts of FPIs (or FPIs and its sub-accounts) submitted with the same PAN but with different beneficiary account numbers, Client IDs and DP IDs.

1.1.5 FIELD NUMBER 5: CATEGORY OF APPLICANTS

- i. The categories of applicants identified as per the SEBI ICDR Regulations, 2009 for the purpose of Application, allocation and allotment in the Issue are RIIs, individual applicants other than RII's and other investors (including corporate bodies or institutions, irrespective of the number of specified securities applied for).
- ii. An Issuer can make reservation for certain categories of Applicants permitted under the SEBI ICDR Regulations, 2009. For details of any reservations made in the Issue, applicants may refer to the prospectus.
- iii. The SEBI ICDR Regulations, 2009 specify the allocation or allotment that may be made to various categories of applicants in an Issue depending upon compliance with the eligibility conditions. For details pertaining to allocation and Issue specific details in relation to allocation, applicant may refer to the prospectus.

1.1.6 FIELD NUMBER 6: INVESTOR STATUS

- (a) Each Applicant should check whether it is eligible to apply under applicable law and ensure that any prospective allotment to it in the Issue is in compliance with the investment restrictions under applicable law.
- (b) Certain categories of Applicants, such as NRIs, FPIs and FVCIs may not be allowed to apply in the Issue or hold Equity Shares exceeding certain limits specified under applicable law. Applicants are requested to refer to the prospectus for more details.
- (c) Applicants should check whether they are eligible to apply on non-repatriation basis or repatriation basis and should accordingly provide the investor status. Details regarding investor status are different in the Resident Application Form and Non-Resident Application Form.
- (d) Applicants should ensure that their investor status is updated in the Depository records.

4.1.7 FIELD NUMBER 7: PAYMENT DETAILS

- a) All Applicants are required to use ASBA facility to block the full Amount (net of any Discount, as applicable) along-with the Application Form. If the Discount is applicable in the Issue, the RIIs should indicate the full Amount in the Application Form and the funds shall be blocked for Amount net of Discount. Only in cases where the prospectus indicates that part payment may be made, such an option can be exercised by the Applicant.
- b) All categories of investors can participate in the Issue only through ASBA mechanism.
- c) Application Amount cannot be paid in cash, through money order or through postal order or through stock invest.

4.1.7.1 Payment instructions for Applicants

- (a) Applicants may submit the Application Form either in physical mode or online mode to any Designated Intermediaries.
- (b) Applicants should specify the Bank Account number in the Application Form. The Application Form submitted by an Applicant and which is accompanied by cash, demand, money order, postal order or any mode of payment other than blocked amounts in the ASBA Account maintained with an SCSB, may not be

accepted.

- (c) Applicant should ensure that the Application Form is also signed by the ASBA Account holder(s) if the Applicant is not the ASBA Account holder;
- (d) Applicant shall note that for the purpose of blocking funds under ASBA facility clearly demarcated funds shall be available in the account.
- (e) From one ASBA Account, a maximum of five Application Forms can be submitted.
- (f) Applicants applying through a member of the Syndicate should ensure that the Application Form is submitted to a member of the Syndicate only at the Specified Locations. Applicants should also note that Application Forms submitted to the Syndicate at the Specified Locations may not be accepted by the member of the Syndicate if the SCSB where the ASBA Account, as specified in the Application Form, is maintained has not named at least one branch at that location for the members of the Syndicate to deposit Application Forms (a list of such branches is available on the website of SEBI at <http://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/home/list/5/33/0/0/Recognised-Intermediaries>).
- (g) Applicants applying through a Registered Broker, RTA or CDP should note that Application Forms submitted to them may not be accepted, if the SCSB where the ASBA Account, as specified in Application Form, is maintained has not named at least one branch at that location for the Registered Brokers, RTA or CDP, as the case may be, to deposit Application Forms.
- (h) ASBA Applicant applying directly through the SCSBs should ensure that the Application Form is submitted to a Designated Branch of a SCSB where the ASBA Account is maintained.
- (i) Upon receipt of Application Form, the Designated Branch of the SCSB may verify if sufficient funds equal to the Application Amount are available in the ASBA Account, as mentioned in the Application Form.
- (j) If sufficient funds are available in the ASBA Account, the SCSB may block an amount equivalent to the Application Amount mentioned in the Application Form may upload the details on the Stock Exchange Platform.
- (k) If sufficient funds are not available in the ASBA Account, the Designated Branch of the SCSB may not upload such Applications on the Stock Exchange platform and such Applications are liable to be rejected.
- (l) Upon submission of a completed Application Form each Applicant may be deemed to have agreed to block the entire Application Amount and authorized the Designated Branch of the SCSB to block the Application Amount specified in the Application Form in the ASBA Account maintained with the SCSBs.
- (m) The Application Amount may remain blocked in the aforesaid ASBA Account until finalisation of the Basis of allotment and consequent transfer of the Application Amount against the Allotted Equity Shares to the Public Issue Account, or until withdrawal or failure of the Issue, or until withdrawal or rejection of the Application, as the case may be.

SCSBs applying in the Issue must apply through an Account maintained with any other SCSB; else their Application is liable to be rejected.

4.1.8 Unblocking of ASBA Account

Once the Basis of Allotment is approved by the Designated Stock Exchange, the Registrar to the Issue may provide the following details to the controlling branches of each SCSB, along with instructions to unblock the relevant bank accounts and for successful applications transfer the requisite money to the Public Issue Account designated for this purpose, within the specified timelines: (i) the number of Equity Shares to be Allotted against each Application, (ii) the amount to be transferred from the relevant bank account to the Public Issue Account, for each Application, (iii) the date by which funds referred to in (ii) above may be transferred to the Public Issue Account, and (iv) details of rejected/ partial/ non-allotment ASBA Applications, if any, along with reasons for rejection and details of withdrawn or unsuccessful Applications, if any, to enable the SCSBs to unblock the respective bank accounts.

On the basis of instructions from the Registrar to the Issue, the SCSBs may transfer the requisite amount against each successful ASBA Application to the Public Issue Account and may unblock the excess amount, if any, in the ASBA Account.

In the event of withdrawal or rejection of the Application Form and for unsuccessful Applications, the Registrar to the Issue may give instructions to the SCSB to unblock the Application Amount in the relevant ASBA Account within 6 Working Days of the Issue Closing Date.

4.1.8.1 Discount (if applicable)

- (a) The Discount is stated in absolute rupee terms.
- (b) RII, Employees and Retail Individual Shareholders are only eligible for discount. For Discounts offered in the Issue, Applicants may refer to the prospectus.
- (c) For the Applicants entitled to the applicable Discount in the Issue the Application Amount less Discount (if applicable) shall be blocked.

4.1.8.2 Additional Payment Instructions for NRIs

The Non-Resident Indians who intend to block funds in their Non-Resident Ordinary (NRO) accounts shall use the form meant for Resident Indians (non-repatriation basis). In the case of applications by NRIs applying on a repatriation basis, payment shall not be accepted out of NRO Account.

4.1.9 FIELD NUMBER 8: SIGNATURES AND OTHER AUTHORISATIONS

- (a) Only the First Applicant is required to sign the Application Form. Applicants should ensure that signatures are in one of the languages specified in the Eighth Schedule to the Constitution of India.
- (b) If the ASBA Account is held by a person or persons other than the ASBA Applicant., then the Signature of the ASBA Account holder(s) is also required.
- (c) In relation to the ASBA Applications, signature has to be correctly affixed in the authorization/undertaking box in the Application Form, or an authorisation has to be provided to the SCSB via the electronic mode, for blocking funds in the ASBA Account equivalent to the application amount mentioned in the Application Form.
- (d) Applicants must note that Application Form without signature of Applicant and /or ASBA Account holder is liable to be rejected.

4.1.10 ACKNOWLEDGEMENT AND FUTURE COMMUNICATION

Applicants should ensure that they receive the acknowledgment duly signed and stamped by Application Collecting Intermediaries, as applicable, for submission of the Application Form.

- (a) All communications in connection with Applications made in the Issue should be addressed as under:
 - i. In case of queries related to Allotment, non-receipt of Allotment Advice, credit of allotted equity shares, refund orders, the Applicants should contact the Registrar to the Issue.
 - ii. In case of ASBA applications submitted to the Designated Branches of the SCSBs, the Applicants should contact the relevant Designated Branch of the SCSB.
 - iii. Applicant may contact the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer or LM(s) in case of any other complaints in relation to the Issue.
- (b) The following details (as applicable) should be quoted while making any queries -
 - i. Full name of the sole or First Applicant, Application Form number, Applicants' DP ID, Client ID, PAN, number of Equity Shares applied for, amount blocked on application.
 - ii. Name and address of the Designated Intermediary, where the Application was submitted; or
 - iii. In case of ASBA applications, ASBA Account number in which the amount equivalent to the application amount was blocked.

For further details, Applicant may refer to the prospectus and the Application Form.

4.2 INSTRUCTIONS FOR FILING THE REVISION FORM

- (a) During the Issue Period, any Applicant (other than QIBs and NIIs, who can only revise their application upwards) who has registered his or her interest in the Equity Shares at a particular number of shares is free to revise number of shares applied using revision forms available separately.
- (b) RII may revise their applications till closure of the issue period or withdraw their applications until finalization of allotment.
- (c) Revisions can be made in both the desired number of Equity Shares and the Bid Amount by using the Revision Form.
- (d) The Applicant can make this revision any number of times during the Issue Period. However, for any revision(s) in the Application, the Applicants will have to use the services of the same Designated Intermediary through which such Applicant had placed the original Application.

A sample Revision form is reproduced below:

COMMON BID REVISION FORM	XYZ LIMITED - INITIAL PUBLIC ISSUE - R	FOR RESIDENT INDIANS, INCLUDING RESIDENT QIBs, AND ELIGIBLE NRI APPLYING ON A NON-REPATRIATION BASIS
Address : _____ Contact Details : _____	CIN No. _____	
LOGO	TO, THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS XYZ LIMITED	BOOK BUILT ISSUE ISIN : _____
		Bid cum Application Form No. _____

SYNDICATE MEMBER'S STAMP & CODE	BROKER/SCSB/DP/RTA STAMP & CODE	1. NAME & CONTACT DETAILS OF SOLE / FIRST BIDDER
		Mr./Ms. _____ Address _____ Tel. No. (with STD code) / Mobile _____ Email _____
SUB-BROKER'S / SUB-AGENT'S STAMP & CODE	ESCROW BANK/SCSB BRANCH STAMP & CODE	2. PAN OF SOLE / FIRST BIDDER

BANK BRANCH SERIAL NO.	SCSB SERIAL NO.	3. BIDDER'S DEPOSITORY ACCOUNT DETAILS
		_____ NSDL _____ CDSL
PLEASE CHANGE MY BID		
4 FROM (AS PER LAST BID OR REVISION)		
Bid Options	No. of Equity Shares Bid (Bids must be in multiples of Bid Lot as advertised) (In Figures)	Price per Equity Share (₹) "Cut-off" (Price in multiples of ₹ 1/- only) (In Figures)
	8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	Bid Price Retail Discount Net Price "Cut-off" (Please tick)
Option 1		
(OR) Option 2		
(OR) Option 3		
5. TO (Revised Bid) (Only Retail Individual Bidders can Bid at "Cut-off")		
Bid Options	No. of Equity Shares Bid (Bids must be in multiples of Bid Lot as advertised) (In Figures)	Price per Equity Share (₹) "Cut-off" (Price in multiples of ₹ 1/- only) (In Figures)
	8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1	Bid Price Retail Discount Net Price "Cut-off" (Please tick)
Option 1		
(OR) Option 2		
(OR) Option 3		
6. PAYMENT DETAILS		
Additional Amount Paid (₹ in figures)		PAYMENT OPTION : FULL PAYMENT <input type="checkbox"/> PART PAYMENT <input type="checkbox"/>
		(₹ in words)
ASBA Bank A/c No. _____		
Bank Name & Branch _____		
I/WE HEREBY CONFIRM THAT I/WE HAVE READ AND UNDERSTOOD THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE INITIAL PUBLIC ISSUE AND THE APPLICABLE SEBI REGULATIONS AND THE GENERAL INFORMATION DOCUMENT FOR INVESTING IN PUBLIC ISSUES ("GID") AND HEREBY AGREE AND CONFIRM THE BIDDER'S UNDERTAKING AGAIN OVERLEAF I/WE (ON BEHALF OF JOINT APPLICANTS, IF ANY) HEREBY CONFIRM THAT I/WE HAVE READ THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR FILLING UP THE BID REVISION FORM GIVEN OVERLEAF.		
7A. SIGNATURE OF SOLE / FIRST BIDDER		7B. SIGNATURE OF ASBA BANK ACCOUNT HOLDER(S) (AS PER BANK RECORDS)
_____		I/We authorize the SCSB to do all acts as are necessary to make the Application to the Issuer
		1) _____
		2) _____
		BROKER / SCSB / DP / RTA STAMP (Acknowledging receipt of Bid in Stock Exchange system)

LOGO	XYZ LIMITED BID REVISION FORM - INITIAL PUBLIC ISSUE - R	Acknowledgement Slip for Broker/SCSB/ DP/RTA	Bid cum Application Form No. _____
			PAN of Sole / First Bidder
EPID / CLID			
Additional Amount Paid (₹)	Bank & Branch		Stamp & Signature of SCSB Branch
ASBA Bank A/c No.			
Received from Mr./Ms.			
Telephone / Mobile	Email		

XYZ LIMITED - BID REVISION FORM - INITIAL PUBLIC ISSUE - R	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td></td> <td>Option 1</td> <td>Option 2</td> <td>Option 3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>No. of Equity Shares</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Bid Price</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Additional Amount Paid (₹)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>ASBA Bank A/c No.</td> <td colspan="3"></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Bank & Branch</td> <td colspan="3"></td> </tr> </table>		Option 1	Option 2	Option 3	No. of Equity Shares				Bid Price				Additional Amount Paid (₹)				ASBA Bank A/c No.				Bank & Branch				Stamp & Signature of Broker / SCSB / DP / RTA Name of Sole / First Bidder _____ Acknowledgement Slip for Bidder Bid cum Application Form No. _____
	Option 1	Option 2	Option 3																							
No. of Equity Shares																										
Bid Price																										
Additional Amount Paid (₹)																										
ASBA Bank A/c No.																										
Bank & Branch																										

Other than instructions already highlighted at paragraph 4.1 above, point wise instructions regarding filling up various fields of the Revision Form are provided below:

4.2.1 FIELDS 1, 2 AND 3: NAME AND CONTACT DETAILS OF SOLE/FIRST APPLICANT, PAN OF SOLE/FIRST APPLICANT & DEPOSITORY ACCOUNT DETAILS OF THE APPLICANT

Applicants should refer to instructions contained in paragraphs 4.1.1, 4.1.2 and 4.1.3.

4.2.2 FIELD 4 & 5: APPLICATION REVISION “FROM” AND “TO”

- (a) Apart from mentioning the revised options in the Revision Form, the Applicant must also mention the details of the share applied for given in his or her Application Form or earlier Revision Form.
- (b) In case of revision of Applications by RIIs, Employees and Retail Individual Shareholders, such Applicants should ensure that the Application Amount, should not exceed ₹2,00,000/- due to revision and the application may be considered, subject to the eligibility, for allocation under the Non-Institutional Category.

4.2.3 FIELD 6: PAYMENT DETAILS

- (a) Applicants are required to make payment of the full application along with the Revision Form.
- (b) Applicant may Issue instructions to block the revised amount in the ASBA Account, to the Designated Branch through whom such Applicant had placed the original Application to enable the relevant SCSB to block the additional Application Amount, if any.

4.2.4 FIELDS 7: SIGNATURES AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Applicants may refer to instructions contained at paragraphs 4.1.8 and 4.1.9 for this purpose.

4.3 SUBMISSION OF REVISION FORM/ APPLICATION FORM

Applicants may submit completed application form / Revision Form in the following manner:-

Mode of Application	Submission of application Form
All Investors Application	To the Application Collecting Intermediaries

Section 5: Issue Procedure in Fixed Price Issue**5.1 Applicants may note that there is no Bid cum Application Form in a Fixed Price Issue.**

As the Issue Price is mentioned in the Fixed Price Issue therefore on filing of the prospectus with the RoC, the Application so submitted is considered as the application form. Applicants may only use the specified Application Form for the purpose of making an Application in terms of the prospectus which may be submitted through Designated Intermediary.

Applicants may submit an Application Form either in physical/ electronic form to Designated Intermediaries or the Designated Branches of the SCSBs authorizing blocking of funds that are available in the bank account specified in the Application Form only (“ASBA Account”). The Application Form is also made available on the websites of the Stock Exchanges at least one day prior to the Issue Opening Date.

In a fixed price Issue, allocation in the net offer to the public category is made as follows: minimum fifty per cent to Retail Individual Investors; and remaining to (i) individual investors other than Retail Individual Investors; and (ii) other Applicants including corporate bodies or institutions, irrespective of the number of specified securities applied for. The unsubscribed portion in either of the categories specified above may be allocated to the Applicants in the other category.

5.2 Grounds for technical rejections

Applicants are advised to note that the Applications are liable to be rejected, inter-alia, on the following technical grounds:-

- Amount paid does not tally with the amount payable for the Equity shares applied for;
- In case of partnership firms, Application for Equity Shares made in the name of the individual partners and no firm as such shall be entitled to apply.

- Application by persons not competent to contract under the Indian Contract Act, 1872, including minors, insane person.
- PAN not mentioned in the Application Form.
- GIR number furnished instead of PAN.
- Applications for lower number of Equity Shares than the minimum specified for that category of investors;
- Applications at a price other than the Fixed Price of the Issue;
- Applications for number of Equity Shares which are not in multiples of 10000;
- Category not ticked;
- Multiple Applications as defined in this prospectus as such, based on common PAN;
- In case of Applications under power of attorney or by limited companies, corporate, trust etc., relevant documents are not being submitted;
- Signature of sole Applicant is missing;
- Application Forms are not delivered by the Applicants within the time prescribed as per the Application Form, Issue Opening Date advertisement and prospectus as per the instructions in the prospectus and Application Forms;
- In case no corresponding record is available with the Depositories that matches the DP ID, the Client ID and the PAN;
- Applications for amounts greater than the maximum permissible amounts prescribed by the regulations;
- Applications by OCBs;
- Applications by US person other than in reliance on Regulations or “qualified institutional buyers” as defined in Rule 144A under the Securities Act;
- Application not duly signed by the sole applicant;
- Application by any person outside India if not in compliance with applicable foreign and Indian Laws;
- Application that do not comply with the securities laws of their respective jurisdictions are liable to be rejected.
- Applications by persons prohibited from buying, selling or dealing in the shares directly or indirectly by SEBI or any other regulatory authority;
- Application by person not eligible to acquire equity shares of the company in terms of all applicable laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, and approvals.
- Application or revision thereof by QIB Applicants, Non Institutional Applicants where the Application Amount is in excess of ₹. 200000 received after 3.00 pm on the issue closing date unless the extended time is permitted by BSE.
- Inadequate funds in the bank account to block the Application Amount specified in the Application Form/Application Form at the time of blocking such Application Amount in the bank account;
- Where no confirmation is received from SCSB for blocking of funds;
- Applications by Applicants not submitted through ASBA process;
- Applications not uploaded on the terminals of the Stock Exchanges; and
- Applications by SCSBs wherein a separate account in its own name held with any other SCSB is not mentioned as the ASBA Account in the Application Form.
- Details of ASBA Account not provided in the Application form

For details of instructions in relation to the Application Form, Applicants may refer to the relevant section of GID.

APPLICANT SHOULD NOTE THAT IN CASE THE PAN, THE DP ID AND CLIENT ID MENTIONED IN THE APPLICATION FORM AND ENTERED INTO THE ELECTRONIC APPLICATION SYSTEM OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE BY THE BROKERS DO NOT MATCH WITH PAN, THE DP ID AND CLIENT ID AVAILABLE IN THE DEPOSITORY DATABASE, THE APPLICATION FORM IS LIABLE TO BE REJECTED.

Section 6: Issue Procedure in Book Built Issue

This being Fixed Price Issue, this section is not applicable for this Issue.

Section 7: Allotment Procedure and Basis of Allotment

7.1 Basis of Allotment

Allotment will be made in consultation with BSE SME (The Designated Stock Exchange). In the event of oversubscription, the allotment will be made on a proportionate basis in marketable lots as set forth here:

- a) The total number of Shares to be allocated to each category as a whole shall be arrived at on a proportionate basis i.e. the total number of Shares applied for in that category multiplied by the inverse of the over subscription ratio (number of applicants in the category x number of Shares applied for).
- b) The number of Shares to be allocated to the successful applicants will be arrived at on a proportionate basis in marketable lots (i.e. Total number of Shares applied for into the inverse of the over subscription ratio).
- c) For applications where the proportionate allotment works out to less than 10,000 Equity Shares the allotment will be made as follows:
 - i. Each successful applicant shall be allotted 10,000 Equity Shares;
 - ii. The successful applicants out of the total applicants for that category shall be determined by the drawl of lots in such a manner that the total number of Shares allotted in that category is equal to the number of Shares worked out as per (2) above.
- d) If the proportionate allotment to an applicant works out to a number that is not a multiple of 10000 Equity Shares, the applicant would be allotted Shares by rounding off to the lower nearest multiple of 10000 Equity Shares subject to a minimum allotment of 10000 Equity Shares.
- e) If the Shares allotted on a proportionate basis to any category is more than the Shares allotted to the applicants in that category, the balance available Shares for allocation shall be first adjusted against any category, where the allotted Shares are not sufficient for proportionate allotment to the successful applicants in that category, the balance Shares, if any, remaining after such adjustment will be added to the category comprising of applicants applying for the minimum number of Shares. If as a result of the process of rounding off to the lower nearest multiple of 10000 Equity Shares, results in the actual allotment being higher than the shares offered, the final allotment may be higher at the sole discretion of the Board of Directors, upto 110% of the size of the offer specified under the Capital Structure mentioned in this prospectus.
- f) The above proportionate allotment of shares in an Issue that is oversubscribed shall be subject to the reservation for Retail Individual applicants as described below:
 - i. As per Regulation 43(4) of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, as the Retail Individual Investor category is entitled to more than fifty percent on proportionate basis, the retail individual investors shall be allocated that higher percentage.
 - ii. Remaining to Individual applicants other than retail individual investors and Other investors including corporate bodies or institutions, irrespective of the number of specified securities applied for;
 - iii. The unsubscribed portion in either of the categories specified in (a) or (b) above may be available for allocation to the applicants in the other category, if so required.

'Retail Individual Investor' means an investor who applies for shares of value of not more than Rs. 2,00,000. Investors may note that in case of over subscription allotment shall be on proportionate basis and will be finalized in consultation with SME Platform of BSE- SME.

The Executive Director / Managing Director of BSE - the Designated Stock Exchange in addition to Lead Manager and Registrar to the Public Issue shall be responsible to ensure that the basis of allotment is finalized in a fair and proper manner in accordance with the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, 2009.

As per the RBI regulations, OCBs are not permitted to participate in the Issue. There is no reservation for Non Residents, NRIs, FPIs and foreign venture capital funds and all Non Residents, NRI, FPI and Foreign Venture Capital Funds applicants will be treated on the same basis with other categories for the purpose of allocation.

7.2 DESIGNATED DATE AND ALLOTMENT OF EQUITY SHARES

- a) **Designated Date:** On the Designated Date, the SCSBs shall transfer the funds represented by allocation of Equity Shares into the Public Issue Account with the Bankers to the Issue.
- b) **Issuance of Allotment Advice:** Upon approval of the Basis of Allotment by the Designated Stock Exchange, the Registrar shall upload the same on its website. On the basis of the approved Basis of Allotment, the Issuer shall pass necessary corporate action to facilitate the Allotment and credit of Equity

Shares. Applicants **are advised to instruct their Depository Participant to accept the Equity Shares that may be allotted to them pursuant to the Issue.**

Pursuant to confirmation of such corporate actions, the Registrar will dispatch Allotment Advice to the Applicants who have been Allotted Equity Shares in the Issue.

- c) The dispatch of Allotment Advice shall be deemed a valid, binding and irrevocable contract.
- d) Issuer will ensure that: (i) the Allotment of Equity Shares; and (ii) initiate corporate action for credit of shares to the successful Applicants Depository Account will be completed within 5 Working Days of the Issue Closing Date. The Issuer also ensures the credit of shares to the successful Applicant's depository account is completed within 5 Working Days of the Issue Closing Date,

Section 8: Interest and Refunds

8.1 COMPLETION OF FORMALITIES FOR LISTING & COMMENCEMENT OF TRADING

The Issuer may ensure that all steps for the completion of the necessary formalities for listing and commencement of trading at all the Stock Exchanges are taken within 6 Working Days of the Issue Closing Date. The Registrar to the Issue may give instructions for credit to Equity Shares the beneficiary account with DPs, and dispatch the Allotment Advice within 6 Working Days of the Issue Closing Date.

8.2 GROUNDS FOR UNBLOCKING OF FUNDS

8.2.1 Non Receipt of Listing Permission

An Issuer makes an application to the Stock Exchange(s) for permission to deal in/list and for an official quotation of the Equity Shares. All the Stock Exchanges from where such permission is sought are disclosed in prospectus. The Designated Stock Exchange may be as disclosed in the prospectus with which the Basis of Allotment may be finalized.

If the permissions to deal in and for an official quotation of the Equity Shares are not granted by any of the Stock Exchange(s), the Issuer may forthwith initiate action to unblock the application amount from the Investors accounts.

If such money is not repaid within the eight days after the Issuer becomes liable to repay it, then the Issuer and every director of the Issuer who is an officer in default may, on and from such expiry of eight days, be liable to repay the money, with interest at such rate, as prescribed under Section 73 of Companies Act, and disclosed in the prospectus.

8.2.2 Minimum Subscription

This Issue is not restricted to any minimum subscription level. This Issue is 100% underwritten.

As per Section 39 of Companies Act, 2013 if the "stated minimum amount" has not been subscribed and the sum payable on application is not received within a period of 30 days from the date of the prospectus, the application money has to be returned within such period as may be prescribed. If our company does not receive the 100% subscription of the offer through the Offer Document including devolvement of underwriters, if any, within sixty (60) days from the date of closure of the issue, our company shall forthwith unblock the entire application amount received. If there is a delay beyond eighty days after our company becomes liable to pay the amount, our company and every officer in default will, on and from the expiry of this period be jointly and severally liable to repay the money, with interest or other penalty as prescribed under SEBI Regulations, the Companies Act, 2013.

The minimum number of allottees in this Issue shall be 50 shareholders. In case the minimum number of prospective allottees is less than 50 no allotment will be made pursuant to this Issue and the amounts in the ASBA Account shall be unblocked within 6 working days of closure of the issue.

Further in accordance with Regulation 106(Q) of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, our Company shall ensure that the minimum application size in terms of number of specified securities shall not be less than Rs.100000/- (Rupees One Lakh) per application.

The equity shares have not been and will not be registered, listed or otherwise qualified in any other jurisdiction outside India and may not be offered or sold, and applications may not be made by persons in any such jurisdiction, except in compliance without the applicable laws of such jurisdiction.

8.2.3 Minimum Number of Allottees

The Issuer may ensure that the number of prospective allottees to whom Equity Shares may be allotted may not be less than 50 failing which the entire application monies may be unblocked forthwith.

8.3 MODE OF UNBLOCKING OF FUNDS

Within 6 Working Days of the Issue Closing Date, the Registrar to the Issue may give instructions to SCSBs for unblocking the amount in ASBA Account on unsuccessful Application and also for any excess amount blocked on Application.

8.3.1 Mode of making refunds for Applicants

The Registrar to the Issue may instruct the controlling branch of the SCSB to unblock the funds in the relevant ASBA Account for any withdrawn, rejected or unsuccessful ASBA applications or in the event of withdrawal or failure of the Issue.

8.4 INTEREST IN CASE OF DELAY IN ALLOTMENT

The Issuer may pay interest at the rate of 15% per annum if demat credits are not made to Applicants or instructions for unblocking of funds in the ASBA Account are not dispatched within the 6 Working days of the Issue Closing Date.

The Issuer may pay interest at 15% per annum for any delay beyond 6 working days from the Issue Closing Date, if Allotment is not made.

Section 9: Glossary and Abbreviations

Unless the context otherwise indicates or implies, certain definitions and abbreviations used in this document may have the meaning as provided below. References to any legislation, act or regulation may be to such legislation, act or regulation as amended from time to time.

Term	Description
Allotment/ Allot/ Allotted	The allotment of Equity Shares pursuant to the Issue to successful Applicants
Allottee	An Applicant to whom the Equity Shares are Allotted
Allotment Advice	Note or advice or intimation of Allotment sent to the Applicants who have been allotted Equity Shares after the Basis of Allotment has been approved by the designated Stock Exchanges
Application	An indication to make an offer during the Issue Period by a prospective pursuant to submission of Application Form or during the Anchor Investor Issue Period by the Anchor Investors, to subscribe for or purchase the Equity Shares of the Issuer at a price including all revisions and modifications thereto.
Application Form	The form in terms of which the Applicant should make an application for Allotment in case of issues other than Book Built Issues, includes Fixed Price Issue
Application Supported by Blocked Amount/(ASBA)/ASBA	An application, whether physical or electronic, used by Applicants to make an application authorising an SCSB to block the Application Amount in the specified bank account maintained with such SCSB
ASBA Account	Account maintained with an SCSB which may be blocked by such SCSB to the extent of the Application Amount of the ASBA Applicant
ASBA Application	An Application made by an ASBA Applicant
Application Amount	The value indicated in Application Form and payable by the Applicant upon submission of the Application, less discounts (if applicable).
Banker(s) to the Issue/	The banks which are clearing members and registered with SEBI as Banker to the Issue with whom the Public Issue Account(s) may be opened, and as disclosed in the prospectus and Application Form of the Issuer
Basis of Allotment	The basis on which the Equity Shares may be Allotted to successful Applicants under the Issue
Bid	An indication to make an offer during the Issue Period by a prospective Applicant pursuant to submission of Application Form or during the Anchor Investor Issue Period by the Anchor Investors, to subscribe for or purchase the Equity Shares of the Issuer at a price within the Price Band, including all revisions and modifications thereto.

Term	Description
Business Day	Monday to Friday (except public holidays)
CAN/Confirmation of Allotment Note	The note or advice or intimation sent to each successful Applicant indicating the Equity Shares which may be Allotted, after approval of Basis of Allotment by the Designated Stock Exchange
Client ID	Client Identification Number maintained with one of the Depositories in relation to demat account
Companies Act	The Companies Act, 1956 and The Companies Act, 2013 (to the extant notified)
DP	Depository Participant
DP ID	Depository Participant's Identification Number
Depositories	National Securities Depository Limited and Central Depository Services (India) Limited
Demographic Details	Details of the Applicants including the Applicant's address, name of the Applicant's father/husband, investor status, occupation and bank account details
Designated Branches	Such branches of the SCSBs which may collect the Application Forms used by the ASBA Applicants applying through the ASBA and a list of which is available on http://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/home/list/5/33/0/0/Recognised-Intermediaries
Designated Date	The date on which the amounts blocked by the SCSBs are transferred from the ASBA Accounts, as the case may be, to the Public Issue Account, as appropriate, after the prospectus is filed with the RoC, following which the board of directors may Allot Equity Shares to successful Applicants in the Issue
Designated Stock Exchange	The designated stock exchange as disclosed in the prospectus/ prospectus of the Issuer
Discount	Discount to the Issue Price that may be provided to Applicants in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations, 2009.
prospectus	The prospectus filed with the Designated stock exchange in case of Fixed Price Issues and which may mention a price or a Price Band
Employees	Employees of an Issuer as defined under SEBI ICDR Regulations, 2009 and including, in case of a new company, persons in the permanent and full time employment of the promoting companies excluding the promoter and immediate relatives of the promoter. For further details /Applicant may refer to the prospectus
Equity Shares	Equity shares of the Issuer
FCNR Account	Foreign Currency Non-Resident Account
Applicant	The Applicant whose name appears first in the Application Form or Revision Form
FPI(s)	Foreign Portfolio Investor
Fixed Price Issue/ Fixed Price Process/Fixed Price Method	The Fixed Price process as provided under SEBI ICDR Regulations, 2009, in terms of which the Issue is being made
FPO	Further public offering
Foreign Venture Capital Investors or FVCIs	Foreign Venture Capital Investors as defined and registered with SEBI under the SEBI (Foreign Venture Capital Investors) Regulations, 2000
IPO	Initial public offering
Issue	Public Issue of Equity Shares of the Issuer including the Offer for Sale if applicable
Issuer/ Company	The Issuer proposing the initial public offering/further public offering as applicable
Issue Closing Date	The date after which the SCSBs may not accept any Application for the Issue, which may be notified in an English national daily, a Hindi national daily and a regional language newspaper at the place where the registered office of the Issuer is situated, each with wide circulation Applicants may refer to the prospectus for the Issue Closing Date

Term	Description
Issue Opening Date	The date on which the SCSBs may start accepting application for the Issue, which may be the date notified in an English national daily, a Hindi national daily and a regional language newspaper at the place where the registered office of the Issuer is situated, each with wide circulation. Applicants may refer to the prospectus for the Issue Opening Date
Issue Period	The period between the issue Opening Date and the Issue Closing Date inclusive of both days and during which prospective Applicants (can submit their application inclusive of any revisions thereof. The Issuer may consider closing the Issue Period for QIBs one working day prior to the Issue Closing Date in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations, 2009. Applicants may refer to the prospectus for the Issue Period
Issue Price	The final price, less discount (if applicable) at which the Equity Shares may be Allotted in terms of the prospectus. The Issue Price may be decided by the Issuer in consultation with the Lead Manager(s)
Lead Manager(s)/Lead Manager/ LM	The Lead Manager to the Issue as disclosed in the prospectus/prospectus and the Application Form of the Issuer.
Maximum RII Allottees	The maximum number of RIIs who can be allotted the minimum Application Lot. This is computed by dividing the total number of Equity Shares available for Allotment to RIIs by the minimum Application Lot.
MICR	Magnetic Ink Character Recognition - nine-digit code as appearing on a cheque leaf
Mutual Fund	A mutual fund registered with SEBI under the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996
NECS	National Electronic Clearing Service
NEFT	National Electronic Fund Transfer
NRE Account	Non-Resident External Account
NRI	NRIs from such jurisdictions outside India where it is not unlawful to make an offer or invitation under the Issue and in relation to whom the RHP/ prospectus constitutes an invitation to subscribe to or purchase the Equity Shares
NRO Account	Non-Resident Ordinary Account
Net Issue	The Issue less Market Maker Reservation Portion
Non-Institutional Investors or NIIs	All Applicants, including sub accounts of FPIs registered with SEBI which are foreign corporate or foreign individuals, that are not QIBs or RIBs and who have applied for Equity Shares for an amount of more than Rs. 2,00,000 (but not including NRIs other than Eligible NRIs)
Non Institutional Category	The portion of the Issue being such number of Equity Shares available for allocation to NIIs on a proportionate basis and as disclosed in the prospectus and the Application Form
Non Resident	A person resident outside India, as defined under FEMA and includes Eligible NRIs, FPIs registered with SEBI and FVCIs registered with SEBI
OCB/Overseas Corporate Body	A company, partnership, society or other corporate body owned directly or indirectly to the extent of at least 60% by NRIs including overseas trusts, in which not less than 60% of beneficial interest is irrevocably held by NRIs directly or indirectly and which was in existence on October 3, 2003 and immediately before such date had taken benefits under the general permission granted to OCBs under FEM
Offer for sale	Public offer of such number of Equity Shares as disclosed in the prospectus through an offer for sale by the Selling Shareholder
Other Investors	Investors other than Retail Individual Investors in a Fixed Price Issue. These include individual applicants other than retail individual investors and other investors including corporate bodies or institutions irrespective of the number of specified securities applied for.
PAN	Permanent Account Number allotted under the Income Tax Act, 1961
prospectus	The prospectus to be filed with the RoC in accordance with Section 60 of the Companies Act 1956 read with section 26 of Companies Act 2013, containing

Term	Description
	the Issue Price, the size of the Issue and certain other information
Public Issue Account	An account opened with the Banker to the Issue to receive monies from the ASBA Accounts on the Designated Date
QIB Category Qualified Institutional Buyers or QIBs	The portion of the Issue being such number of Equity Shares to be Allotted to QIBs on a proportionate basis As defined under SEBI ICDR Regulations, 2009
RTGS	Real Time Gross Settlement
Refunds through electronic transfer of funds	Refunds through ASBA
Registrar to the Issue/RTI	The Registrar to the Issue as disclosed in the prospectus / prospectus and Application Form
Reserved Category/ Categories	Categories of persons eligible for making application under reservation portion
Reservation Portion	The portion of the Issue reserved for category of eligible Applicants as provided under the SEBI ICDR Regulations, 2009
Retail Individual Investors / RIIs	Investors who applies or for a value of not more than Rs. 2,00,000.
Retail Individual Shareholders	Shareholders of a listed Issuer who applies for a value of not more than Rs. 2,00,000.
Retail Category	The portion of the Issue being such number of Equity Shares available for allocation to RIIs which shall not be less than the minimum lot, subject to availability in RII category and the remaining shares to be allotted on proportionate basis.
Revision Form	The form used by the Applicant in an issue to modify the quantity of Equity Shares in an Application Forms or any previous Revision Form(s)
ROC	The Registrar of Companies
SEBI	The Securities and Exchange Board of India constituted under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992
SEBI ICDR Regulations, 2009	The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009
Self Certified Syndicate Bank(s) or SCSB(s)	A bank registered with SEBI, which offers the facility of ASBA and a list of which is available on http://www.sebi.gov.in/cms/sebi_data/attachdocs/1316087201341.html
SME IPO	Initial public offering as chapter XB of SEBI (ICDR) Regulation
SME Issuer	The Company making the Issue under chapter XB of SEBI (ICDR) Regulation
Stock Exchanges/SE	The stock exchanges as disclosed in the prospectus/ prospectus of the Issuer where the Equity Shares Allotted pursuant to the Issue are proposed to be listed
Specified Locations	Refer to definition of Broker Centers
Underwriters	Lead Manager (s)
Underwriting Agreement	Underwriting Agreement entered between Company and Underwriters
Working Day	Working days shall be all trading days of stock exchanges excluding Sundays and bank holidays

SECTION IX: MAIN PROVISIONS OF ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

*Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these regulations shall bear the same meaning as in the Act or any statutory modification thereof in force at the date at which these regulations become binding on the company. The marginal notes hereto shall not affect the construction hereof and in those presents, unless there is something in the subject or context inconsistent therewith

Interpretation

1. (1) In these regulations—

- (a) “The Act” means the Companies Act, 2013,
- (b) “The seal” means the common seal of the company.
- (c) * “The Articles” means the Articles of Association or the same as may from time to time altered by special resolution.
- (d) *The “Company” means **SHREE KRISHNA INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED**.
- (e) *The “Directors” means the Directors of the Company.
- (f) *The “Managing Director” means the Managing Director appointed as such the Company.
- (g) * “The Secretary” means the Secretary appointed as such of the Company.
- (h) * “In Writing and Written” include printing, lithography or reproducing words in a visible form.

- (2)** Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these regulations shall bear the same meaning as in the Act or any statutory modification thereof in force at the date at which these regulations become binding on the company.

**Amended/Inserted in the extra ordinary general meeting dated 14/07/2018 vide resolution no.9*

Company Not To Purchase Its Own Shares

- 2.** *Save as permitted by Section 67 of the Act, the funds of the Company shall not be employed in the purchase of or lent on the security of shares, in the Company and the Company shall not give, directly or indirectly any financial assistance, whether by way of loan, guarantee the provision of security otherwise, any financial assistance for the purpose of, or in connection with, a purchase or subscription made or to be made, by any person of or for any shares in the Company or in its holding Company.

These Articles shall not be deemed to affect the power of the Company to enforce repayment of loans to members or to exercise a lien conferred by these Articles

Share capital and variation of rights

- 3.** The Authorized Share capital of the Company is as per Clause V of the memorandum of association of the company, with the power to increase or reduce the share capital of the company and to divide the shares in the capital for the time being into several classes and to attach thereto respectively such preferential , cumulative, convertible, preference, guaranteed, qualified, or special rights, privileges or conditions as may be determined by or in accordance with this Articles of Association of the company and to vary, modify amalgamate or abrogate such rights, privileges or conditions in such manner as may for the time being be provided by these Articles of Association.
- 4.** *Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the shares in the capital of the Company shall be under the control of the Directors who may issue, allot or otherwise dispose of the same or any of them to such persons, in such proportion and on such terms and conditions and either at a premium or at par and at such time as they may from time to time think fit. **Provided that option or right to call for Shares shall not be given to any person or persons without the sanction of the Company in the General Meeting.**
- 5.** *Subject to the provisions of section 55, any preference shares may, with the sanction of an ordinary resolution, be issued on the terms that they are to be redeemed on such terms and in such manner as the company before the issue of the shares may, by special resolution, determine.
- 6.** (i) Every person whose name is entered as a member in the register of members shall be entitled to receive within two months after incorporation, in case of subscribers to the memorandum or after allotment or within one month after the application for the registration of transfer or transmission or within such other period as the conditions of issue shall be

Provided,—

(a) One certificate for all his shares without payment of any charges; or

(b) Several certificates, each for one or more of his shares, upon payment of twenty rupees for each certificate after the first.

**Amended/Inserted in the extra ordinary general meeting dated 14/07/2018 vide resolution no.9*

(ii) ***The Company agrees to issue certificate within fifteen days of the date of lodgment of transfer, sub-division, consolidation, renewal, exchange or endorsement of calls/allotment monies or to issue within fifteen days of such lodgment for transfer, Pucca Transfer Receipts in denominations corresponding to the market units of trading autographically signed by a responsible official of the Company and bearing an endorsement that the transfer has been duly approved by the Directors or that no such approval is necessary;**

(iii) Every certificate shall be under the seal and shall specify the shares to which it relates and the amount paid-up thereon.

(iv) In respect of any share or shares held jointly by several persons, the company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate, and delivery of a certificate for a share to one of several joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all such holders.

7. (i) If any share certificate be worn out, defaced, mutilated or torn or if there be no further space on the back for endorsement of transfer, then upon production and surrender thereof to the company, a new certificate may be issued in lieu thereof, and if any certificate is lost or destroyed then upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the company and on execution of such indemnity as the company deem adequate, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given. Every certificate under this Article shall be issued on payment of twenty rupees for each certificate

(ii) The provisions of Articles (2) and (3) shall *mutatis mutandis* apply to debentures of the company.

8. Except as required by law, no person shall be recognized by the company as holding any share upon any trust, and the company shall not be bound by, or be compelled in any way to recognize (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share, or any interest in any fractional part of a share, or (except only as by these regulations or by law otherwise provided) any other rights in respect of any share except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the registered holder.

9. (i) The company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by sub-section (6) of section 40, provided that the rate per cent or the amount of the commission paid or agreed to be paid shall be disclosed in the manner required by that section and rule made there under.

(ii) The rate or amount of the commission shall not exceed the rate or amount prescribed in rules made under sub-section (6) of section 40.

(iii) The commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in the one way and partly in the other.

**Amended in the extra ordinary general meeting dated 14/07/2018 vide resolution no.9*

10. (i) If at any time the share capital is divided into different classes of shares, the rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) may, subject to the provisions of section 48, and whether or not the company is being wound up, be varied with the consent in writing of the holders of three-fourths of the issued shares of that class, or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a separate meeting of the holders of the shares of that class.

(ii) To every such separate meeting, the provisions of these regulations relating general meetings shall *mutatis mutandis* apply, but so that the necessary quorum shall be at least two persons holding at least one-third of the issued shares of the class in question.

11. The rights conferred upon the holders of the shares of any class issued with preferred or other rights shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further share ranking *pari passu* therewith.

12. Subject to the provisions of section 55, any preference shares may, with the sanction of an ordinary resolution, be issued on the terms that they are to be redeemed on such terms and in such manner as the company before the issue of the shares may, by special resolution, determine.
13. *Where at any time Company having Share Capital proposes to increase its subscribed capital by the issue of further Shares, such shares shall be offered:
- a. to persons who, at the date of the offer, are holders of equity shares of the company in proportion, as nearly as circumstances admit, to the paid-up share capital on those shares by sending a letter of offer subject to the following conditions, namely:—
 - i. the offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares offered and limiting a time not being less than fifteen days and not exceeding thirty days from the date of the offer within which the offer, if not accepted, shall be deemed to have been declined unless the articles of the company otherwise provide, the offer aforesaid shall be deemed to include a right exercisable by the person concerned to renounce the shares offered to him or any of them in favour of any other person; and the notice referred to in clause (i) shall contain a statement of this right;
 - ii. after the expiry of the time specified in the notice aforesaid, or on receipt of earlier intimation from the person to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the Board of Directors may dispose of them in such manner which is not dis-advantageous to the shareholders and the company;

**Amended in the extra ordinary general meeting dated 14/07/2018 vide resolution no.9*

- b. to employees under a scheme of employees' stock option, subject to special resolution passed by company and subject to such other conditions as may be prescribed under the relevant rules of Section 62.
- c. to any persons, if it is authorized by a special resolution, whether or not those persons include the persons referred to in clause (a) or clause (b), either for cash or for a consideration other than cash, if the price of such shares is determined by the valuation report of a registered valuer subject to such conditions as may be prescribed under the relevant rules of Section 62.
- d. The notice shall be dispatched through registered post or speed post or through electronic mode to all the existing shareholders at least three days before the opening of the issue.
- e. Nothing in this Article shall apply to the increase of the subscribed capital of company caused by the exercise of an option as a term attached to the debentures issued or loan raised by the company to convert such debentures or loans into shares in the company:

Provided that the terms of issue of such debentures or loan containing such an option have been approved, before the issue of such debentures or the raising of loan, by a special resolution passed by the company in general meeting.

Lien

14. (i) The company shall have a first and paramount lien—
- (a) On every share (not being a fully paid share), for all monies (whether presently payable or not) called, or payable at a fixed time, in respect of that share; and *Every fully paid shares shall be free from all lien and that in the case of partly paid shares the Issuer's lien shall be restricted to moneys called or payable at fixed time in respect of such shares; and
 - (b) on all shares (not being fully paid shares) standing registered in the name of a single person, for all monies presently payable by him or his estate to the company:

Provided that the Board of directors may at any time declare any share to wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this clause.

- (ii) The company's lien, if any, on a share shall extend to all dividend bonuses declared from time to time in respect of such shares.

15. The company may sell, in such manner as the Board thinks fit, any shares on which the company has a lien:

**Amended in the extra ordinary general meeting dated 14/07/2018 vide resolution no.9*

Provided that no sale shall be made—

- (a) Unless a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable; or
 - (b) until the expiration of fourteen days after a notice in writing stating and demanding payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable, has been given to the registered holder for the time being of the share or the person entitled thereto by reason of his death or insolvency.
16. (i) To give effect to any such sale, the Board may authorize some person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser thereof.
- (ii) The purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the shares comprised in any such transfer.
- (iii) The purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the sale.
17. (i) The proceeds of the sale shall be received by the company and applied in payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable.
- (ii) The residue, if any, shall, subject to a like lien for sums not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale, be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale.

Calls on shares

18. (i) The Board may, from time to time, make calls upon the members in respect of any monies unpaid on their shares (whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or by way of premium) and not by the conditions of allotment thereof made payable at fixed times:

Provided that no call shall exceed one-fourth of the nominal value of the share or be payable at less than one month from the date fixed for the payment of the last preceding call

- (ii) Each member shall, subject to receiving at least fourteen days' notice specifying the time or times and place of payment, pay to the company, at the time or times and place so specified, the amount called on his shares.
 - (iii) A call may be revoked or postponed at the discretion of the Board
19. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Board authorizing the call was passed and may be required to be paid by installments.
20. The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof.
21. (i) If a sum called in respect of a share is not paid before or on the day appointed for payment thereof, the person from whom the sum is due shall pay interest thereon from the day appointed for payment thereof to the time of actual payment at ten per cent per annum or at such lower rate, if any, as the Board may determine.
- (ii) The Board shall be at liberty to waive payment of any such interest wholly or in part.
22. (i) Any sum which by the terms of issue of a share becomes payable on allotment or at any fixed date, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, shall, for the purposes of these regulations, be deemed to be a call duly made and payable on the date on which by the terms of issue such sum becomes payable.
- (ii) In case of non-payment of such sum, all the relevant provisions of these regulations as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture or otherwise shall apply as if such sum had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

23. The Board—

(a) may, if it thinks fit, receive from any member willing to advance the same, all or any part of the monies uncalled and unpaid upon any shares held by him; and

(b) upon all or any of the monies so advanced, may (until the same would, but for such advance, become presently payable) pay interest at such rate not exceeding, unless the company in general meeting shall otherwise direct, twelve per cent per annum, as may be agreed upon between the Board and the member paying the sum in advance.

*Nothing contained in this clause shall confer on the member (a) any right to participate in profits or dividends; or (b) any voting rights in respect of the moneys so paid by him until the same would, but for such payment, become presently payable by him.

Transfer of shares

24. (i) The instrument of transfer of any share in the company shall be executed by or on behalf of both the transferor and transferee.

(ii) The transferor shall be deemed to remain a holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register of members in respect thereof.

**Amended in the extra ordinary general meeting dated 14/07/2018 vide resolution no.9*

25. The Board may, subject to the right of appeal conferred by section 58 declines to register—

- (a) The transfer of a share, not being a fully paid share, to a person of whom they do not approve;
- (b) Any transfer of shares on which the company has a lien.

26. The Board may decline to recognize any instrument of transfer unless—

- (a) The instrument of transfer is in the form as prescribed in rules made under sub-section (1) of section 56;
- (b) The instrument of transfer is accompanied by the certificate of the shares to which it relates, and such other evidence as the Board may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer;
- (c) The instrument of transfer is in respect of only one class of shares.
- (d) ***Provided That the registration of a transfer shall not be refused on the ground of the transferor being either alone or jointly with any other person or persons indebted to the Company on any account whatsoever except where the Company has a lien on Shares.**
- (e) ***The common form of transfer shall be used by the Company.**

27. On giving not less than seven days' previous notice in accordance with section 91 and rules made thereunder, the registration of transfers may be suspended at such times and for such periods as the Board may from time to time determine:

Provided that such registration shall not be suspended for more than thirty days at any one time or for more than forty-five days in the aggregate in any year

28. Shares may also, at the discretion of the Directors be registered in the name of minor provided the said shares are fully paid up.

29. **No fees shall be changed for the registration of any transfer, grant of probate or letters of administration, certificates of death or marriage, power of attorney or other instrument.**

**Amended in the extra ordinary general meeting dated 14/07/2018 vide resolution no.9*

Transmission of shares

30. (i) On the death of a member, the survivor or survivors where the member was a joint holder, and his nominee or nominees or legal representatives where he was a shareholder, shall be the only persons recognized by the company as having any title to his interest in the shares.

(ii) Nothing in clause (i) shall release the estate of a deceased joint holder from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by him with other persons.

31. (i) Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or insolvency of a member may, upon such evidence being produced as may from time to time properly be required by the Board and subject as hereinafter provided, elect, either—
- (a) To be registered himself as holder of the share; or
- (b) To make such transfer of the share as the deceased or insolvent member could have made.
- (ii) The Board shall, in either case, have the same right to decline or suspend registration as it would have had, if the deceased or insolvent member had transferred the share before his death or insolvency.
32. (i) If the person so becoming entitled shall elect to be registered as holder of the share himself, he shall deliver or send to the company a notice in writing signed by him stating that he so elects.
- (ii) If the person aforesaid shall elect to transfer the share, he shall testify his election by executing a transfer of the share.
- (iii) All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these regulations relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfers of shares shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death or insolvency of the member had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer signed by that member.
33. A person becoming entitled to a share by reason of the death or insolvency of the holder shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the share, except that he shall not, before being registered as a member in respect of the share, be entitled in respect of it to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the company:

Provided that the Board may, at any time, give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer the share, and if the notice is not complied with within ninety days, the Board may thereafter withhold payment of all dividends, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of the share, until the requirements of the notice have complied with.

Forfeiture of shares

34. If a member fails to pay any call, or installment of a call, on the day appointed for payment thereof, the Board may, at any time thereafter during such time as any part of the call or installment remains unpaid, serve a notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or installment as is unpaid, together with any interest which may have accrued.
35. The notice aforesaid shall—
- (a) Name a further day (not being earlier than the expiry of fourteen days from the date of service of the notice) on or before which the payment required by the notice is to be made; and
- (b) State that, in the event of non-payment on or before the day so named, the shares in respect of which the call was made shall be liable to be forfeited.
36. If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which the notice has been given may, at any time thereafter, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect
37. (i) A forfeited share may be sold or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the Board thinks fit.
- (ii) At any time before a sale or disposal as aforesaid, the Board may cancel the forfeiture on such terms as it thinks fit.
38. (i) A person whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of the forfeited shares, but shall, notwithstanding the forfeiture, remain liable to pay to the company all monies which, at the date of forfeiture, were presently payable by him to the company in respect of the shares.
- (ii) The liability of such person shall cease if and when the company shall have received payment in full of all such monies in respect of the shares.

39. (i) A duly verified declaration in writing that the declarant is a , the manager or the secretary, of the company, and that a share in the company has been duly forfeited on a date stated in the declaration, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share;
- (ii) The company may receive the consideration, if any, given for the share on any sale or disposal thereof and may execute a transfer of the share in favour of the person to whom the share is sold or disposed of;
- (iii) The transferee shall thereupon be registered as the holder of the share; and
- (iv) The transferee shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale or disposal of the share.
40. The provisions of these regulations as to forfeiture shall apply in the case of nonpayment of any sum which, by the terms of issue of a share, becomes payable at a fixed time, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, as if the same had been payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

Alteration of capital

41. The company may, from time to time, by ordinary resolution increase the share capital by such sum, to be divided into shares of such amount, as may be specified in the resolution.
42. Subject to the provisions of section 61, the company may, by ordinary resolution,—
- (a) Consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares;
- (b) Convert all or any of its fully paid-up shares into stock, and reconvert that stock into fully paid-up shares of any denomination;
- (c) Sub-divide its existing shares or any of them into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the memorandum;
- (d) Cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person.
43. Where shares are converted into stock,—
- (a) the holders of stock may transfer the same or any part thereof in the same manner as, and subject to the same regulations under which, the shares from which the stock arose might before the conversion have been transferred, or as near thereto as circumstances admit:
- Provided that the Board may, from time to time, fix the minimum amount of stock transferable, so, however, that such minimum shall not exceed the nominal amount of the shares from which the stock arose.
- (b) the holders of stock shall, according to the amount of stock held by them, have the same rights, privileges and advantages as regards dividends, voting at meetings of the company, and other matters, as if they held the shares from which the stock arose; but no such privilege or advantage (except participation in the dividends and profits of the company and in the assets on winding up) shall be conferred by an amount of stock which would not, if existing in shares, have conferred that privilege or advantage.
- (c) Such of the regulations of the company as are applicable to paid-up shares shall apply to stock and the words “share” and “shareholder” in those regulations shall include “stock” and “stock-holder” respectively.
44. The company may, by special resolution, reduce in any manner and with, and subject to, any incident authorized and consent required by law,—
- (a) Its share capital;
- (b) Any capital redemption reserve account; or
- (c) Any share premium account.

Capitalization of profits

45. (i) The company in general meeting may, upon the recommendation of the Board, resolve—
- (a) that it is desirable to capitalize any part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of any of the company's reserve accounts, or to the credit of the profit and loss account, or otherwise available for distribution; and
 - (b) That such sum be accordingly set free for distribution in the manner specified in clause (ii) amongst the members who would have been entitled thereto, if distributed by way of dividend in the same proportions.
- (ii) The sum aforesaid shall not be paid in cash but shall be applied, subject to the provision contained in clause (iii), either in or towards—
- (A) paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares held by such members respectively;
 - (B) paying up in full, unissued shares of the company to be allotted and distributed, credited as fully paid-up, to and amongst such members in the proportions aforesaid;
 - (C) Partly in the way specified in sub-clause (A) and partly in that specified in sub-clause (B);
 - (D) A securities premium account and a capital redemption reserve account may, for the purposes of this regulation, be applied in the paying up of unissued shares to be issued to members of the company as fully paid bonus shares;
 - (E) The Board shall give effect to the resolution passed by the company in pursuance of this regulation.
46. (i) Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed, the Board shall—
- (a) Make all appropriations and applications of the undivided profits resolved to be capitalized thereby, and all allotments and issues of fully paid shares if any; and
 - (b) Generally do all acts and things required to give effect thereto.
- (ii) The Board shall have power—
- (a) To make such provisions, by the issue of fractional certificates or by payment in cash or otherwise as it thinks fit, for the case of shares becoming distributable in fractions; and
 - (b) to authorize any person to enter, on behalf of all the members entitled thereto, into an agreement with the company providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid-up, of any further shares to which they may be entitled upon such capitalisation, or as the case may require, for the payment by the company on their behalf, by the application thereto of their respective proportions of profits resolved to be capitalised, of the amount or any part of the amounts remaining unpaid on their existing shares;
- (iii) Any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on such members.
- (iv) ***Capital paid-up in advance of calls on any share may carry interest but shall not in respect thereof confer a right to dividend or to participate in profits.**

**Amended in the Extra ordinary General Meeting dated 14/07/2018 vide resolution no.9*

Buy-back of shares

47. Notwithstanding anything contained in these articles but subject to the provisions of sections 68 to 70 and any other applicable provision of the Act or any other law for the time being in force, the company may purchase its own shares or other specified securities.

General meetings

48. All general meetings other than annual general meeting shall be called extraordinary general meeting.
49. (i) The Board may, whenever it thinks fit, call an extraordinary general meeting.
- (ii) If at any time directors capable of acting who are sufficient in number to form a quorum are not within India, any director or any two members of the company may call an extraordinary general meeting in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which such a meeting may be called by the Board.

Proceedings at general meetings

50. (i) No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum of members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business.
- (ii) Save as otherwise provided herein, the quorum for the general meetings shall be as provided in section 103.
51. The chairperson, if any, of the Board shall preside as Chairperson at every general meeting of the company.
52. If there is no such Chairperson, or if he is not present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, or is unwilling to act as chairperson of the meeting, the directors present shall elect one of their members to be Chairperson of the meeting.
53. If at any meeting no director is willing to act as Chairperson or if no director is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present shall choose one of their members to be Chairperson of the meeting.

Adjournment of meeting

54. (i) The Chairperson may, with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present, and shall, if so directed by the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place.
- (ii) No business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.
- (iii) When a meeting is adjourned for thirty days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of an original meeting.
- (iv) Save as aforesaid, and as provided in section 103 of the Act, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.

Voting rights

55. Subject to any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares,—
- (a) On a show of hands, every member present in person shall have one vote; and
- (b) On a poll, the voting rights of members shall be in proportion to his share in the paid-up equity share capital of the company.
56. A member may exercise his vote at a meeting by electronic means in accordance with section 108 and shall vote only once.
57. (i) In the case of joint holders, the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders.
- (ii) For this purpose, seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the register of members.

58. A member of unsound mind, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee or other legal guardian, and any such committee or guardian may, on a poll, vote by proxy.
59. Any business other than that upon which a poll has been demanded may be preceded with, pending the taking of the poll.
60. No member shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting unless all calls or other sums presently payable by him in respect of shares in the company have been paid.
61. (i) No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is given or tendered, and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes.
- (ii) Any such objection made in due time shall be referred to the Chairperson of the meeting, whose decision shall be final and conclusive.

Proxy

62. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power-of-attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarized copy of that power or authority, shall be deposited at the registered office of the company not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, or, in the case of a poll, not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll; and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.
63. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the form as prescribed in the rules made under section 105.
64. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid, notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the principal or the revocation of the proxy or of the authority under which the proxy was executed, or the transfer of the shares in respect of which the proxy is given:

Provided that no intimation in writing of such death, insanity, revocation or transfer shall have been received by the company at its office before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.

Board of Directors

65. The number of the directors shall not be less than 3 (Three) or more than 15 (Fifteen). Provided that a company may appoint more than fifteen directors after passing a special resolution

The number of the directors and the names of the first directors shall be determined in writing by the subscribers of the memorandum or a majority of them. Following will be the First Director of the Company

- 1) Rajiv R. Kotia
- 2) Dhaval Kotia
- 3) Janak Kotia

Additional Directors

The Directors shall also have power at any time and from time to time to appoint any other qualified person to be a director, as an addition to the board but so that the total number of directors shall not at any time exceed maximum fixed above. Any person so appointed as an addition to the Board shall retain his office only upto the date of the next Annual General meeting or last date on which annual general meeting should have been held, whichever is earlier.

Casual Vacancy

Any casual vacancy occurring on the board of directors may be filled up by the directors.

Appointment of Alternate Director

The Board may appoint in the manner provided in section 161 of the act, an Alternate Director to act for a Director during his absence for a period of not less than three months, from the state in which meetings of the board are ordinarily held.

Debenture Director

The Board of Directors may empower debenture –holders or any finance or credit corporation or any collaborator or central or any State government to appoint one or more Directors and Managing Directors of the company, but so that the number of such Directors and Managing Directors shall not exceed in the aggregate 1/3rd of the total number of Directors for the time being in force. Such Directors shall not be liable to retire by rotation.

- 66.** (i) The remuneration of the directors shall, in so far as it consists of a monthly payment, be deemed to accrue from day-to-day.
- (ii) In addition to the remuneration payable to them in pursuance of the Act, the directors may be paid all travelling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them—
- (a) in attending and returning from meetings of the Board of Directors or any committee thereof or general meetings of the company; or
- (b) In connection with the business of the company.
- 67.** The Board may pay all expenses incurred in getting up and registering the company.
- 68.** The company may exercise the powers conferred on it by section 88 with regard to the keeping of a foreign register; and the Board may (subject to the provisions of that (section) make and vary such regulations as it may thinks fit respecting the keeping of any such register.
- 69.** All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, *hundis*, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts for monies paid to the company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed, or otherwise executed, as the case may be, by such person and in such manner as the Board shall from time to time by resolution determine.
- 70.** Every director present at any meeting of the Board or of a committee thereof shall sign his name in a book to be kept for that purpose.
- 71.** (i) Subject to the provisions of section 149, the Board shall have power at any time, and from time to time, to appoint a person as an additional director, provided the number of the directors and additional directors together shall not at any time exceed the maximum strength fixed for the Board by the articles.
- (ii) Such person shall hold office only up to the date of the next annual general meeting of the company but shall be eligible for appointment by the company as a director at that meeting subject to the provisions of the Act.

Proceedings of the Board

- 72.** (i) The Board of Directors may meet for the conduct of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate its meetings, as it thinks fit.
- (ii) A director may, and the manager or secretary on the requisition of a director shall, at any time, summon a meeting of the Board.
- 73.** (i) Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act, questions arising at any meeting of the Board shall be decided by a majority of votes.
- (ii) In case of an equality of votes, the Chairperson of the Board, if any, shall have a second or casting vote.
- 74.** The continuing directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board; but, if and so long as their number is reduced below the quorum fixed by the Act for a meeting of the Board, the continuing directors or director may act for the purpose of increasing the number of directors to that fixed for the quorum, or of summoning a general meeting of the company, but for no other purpose.
- 75.** (i) The Board may elect a Chairperson of its meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office.
- (ii) If no such Chairperson is elected, or if at any meeting the Chairperson is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the directors present may choose one of their numbers to be Chairperson of the meeting.
- 76.** (i) The Board may, subject to the provisions of the Act, delegate any of its powers to committees consisting of such member or members of its body as it thinks fit.

(ii) Any committee so formed shall, in the exercise of the powers so delegated, conform to any regulations that may be imposed on it by the Board.

77. (i) A committee may elect a Chairperson of its meetings.

(ii) If no such Chairperson is elected, or if at any meeting the Chairperson is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present may choose one of their members to be Chairperson of the meeting.

78. (i) A committee may meet and adjourn as it thinks fit.

(ii) Questions arising at any meeting of a committee shall be determined by a majority of votes of the members present, and in case of an equality of votes, the Chairperson shall have a second or casting vote.

79. All acts done in any meeting of the Board or of a committee thereof or by any person acting as a director, shall, notwithstanding that it may be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any one or more of such directors or of any person acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such director or such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a director.

80. Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act, a resolution in writing, signed by all the members of the Board or of a committee thereof, for the time being entitled to receive notice of a meeting of the Board or committee, shall be valid and effective as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Board or committee, duly convened and held.

Chief Executive Officer, Manager, Company Secretary or Chief Financial Officer

81. Subject to the provisions of the Act,—

(i) A chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer may be appointed by the Board for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as it may think fit; and any chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer so appointed may be removed by means of a resolution of the Board;

(ii) A director may be appointed as chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer.

82. A provision of the Act or these regulations requiring or authorizing a thing to be done by or to a director and chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as director and as, or in place of, chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer.

83. Managing Director/s not liable to retire by rotation

A Managing Director shall not while he continues to hold that office, be subject to retirement by rotation and he shall not be reckoned as a director for the purpose of determining the rotation of retirement of directors or in fixing the number of directors to retire but he shall be subject to the same provisions as to resignation and removal as the other Directors of the company and he shall, ipso facto and immediately, cease to be a managing director if he cease to hold the office of director from any cause.

84. Remuneration of Managing Director/s

The Remuneration of Managing Director, shall subject to the provisions of any contract between him and the company from time to time, be fixed by the directors in accordance with and within the limits prescribed by law and may be by way of fixed salary and/or commission on profit of the company and he may be paid any gratuity, pension or allowance on retirement and may be given benefit of any provident fund or bonus or allowance or any perquisites or benefits.

85. Powers of Managing Director/s

The Director may from time to time entrust to and confer upon the Managing Director or the Managing Directors for the time being such of the powers exercisable by them as they may think fit and confer such powers for such time and to be exercised for such objects and purposes and upon such terms and conditions and with such

restrictions as they think expedient and they confer such powers either collaterally with, or to the exclusion of and in substitution for all or any of the powers of the directors in that behalf and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers.

86. Compensation for loss of office

Payment may be made by the company to the Managing Director or Whole Time Director by way of compensation for loss of office or as consideration for retirement from office or in connection with such loss or retirement only as permitted by sections 202 of Companies Act, 2013 or other relevant provisions of law for the time being in force.

87. Re –appointment of Managing Director/s

The board of Directors of the Company may subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and from time to time re-appoint, re-employ, or extend the term of office of all or any of the managing Directors for a period not exceeding five years on one occasion.

MINUTES

88. *The Board shall, in accordance with the provisions of Section 118 of the Act, cause minutes of the proceedings of every general meeting of any class of shareholders or creditors, and every resolution passed by postal ballot and every meeting of its Board of Directors or of every committee of the Board, to be prepared and signed in such manner as may be prescribed and kept within thirty days of the conclusion of every such meeting concerned, or passing of resolution by postal ballot in **books kept for that purpose with their pages consecutively numbered.**

89. *Any such minutes or any meeting of the Board or of any committee of the Board or of the Company in general meeting. If kept in accordance with the provisions of Section 118 of the Act, shall be evidence of the matters stated in such minutes. The minute books of general meetings of the Company shall be kept at the office and shall be open to inspection by members during the hours of 10.00 A.M. and 12.00 Noon on such business days as the Act requires them to be open for inspection.

POWER OF THE BOARD

90. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the control of the Company shall be vested in the Board who shall be entitled to exercise all such powers, and to do all such act and things as the Company is authorised to exercise and do Provided that the Board shall not exercise any power or do any act or thing which is directed or required, whether by the Act or any other statute or by the Memorandum of the Company or by these Articles or otherwise, to be exercised or done by the Company in general meeting. Provided further that in exercising any such power or doing any such act or thing, the Board shall be subject to the provisions in that behalf contained in the Act or any other statute or in the Memorandum of the Company or in these Articles or in any regulations not inconsistent therewith and duly made thereunder including regulation made by the Company in general meeting, but no regulation made by the Company in general meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if that regulation had not been made.

**Amended in the extra ordinary general meeting dated 14/07/2018 vide resolution no.9*

Secretary

91. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Board may appoint Secretary of the Company on such terms and conditions as it may think fit and may remove any Secretary so appointed and may fill up the vacancy in the office of Secretary. The Secretary shall exercise such powers and carry out such duties as the Board may from time to time determine.

The Seal

92. (i) The Board shall provide for the safe custody of the seal.

(ii) The seal of the company shall not be affixed to any instrument except by the authority of a resolution of the Board or of a committee of the Board authorized by it in that behalf, and except in the presence of at least two directors and of the secretary or such other person as the Board may appoint for the purpose; and those two directors and the secretary or other person aforesaid shall sign every instrument to which the seal of the company is so affixed in their presence.

Dividends and Reserve

93. The company in general meeting may declare dividends, but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board.
94. Subject to the provisions of section 123, the Board may from time to time pay to the members such interim dividends as appear to it to be justified by the profits of the company.
95. (i) The Board may, before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the company such sums as it thinks fit as a reserve or reserves which shall, at the discretion of the Board, be applicable for any purpose to which the profits of the company may be properly applied, including provision for meeting contingencies or for equalizing dividends; and pending such application, may, at the like discretion, either be employed in the business of the company or be invested in such investments (other than shares of the company) as the Board may, from time to time, thinks fit.
- (ii) The Board may also carry forward any profits which it may consider necessary not to divide, without setting them aside as a reserve.
96. (i) Subject to the rights of persons, if any, entitled to shares with special rights as to dividends, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares in respect whereof the dividend is paid, but if and so long as nothing is paid upon any of the shares in the company, dividends may be declared and paid according to the amounts of the shares.
- (ii) No amount paid or credited as paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated for the purposes of this regulation as paid on the share.
- (iii) All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid; but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date such share shall rank for dividend accordingly.
97. The Board may deduct from any dividend payable to any member all sums of money, if any, presently payable by him to the company on account of calls or otherwise in relation to the shares of the company.
98. (i) Any dividend, interest or other monies payable in cash in respect of shares maybe paid by cheque or warrant sent through the post directed to the registered address of the holder or, in the case of joint holders, to the registered address of that one of the joint holders who is first named on the register of members, or to such person and to such address as the holder or joint holders may in writing direct.
- (ii) Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent.
99. Any one of two or more joint holders of a share may give effective receipts for any dividends, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of such share.
100. Notice of any dividend that may have been declared shall be given to the persons entitled to share therein in the manner mentioned in the Act.
101. No dividend shall bear interest against the company.
102. *No unclaimed or unpaid dividend shall be forfeited by the Board before the claim becomes barred by law and that such forfeiture, when effected, will be annulled in appropriate cases

Accounts

103. (i) The Board shall from time to time determine whether and to what extent and at what times and places and under what conditions or regulations, the accounts and books of the company, or any of them, shall be open to the inspection of members not being directors.

**Amended in the extra ordinary general meeting dated 14/07/2018 vide resolution no.9*

(ii) No member (not being a director) shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the company except as conferred by law or authorized by the Board or by the company in general meeting.

Inspection

- 104.** * The books of account and other books and papers shall be open to inspection by any Director during the business hours.
- 105.** *The board shall from time to time, determine whether and to what extent and at what times and places, and under what conditions or regulations, the books of account and books and documents of the Company, shall be open to the inspection for the members not being Director, provide that no member (not being a Director) shall have any right of inspecting any books of account or book or document of the Company except as conferred by law.
- 106.** *Subject to the provisions of Section 128 of the Act, where under any provision of the Act any person, whether a member of the Company or not, is entitled to inspect any register, return, certificate, deed, instrument or document required to be kept or maintained by the company, the person so entitled to inspection shall, on his giving to the company not less than twenty four hours previous notice in writing of his intention specifying which register, etc. he intends to inspect be permitted to inspect the same between the hours of 10.00 A.M. and 12.00 Noon on such business day as the Act requires them to be opened for inspection.

Winding up

- 107.** Subject to the provisions of Chapter XX of the Act and rules made thereunder—
- (i) If the company shall be wound up, the liquidator may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the company and any other sanction required by the Act, divide amongst the members, in specie or kind, the whole or any part of the assets of the company, whether they shall consist of property of the same kind or not.
- (ii) For the purpose aforesaid, the liquidator may set such value as he deems fair upon any property to be divided as aforesaid and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members.
- (iii) The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of such assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories if he considers necessary, but so that no member shall be compelled to accept any shares or other securities whereon there is any liability.

**Amended in the extra ordinary general meeting dated 14/07/2018 vide resolution no.9*

Indemnity

- 108.** Every officer of the company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the company against any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or in which relief is granted to him by the court or the Tribunal.

Borrowing Powers

109. Borrowing Power of the Board

As per section 179, the Board of Directors of a company shall be entitled to exercise all such powers, and to do all such acts and things, as the company is authorized to exercise and do:

Provided that in exercising such power or doing such act or thing, the Board shall be subject to the provisions contained in that behalf in this Act, or in the memorandum or articles, or in any regulations not inconsistent therewith and duly made thereunder, including regulations made by the company in general meeting:

Provided further that

(1) the Board shall not exercise any power or do any act or thing which is directed or required, whether under this Act or by the memorandum or articles of the company or otherwise, to be exercised or done by the company in general meeting.

(2) No regulation made by the company in general meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if that regulation had not been made.

(3) The Board of Directors of a company shall exercise the following powers on behalf of the company by means of resolutions passed at meetings of the Board, namely:—

- (a) to make calls on shareholders in respect of money unpaid on their shares;
- (b) to authorise buy-back of securities under section 68;
- (c) to issue securities, including debentures, whether in or outside India;
- (d) to borrow monies;
- (e) to invest the funds of the company;
- (f) to grant loans or give guarantee or provide security in respect of loans;
- (g) to approve financial statement and the Board's report;
- (h) to diversify the business of the company;
- (i) to approve amalgamation, merger or reconstruction;
- (j) to take over a company or acquire a controlling or substantial stake in another company;
- (k) any other matter which may be prescribed:

Provided that the Board may, by a resolution passed at a meeting, delegate to any Committee of directors, the managing director, the manager or any other principal officer of the company or in the case of a branch office of the company, the principal officer of the branch office, the powers specified in clauses (d) to (f) on such conditions as it may specify:

Provided further that the acceptance by a banking company in the ordinary course of its business of deposits of money from the public repayable on demand or otherwise and withdraw able by cheque, , order or otherwise, or the placing of monies on deposit by a banking company with another banking company on such conditions as the Board may prescribe, shall not be deemed to be a borrowing of monies or, as the case may be, a making of loans by a banking company within the meaning of this section.

110. Restrictions on powers of Board

(1) The Board of Directors of a company shall exercise the following powers only with the consent of the company by a special resolution, namely:—

(a) to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the whole or substantially the whole of the undertaking of the company or where the company owns more than one undertaking, of the whole or substantially the whole of any of such undertakings.

(b) to invest otherwise in trust securities the amount of compensation received by it as a result of any merger or amalgamation;

(c) to borrow money, where the money to be borrowed, together with the money already borrowed by the company will exceed aggregate of its paid-up share capital and free reserves, apart from temporary loans obtained from the company's bankers in the ordinary course of business:

Provided that the acceptance by a banking company, in the ordinary course of its business, of deposits of money from the public, repayable on demand or otherwise, and withdraw able by cheque, , order or otherwise, shall not be deemed to be a borrowing of monies by the banking company within the meaning of this clause.

(d) to remit, or give time for the repayment of, any debt due from a director.

(2) Every special resolution passed by the company in general meeting in relation to the exercise of the powers referred to in clause (c) of sub-section (1) shall specify the total amount up to which monies may be borrowed by the Board of Directors.

(3) Nothing contained in clause (a) of sub-section (1) shall affect—

(a) the title of a buyer or other person who buys or takes on lease any property, investment or undertaking as is referred to in that clause, in good faith; or

(b) the sale or lease of any property of the company where the ordinary business of the company consists of, or comprises, such selling or leasing.

(4) Any special resolution passed by the company consenting to the transaction as is referred to in clause (a) of sub-section (1) may stipulate such conditions as may be specified in such resolution, including conditions regarding the use, disposal or investment of the sale proceeds which may result from the transactions:

Provided that this sub-section shall not be deemed to authorize the company to effect any reduction in its capital except in accordance with the provisions contained in this Act.

(5) No debt incurred by the company in excess of the limit imposed by clause (c) of sub-section (1) shall be valid or effectual, unless the lender proves that he advanced the loan in good faith and without knowledge that the limit imposed by that clause had been exceeded.

We, the several persons, whose names and addresses are subscribed, here to are desirous of being formed in to a Company in pursuance of this Articles of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of Share Capital of the Company set opposite to our respective names.

Names, addresses, descriptions, occupation and signature of subscribers	Number of Equity Shares taken by each subscriber	Signature, name, address, description and occupation of the witness
Sd/- Shri. Rajiv R Kotia 2/ B State Bank Staff Society, Nr. Navrang High School, Naranpura, Ahmedabad – 13 S/o Rameshchandra Kotia Occupation : Business	1 (One)	
Sd/- Smt. Devyaniben R. Kotia 2/ B State Bank Staff Society, Nr. Navrang High School, Naranpura, Ahmedabad – 13 W/o Rameshchandra Kotia Occupation: Housewife	1 (One)	
	2 (Two)	Sd/- R. C. Shah Raju C. Shah S/o. Chandrakant Shah Chartered Accountant 607, Hemkoot Complex, Ashram Road, Ahmedabad

Place: Ahmedabad

Dated 29.05.1990

SECTIONX: OTHER INFORMATION

MATERIAL CONTRACTS AND DOCUMENTS FOR INSPECTION

The following contracts and agreements referred to (not being contracts entered into in the ordinary course of business carried on or intended to be carried on by the Company or contracts entered into more than two years before the date of filing of this prospectus) These contracts, copies of which will be attached to the copy of the prospectus, to be delivered to the Registrar of Companies, Ahmedabad, Gujarat, India for registration and also the documents for inspection referred to hereunder, may be inspected at the Registered Office of our Company at Bungalow No.36, Rang Residency, Vadia, Rajpipla-393145, Gujarat-India from 11.00 a.m. to 5.00 p.m. on working days from the date of the prospectus until the Issue Closing Date.

MATERIAL CONTRACTS

- 1) Offer Agreement dated June 25, 2018 entered into among our Company, the selling shareholders and the Lead Manager.
- 2) Memorandum of understanding dated June 29, 2018 entered into among our company, the selling shareholders and Registrar of the offer.
- 3) Copy of tripartite agreement dated April 04, 2018 between CDSL, our Company and Satellite Corporate Services Private Limited.
- 4) Copy of tripartite agreement dated April 16, 2018 between NSDL, our Company and Satellite Corporate Services Private Limited.
- 5) Bankers to the Issue Agreement dated August 28, 2018 between our Company, Lead Manager, Banker to the Issue and the Registrar to the issue.
- 6) Market Making Agreement dated August 27, 2018 between our Company, Lead Manager and Market Maker.
- 7) Underwriting Agreement dated August 28, 2018 between our Company and Underwriters.
- 8) Share escrow agreement dated August 29, 2018 between our company, the selling shareholders, Lead Manager and Registrar of the offer.

DOCUMENTS FOR INSPECTION

- 1) Memorandum and Articles of Association of our Company as amended from time to time.
- 2) Copy of the resolution passed at the meeting of the Board of Directors held on June 21, 2018 approving the issue
- 3) Copy of the resolution passed by the shareholders of our Company under Section 28 of the Companies Act, 2013 at the Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on July 14, 2018.
- 4) Consents of the Directors, Selling Shareholders, Promoter, Company Secretary/Compliance Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Statutory Auditors, Peer Review Auditors, Lead Manager to the Issue, Underwriters, Market Makers, Bankers to the Issue, Legal Advisors to the Issue, and Registrars to the Issue, to include their names in the prospectus to act their respective capacities.
- 5) Last 5 years Audit report and restated financial information issued by our Peer Review Auditors i.e. Bhatte & Company, Chartered Accountants, dated October 18, 2018 included in the prospectus.
- 6) Letter dated August 17, 2018 from the statutory Auditors of our Company, M/s. Bhatte & Company, Chartered Accountants, detailing the tax benefits.
- 7) Copy of approval from BSE vide letter dated 25th Sep, 2018 to use the name of BSE in this offer document for listing of Equity Shares on SME platform.

Any of the contracts or documents mentioned in this prospectus may be amended or modified at any time, if so required, in the interest of our Company or if required by the other parties, without reference to the shareholders, subject to compliance of the provisions contained in the Companies Act and other relevant statutes.

DECLARATION

All the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 / Companies Act, 2013 and the guidelines issued by the Government of India or the regulations issued by Securities and Exchange Board of India, established under Section 3 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 as the case may be, have been complied with and no statement made in this prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 / Companies Act, 2013, the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 or rules made there under or regulations issued, as the case may be. We further certify that all statements in this prospectus are true and correct.

SIGNED BY ALL THE DIRECTORS

Name and Designation	Signature
<i>Mr. Ravi Rajiv Kotia</i> <i>DIN: 01761963</i> <i>Managing Director</i>	Sd/-
<i>Mr. Keyur Sharadchandra Gandhi</i> <i>DIN: 03494183</i> <i>Non Executive Director</i>	Sd/-
<i>Mr. Amit Rameshbhai Kotia</i> <i>DIN: 07499192</i> <i>Whole Time Director & C.F.O</i>	Sd/-
<i>Mr. Yogesh Pukhrajbhai Prajapati</i> <i>DIN: 02733610</i> <i>Non Executive and Independent Director</i>	Sd/-
<i>Ms. Anjali Jagdish Gorsia</i> <i>DIN: 08211502</i> <i>Non Executive and Independent Woman Director</i>	Sd/-

SIGNED BY THE COMPANY SECRETARY & COMPLIANCE OFFICER

Ms. Resham Ajit Maniyar

SIGNED BY THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Mr. Amit Rameshbhai Kotia

Date: October 30, 2018

Place: Rajpipla, Gujarat

DECLARATION BY SELLING SHAREHOLDERS:

<p>1. Ravi Rajiv Kotia (Selling shareholder)</p> <p>I Ravi Rajiv Kotia certify that all statements and undertakings made by it in this prospectus about or in relation to itself and the Equity Shares offered by it in the Offer for Sale are true and correct.</p> <p>Sd/- ----- (Ravi Rajiv Kotia)</p> <p>Dated: October 30, 2018</p> <p>Place: Rajpipla, Gujarat</p>	<p>2. Amit Rameshbhai Kotia (Selling shareholder)</p> <p>I Amit Rameshbhai Kotia certify that all statements and undertakings made by it in this prospectus about or in relation to itself and the Equity Shares offered by it in the Offer for Sale are true and correct.</p> <p>Sd/- ----- (Amit Rameshbhai Kotia)</p> <p>Dated: October 30, 2018</p> <p>Place: Rajpipla, Gujarat</p>
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Annexure: A

Financial Year	Total no. of IPOs	Total Funds Raised (Rs. in Cr.)	Nos. of IPOs trading at discount - 30th calendar day from listing day			Nos. of IPOs trading at premium - 30th calendar day from listing day			Nos. of IPOs trading at discount - 180th calendar day from listing day			Nos. of IPOs trading at premium - 180th calendar day from listing day		
			Over 50%	Between 25-50%	Less than 25%	Over 50%	Between 25-50%	Less than 25%	Over 50%	Between 25-50%	Less than 25%	Over 50%	Between 25-50%	Less than 25%
2016-17	0	N. A	N. A	N. A	N. A	N.A	N. A	N. A	N.A	N. A	N. A	N.A	N. A	N.A
2017-18	1	92.74	N. A	N. A	N. A	N. A	N. A	N. A	N.A	N. A	N. A	N.A	N. A	1
2018-19\$	3	17.97	N. A	1	1	N. A	N. A	N. A	N. A	N. A	N. A	N. A	N. A	N. A

\$ For AKI INDIA LIMITED, 30th Calendar day is not yet completed.

Status: Upto October 24, 2018

Source: Price Information www.bseindia.com & www.nseindia.com Issue Information from respective prospectus